"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy, colder today; Sunday, fair, warmer; moderate shifting winds.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,358 ••• NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

STRONG SPEECH BY WILSON WON MONROE AMENDMENT; COMMISSION COMPLETES REVISED LEAGUE COVENANT; PRESIDENT OFFERS PLAN TO FEED SOVIET RUSSIA

WHITMAN ASKED HIS AID FOR SHONTS, THOMPSON AVERS

Senator Testifies at Bribery Inquiry That Fund Was Offered to Make Him Governor.

SAW NICHOLAS F. BRADY

Declares Burke Told Him Interborough, Morgan, Stanchfield, and Brady Would Help.

BURKE'S DENIAL SWEEPING

Others Named by Senator Assert No Offer of Money or Nomination for Governorship Was Made.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 11.—Richard Henry Burke, who for ten days has been the most talked about person in official circles at the Capitol, entered a complete denial before the Senate Judiciary Committee this afternoon of the charge made by Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara that he had sought to win his support for the Carson-Martin so-called 6-Cent Fare bill by the promise that prominent traction magnates and financiers would raise a $500,000 campaign fund to help him land the Governorship next year.

Before Burke took the stand, Senator Thompson had occupied the witness chair for a couple of hours, and had told under oath a most circumstantial story of conversations with Mr. Burke at the Republican Club and with former Governor Charles S. Whitman at the Hotel St. Regis, at which the principal topics of conversation had been the Governorship and the Carson-Martin bill which the traction companies of New York City and other localities in the State are anxious to see enacted, the New York City companies to save them from bankruptcy.

Former Governor Whitman, according to the testimony of Senator Thompson, had told him that he was acting at the request of Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Company, but had "not been retained." Senator Thompson testified that he had reason to believe that Mr. Burke was in a position to speak for the Brady interests and for other persons of prominence interested in traction in the City of New York.

The Senator testified that Burke had taken him to see John B. Stanchfield, a prominent New York lawyer at his office, 129 Broadway, and that at his request he had also gone to see Mr. Nicholas F. Brady at his Fifth Avenue home in connection with the Carson-Martin bill.

Mr. Burke, following the Senator on the stand, said that the appointments of both Mr. Brady and Mr. Stanchfield had been made at Senator Thompson's request. Burke, who was asked to sign a waiver of immunity before he was sworn as a witness and willingly complied, laughed to scorn the suggestion that he was in a position to handle such huge sums of money, or that he was the sort of man who could hand out nominations for Governor.

"Thompson had to blame some one when he had talked his head off, and he just slapped it on me," was the way Burke sized up the slush fund report started by the Senator. Burke denied that he was a lobbyist, and testified that he had represented no one but himself in a number of conversations with Senator Thompson regarding which he testified and which had run over four or five years, or since the Senator as Chairman of the Senate Public Service Committee conducted the investigation into the public service commissions.

The new chapter dealing with the Senator's interview with ex-Governor Whitman, who now first appeared publicly as the "former high State official" of Senator Thompson's story, was listened to with absorbed interest by the members of the Judiciary Committee, other members of the Senate and Assembly, State officials, and employes in the State Departments, who filled the Senate Chamber at both the forenoon and afternoon sessions. Senator Thompson gave the bulk of his testimony in the forenoon.

From his story it appeared that former Governor Whitman had asked the Senator to take luncheon with him at the St. Regis on March 29 and that across the table he told him that he ought to come to New York and practice law; that he could readily earn $50,000 a year if he "went downtown, where business was good." After Thompson had told him that he was not inclined to move his practice away from Middleport, Niagara County, where he lives, the former Governor told him, the Senator testified, that he ought to become a candidate for Governor; that he was the logical candidate. Senator Thompson said that he had not taken this suggestion seriously, but would not say that it had not been advanced to make him change his attitude on the Carson-Martin bill.

"If the same man sent both Burke and Whitman, then I should say the whole thing was sinister; otherwise it was not necessarily wrong," said Senator Thompson.

It is probable that ex-Governor Whitman will be an early witness before the committee, possibly on Monday afternoon, when the hearings will be resumed.

Burke denied that he was a lobbyist or that he had ever made a money proposition to Senator Thompson or to

Continued on Page Three.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

Troops Fire on Danzig Mob; 3 Persons Killed, Several Hurt

COPENHAGEN, April 11.—A sanguinary collision occurred last evening at Danzig between a crowd and the troops guarding the square in front of the railway station. Three persons were killed and several wounded when the troops fired on the people.

The Danzig message reporting the clashing says the troops fired after having been "subjected during the entire day to abusive molestation."

A dispatch to the Acht Uhr Blatt of Berlin from Danzig says that the railway men on strike there declared a political strike Thursday with the object of removing the Ebert-Scheidemann Government, establishing a Soviet republic and entering into relations with the Soviet Governments of Russia and Hungary. Twenty thousand dock and factory workers in the Danzig district went on strike yesterday afternoon.

TRANS-SEA FLIGHT MAY START SUNDAY

Hawker Plans to Get Away from St. John's Before 4 o'Clock in Afternoon.

ANOTHER BIPLANE ARRIVES

Capt. Morgan, with a Martinsyde from England, Working to Get Ahead of Rivals.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., April 11.—The contest to be the first across the Atlantic in an airplane assumed the character of a real race this morning when the Martinsyde biplane, with its pilot and navigator, arrived from Liverpool. Hitherto Harry G. Hawker and Lieut. Commander Grieve with their Sopwith biplane have had a clear field, but from now on they must fight for the time hour by hour with the newly arrived competitors.

Though the Sopwith pilot and navigator have been on the ground two weeks there is no certainty that F. P. Raynham, the veteran pilot who will be at the helm of the Martinsyde with Captain C. W. F. Morgan, one of Canada's pioneer war fliers, as his navigator, will not get away first.

When the steamship Sachem of the Furness Line docked here at 10 o'clock the little Martinsyde, taken down as little as possible, was all ready to be lifted from her hold and lines from the hoisting engines were attached before the first passengers had completed the customs formalities. As a result before dark the parts of the new biplane were loaded on trucks ready to be carted to Quidi Vidi, about three miles from here, early tomorrow morning.

The newcomers have the advantage of having brought with them a complete R. E.-8 canvas hangar, such as was used along the British front during the war. It can be erected within an hour and thus the time lost by Hawker and his aids in building a wooden hangar will be saved.

Again, as if luck were deliberately favoring the tardy arrivals, the Sachem slid into port without the slightest trouble, a strong southwest wind having blown the flowing arctic ice far out to sea, whereas bad ice conditions delayed Hawker ten days.

The Martinsyde's men appear to have a little the best of a very bad choice in the matter of flying fields, their site at Quidi Vidi having been selected last February by Captain Morgan who paid a special visit of inspection to Newfoundland for the purpose of choosing the best starting point. The ground at Quidi Vidi seems at bit harder than that at Mount Pearl and there is a trifle more manoeuvring room, though both are cramped.

The Martinsyde is a comparatively unknown quantity, and whatever mechanical features it may have that are counted upon by its sponsors to send it successfully across the Atlantic have not been disclosed. The wings have a forty-one-foot span and it is twenty-six feet over all.

Like all the British contestants for the £10,000 London Daily Mail prize, it is equipped with a Rolls-Royce Eagle engine, regarded by British airmen as the most perfect air power plant yet developed. It is even smaller than the Sopwith, which itself is not impressive even to those who saw the big seaplanes and bombers at the recent New York Aircraft Exhibition.

"Raynham and Morgan came to the Cochrane House, where Hawker and Grieve are stopping, but both pairs of adventurers were so busy getting ready that they did not meet during the day.

It is evident, however, that the Martinsyde's arrival had its effect on the Sopwith party. Monday afternoon about four is the earliest time hitherto seriously mentioned by Hawker for his getaway, but tonight it is definitely known that he will start the pioneer transatlantic air voyage before four Sunday afternoon, if he possibly can manage ti.

Hawker is counting on a "big hop" to get him there and is growing ever more reckless of precautions or navigational aids for direction. The wireless tests of his machine have now been abandoned, Commander Grieve having agreed to attempt direct navigation by means of an ordinary naval sextant, in the belief that he can get a sufficient horizon at the altitude of flight to calculate his position by means of a special ready reckoning table he has devised. The pair may not be wholly without the aid of direction wireless, as their wire-

Continued on Page Four.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends.—Advt.

ELECTION HITS LLOYD GEORGE

Anti-Coalition Candidate Wins in Unionist Stronghold at Hull.

ASQUITH FACTION JUBILANT

Former Unionist Majority of 10,371 Changed to Liberal Majority of 917.

CABINET'S FALL PREDICTED

Opposition Organs Profess to See Beginning of End—Talk of New Lloyd George Party.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 11.—Central Hull has gone Liberal for the first time since it became a parliamentary constituency.

The result of the bye-election following the death of Sir Mark Sykes, Coalition Unionist, who had a majority of 10,371 over the Liberal candidate at the December general election, was declared today and showed a Liberal majority of 917 over the Coalition Unionist candidate. The vote was: Commander J. M. Kenworthy, Liberal, 8,616; Lord Eustace Percy, Coalition Unionist, 7,699.

The new member was carried shoulder high by his supporters. The defeated candidate was one of Lord Robert Cecil's chief assistants when the latter was at the Foreign Office.

"It is West Leyton over again, only more so," says one exultant Liberal commentator. "Giving them Hull!" exclaims another. Mr. Asquith telegraphed congratulations to Commander Kenworthy on his "most decisive and significant victory."

Reference is made to the coalition Government's reluctance to face bye-elections, as evidenced in Lloyd George's request to Auckland Geddes to postpone his resignation from Parliament in order to take up his post at McGill University, and the political correspondent of the Liberal Star says:

"It is not surprising that the Government passed a special act of Parliament to safeguard itself against having bye-elections. If it could only safeguard itself against death it would defy the entire electorate."

Winston Churchill, addressing a luncheon party today, said undue importance should not be attached to by-elections. Following in the wake of the general election it was a swing of the pendulum. The Liberals are in high feather and declare that with a few more such swings of the pendulum the coalition clock will be out of working order.

"Coalition Portents; Is the Ship Beginning to Break Up?" is the heading of an article in The Westminster Gazette, written before the Hull result was known. The chief point of discussion was whether the 300 M. P.s who telegraphed Lloyd George on the subject of indemnities would take up his challenge and by voting against him force a general election.

The Westminster Gazette thought the 300 would come to heel, for Lloyd George would presumably go to the country to ratify the peace terms, in which the indemnities would be only a minor point. The country, which wants peace, would be told that by voting against the Prime Minister they would endanger peace, encourage the Germans, divide the Allies, and play into the hands of the Bolsheviki.

The feeling of the House is that there will be no general election, on this issue at least, but it is agreed that the quarrel between Lloyd George and the rank and file of the Tory Party has strained the planks of the coalition ship. It may continue on its way for some time, but it will founder in bad weather. Some prophets give it a year or two. In the first flush of comment on the Central Hull election others give it from three to six months.

Mr. Asquith, who in a sense returns to the political arena tonight, when a dinner will be given him by his old Liberal followers, is looked to for a lead. Meanwhile the Northcliffian plot is thickening. "All the hue and cry is out after Lloyd George this morning," says The Westminster Gazette, referring to the fact that The Times reproduces passages from the Premier's election speeches on the indemnities question and calls upon him for redemption of the hopes he held out. The Times does not yet go so far as another of Lord Northcliffe's organs, which hinted that Lloyd George was to be got rid of and Winston Churchill put in his place.

Lloyd George himself, according to the political gossips, has no doubts as to what rods are pickling for him and already these gossips detect signs of his readiness to cut the Coalition and come forward as the leader of a party all his own. His reported consultations with Arthur Henderson and Ramsay MacDonald are alleged to be significant indications of his belief that the peace of Versailles will receive no Tory benisons.

Some predictions are already being made that the slogan of the last general election when Lloyd George was "the man who won the war," will at the next and not far distant general election be transmogrified into battle cries against "the man who lost the peace."

WASHINGTON'S NEWEST AND BEST. The Wardman Park Hotel. Write for information. H. Albert, formerly The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va. Advt.

Reds May Take Sebastopol, Paris Newspaper Reports

PARIS, April 11.—The advance of the Bolsheviki is likely to force the Allies to evacuate Sebastopol, on the Black Sea, near the southern extremity of the Crimea, according to the Intransigeant.

LONDON, April 11.—A Russian (Soviet) official statement under date of April 9, received here by wireless today, says:

> In the direction of Odessa we have occupied Birzula, (about 115 miles northwest of Odessa)
>
> In the direction of Sarnak we have occupied the towns of Korosten and Iskorot, the enemy retiring toward the Bug River.
>
> In the direction of Tarnopol we have occupied Proskurov (sixty miles east of Tarnopol) and Staro Konstantinov, (thirty miles northeast of Proskurov.)

Sebastopol became imperiled following the capture of Odessa and then of Perekop by the Ukrainian Bolsheviki. The Isthmus of Perekop had been fortified by the Allies' forces in order to protect Sebastopol, the former Russian naval base on the Black Sea. It was announced on Thursday in London that a French squadron was en route to the Black Sea.

CHOICE OF GENEVA ANGERS THE FRENCH

They Thought Brussels Entitled to be Honored as Headquarters of the League.

WILSON SPOKE FOR GENEVA

Former Friends of Americans Shun Them Because of Failure to Vote for Brussels.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press).—Bitter criticism has been aroused in French and Belgian quarters over the choosing of Geneva as the capital of the League of Nations. The fact that President Wilson's speech in behalf of Geneva was wholly responsible for the choosing of the Swiss city as against Brussels is greatly resented.

"You will not dare to choose a city as the capital of the League of Nations which incarnates the enmity between races — a city which has been wronged, doubtless, but which makes a reconciliation between the peoples of Europe more distant by the very wrongs it has suffered," President Wilson is reported to have said to the delegates, in arguing against the selection of Brussels.

Paul Hymans, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, particularly resented the fact that the sub-committee deliberating upon the choice of the seat of the League never discussed the offer made by Burgomaster Max of Brussels of the Egmont Palace.

"Had London, Paris, Rome or Washington been considered," said M. Hymans, "we would have withdrawn with good grace. But when a small city was decided on we feel that it is Belgium's right from a material and sentimental point of view that Brussels should have been chosen.

"Had Zurich fought off the German hordes for fourteen days, had Berne been occupied Aug. 20, 1914; had Geneva withstood the terrific bombardment to which Antwerp was subjected, had the Swiss Army battled for four years along the Rhine as the Belgians fought and died along the Yser, then we should understand why Geneva should be chosen."

France was the only one of the great powers to vote for Brussels as the seat of the League. Signor Orlando, the Italian Premier, who spoke for only two minutes, said that he was bound by the decision of the subcommittee.

When the vote was called for Great Britain, the United States, Japan and Italy, with two votes each, and Serbia, Greece, Brazil and Poland, each with one vote, chose Geneva, a total of twelve votes. France, with two votes, and China, Czechoslovakia, Portugal and Belgium made up the minority of six votes. Thus Geneva became the Capital of the League of Nations.

The feeling of bitterness against Americans which had been previously indicated became more pronounced today along the boulevards and in the Chamber of Deputies. Frenchmen, formerly friends of Americans, who had formerly greeted them warmly, shunned them.

The query was frequently heard:

"When is President Wilson returning home?"

PARIS PRESS IMPATIENT.

Matin Sprinkles "End It" at Fourteen Points in Its Pages.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 11.—It is significant of the state of public opinion in France that today's plenary session of the Peace Conference is accorded but the briefest notice in the French press.

Led by the Matin, the newspapers

Continued on Page Two.

McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES Tend to ward off Influenza—25c.—Advt.

RELIEF OPPOSED BY FRENCH

Say Wilson's Plan Would Be Recognition of Bolshevist Government.

AND ANTI-REDS MAY OBJECT

Neutral Commission Favors Aid to Famine Region, Where 200,000 Die Monthly.

AMERICAN ENGINEERS LAND

Expedition with Gen. Richardson Reaches Murmansk on the Galveston and Chester.

PARIS, April 11.—Hjalmar Branting, the Swedish Socialist leader, and Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, head of the Norwegian Food Mission to the United States, and several other prominent Scandinavians and Swiss subjects have been conferring with President Wilson and Herbert Hoover, Director General of Interallied Relief, and other members of the Interallied Relief Council in an effort to arrange for the feeding of the larger cities of Russia, especially Petrograd.

Yesterday President Wilson presented a proposition by the Council of Four to send food to Soviet Russia if the Bolsheviki ceased hostilities. This plan, however, met with serious opposition, particularly from the French, on the ground that it would constitute recognition of the Bolshevist Government.

The proposed plan would have placed the food entirely under the control of a neutral commission, and, consequently, the American position on the revictualing of Soviet Rusia would not constitute recognition on the part of the Entente. However, the French hold that it is impossible to ask General Denikine and the Don Cossack Governments to cease fighting, even if the Bolsheviki are willing.

Dr. Nansen is anxious that the revictualing plan be adopted speedily so that food ships can approach Petrograd as soon as the ice breaks up. He estimates the death rate at 200,000 monthly, directly or indirectly due to starvation. He says that the world cannot stand idly by and watch women and children starve. Virtually all children of less than two years are now dead in Petrograd, according to Dr. Nansen, and conditions are terrible beyond description in the orphans' homes and hospitals.

Mr. Hoover says that as all projects for feeding Russia involve political considerations, the first in order have invariably been referred to the Council of Four. His reports, he declares, support Dr. Nansen's statement as to conditions in Russia.

M. Branting favors, in addition to a cessation of hostilities, that the Bolsheviki also be asked to guarantee the liberty of the press and of speech and the right to hold meetings.

The American Red Cross has repeatedly sought permission to sell food to the Bolsheviki, but heretofore the United States has vetoed the plan because it was unwilling to negotiate with the Bolsheviki.

AMERICAN ENGINEERS LAND AT MURMANSK

30,000 Civilians May Accompany Allied Troops if Latter Retire from North Russia.

ARCHANGEL, April 10, (Associated Press.)—The American cruisers Galveston and Chester, carrying American engineer troops and Brig. Gen. W. P. Richardson, the new commander of the American forces in North Russia, arrived at Murmansk Tuesday. General Richardson is expected to come to Archangel next week.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Arrival of the cruisers Galveston and Chester at Murmansk, reported today in Associated Press dispatches, is expected by officers here to relieve the situation among American troops in the Archangel region, a company of which ten days ago refused to go to the front until arguments were presented by their officers.

The vessels carried Brig. Gen. W. P. Richardson, who is to assume command of the American forces, and two companies of railway engineers. General Richardson and the engineers were ordered to Murmansk at the time it was decided to withdraw the entire allied force in Northern Russia, and their arrival is expected to reassure the American troops and prevent any spread of the mutiny.

No further information as to the mutiny was issued today by the War Department. It requires some days for cables to reach Archangel, and so far as could be learned the Department had no additional advices. Officers were inclined to believe that the incident reported in the cablegram given out in substance last night was the only one of the kind that had occurred. Oth-

Continued on Page Six.

McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES Tend to ward off Influenza.—25c.—Advt.

Text of Monroe Doctrine Amendment As Adopted by League Commission

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 11.—Following is the text of the Monroe Doctrine amendment as incorporated in the League covenant Thursday at midnight on President Wilson's motion:

> Article X.—A—Nothing in this covenant shall be deemed to affect the validity of international engagements, such as treaties of arbitration or regional understandings like the Monroe Doctrine, for securing the maintenance of peace.

The text of Article X. as it stood in the first published draft of the League of Nations covenant was as follows:

> The high contracting parties shall undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression of territorial integrity and existing political independence of all States members of the League. In case of any such aggression or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression the Executive Council shall advise upon the means by which the obligation shall be fulfilled.

VOTE AT WEIMAR TO LIMIT TERMS

German Assembly Demands a Peace Corresponding to Wilson's Points.

THREAT TO REJECT TREATY

Brockdorff and Scheidemann Declare the Nation Must Not Be Crushed by Allies

LONDON, April 11.—A German Government wireless message says that the National Assembly at Weimar, at the conclusion of the first reading of the budget, accepted a resolution, supported by all parties except the Independent Socialists, demanding a peace treaty corresponding with President Wilson's fourteen points and declaring that "a peace of justice must not inflict upon us any changes in territory in violation of that program."

The resolution concludes:

"In the midst of the suffering of our starving population and the turmoil shaking the foundations of the State, which increases daily owing to the postponement of peace, the National Assembly expects from the Government that it will only agree to a peace of understanding and reconciliation, and reject any kind of treaty which sacrifices the present and future of the German nation and of humanity."

Brockdorff Fears Dismemberment.

BERLIN, April 10, (Associated Press).—Count Von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the Foreign Minister, speaking before the National Assembly at Weimar today, said that Germany would not sign a peace treaty which deviated in any essential from President Wilson's "fourteen points."

"The financial demands to be made in the peace treaty are obviously causing as much difficulty to our opponents as those regarding territory," the Foreign Minister said. "It is impossible to solve the question of financial claim without negotiating with our experts at the conference table. We will give a clear account to our opponents relative to their demands and our ability to pay.

"Our opponents cannot dismember and paralyze Germany and at the same time extract from the resources of the country the enormous sums they expect from them. For that purpose we require the release, industrially and agriculturally, of the important West, which, contrary to the armistice terms, is cut off from the rest of Germany.

"We need to have the blockade speedily raised and we require the importation of foodstuffs on conditions which will make their purchase possible.

"All the States which participated in this war find themselves in the same distress, and hardly a nation is not disappointed by a peace that is a terrible danger because of the encouragement given by it to disruptive forces."

Scheidemann Urges Conciliation.

Chancellor Scheidemann also addressed the Assembly on Germany's future policy. He said that the policy would be based on three princicples: Strict observance of all treaties, unswerving protection of vital German interests and maintenance of a spirit of unreserved conciliation with the entire world. Germany, he declared, must deprive two sworn foes of international understanding—imperialism and Chauvinism—of all possibility of influencing its foreign policy in any direction.

"We want an equal rapprochement with all peoples," the Chancellor continued, "not a fresh division of the world into alliances and groups which, at a dangerous moment, go off like loaded rifles.

"We hope that the liquidation of the war in the East will soon be completed.

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of Writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

SAYS CONFERENCE IS ALL AGREED

Lloyd George's Secretary Reports Settlement of All Points Affecting Germany.

WILL CALL GERMANS SOON

An American Suggests That Date Will Be Between April 26 and May 1.

PARIS, April 11.—The Peace Conference has reached an agreement on all questions concerning peace with Germany, reparations, indemnities, and the frontiers of the Rhine and Poland, according to an interview in the Petit Journal with the private secretary of Premier Lloyd George. Certain details remain, but, it is added, they will be settled in two or three days.

The German delegates will be summoned to Versailles within two or three weeks.

The British Premier, his secretary is quoted as saying, thinks that if the Allies agree as well at present as during the war achievements of the Peace Conference will be lasting, and numerous dangers, including Bolshevism, will be averted.

The indications tonight are that David Lloyd George will not depart for London until it is determined on what date the German delegates will be asked to come to Versailles. An American delegate, when asked tonight for his best guess as to this date, put it between April 26 and May 1.

The impression obtaining after today's meeting of the Council of Four was most favorable. The arrangement of the final details of some of the important questions was said to be going on extremely well.

The report of the Committee on International Labor Legislation, which drafted a program to govern international regulation of employment conditions, was adopted by the Peace Conference today, with amendments proposed by George Nicoll Barnes, Minister without portfolio in the British Cabinet, and one of the representatives of his country on the committee.

When Mr. Barnes was recognized he offered a motion approving the draft of a convention to create a permanent organization for the promotion of international labor conditions and requesting the various Governments to nominate delegates forthwith.

A series of amendments proposed by the British members also was presented by Mr. Barnes. One of them would make the period for ratification of labor proposals eighteen months instead of one year. Another of the amendments follows:

> In framing an act, recommendation or draft of a convention of general application, the Conference shall have due regard to those countries in which climatic conditions, the imperfect development of industrial organization, or other special circumstances make industrial conditions substantially different, and shall suggest modifications, if any, which it considers may be required to meet the case of such countries.

The proceedings were largely formal, with speeches by Mr. Barnes, M.

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

DRAMATIC SCENE IN COUNCIL

President Notes Views of Opposition and Makes Eloquent Reply.

FRENCH MAKE OBJECTION

Chinese Also Oppose the Proposal as Likely to Affect Compacts Touching Them.

BUT BRITISH SUPPORT HIM

And the President's Stirring Appeal for Doctrine That Ended Absolutism Prevails.

Full Covenant Is Adopted by the League Commission

PARIS, April 11., (Associated Press.)—The League of Nations Commission completed its consideration of the League covenant at its meeting tonight.

No sections were included granting the Japanese and French demands, but Japan and France announced that they would reserve the right to bring up the desired amendments before the plenary session of the Peace Conference.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 11.—In the early hours of this morning the League of Nations Commission adopted an amendment to Article X. of the covenant, according direct recognition to the Monroe Doctrine. This famous fundamental principle of American foreign policy was indorsed by name. For the first time in history the great powers have specifically sanctioned the tenet of "America for the Americans."

The text of the amendment I have cabled in an earlier dispatch [printed in an adjoining column.]

There was opposition at last night's meeting to the inclusion of the Monroe Doctrine amendment—opposition of a determined character. But in the end the overwhelming sentiment of the League Commission showed itself in favor of recognition of the great American principle. The ultimate triumph for the American position is attributed largely to the eloquent and stirring address made by President Wilson just at midnight. He spoke for five or six minutes only.

Agitated as He Spoke.

His face was pale—perhaps largely as the result of his recent illness, but the pallor may have been due largely as the result of his recent illness, but the pallor may have been due in part to the agitation he evidently felt as he sought to convince those among his audience who were inclined to be critical, that recognition of the Monroe Doctrine was a right which America had earned and which the great powers could ill afford to refuse.

If one may judge by what has been said today of the eloquence of the President, it is a pity that his speech cannot be reproduced in full within quotation marks. Herewith, however, is given a summary substantially reproducing the President's line of argument and indicating the character of the diction he employed:

A century ago, said the President, when the nations of Europe were powerless before absolutism, the United States declared that the system should not prevail in the Western Hemisphere. That declaration was the first international charter of human liberty and the real forerunner of the League of Nations.

In this last war against absolutism in Europe, which brought about the fall of absolutism throughout the world, the United States took part in accordance with those principles of liberty laid down a century ago. Is she to be denied recognition of the fact that she was the first in the field? Is there to be withheld from her the small gift of a few words which only state the fact that her policy for the past century has been devoted to the principles of liberty and of independence—which are to be consecrated in this document as a perpetual charter for all the world?

Meeting in House's Rooms.

The meeting of the League Commission was held in the apartments of Colonel House at the Hotel de Crillon. It began at 8 o'clock, with President Wilson presiding, and the first hour was taken up in hearing a delegation of the International Council of Women. Then came an hour devoted to a discussion as to whether the French or English official text of the covenant should prevail in cases of disputed interpretation.

After that there was begun the reading of the covenant as rewritten by the Committee on Revision. When Article X. was reached the President offered the Monroe Doctrine amendment. It was then approaching midnight. The discussion was sharp and the opposition pronounced, but the details of what was done in the way of attempting to prevent the recognition of America's most notable traditional policy are not yet available for publication.

Seconded by British Members.

It is learned, however, that the President received marked encouragement from the British representatives present, showing that any opposition that may have existed among the British Colonial delegates had been overcome. Premier Venizelos of Greece and Dr. Vesnitch, the Jugoslav representative, also stood by the President valiantly.

There is a feeling in American Peace Conference quarters today and among the Americans who are here in the interest of amending the League covenant that the inclusion of the Monroe Doctrine amendment will do away with opposition at home to the League of Nations and insure the ratification of the covenant by the Senate.

That the President was able to obtain the adoption of a provision which mentioned the Monroe Doctrine specifically has surprised even those who were familiar with the character and extent of the opposition.

While it was believed practically certain yesterday, prior to the session of the League Commission, that the Monroe Doctrine amendment would be accepted, the opposition was somewhat more pronounced than had been expected, and there is a disposition today to attribute the marked success of the American effort to the eloquent pleading of the President.

Verbal Change May Be Made.

It is possible that the text of the Monroe amendment as adopted last night may be changed slightly before its incorporation in the final draft of the covenant, but any change, it is understood, would be verbal only.

Another meeting of the League Commission is being held this evening to finish the perusal of the revised draft of the covenant. Whether the Japanese will offer any objection to the recognition of the Monroe Doctrine unless their special interests in China are also specifically recognized is not known. It is understood that they did not do so last night.

One of the early objections to attempting to amend the covenant by inserting the Monroe Doctrine clause was that this would cause the Japanese to demand that mention be made in the covenant of their superior interests in the Far East.

The Japanese, however, have concentrated their efforts on obtaining recognition in the League covenant of the principle of racial non-discrimination between nations. They are expected to bring up this subject at the first plenary session of the Peace Conference devoted to considering the League covenant, unless a compromise is effected in the meantime.

More than thirty persons were present at last night's session of the League Commission, most of them members of the commission. In addition to President Wilson, the United States was represented by Colonel House, Daivd Hunter Miller, Counsellor Frazier, of the Diplomatic Service; Mr. Shepardson, one of the legal experts of the American delegation, and Captain Montgomery.

Discussion Had Dramatic Tinge.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press.)—Discussion of the Monroe Doctrine amendment at the League of Nations Commission last night is described by those present as having been of a dramatic character, concluding with a speech by President Wilson deprecating the opposition which had been expressed and upholding the doctrine as one of the great bulwarks against absolutism.

The debate came late in the session, after other subjects had been passed upon. The British attitude had been in doubt until the last, but Lord Robert Cecil turned the scales by announcing that he saw no objection in the amendment in the form presented by the President. M. Larnaude of the French delegation followed Lord Robert with objections to inserting the recognition of the Monroe Doctrine.

The Chinese also offered objection to the amendment on the ground that its language was so extended that it might validate certain principles and claims affecting Chinese affairs.

The President paid the closest attention to the opposition to the amendment and jotted down notes for a reply. In his speech he spoke with great earnestness and with some evidence of feeling.

A Check to Absolutism.

Mr. Wilson said that the Monroe Doctrine was enunciated to combat the Holy Alliance and to hold back the threat of absolutism which was menacing Europe in the early part of the last century and seeking to spread its absolute power to the Western hemisphere. It served its purpose in keeping this absolute power from the Western world.

One of its great purposes, he said, was to maintain territorial and political integrity; and, having served its great purpose in the Western world, it was now being brought to the lands which had felt the hand of absolutism and militarism. It was a source of surprise and discouragement, the President said, to hear opposition expressed to such a doctrine and such a purpose.

The President's speech closed the discussion. There was no vote, and when there were no further remarks the Chairman of the meeting said the amendment would be considered adopted. The commission then took up the next article of the covenant.

The official statement on last night's session, issued this morning, does not mention the action on the Monroe Doctrine amendment, although it was admitted officially from other sources that the amendment was adopted.

The session began at 8:30 o'clock and did not end until after midnight. The French representatives urged that the covenant be printed in French, but no decision was reached by the commission on this point.

Women's Delegation Heard.

The women's deputation which was received by the commission, and which asked that the principle of suffrage for women be recognized in the covenant of the League as one to be applied throughout the world, as soon as the civilization and democratic development of each country might permit, was headed by the Marchioness of Aberdeen. She assured the commission of the sympathy with the League of Nations felt by the organization which she represented—the International Council of Women Suffragists of the Allied Nations—and she urged the commission to consider the recognition of the equal right of women to sit in the League.

The further requests of the women were for the suppression of traffic in women and children, the establishment of a bureau of education, and of an international bureau of hygiene.

Mrs. Fannie Fein Andrews represented the United States. Mme. Bratiano, wife of the Rumanian Prime Minister, attended the plenary session.

Members of the commission said there had been no discussion as to the date of the probable first meeting of the League of Nations organization.

The official communiqué on yesterday's session of the commission reads:

> President Wilson presided at last night's session of the League of Nations Commission. The Commission received a deputation from the International Council of Woman Suffragists of the allied countries and the United States. Lady Aberdeen introduced a deputation who raised several points of interest to women, and before leaving they were thanked by the Chairman, who assured them the Commission appreciated the merits of the suggestions. If all of them were not embodied in the covenant of the League, they were told, it was because it was deemed unadvisable to burden the League with a multitude of details before experience had shown of what it was capable.
>
> The Commission discussed the redraft of the covenant, received from the Drafting Committee, and covered the articles from I. to X. There will be discussion of the subsequent articles tonight.

The selection of Geneva as the seat of the League of Nations was made despite the plea of Paul Hymans, Belgian Minister of Foreign Affairs, who urged the claim of Brussels for the honor.

President Wilson personally supported Geneva, and in this he was joined by England and Italy.

AMERICANS OPTIMISTIC.

Frank Hitchcock Happy Over Monroe Amendment.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 11.—Adoption of the Monroe Doctrine provision in the covenant has caused more optimistic feeling among Americans, Frank Hitchcock said today:

"I am going home happy over the League of Nations."

He thought that incorporation of the Monroe Doctrine amendment would remove the principal ground of Republican objection.

President Wilson was supported by Premier Orlando and Lord Robert Cecil as well as Venizelos. The opposition was based on fear that insertion of the Monroe Doctrine carried with it logically American abstention from European affairs. Orlando pointed out that America had sent 2,000,000 troops to Europe at a time when the Monroe Doctrine was in full effect.

CHOICE OF GENEVA ANGERS THE FRENCH

By WALTER DURANTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

are so engaged in the campaign to support French claims on the biggest issues that they virtually ignore secondary matters. The outcry against secrecy and delay is the general theme, but the cry is stimulated and redoubled as a result of the protest signed yesterday by all the French Senators present in the Senate lobby, which comes as a pendant to the telegram of British Members of Parliament to Lloyd George.

Under the headline "The People's Hour" the Matin makes a direct appeal, couched in simple language and filled with popular imagery, to the masses to express their will against the secrecy of the deliberations of the Big Four, "who have gone up to Sinai enveloped in a diplomatic cloud, armed with thunderbolts of censorship." Throughout the Matin's first two pages are scattered "boxes" containing the word "Aboutir" (End It) in large-size type. Altogether the word is repeated fourteen times. There is also a picture beside the title showing a hammer marked "Matin" driving a wedge marked "Aboutir" into the head.

Like the Temps, the Journal des Debats, the Figaro, the Echo de Paris, and other leading newspapers, the whole tone of the Matin reflects doubt and dissatisfaction, which is in striking contrast to the optimistic balm handed out "from official sources in close touch with the peace delegates." All such statements have lost their power to soothe the French, who, despite them, do not yet believe that their country is getting the rights on which she determined to insist.

VOTE AT WEIMAR TO LIMIT TERMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

We cannot allow Russia to use force upon us in shaping our internal affairs. But if Russia renounces forceful propaganda of Bolshevism we gladly extend a brotherly hand to the Russian people, who, like ourselves, had to pay for the false calculation by their foe, imperialism, with defeat, collapse and misery. The bitterly hard road to new economic and State consolidation is common to both of us.

"As regards France, Germany desires conciliation, and it is quite clear that we should know the obligations we have undertaken toward her. When we press for a plebiscite in Alsace-Lorraine it is not in the silent hope of nullifying a point in President Wilson's program, but in order to remove forever ideas of revenge or fresh accusations of oppression.

"We are suffering severely under the continued detention of our imprisoned sons and brothers. We feel bitterly the fact that French commanders in occupied territories are trying to evoke desires for separation, but here also we hope for the triumph of a new fraternal spirit which will liberate humanity from such elements of international dissension.

"We hope with all our hearts that the coming peace will leave the least possible scope for future disputes. But shall we be able to make our desire for international reconciliation prevail? We are daily flooded with thousands of documents which might justify our belief that the will to destruction of our opponents is unchanged, but we await events resolutely, without deviating from our strivings after an understanding across the deserted trenches."

Sees Chief Danger in Germany.

Herr Scheidemann said that he saw the most danger for the success of this foreign policy from within Germany, where incessant convulsions of unrest, strike after strike, and a spirit of revolt threaten the whole house with destruction. He described as scandalous disrespect the arrest of Minister Landsberg at Magdeburg early this week, and said that such occurrences might help to break up the Government and to destroy its credit at home and abroad.

Dealing with the food situation, the Chancellor said that when an increase in the food ration "beckons to our whole people, so tortured by underfeeding, when the blockade is loosening, and when the hunger war is laying down its arms," hundreds of thousands of hands were idle which alone by their labor could provide the means of payment without which there would not be a pound of flour or bacon for the wives and children of the workmen.

The Cancellor asserted that the new revolution in Munich, with a Soviet republic there proclaiming an offensive and defensive alliance with the Hungarian and Russian Soviets, endangered peace just at the moment when "we give indisputable proof of our will for peace and our repugnance for any policy of the mailed fist."

"Dreamers" Set Up War Banner.

"Dreamers," he continued, "dare again to set up the banner of war against nations with whom we desire tomorrow to sit at a conference table. We oppose a Soviet republic, not merely on internal political grounds, but because we want peace, without which we would be ruined."

The Chancellor said he did not seek an alliance with a world revolution which would lead to murder and misery.

"We want," he asserted, "a great world alliance in which equal nations can develop freely without the old fetters of armaments and without the new burdens of Bolshevist civil war.

"That separates us from the ideas of Lenine, who has boasted of having recommended that the abolition of disarmament should be struck off the socialistic program because the idea of overcoming capitalism without civil war was utopian. Without disarmament the League of Nations would be an empty formula and a perpetuation of force. If brute force as a means of settling differences between peoples is to be abolished we must respect it first in settling differences between our compatriots."

Tells of Reds' Incitement.

Herr Scheidemann said that the teachings of Lenine and the Bolsheviki brought war at home and abroad, adding:

"I keep to the facts. I call attention to Lenine's advocacy of civil war, to Radek's incitement of a common struggle against the Entente on the Rhine, to the alliances and resolutions of the Munich Soviet Republic, and to the decision of the Communist Congress to carry the new doctrine of salvation by the Soviets through the world with fire and sword. I call to the German people to awake and behold the chasm opening before you and your children in the future as well. * * *

"We desire to open the road to an economic democracy and will provide the necessary organs for it. We will so inaugurate socialization that it forms a source of prosperity and not the bacillus of decomposition."

Herr Scheidemann concluded by saying that the German people must ward off all violent attempts to take them by surprise. He appealed for help in seeing that the word "force" should disappear from the dictionary, and that it might not "be perpetuated in its worst sense in a mailed-fist peace."

DOUBT IF GERMANY WILL PAY IN FULL

Americans See Chance That She May Some Time Repudiate Her Obligations.

NEW FRENCH PLAN OPPOSED

Suggestion Involving Priority Not Supported by Other Members of Reparations Board.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press.)—While the members of the British and French Parliaments are mobilizing for a proposal to exact nothing less than full indemnification of the Allies by Germany for all the costs of the war and are insisting on Germany's ability to pay the full bill, the American representatives on the Reparations Commission express considerable doubt whether even the account to be presented to Germany under the plan adopted by the Council of Four (estimated at about $45,000,000,000, with the payment spread over a period of thirty years) can or will be collected in full.

They assert that they can see the possibility that the ways and means of holding Germany to payment will grow weaker as the years pass, and that Germany may take advantage of some convenient opportunity in later years to repudiate her obligations to the present allied powers under the peace treaty. They recall the action of Russia in repudiating the restrictive Black Sea clauses of the treaty imposed at the conclusion of the Crimean war at a moment when a new political grouping in Europe gave the Emperor of Russia a fair amount of certainty that Russia could do this with impunity.

For this reason the American and other delegates on the Reparations Commission have opposed a new proposal which the French brought in to specify labor and other requisitions for the restoration of the devastated French provinces in the first few years after peace, maintaining that this revived the question of priority as between the creditors of Germany, which had been rejected by the commission and the Council of Four.

They argued that France in this way might receive a disproportionately large share of her claims in the first years, while the ability of the associated Governments to enforce payments was still good, and that other States, dependent upon later payments in money and material, might be left "holding the bag" if Germany proved recalcitrant.

The difficulty will probably be met by the French offer to account to the other countries for the cash value of labor, materials, cattle, and other things exacted for the restoration of the nine northern provinces.

Germany, although her prisoners will be released at the end of the armistice, will probably be required in the peace settlement to provide a part of the labor needed for rebuilding of devastated regions as well as labor at home in the manufacture or production of materials to be used in restoration work.

FRENCH LABOR BODY AGAINST THE LEAGUE

Says It Is Not Wilson's—Condemns Policy of Armed Intervention and Blockade.

PARIS, April 11.—A placard was posted throughout Paris today by the General Federation of Labor, entitled "An Appeal to Public Opinion and the Workers." It contains the following reference to the League of Nations

"Our diplomats offer us a project of a League of Nations which is not the Society of Nations such as was prescribed in the fourteen points of President Wilson. The peoples of the entire world in their thirst for justice acclaimed these fourteen points, and we accepted them. The French working class, faithful to its conception of a war on war, rises against the sabotage of peace."

The placard condemns the policy of blockade constraints, and political and armed interventions. It protests against the expedition to Russia and asks for the conclusion of a real peace to which all peoples can subscribe.

REED HINTS CRITICS DID IT.

Says Time Was Well Spent if They Forced Monroe Change.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 11.—"If the critics have only brought about that amendment, their time has been well spent," was the comment today of Senator Reed of Missouri after he read the Paris dispatch announcing that the League of Nations Commission had adopted a new section to the covenant specifically providing that the Monroe Doctrine is not to be affected by the provisions of the covenant.

400,000 ON STRIKE AT THE RUHR MINES

Minister Bauer Negotiating with Leaders—Soviet Demanded in Brunswick.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 9.—The number of strikers in the Ruhr region is now 400,000. Barely 10,000 people are at work. The miners threaten to stop operations necessary for keeping the mines in working order if the Government does not agree to their demands. In the circumstances the Government is compelled to take some action, and Herr Bauer, the Labor Minister, is now in the strike area negotiating with the strikers.

In Berlin, practically all the banks are closed. The employes have ceased work because the bank directors will not agree to their demands for revision of working conditions, including recognition of the Employes' Councils, higher wages for men of good education, payment for overtime after six hours a day and regular holidays. The strike is naturally causing great disturbance in the business life of the city. The strike in the metal industry in Berlin, too, has not been settled. Indeed, the outlook is decidedly worse.

But in Brunswick, which provides the extraordinary news of today, the "Revolutionary Workers" have proclaimed a general political strike in order "to fight against capitalism and militarism and for the salvation of the revolution." Banks and newspaper offices are closed in the town, which is guarded by troops. The steam and street railways have ceased to function.

The tailor who used to be President of Brunswick, named Merges, has appeared again, and at a great demonstration has declared the union of Germany with Russia to be the sole means of saving the Fatherland. Amid tremendous applause, he demanded the proclamation of a Soviet government in Brunswick. The demonstrators then paraded through the streets of the city. The Parliament has adjourned sine die, and the elected Workers' Council is now reported to be deliberating on the steps necessary to bring Soviet rule into existence.

The movement has spread to Helmstedt, where the telegraph and telephone offices and all municipal buildings have been occupied by the "Brunswick People's Guard," and the Burgomaster has been deposed.

MINISTER SCHIFFER RESIGNS.

Financial Member of German Cabinet Out—Socializing Board Quits.

BERLIN, April 11, (Associated Press.)—Dr. Schiffer, the Minister of Finance in the German National Government, has resigned, the Zeitung am Mittag says. His reasons are said to be personal.

The resignation of the whole Socialization Commission, which has been rumored for some time, is also announced. This action was due, according to a declaration made in the Vorwärts by Dr. Kantzky, Independent Socialist, to the fact that "from its birth it had to combat obstructive tactics from the imperialistic economic bureau." It was, therefore, unable, it is said, to make proper plans for the Socialistic reconstruction of Germany.

A dispatch from Weimar states that the Government has abandoned for the present its intention to transfer further sessions of the National Assembly to Berlin, owing to the unsuitable condition of the Reichstag building, which for months has been used for a barracks for revolutionary troops. It is estimated that four months' work would be required, at an expenditure of 600,000 marks, to ventilate the building properly.

GEORGE WASHINGTON SAILS.

Admiral Gleaves Goes to Inspect Army Embarkation Ports.

The naval transport George Washington, flying the flag of Vice Admiral Albert Gleaves, commander of the cruiser-transport squadron, sailed from Hoboken yesterday afternoon for Brest, to await the orders of President Wilson.

During her stay in port the transport has been refitted to accommodate 7,000 troops, but it is not expected that she will bring more than 5,000 on her return with the President.

Vice Admiral Gleaves said he sailed under orders from the Acting Secretary of the Navy to inspect evacuation ports abroad. He is accompanied by his Flag Lieutenant, J. M. Lawson. He plans to visit France, Belgium, and England, and make an inspection of Antwerp, which has been mentioned as a port for the embarkation of American troops coming from Germany.

The Admiral returned yesterday from a visit to Nashville, where his townsmen had presented a jeweled sword to him.

SAYS CONFERENCE IS ALL AGREED

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Colliard, and M. Vandervelde, representing British, French, and Belgian labor interests, respectively.

The Italian delegate, Signor Barzilai, and the Japanese, Baron Mikino, and two delegates from India spoke briefly on special conditions in their countries. The Cuban, Bolivian, and Ecuadorian delegates also spoke.

President Wilson said he regretted the absence in America of Mr. Gompers, as it prevented his presenting the views of the American people, which he so largely represented.

The report, with the amendments, was then approved without division, and the session adjourned.

Premier Paderewski of Poland had conferences on Thursday with Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain and Premier Orlando of Italy. The conference with Premier Orlando lasted nearly an hour. M. Paderewski also called on Herbert C. Hoover, the head of the Interallied Relief Organization.

Optimistic Cable to Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—More progress has been made in the Peace Conference during the last forty-eight hours than during the entire previous two weeks, according to advices received at the White House today from Paris.

Without giving details, these advices indicated that some of the chief difficulties delaying progress in the negotiations had been overcome, and that the President had secured the acceptance of certain of the important points for which he had been contending.

REPORT COMMUNE RULES IN MUNICH

Soviet Ousted by an Even More Extreme Faction, Nuremberg Hears.

FOOD CUT OFF FROM CITY

Former Madman Foreign Minister—Fear of Pogroms and War of Three Factions.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 10.—Munich since last night has been entirely isolated. No coal, no milk or food of any kind reaches the Bavarian capital except from the immediate neighborhood. Railway, telegraph and telephone service is suspended.

The cutting off of the city's supplies has been done by the Peasants' Council, which is convinced that it can thus force the Red Government to retire. The latter, however, is planning to bribe the peasants by higher prices and other concessions, thus causing them to desert the opposition.

The Nuremberg papers report that the most radical communists under Dr. Levien's leadership have succeeded in deposing the People's Commissioners' Government at Munich and establishing an ultra-Red commune. This cannot be verified here.

What may be expected if the People's Commissioners' Government was not communistic enough may be inferred from the latter's rules for the socialization of newspapers. The whole Bavarian press has been placed under control and becomes municipal property. Its administration consists of one member of the Government, two members of the Workers' Council, one member of the political party of which the paper in question is the organ, one Socialist leader and one Socialist writer. The editorial office is to decide concerning the contents of each paper.

All existing contracts with employes are recognized, and those wishing release will receive half a year's salary at monthly rates. The former proprietors of the newspapers receive no compensation, but may be employed at a yearly maximum salary of 12,000 marks. If disabled they are to receive a small pension.

Political parties which edit their own organs may claim certain space in other papers for propaganda. Advertising is created a State monopoly.

Ex-Madman Foreign Minister.

According to the Franconian Courier, published in Nuremberg, Dr. Lapp, who is the People's Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, has had a very checkered career. Till a few months ago Lapp was entirely unknown in Munich. He is 60 years old and was twice confined in a madhouse. Till 1888 he acted as editor of a Stuttgart paper, when he was threatened with punishment for lese majesty and emigrated to Italy, where he became a member of the staff of the Corriere Della Sera, acting simultaneously as a spy for the Imperial German Government, in which latter capacity he is said to have been very successful.

Later, at the instigation of the German General Staff, Lapp joined the Zimmerwald International Socialist Conference and organized a revolutionary movement in Italy. He also became a member of a number of revolutionary societies, the secrets of which he sold to the Government.

Bavarian Pogroms Feared.

The Berlin Tageblatt energetically condemns the reactionary agitators in Munich who are inciting the people to pogroms against the Jews by telling them that the large number of Jews in the Bolshevist Government is responsible for all their troubles.

"According to the latest news from Munich," says the Tageblatt, "it seems, indeed, that anti-Semitism is increasing there, which may be explained by the activity of such men as Landauer, Jaffe, Mühsam and Dr. Levien. No sane person can blame the Munich populace if it refuses to be robbed by the so-called idealists, anarchists and slackers who hail from Warsaw, Lemberg and Berlin, and who are anything but Bavarians. The people of Munich ought to chase them out of town. But what have the majority of Jewish people in common with those kings of the underworld? What have they in common with those editors of anarchist organs? Any sensible Jew condemns those scoundrels just as fiercely as any sensible Christian."

Reds Again at Nuremberg.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, April 9.—A dispatch received here says that things are becoming serious in Nuremberg. The organized workers are said still to be masters of the situation, but the Independent Socialists and Spartacides are gaining strength. They are agitating for a general strike and they have forced several factories to close. The dispatch continues:

"None of the newspapers appeared today, as their technical staffs have struck, and there is a report to the effect that the whole town is already on strike and has given itself over to mass demonstrations."

RUSSIANS FREED IN BAVARIA.

Red Chief Among Released Captives—Fear War of Three Factions.

BERLIN, April 10, (Associated Press.)—The Munich Revolutionary Council has ordered the immediate release of all prisoners of war in Bavaria. The order frees thousands of prisoners, including the Russian Communist, Axelrod.

The Council which has been in charge of the Munich banks has been getting into trouble through decrees issued by its leader, a twenty-four-year-old student named Foller. The Council had ordered that the wages of all persons be continued to be paid in full. It also closed the banks, causing excitement among the depositors, who were unable to withdraw their money.

COPENHAGEN, April 11.—Munich dispatches to the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin express extreme pessimism regarding the situation in Bavaria, and say that there are expectations in the Bavarian capital that there may be sanguinary fighting among the partisans of the different governments in Bavaria, if, as is feared, the Communists have set up a third. The Hoffman Government is declared to be holding large bodies of troops in readiness at Passau and Freising for use against the Communists. Augsburg has been cut off from food and news from Munich.

The Lokal-Anzeiger states that the Communist Council in Munich was in session until 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and that it elected a new Central Council, the Councilmen comprising five workmen and five soldiers, with Herr Klatz, a bricklayer, as President.

During the night the Communists took eleven hostages from the ranks of the trade union leaders, the Lokal-Anzeiger's reports add. They forced their way to the main police station, disarmed the police, and took the Police Commissioners and Sergeants as hostages.

Revolutionary tribunals have been established in Munich, and twenty-eight judges sit in relays of seven throughout the day and night. The sentences of the judges are carried out immediately.

The Central Soldiers' and Workmen's Committee for Bavaria has appointed a provisional mandatory for military affairs.

MUNICH, April 9, (Associated Press.)—The Majority Socialists, at a meeting last night, rejected a proposal to abstain from all co-operation with the new Government, and adopted a resolution to make one more attempt to re-establish unity. If this attempt does not succeed, the Majority Socialists will decline to co-operate.

The provisions for the socialization of the press of the country declare that nobody must profit from the newspapers. Magazines may only appear under license and may contain no advertising. Magazines unable to support themselves without advertising will be suppressed.

According to the provisions, any person attempting to secure the insertion of advertising matter in newspapers or magazines for a price is liable to trial by the revolution tribunal. It is announced that socialization of news agencies, paper factories, theatres and moving picture shows will follow.

The new Bavarian Government has issued decrees confiscating all dwellings and placing them at the disposal of a Commissioner, who has been charged to deal with the question of the shortage of housing. Persons who did not live in Bavaria before the war must surrender their dwellings and become dependent upon the Commissioner. Private renting is forbidden, and the number of rooms to be occupied is prescribed according to the size of the family. Infractions of the orders are punishable by fines up to 100,000 marks, and imprisonment not exceeding one year.

The Ministry at Bamberg is flooding Munich with handbills dropped from airplanes. The handbills urge the Munich populace to recognize only the decrees of the Bamberg Government.

AIM TO JOIN BADEN TO BAVARIA

Red Agitators Active There—Soviet Move in Ruhr Checked.

COPENHAGEN, April 11.—The revolutionary movement in Bavaria has spread to Baden, and agitators are working in Karlsruhe, Mannheim and other large towns, according to a Karlsruhe dispatch to the Acht Uhr Blatt of Berlin.

The agitators are said to be attempting to start a revolution and proclaim a Soviet republic in Baden. They would also unite Baden with the Bavarian Soviet Government.

The proclamation of a Soviet republic was contemplated yesterday in the Ruhr district, but the plan was frustrated by special means, particularly the occupation of Essen by Government troops. Seventeen members of the Mülheim-Am-Ruhr Council, who voted at the last meeting in favor of a Soviet Government, have been arrested on the charge of high treason.

Workmen in thirty-seven German towns have gone on strike for the introduction of the Soviet system.

LEDEBOUR DEMAND PRESSED.

Soviet Congress Appoints Commission to Work for His Release.

BERLIN, April 10, (Associated Press.)—The Prussian authorities are passing from one to the other the question of the release of George Ledebour, the Independent Socialist leader, arrested in the recent Spartacide uprising, whose freedom has been demanded by the Soviet Congress, of which body he was elected a member.

After the Minister of Justice had referred the Congress to the State's Attorney the latter directed the Soviet delegates to apply to the court before which Ledebour was to be tried. Today this division of the criminal court informed the Congress that the court must stand by its original refusal to surrender the Independent leader. The court suggested the filing of a writ of complaint.

The announcement of this result to the Soviet Congress brought the enraged Independents to their feet, and they finally succeeded in having a special commission appointed, which was instructed to effect the release of Ledebour at the earliest possible moment. The ultra-Radical members are determined to have Ledebour present at the Congress sessions, and it appears likely that they will resort to the most extreme obstructionist tactics for the purpose of delaying the deliberations.

This morning the Congress received a motion by the Independents to admit two Menshevik delegates from Russia to the Congress. The Independents also introduced a resolution calling for the appointment of a commission of nine delegates to make a personal investigation of conditions in Russia and report to the next Congress.

The Congress may extend into next week, as resolutions covering a wide range of subjects are up for debate. They are entirely foreign to the questions of Soviet rule and socialization, to consider which the Congress was primarily convoked.

Max Cohen, Chairman of the Central Council, and one of the Majority Socialist leaders, made a speech today in which he discussed foreign politics and the methods of Mathias Erzberger in connection with the armistice proceedings, which he stigmatized as inimical to the future of Franco-German relations. He advocated the formation of a continental bloc as an offset to the "Anglo-American alliance."

Herr Cohen said that an unbridgeable gap existed between Germany on the one hand and the United States and Great Britain on the other, while the differences between Germany on the one side and the French and Slavs on the other were capable of conciliatory adjustment.

MACHINE GUNS CHECK DUESSELDORF RIOT

Fifty Casualties in Dispersing a Spartacide Crowd—City in Darkness.

COPENHAGEN, April 11.—In a new Spartacide outbreak at Düsseldorf yesterday twenty-five persons were killed and twenty-five wounded when Government troops used machine guns on the demonstrators, the Lokal-Anzeiger of Berlin says.

A crowd of several thousand persons assembled before the Spartacide headquarters at Düsseldorf in the afternoon. The police ordered the crowd to disperse, whereupon there was some shooting. While soldiers were being brought up the crowd erected barricades in the streets. After the fighting, in which the casualties were sustained, the Spartacides fled.

Düsseldorf, the newspaper adds, was in complete darkness last night, the gas and electric works having ceased operations. Trains and street cars stopped running.

Denies da Costa Is Going to Wilson.

PARIS, April 11.—Sensational dispatches from New York connecting the departure of Dr. J. C. da Costa on the George Washington with the recent illness of President Wilson, brought a denial today from Rear Admiral Grayson that the sailing of Dr. da Costa was in any way connected with the President's recent illness. Admiral Grayson said that the President had recovered fully from his cold which kept him confined to his bed for several days.

Religious Notices on Page Sixteen.

DECLARES LEAGUE CAN'T BE REVAMPED

British Publicist Thinks That Material Changes Would Wreck Covenant.

PESSIMISTIC ABOUT DANZIG

Sees This, Responsibility, and Reparation as Obstacles to Early Agreement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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LONDON, April 11.—"If there is to be any announcement of peace terms before Easter they will be in the most meager form," said a well-known British publicist to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today.

He had just returned from a stay of some weeks in Paris and, although he has access to unusually good sources of information, he did not profess to be able to pierce the veil which shrouds the doings of the Big Four. Of one thing, however, he was sure: If the original draft of the League of Nations is to be amended considerably, the league will vanish like the airy fabric of a dream.

"If any member is to have the right to resign," he said, "whenever anything happens at which he is annoyed, the whole idea of the League will be undermined, and you will soon have nothing left. Then they talk of permitting members of the League to decide what armament they will keep up. For whose benefit is that amendment to be adopted? To let the United States have a big Navy, or France a big Army, or what? Why, the one concrete advantage we all hoped for from the League was the compulsory limitation of armaments."

As far as he could learn, he said, the Big Four were far from agreement on many definite points.

"Take Danzig for example. The Commission of Experts, representing all the principal nations, resolved unanimously that it must go to Poland. They were under no illusions about the matter. They admitted that it was not an ideal solution of the problem, but then there was no ideal solution, and it did achieve certain excellent results. The Big Four, however, would have none of it and referred it back to the experts, who considered it again and declined to alter their report. The Big Four a second time refused it, and now there is talk of one of those artificial arrangements beloved of the international legalist, and Danzig, it is rumored, is to be neutralized and made a free city or free port.

"Paris also hears that American opinion is not on all fours with European on the question of punishment for those responsible for the war. Rightly or wrongly, the story has gone forth that Wilson is not prepared to see the Kaiser and other rulers held to account for the war, whatever may be done to criminals of lower rank. As the British view is that the Kaiser, if anyone, should be punished, here seems to be another cause of difference and delay."

On the question of indemnities this informant said that President Wilson was gaining support from Clemenceau. This did not mean that Clemenceau was inclined to let the Germans off easily; but, as he recognized that they could never pay anything like the total cost of the war, (for which, in the popular British view, at any rate, they were liable,) he was in favor of as narrow an interpretation of the "reparation" of the fourteen points as possible. France stands to get a large sum, however the word reparations be construed, and is afraid that if the British bill for the cost of the war is admitted her share will be cut down.

"Do you take any stock, then, in these stories about the George Washington being ordered to France?" the correspondent asked.

"How can President Wilson go home now and confess that he has been a failure? He must stay and reach the best compromise he can," was the answer.

SINN FEINERS PRAISE AND BLAME WILSON

Irish Parliament Speakers Differ Widely on President and the League.

DUBLIN, April 11, (Associated Press.)—The Sinn Fein Parliament today discussed the League of Nations. Professor Edward De Valera said that Ireland was ready to become a constituent unit, but only on the basis of the equality of rights of all nations, great and small. The whole hope of the world was in President Wilson, he continued, but the present League covenant was not democratic; it violated the principle of equality and would set up a greater tyranny than ever before.

The member for Monaghan attacked President Wilson and called him "the Machiavelli of the New World, intent on forcing a sham League of Nations on prostrate humanity."

Other speakers criticised the American President, but Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein organization, said that Mr. Wilson was at the present time fighting England, France, and Italy, and that Ireland would support him in his conflict with the old diplomacy.

IRISH DELEGATES IN PARIS.

Three from America Will Petition the Big Four to Receive Them.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press.)—The three delegates chosen by the Irish Societies of the United States to appeal to the Peace Conference on behalf of Ireland arrived in Paris today. They are Edward F. Dunne, ex-Governor of Illinois; Michael J. Ryan of Philadelphia, and Frank P. Walsh, former Chairman of the National War Labor Board.

The delegates will ask the Council of Four to give them an opportunity to place before it the case of Ireland and demand that the question be dealt with according to the principles of President Wilson and the right of self-determination.

They were met at the St. Lazare station by Sean O'Ceallaigh (John O'Kelley,) the delegate of the Provisional Irish Republic to the Conference, and George G. Duffy, member of the British Parliament for South Dublin. Duffy and O'Ceallaigh told the Americans that the big powers would refuse to hear and receive them, but the Americans were not deterred and said they would ask President Wilson to grant them an audience.

Ex-Governor Dunne, in referring to the audience given by President Wilson to an Irish delegation when the President was in America early in March, said:

"At that time the question put to President Wilson by the delegation was: 'Are you prepared to revendicate before the Peace Conference the right of Ireland to dispose of herself according to the principles laid down in your Fourteen Points?'

"The President's reply then was: 'Surely you do not think that I can answer this question now.'

"We then informed the President that we were in no hurry and were prepared to wait for his answer, and were even willing to journey to Paris in order to obtain it. President Wilson now has had sufficient time to reflect. We have come to Paris for his answer."

ITALY ORDERS BARRIER ON BAVARIAN REDS

Closes the Frontier to Shut Out Bolshevism—Rome Celebrates Failure of Red Strike.

GENEVA, April 11, (Associated Press.)—Dispatches received from Innsbruck report that the Italian commander in Tyrol has ordered the closing of the Bavarian frontier, over which nobody has been permitted to pass since Thursday.

The dispatches add that the step was taken owing to fears of a spread of Bolshevism to Italy.

VIENNA, April 10, (Associated Press.)—Italy has ordered the German Austrian Republic to disarm and disband any troops regarded as pro-communist.

German Austria, however, is coming under the influence of the establishment of Soviet Governments at Munich and Budapest. At Donawitz 10,000 workers in the iron smelting plants have driven out the managers because the latter refused to grant increased wages. The coal miners there are reported to have considered similar action, and there is a prospect that the employes of the iron mines will take over control of the properties and elect their own managers.

Bank clerks at Vienna are demanding higher salaries. At one bank the salaries paid before the war totaled 11,000,000 crowns. This was increased during the war to 25,000,000. It is now faced with a demand for the payment of 11,000,000 more, which will make an amount equal to the yearly dividends of the bank before the war.

The Communists of German Austria have been told that if communism is adopted here the Allies would cut off food supplies, but this argument has been removed since the Allies appeared willing to treat with the Communists at Budapest.

The situation at Budapest prevents the Vienna banks from making up their yearly statements. It is impossible to estimate the value of securities held by Hungary, and it is said that, even if Hungary should agree to make settlements with the German Austrian Republic, any new money she might offer would be without value. Business in Vienna is at a standstill, with the banks operating virtually as Government tax offices.

"The only salvation here is to kill Bolshevism with work," said Dr. Alfred Treichl, Director of the Anglo-Austrian Bank, today, "but we cannot give work unless we can secure raw materials from abroad."

ROME, April 10.—The whole city was beflagged and illuminated tonight in celebration of the fiasco of the demonstration planned by the Socialists in honor of the German and Russian ultra-Radicals. Throughout the city there were manifestations by the people in which were heard cries of "Death to Lenine and Trotzky," "Long live the King," and "Long live our Italian Fiume."

BRITISH NATIONS LEAGUE.

Dominions to be Great Powers Under Single Head, Milner Says.

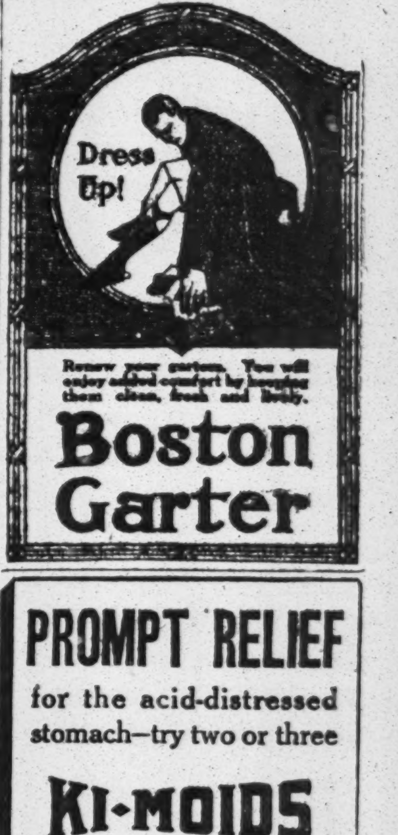
LONDON, April 11, (via Montreal.)—The transformation of the relations between the United Kingdom and the overseas dominions is almost complete, Viscount Milner, Secretary of State for the Colonies, told the Manchester branch of the Colonial Institute at a luncheon Thursday.

Lord Milner said that the Dominions were entitled to look to a future in which they would be great powers. They all desired to remain in the empire, however, and if this desire was fulfilled the world would see what it had never seen before—a number of great powers under a single head. It would be—it was, in fact—a league of nations, but possessing a moral unity which the league had still to acquire.

This was the actual situation, but the realities of the case were somewhat obscured by antiquated forms. The department which normally dealt with the Dominions was the Colonial Office, but the Dominions were in no sense under the Colonial Office, which was simply the channel through which the real parties, who were the Governments of the Dominions and the Government of the United Kingdom, transacted their business. That arrangement worked very well under ordinary circumstances, but it was anomalous that the department which really governed Nigeria and Hongkong should concern itself with the Dominions, which Britain did not pretend to govern at all.

Peace League Executive Committee.

The League to Enforce Peace announces that the following men have accepted election to its Executive Committee: John Barrett, Director General Pan-American Union; George W. Wickersham, formerly Attorney General of the United States, and Henry W. Taft. Irwin Smith has been appointed Assistant Secretary.



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WHITMAN DENIES THOMPSON STORY

Took Luncheon with Senator, but Made No Mention of Shonts or Governorship, He Says.

BRADY MAKES STATEMENT

Asserts Legislator Sought Interview on Water Power and Asked About Traction Matters.

Former Governor Charles S. Whitman made the following statement yesterday relative to testimony regarding an alleged conversation with him given by Senator George F. Thompson in the Senate Judiciary Committee's bribery investigation at Albany:

"Senator Thompson came to see me at the St. Regis on the Saturday he mentioned, at 1 P. M. I met him in the lobby of the hotel and he lunched with me in the restaurant at my invitation, leaving me after lunch. We talked about a number of matters. I did not mention the governorship to him. He referred several times to his own ambitions in that direction. I gave him not the slightest reason to believe that I or any one else would favor his nomination for the governorship. I did not mention Mr. Shonts's name to him, nor did he mention Mr. Shonts's name to me.

"I have never heard of Mr. Burke, and so far as I know have never seen him.

"Anything further that needs be said on the matter will be said before the Legislature if my appearance there is desired."

Mr. Whitman added that he had not invited Senator Thompson to call and see him. He said that Thompson was entirely responsible for their holding any interview at all. When his attention was called to Senator Thompson's statement that the former Governor had declared in the interview that Thompson was the one up-State Republican best fitted to be a candidate for Governor, the ex-Governor said:

"I never thought of such a thing. I said nothing on the subject at all. I never regarded Thompson in that light."

Mr. Whitman was asked if he had been retained by any of the traction interests. He said:

"Judge Ransom of the firm has been retained. He has acted in legal matters for the Consolidated Gas Company, and is engaged in some rate matters."

William L. Ransom, former counsel for the Public Service Commission, who has been associated with ex-Governor Whitman since the first of the year said:

"I was retained in January in the trial of certain suits in equity which have been brought by the Consolidated Gas Company. That has all been in the papers. I have been retained by the Interborough in some rate matters in prospect. I have not been engaged in reference to any legislative matter. I have not talked to any members of the Legislature on any legislative matter this year. Everything I have done or shall do will be done in court."

President Shonts of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company refused to talk, but the following statement was given out by his secretary:

"Mr. Shonts said he would not say anything until he had seen the stenographic minutes of the testimony, except that neither he personally nor any one by his authority or to his knowledge had ever said or done an improper thing in connection with legislative matters, either this year or any other session."

Senator Thompson's interview with Nicholas F. Brady was obtained at the solicitation of the Senator himself, who sought to interest the capitalist in plans for water-power development, according to Mr. Brady, who made the following statement last night:

"In the latter part of February of this year Richard H. Burke, whom I know, informed me that Senator George F. Thompson was anxious to have a talk with me. The interview was sought by Senator Thompson and, he being conspicuously prominent in public affairs, I was glad to hear what he had to say. Throughout the interview Mr. Burke was present.

"During the interview Senator Thompson outlined plans for the development of water power in the State, in which I am naturally interested. His ideas seemed nebulous to me, and I asked him to put them in writing. The conversation then turned on traction matters. I pointed out to the Senator that increased costs made a raise in fares imperative unless the roads were to go into bankruptcy.

"I have not been asked to make, nor have I made, directly or indirectly, any contribution or promise of contribution to any fund to elect Senator Thompson or to promote legislation."

C. G. M. Thomas, Secretary of the Consolidated Gas Company, said last night:

"The first knowledge on my part that Senator Thompson was interested in the financing of a trust company in Lockport, or any other place, came to me through the newspapers this afternoon. I never spoke to Thompson on that subject. If the Senate committee regards Senator Thompson's testimony as of the slightest consequence and desires my attendance, I shall be glad to testify upon receiving an intimation to that effect.

"I met Senator Thompson at the Hotel Biltmore, with others, upon his invitation, at various times early in 1917 to discuss the draft of his report to the Legislature following the investigation of the Public Service Commission and the bills which he had drafted to carry out the recommendations contained in his report."

Robert E. Livingston, Director of Publicity of the Consolidated Gas Company, said last night:

"I have seen statements in the newspapers to the effect that Burke at some time represented the Consolidated Gas Company. This is not true. He has never represented any interest of the Consolidated in any way whatsoever."

DEBS READY TO GO TO JAIL.

Says to Ask for a Pardon Would Mean Confession of Guilt.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 11.—Eugene V. Debs, under sentence for violating the espionage law, said at his home here today that he was getting ready to begin his sentence in Federal prison. He declared he would not ask for one minute's delay or respite, and added:

"During my incarceration my comrades will be true and my enemies will be satisfied, and therefore, as far as I am concerned all is well with the world."

Continuing, he said:

"I make it an almost invariable rule never to deny or contradict anything that appears about me in the press, no matter how false it may be. However, to ask for a pardon is to confess guilt."

Regarding statements to the effect that he had threatened to call a general strike if sent to prison, Debs said: "This charge is absolutely false and baseless."

VOTE OF TROOPS IS "WET."

Returns Indicate New Zealand Soldiers Will Defeat Prohibition.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, April 11.—The vote on the question of prohibition for New Zealand stands on the returns so far received as follows:

For continuance of the present license system, 220,602.

For prohibition, 233,558.

There are still a few home returns and the votes of 40,000 soldiers to be received.

LONDON, April 11.—The New Zealand soldiers in Great Britain have voted on the question of prohibition in New Zealand, which is up for decision there, as follows:

For prohibition, 3,950.

Against prohibition, 15,880.

There are 15,000 New Zealand soldiers in Egypt, in France, and at sea, whose votes have not yet been recorded.

WHITMAN ASKED AID, THOMPSON AVERS

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any other lawmaker in connection with pending legislation. He made a good impression on the committee. He was ready at repartee, and though his face has a very serious look, he seemed to have a keen sense of humor and provoked laughter among the committee members and spectators as he told of his experience with Senator Thompson.

The interview at which Burke is alleged to have made the offer of a $500,000 campaign fund, according to Senator Thompson, occurred at the Republican Club on March 16. Senator Thompson said that Burke had told him that the Brady interests, the Interborough, Stanchfield and Morgan and others of prominence, would see to it that Senator Thompson as a candidate for Governor next year would have a campaign fund that would enable him to "walk home." Senator Thompson said that Burke had broached the subject, but the latter declared that it was Thompson who had brought it up.

Senator Thompson was the only witness at the morning session. Before he was called to the stand, Senator Brown of Otsego presented and the committee adopted a resolution under which Chairman Burlingame received full power to rule on evidence and govern the conduct of the questioning of witnesses.

When Deputy Attorney General Jerome L. Cheney, acting as counsel for the committee, asked Senator Thompson if he was familiar with the resolution under which the committee was acting, the Senator replied: "I gave the Senate information tending to establish such a case."

"What legislation was concerned?" was asked.

"Legislation that would enable the Public Service Commissions to raise rates beyond the amounts fixed in contracts under which public utilities corporations are operating and at this year's session embodied in what is known as the Carson-Martin bill," was the reply.

"In any conversation you had in relation to this bill, was anything said that you regarded as improper?" asked the Deputy Attorney General.

"The Carson-Martin bill," was the answer, "is a first cousin of the Wicks bill that was here last year. The Wicks bill was introduced to repeal by indirection the eighty cent gas law which applies to New York City."

"That is your inference," broke in the Deputy Attorney General.

"Oh, it did repeal it," exclaimed Senator Thompson. "My chief reason for combating it was that it tried to do such a thing by indirection."

At this point Senator Thompson's story took him back to the investigation of the Public Service Commission which he conducted and which resulted in the removal from office of Chairman Edward E. McCall of the Public Service Commission for the First District and of Commissioner Robert Colgate Wood, one of the other members.

"While the investigation was on," said the Senator, "I received a number of visits from persons who brought me all sorts of information, but refused to give me their names. I received anonymous letters and many anonymous telephone calls. Among the latter more came from one than from any other source. I tried to trace these calls, but central would give me no help to do so.

"The committee followed up the information which led to an investigation of the signal system of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit. We found that there were three bidders when the system was installed—the General of Rochester, the Union of Pittsburgh, and the Federal of Albany—and that the Federal of Albany, although the highest bidder, for no apparent reason had been awarded the contract through the aid of three of the Public Service Commissioners, Wood one of them. From all of which it appeared to us that Wood was corrupt. We finally brought about his indictment for attempted bribery, whereupon he resigned from the commission. After it was over my informant called me on the telephone and said he would come in and see me, and finally he appeared. I was glad to see him, for I felt that in helping us to get rid of a faithless public official he had rendered good and substantial service to the State."

"What was the name of your visitor?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"Burke—Richard H. Burke, I think," said Senator Thompson, looking over at the star witness, who the next moment was directed to arise, so that Senator Thompson could identify him.

"Burke called on me often after that at the Biltmore and at the Republican Club, where I took up my residence after leaving the Biltmore," Senator Thompson continued, after making the identification. "He came in a great deal while we were drafting the bill amending the Public Service Commission law. It appeared that he was interested in some gas company. The gas companies were anxious to have a clause inserted which would have enabled the Public Service Commissions to raise their rates, regardless of terms embodied in franchises or fixed by law. We refused to do this and then they had the Wicks bill introduced.

"Burke came to me after this measure had been introduced and referred to the committee of which I am Chairman, and wanted to know if I would not help to have it reported out of committee or let it slip out. I said that I would not, that I regarded it as a repudiation of contract, and would fight the bill with all my might. It finally reached a point where I began to regard his importunities as bordering on attempts at improper influence. Then I let it be known. I told the newspaper men about it. They awoke to the situation, and they couldn't get enough votes to get the bill out of committee."

Saw Burke at Republican Club.

"Soon after the present session began I received a telegram from Burke asking me to see him in New York at some hotel. I told him I would be in Albany, and asked him to see me here. He never came. But later, when I came to New York and went to the Republican Club, I found slips in my box saying 'See Burke.'

"It was in February he met me, when I arrived on the 4 o'clock train."

"Can you fix the date?" asked Mr. Cheney.

For the first time, Senator Thompson's diary which he has told the Senate and the Judiciary Committee about was brought into public view and action. It is an ordinary loose-leaf notebook, vest-pocket size with black covers, and pages covered with close, tiny, ornate script.

"It was about the 6th of February—it was the 6th," said the Senator after consulting the diary. "He asked me to go downtown with him and see a lawyer whom he named. I told him I had another engagement, but after having called up about this engagement over the telephone and finding that it had been temporarily called off, I went with him to the office of the lawyer. There was nothing wrong about the talk I had there."

"Did you discuss traction legislation?" the Senator was asked.

Names John B. Stanchfield.

"Yes," said the Senator, "Burke told the lawyer that I thought the traction situation in New York City ought to be investigated. When the lawyer asked me if that was my view, I said, 'Yes, if anything was wrong with the railroads in New York City it ought to be corrected.' But I told them that the Legislature can accomplish nothing in the way of remedial legislation unless the public could first be informed and enabled to judge as to the justice of the demand. I asked him if he thought a good case could be established for the companies and he said he thought so. He said he would put the question of an investigation up to the Interborough people. Burke was not in the room at that time."

"Who was the lawyer?" asked Deputy Attorney General Cheney.

"I will tell you if you insist," said Senator Thompson. "It seems hardly proper, however, to drag his name in, inasmuch as nothing improper was said."

"I think it is proper that we should have the name," said Chairman Burlingame. "Did he represent a railroad?"

"He had represented one before the Public Service Investigating Committee," said Senator Thompson.

"I think we should have the name," repeated Senator Burlingame.

"Does the committee insist?" asked Senator Thompson. "He never said anything improper in any talk he had with me."

"Unless I hear an objection from a member of the committee I shall direct Senator Thompson to name the lawyer," said Chairman Burlingame. There was no objection.

"The lawyer was John B. Stanchfield," said Senator Thompson.

"Did you see Burke on any other occasion?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"Yes," said Senator Thompson. "He wanted me to come and see Mr. Stanchfield again. It was on Feb. 14. I was at the Republican Club and was sitting in my room talking to a friend, Charles Dickinson of Lockport, when Burke called me on the telephone and made the request. Later he joined us at the club and we all went downtown together. I went to Stanchfield's office."

On this occasion Mr. Stanchfield, according to Senator Thompson, told him that he had consulted Mr. Quackenbush, counsel for the Interborough, and that Quackenbush had expressed the opinion that there should be no investigation—that it was too late.

Senator Thompson testified that after his talk with Mr. Stanchfield he had urged upon the legislative leaders that there ought to be an investigation of the traction situation in New York City, but that this proposal had been coldly received and had come to naught.

Says He Talked with Shonts.

"I tried to find out by myself," said the Senator. "I wanted to know about the securities, about fixed charges, leases and the values behind them, and such matters. I asked the leaders here to give me a man to help me make this investigation, but there was no response even to that request. Then I read in the newspapers that Mr. Shonts had issued pamphlets telling all about these things. I rang up the Interborough and they switched me on to Mr. Shonts. He told me he would send me up the pamphlets, and he did. I went into these and found that they contained nothing except the most superficial information, and I told him so."

Mr. Thompson said he saw Mr. Stanchfield again, and that the latter made an appointment for him with Mr. Quackenbush, but that owing to the press of other duties he was unable to keep it.

"Mr. Quackenbush sent me another statement, embodying information along the lines I was interested in," said the Senator. "I didn't like it, because it was superficial too. I got mad, and said something to a newspaper correspondent, who went ahead and printed what I said. Then Burke showed up again."

This was on Feb. 28.

"I saw him at 4 o'clock in the afternoon," the Senator went on. "'Dick,' I said, 'They do not give me anything. I ask for figures and facts, and they hand me conclusions. I don't want that. I am disgusted.'

"Burke said: 'You can get facts. Come with me and I will take you to a man who is absolutely on the square. He will fix you up.' Which I did on March 1."

"Is this gentleman associated with the Interborough?" Senator Thompson was asked.

"No; I always understood that he was B. R. T.," said the Senator.

"Who is it?" asked Deputy Attorney General Cheney.

"Well," said Senator Thompson, "there is another case where nothing wrong was said. He told me that the railroads were operating under very hard conditions and that he thought they were entitled to some relief. I told him we must have all the facts about their condition before anything could be done; that the public was entitled to the facts, and that I represented the public. He said the B. R. T. had no leased lines and asked me if the lawyers for the B. R. T. had refused to give me the information I wanted. I told him they had not. He promised that I should have the information and I got it."

"Was Burke there?" the Senator was asked.

Brings in Nicholas F. Brady.

The Senator said he was. Senator Burlingame then ruled that in view of his presence the committee ought to have the name of the man. Senator Thompson said he did not think it proper to give it, and would do so only under protest. He was instructed to answer the question by Chairman Burlingame.

"It was Mr. Brady," said the Senator.

Deputy Attorney-General Cheney wanted to get the address, and Senator Thompson said he had seen him at his house "somewhere on Fifth Avenue."

"Burke can tell you what Brady it was," said the witness.

In response to a question, Mr. Burke said it was Nicholas F. Brady.

"Did you ever see Mr. Brady again?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"No," said the Senator. "I got a statement, remarkable principally because of what it did not contain."

Senator Thompson then reached the point of his testimony which had to do with the crucial interview with Burke. He said the lobbyist had got him out of bed at the Republican Club on March 16.

"He called me up Sunday morning. He got me out of bed. He called me on the telephone and wanted to know if he could come down, and I said yes; so he came down to the club and came up to my room," said the Senator.

Testifies to Bribe Offer.

"Tell us what took place there," said Mr. Cheney.

"He came in then and said, 'Now, George, I have got an important thing that I want to tell you, and,' he says, 'I want you to do this now. You can stand for this bill,' and he says, 'if you do, that will be the biggest thing that ever happened to you. You just stand for this bill,' and he said, naming several people, 'there wouldn't be any end to the campaign fund that would be raised, and he was there authorized to tell me it would be raised and it would come up to half a million if necessary, and there was the one chance I had. He said I had a good reputation and if I only had the money I would walk home.

"And I said, 'Now, Dick, that is absolutely impossible. You know me, and you know I tried to do anything I could on the square, but this isn't, and there is another thing about it; this is controlled, and I will tell you a secret, and I want you to have it conclusive. I am going to tell you a secret, and that is I don't want to be Governor, and never will be a candidate, and you can go back to that, and, besides that, I have a letter already written, which I am going to give to the public today, and that is a complete answer to all this thing.'"

"You referred to mentioning several persons—who were these persons you mentioned?" asked Chairman Burlingame.

Morgan's Name Brought In.

"He said that the campaign fund would be guaranteed," Senator Thompson then replied. "He said there wouldn't be any question of Brady and the Interborough people and Stanchfield and Morgan, and all would be behind it. It was the most wonderful chance I ever had and ever would have, and there was a great political chance, and here is what he said I was—a dam fool if I didn't take it."

"Is there anything further that you can tell us?" asked Deputy Attorney General Cheney.

"Mr. Cheney, I did not want to state even this," said the Senator. "I will say, however, that subsequent to this a reputable citizen came and tried to make me change my attitude on this bill."

"I assume there was a number of them after that?"

"No," said the Senator, "just one. And that interview is all right, except in my mind. It could not be regarded as improper, taking it alone, but taking it in connection with the experience I had with Burke—"

"We will leave that to your judgment, Mr. Senator," said Mr. Cheney.

Senator Thompson repeated that he was in doubt as to whether this incident should go on the record, but was instructed to tell it by Chairman Burlingame.

"On March 29," said the Senator, "I was asked to meet a New York lawyer and have luncheon at an uptown hotel. I said I would go. I didn't know what it was about. I went up at 1 o'clock."

"Who was it?" the Senator was asked.

"Shall I name him?" asked Senator Thompson, addressing Chairman Burlingame.

"Yes," said Senator Burlingame. "If you think it has any connection with this legislation we should have the name and the hotel."

Says Whitman Asked His Vote.

"It was Mr. Whitman," said Senator Thompson.

"First name?" urged the Deputy Attorney General.

"Charles S.," said the witness.

"And the hotel?"

"St. Regis."

"Let us have the conversation."

"He is an awfully good visitor and we went into the St. Regis and had lunch, and we first circled around the table and had something. I don't know what it was; it all tasted the same, but it all looked different; it was good, though."

"Appetizers, I suppose?" said Mr. Cheney.

"I don't know what you call them. Well, anyway, it was a nice lunch. There was a good deal of conversation. I didn't know what he wanted to see me for, and at first he suggested I should come to New York and practice law. He said I could make $50,000 a year, and, of course, that is more than I make in Middleport, and I talked about it. I went far enough in the conversation to find out he didn't want me for a partner."

"Then you lost interest in that, did you?"

"I didn't have any great interest to start with, anyway."

"Did you try to find out how to make the $50,000 a year?" asked Minority Leader of the Senate James A. Foley.

"Of course, $50,000 was more than I had ever thought of," answered Senator Thompson. "I did have a suggestion of a partnership in New York once for $25,000, but I thought I could live better in Middleport on $5,000 or $6,000 than in New York at $25,000.

"I asked: 'What is your idea, that I come to New York and hang up a shingle, and every one would come in to consult me?'

"He said no, I would have to go downtown where the business was, and then the talk was shifted to politics, State politics, and the talk suggested the next candidate for Governor. I was told in that conversation—now, I don't want any of these up-Staters to get jealous or mad about it, or anything—but he said I was the only figure up the State that could be nominated for Governor at the next election, and I speedily informed him that there wasn't anything in that; I shouldn't be in a position to be the candidate at all; didn't want it.

"After that he told me that the real reason he wanted to see me was because Mr. Shonts asked him to talk to me in relation to this Carson-Martin bill, and he wanted me to vote for it. I told him I didn't believe he understood the Carson-Martin bill, and I said:

"'Governor, that bill provides for the repudiation of a contract,' and I said, 'I cannot under any circumstances support it. I have said so; I have said so publicly and privately, and in every way,' and I said, 'I am worn out by the arguments on it, and I cannot support it.' And I said I had gone down to New York and investigated it, and the dual subway contract was a large part of the subject of the investigation; that I did not like the contract itself. I didn't think it was a fair contract to the city of New York, anyway, and that I had called on several reputable people in New York whose testimony was taken and asked them what the city of New York got by virtue of that dual subway contract, and invariably they had said, 'The guarantee of a universal 5-cent fare for fifty years,' and that was the consideration the people of the city of New York gave for that contract.

"Now they want to put through a bill that defeats that conception and still gives the company everything else that contract gives them, a great deal of which I don't think they should have or deserve to have now. And I said I wouldn't be for the bill; that I felt the bill ought to be beaten, and should do everything I could to oppose it, and I would be ashamed to ever come to New York if I did anything to pass that bill.

"'Well,' he said, 'if you feel like that, don't you think it could be changed?' and I said, 'I don't know whether it could be changed or not; I hadn't thought of it. Earlier in the year I was willing to investigate the situation, but it is too late now; there isn't a question about that,' I said. 'I cannot stand for it, and I don't know how they could be revised.'"

Has Praise for Burke.

Senator Thompson said that Mr. Whitman sent a copy of the bill addressed to him at the club with a view to having it fixed up so as to meet the Senator's views, but that he had reached the conclusion that it was up to the traction people rather than up to him to suggest compromises if there were to be any.

"Mr. Whitman had warned me on the Saturday when I saw him that it was bad politics to oppose this bill," said the Senator.

"Was there anything improper in his suggestions to you, in your mind?" asked Senator Burlingame.

"As my mind has operated on it, I think that it depends on the man that sent both of these men," said the witness. "It don't depend on either one of them. If there was only one man that sent both of those men to me, the whole thing was sinister. If there wasn't one man who sent both, that is a different proposition."

"Did ex-Governor Whitman suggest to you that he represented any interest?" asked Senator Mackrell of Rensselaer, a member of the Judiciary Committee.

"Yes, he said he had been asked by Mr. Shonts of the Interborough to see me, but that he was not under a retainer."

"Did you regard Mr. Whitman's statement as connected with your attitude on this bill?" asked Senator Black of Kings.

"Why, I think the statement was made, perhaps, for the purpose of changing my attitude on the bill," said the witness. "But it is so silly. I haven't any chance to be Governor. It is all nonsense. It is so silly. I don't think he thinks or thought then that I had the slightest chance to be Governor of the State of New York."

"Did Burke say anything about representing a gas company?" was asked.

"In 1918 he told me he was interested in a gas company," said Senator Thompson. "This year he did not say whom he represented or that he represented anybody."

"Were any improper suggestions about gas ever made to you?"

"A lot of improper suggestions have been made in fifteen years," said Senator Thompson.

"But by Burke?"

"Oh, I do not know—perhaps," said the witness. "I think, though, that the public is under great obligations to Burke for what he did in the Public Service investigation."

"At the St. Regis—was anything said about a campaign fund?" asked Minority Leader of the Senate Foley.

"No," said Senator Thompson.

"Mr. Whitman did not tell you that he represented a gas company?"

"This bill does not affect gas companies; last year's bill did," said the witness. Senator Brown of Otsego asked Senator Thompson what radical wrong there was in the promise of a campaign fund. "I understand no direct offer was made of money to go into your pocket," said the Senator, "unless an offer to contribute to a fund for a campaign you have no intention of entering is to be regarded as a direct money offer. I do not think that I would have the right to accept now any money for a campaign which isn't coming off until next year."

"But did you not understand that the money was to be provided and paid into the campaign fund only when it was needed for that purpose?" asked Senator Brown.

Questioned on Gas Legislation.

"No, I understood that it was all guaranteed and available right away," he replied.

At this point Senator Thompson was asked if he had not been aware before seeing Mr. Brady that Burke represented the Brady interests, which include gas companies in different parts of the State.

"You intimated that some improper suggestion was made in reference to gas legislation," was suggested.

"That was back in 1917 or 1918," said the witness. "We were seated in our committee room at the Biltmore; Frank Moss was there, Clarence J. Shuster of Rochester, both of counsel for committee, and, I think, Frank N. Smith of Lockport, the stenographer, was there, too."

"Did they hear the conversation?"

"I presume so. We were talking about banks, and I said there was a great business opportunity for trust companies up-State. I said that a $100,000 trust company would be just the thing for Lockport. Afterward Burke, who was present, said to me: 'Say, are you in earnest about that trust company proposition? I can get you lots of help in that matter.' Later an official of the Consolidated Gas Company called me aside in the Biltmore grill room and said: 'We understand you want to establish a trust company in Lockport. We will furnish you the $100,000 you need.' I said, 'Forget it.'"

Again Senator Thompson was asked to give the name of the official who offered to set him up in business.

"His name was Thomas," said the witness. "I understand that he was a Vice President of the company. Later Burke asked me if Thomas had talked to me. I said he had. Burke said then that Thomas stood by his offer."

"Newspaper articles read into the record have mentioned a $500,000 slush fund raised and brought to Albany to bribe legislators. Do you know of the existence of any such fund?" asked Senator Brown.

"I gave no information to justify any such statement," said the witness. "All I said was that a promise was made to me that a fund up to $500,000 would be raised for me and guaranteed, so that I would know that it was there, and there could be no question about that at all."

"Was a lower amount offered, and was the offer afterward raised?" asked Chairman Burlingame.

"There was no dicker," said Senator Thompson.

"Was this the only time an improper suggestion of this character was ever made to you?" asked Senator Lusk of Cortland.

"I would not say that," the witness replied. "But in connection with this matter, yes."

Burke Begins Testimony.

Before Burke was sworn as a witness at the afternoon session, Mr. Cheney asked him if he had heard the testimony given by Senator Thompson in which his name occurred again and again. Mr. Burke said he had heard it all.

"And you appreciate that this investigation might result in criminal charges being brought against you and that if you are sworn and testify here the testimony you give may be used against you?" asked the Deputy Attorney General. "Under the circumstances, are you willing to be sworn and testify?"

"I am not only willing to testify," said Burke, "but in order that there never again may be a repetition of this, I am quite willing that any member of this committee, or of the State Senate should ask me any question, and I will answer it to the best of my ability."

He said he was willing to sign a waiver of immunity.

Burke walked to the witness chair with the air of unconcern, which he has displayed ever since he reached the Capitol. He said that his name was Richard Henry Burke; that he was Vice President of the Special Service Flooring Company, with offices in the Grand Central Station, and was also connected with the Federal Signal Company of Albany. He said he had known Senator Thompson for about four years. Asked if he was familiar with the Carson-Martin bill, he replied:

"I have never seen the Carson-Martin bill. I don't know one provision in it. I wouldn't know what it was about, other than to know that it does affect traction companies in some way or other."

"Have you had any conversations with Senator George F. Thompson with regard to that particular bill?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"Yes, sir," said the witness. "I haven't got the date in my mind, but the day I accompanied Senator Thompson to Mr. Stanchfield's office as testified to here this morning, is the particular date on which I had a conversation with him regarding that bill."

It was recalled to the witness that the date mentioned by Senator Thompson for his first visit to Mr. Stanchfield's office was Feb. 6.

Burke Contradicts Thompson.

"Well, that wasn't the first time Senator Thompson was in Mr. Stanchfield's office," Mr. Burke testified. "He was there some time previous—I should say two or three weeks before."

"Did you ask him to go there?" asked counsel.

"No," said the witness, "I was with him. I was not present at the conversation. I walked into the office with him. He went through the door and I walked out and waited for him."

In response to a request from a committee member Mr. Cheney asked the witness if he knew what took Senator Thompson to Mr. Stanchfield's office on that first occasion—two or three weeks prior to the visit the Senator himself had testified to.

"That wasn't Mr. Thompson's first visit to Mr. Stanchfield's office, either," said the witness. "On the day I met him at the train and we went down to the office together Senator Thompson told me that he would see Stanchfield for the purpose of presenting a bill that would meet with the approval of the traction interests. He said that he had a scheme whereby he thought that there would be no traction opposition to the bill, with the proviso that this scheme was adhered to. His scheme was that there be passed a 7-cent fare bill, and that 2 cents out of the 7 be retained by the city of New York for the purpose of reimbursing the city for any expenditure of money made for the traction company or for loans to the companies.

Tells of Visit to Brady.

"He said: 'Now, I am not merely promising this. The thing is done. I think positively this bill will pass.' That is his language as near as I can recollect."

Burke said he told Senator Thompson that he thought Mr. Stanchfield would be "in a receptive mood as to seeing Mr. Thompson."

"Was anybody present at the conversation, aside from yourself and Senator Thompson?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"None other than the Senator and I, and I think it was in his room and I was eating ham and eggs while he was talking. Then I brought him right down to Mr. Stanchfield's office, opened the door, said: 'There is Governor Stanchfield,' and walked out."

Burke said he never was present at any conversation between the Senator and Mr. Stanchfield.

"I waited for him on a couch in the front of Stanchfield's office, 120 Broadway," he explained. "I think they keep a record of visitors at Mr. Stanchfield's office, and that it could be verified that I stayed there and waited for Senator Thompson until he came out."

"Did you have a talk with Senator Thompson after he came out?" asked Mr. Cheney.

"I got into the subway with him. He didn't say anything about his conversation, but he turned to me and said: 'Do you think Stanchfield will double-cross me?' I said, 'With what?' He didn't tell me what. I said I had every reason to believe that Mr. Stanchfield was a gentleman. That is the only conversation I had with him about it. I got off the train at Forty-Second Street. He said he had an appointment with Miss Loeb at the Biltmore and I went up to the Great Northern."

The witness said he had seen Senator Thompson at the Republican Club and had discussed traction matters with him.

"Senator Thompson told me then that he was very anxious to impress Mr. Brady with his anxiety to help in the traction matters," said the witness. "I promised to make an appointment for him with Mr. Brady and he urged me to get in direct communication with him, which I did by ringing him up at his home, 859 Fifth Avenue. Some time afterwards I took Senator Thompson there. It was the same day Mr. Brady's brother sailed for Europe. I took him right up stairs to Mr. Brady's room. It was on March 1, the day was beautiful and Mr. Brady, Senator Thompson and I had a nice walk down Fifth Avenue."

"State your conversation, as near as you can recall it—exact language, if possible," urged Mr. Cheney.

"Well, going up in the automobile or in the taxicab Senator Thompson said to me, 'Everybody in Albany thinks I am a ——, but I am here to aid in the passage of the bill that will meet with the approval of the general mind,' or words to that effect. I didn't talk about the bill because I wanted all the talking to be done with Mr. Brady. We got into Mr. Brady's home and we went upstairs. Mr. Brady greeted Mr. Thompson and sat down. I said 'Gentlemen, before you have any conversation I want to make a statement. I want to say something.' I turned to Mr. Brady and I said, 'Everybody in Albany, as the Senator tells me, thinks he is a ——, but I am rather inclined to believe he is a pretty decent fellow and he wants to help you.' I never said another word. Mr. Brady got talking about the advisability of protecting the City of New York against the loss of $250,000,000. He said it was a foregone conclusion in the minds of bankers and every fair-minded man that the financial condition of the railroads was such that they must receive relief of some kind temporarily or otherwise or they could not go on. That was the gist of his entire conversation.

Burke Denies Bribe Offer.

Mr. Burke said he had another talk with Senator Thompson about traction matters at the Ten Eyck Hotel some days later, he could not just recall the date, at which the Senator had commended the work done by Wood, the expert accountant sent up by the Interborough, and referred to by the Senator in his testimony earlier in the day.

"There was a conversation testified to by Senator Thompson this morning as having taken place on the 16th day of March, 1919, at his room in the Republican Club in New York. Do you remember a conversation that you had with him at that time?" asked the Deputy Attorney General.

"I do," said the witness.

"Is it your recollection that it was on that day, the 16th day of March, on Sunday, two weeks subsequent to the conversation at Mr. Brady's house?"

"Yes, that is exactly the date, as near as I can remember it now. I am almost sure it is the date."

"There was no one present except you and Senator Thompson in his room at that time?"

"There was no one."

"Will you state what took place there; what was said and who said it?"

"Why, have I got to tell the entire conversation?"

Mr. Cheney urged Burke to tell all that occurred.

"Well, Senator Thompson told me that the Court of Appeals was butting into his legislation. He said that Judge Hiscock was interfering with his legislation. Then he got talking about the Governorship."

"What did he say about that?"

"He said to me: 'That Syracuse crowd won't be for me, because Hiscock is interfering with my legislation and they don't want me.' 'Why,' I said, 'I don't know anybody from Syracuse myself, and I don't know anything about them up there, but it seems to me you would be a pretty good candidate.' He said, 'Well, do you think that George Aldridge would be for me?' I said, 'I haven't the pleasure of Mr. Aldridge's acquaintance, but he is a pretty good judge of human nature, from what I can gather.' Now that is all the conversation of any kind or character that took place about a Governorship in my presence that I can recall, and that is as true as you are standing on this Senate floor."

Reading from the testimony given by Senator Thompson, Mr. Cheney asked the witness if he had said any of the things attributed to him by the Senator. Mr. Burke made a categorical denial of everything Senator Thompson told the committee Burke had said to him at that interview.

"Did you ever, in words or substance, tell him that if he would vote for this traction bill you would see that he got the nomination for Governor?"

"No," said the witness, laughing aloud.

In answer to further questions on this point, the testimony was as follows:

Q.—Or that the traction interests would finance his campaign? A.—No, Sir. Pardon me for smiling, it is so ridiculous that I had to smile.

Q.—Or that they would raise a campaign fund that was up to half a million if necessary? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Or anything of that kind in words or substance? A.—Not a word of anything of that kind or character to raise a dollar in any way, shape, manner, or form.

Q.—Was there anything said at that conversation which you have just related, when the question of his possible candidacy for Governor did arise—was there anything said at that conversation with regard to these traction bills? A.—Why, Thompson said he wanted help, and I was very anxious to see it go through. I thought I could break in some place myself.

Q.—What was said about it? A.—Why, Thompson made the statement that he was looking over the suggestions that he had made to see me about modifying the provisions of the bill, and he thought it had a pretty good chance of going over. He said he would not make any promises, that is what he said, "But I think this will meet with the approval of the general public, because the railroads are in a very bad plight." He did say, however, that he thought the Interborough Railroad Company; that is, the Subway Company, was in a financial condition to go through, but he did not think that the other lines could; that the Inerborough Railroad Company was carrying the subsidiary companies to such an extent that it was only a question of time when they all went into the hands of a receiver, and I agreed with him; and that, of course, is true.

Q.—Was there anything further that you remember? A.—That is about all.

"What did you mean when you said you thought you could 'break in yourself?'" asked Senator Burlingame.

Burke Was Looking for a Place.

"Why, I am not a legislative agent," said the witness. "I never advocated anything in the way of legislation in my life. I am looking for a living for my four children and myself, but I thought that if I was in any way instrumental in convincing the Senator, or by bringing about legislation of this kind, that somebody might hand me a position, or do something for me. If you are looking to come in contact with a man that is going to be beneficial to you in life, you don't go looking for a scavenger; you go looking for somebody that can give you something; anything that can be beneficial in a business way with you."

Burke said that after the Public Service Investigating Committee had finished its investigation, he had taken Senator Thompson to see Mr. Brady in his office and that they had been discussing matters that were under consideration by the committee. He said he had also succeeded in getting Senator Thompson to refrain from subpoenaing Mr. Brady during that investigation, when Mr. Brady was attending a sick sister in the South and attendance upon the committee would have greatly inconvenienced him. The witness said he had not seen Senator Thompson to discuss traction matters with him since the March 16 interview at the Republican Club. He said he had many talks with Senator Thompson when the public service probe was in progress, but regarding these he was not examined.

Burke absolutely denied that to his knowledge Mr. Thomas, who, he testified, was Treasurer of the Consolidated Gas Company, had offered Senator Thompson money to start a trust company in Lockport or anywhere else. According to the testimony given by the Senator, Mr. Thomas had offered him the money after he had discussed trust company possibilities with Burke. Thompson swore that Burke afterward had asked him if Mr. Thomas had not spoken to him about it.

"Whom did you represent when you had all these conversations with Senator Thompson with regard to the report of the investigating committee?" the witness was asked.

"That is funny," he said. "It makes me laugh. I represented myself."

Burke said that his interest in connection with the investigation of the signal contracts, to which reference was made by Senator Thompson, was to expose an action of the Public Service Commission in awarding to the highest bidder a contract which he was seeking.

"But I never telephoned Thompson in my life," he said. "Two of the essential things in a man's life is never to try to get square, and always leave them laughing when you say good-bye. The man who telephoned Thompson is dead. He had an object in telephoning. His name was John C. Cade. He lost $100,000 through Public Service Commissioner Woods. Cade wanted to get Woods. He telephoned Thompson, and I made Thompson believe I did the telephoning. That is the true story. Cade was Vice President of the Federal Signal Company."

"So you got into Mr. Thompson's confidence at that time?"

"I not alone got into his confidence, but got on to his general conversations, telephone conversations with Cade that I knew about. He kind of cleaned up the Public Service Commission, either he or I, I think mostly I."

"Between the two of you, you did it then?"

"Righto. Cade started it. I am no lobbyist. I don't know a legislator—I know all these legislators here because I have been in public life. I know almost every man around here. I have a living to get. I don't want to be smirched by innuendo and inference."

"Whom did you represent at the time you had these talks this Spring with Senator Thompson?"

"I represented myself. I never got a dollar from Mr. Brady, because anybody who knows Mr. Brady knows he is not crazy. He is not a fit subject for the lunatic asylum. I never got a dollar directly or indirectly from or of anybody connected with him. I represented myself. I was playing Thompson. Thompson had to blame somebody when he talked his head off and he just slapped it on me."

"Were there any financial transactions talked about between you and Senator Thompson?"

"No, Sir, I never had a financial conversation with Senator Thompson in my life. I never had any authority to enter into a financial conversation."

"Did you ever have a Governorship conversation?"

"Do I look like a man that can give away a Governorship? I couldn't get myself arrested."

"We are to assume that the answer is 'no' then?"

"Absolutely, no."

This brought the testimony at the afternoon session to a close, and Burke was excused from the stand, but was instructed to be on hand again on Monday afternoon, when the hearing is to be resumed. It is understood that Charles G. Thomas of the Consolidated Gas Company will be summoned to appear then, and that probably there will be other witnesses.

AMENDMENT HELPS COVENANT'S CHANCES

Senate Opponents of League Admit That Its Adoption Is Likely.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Adherents of the League of Nations project were jubilant today over the addition to the covenant of a new section providing for exemption of the Monroe Doctrine. They predicted that the covenant would now be ratified by the Senate.

Senators who had hitherto opposed the covenant largely on the ground that the Monroe Doctrine would be affected admitted also that the change would go far toward removing objections. These opponents insisted, however, that they would not be satisfied unless the section was sufficiently specific to protect the doctrine.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, who returned this morning from Philadelphia, said:

"I have thought all along that a League of Nations plan with a Monroe Doctrine amendment that would be satisfactory to opponents of the League of Nations would be submitted to the Senate and am sure that body will ratify it."

He said he was not surprised that the change had been made and that he was gratified by it. He felt sure that the covenant would receive the approval of the Senate.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, who will be the new Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, said he would defer his comment on the amendment until he could read it in its entirety.

A similar attitude was taken by Senators Harding of Ohio and Johnson of California, both opponents of the original covenant.

Religious Notices on Page Sixteen.

Claims In Abatement of Income and Profits Taxes

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has prescribed a form of bond (No. 1124) for use by taxpayers who desire to file claims in abatement under sections 214 (a) (12) and 234 (a) (14) of the Revenue Act of 1918.

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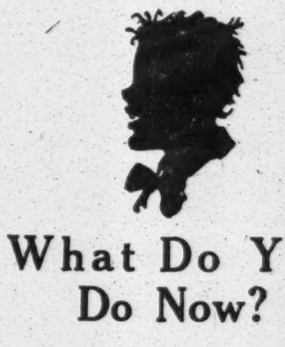

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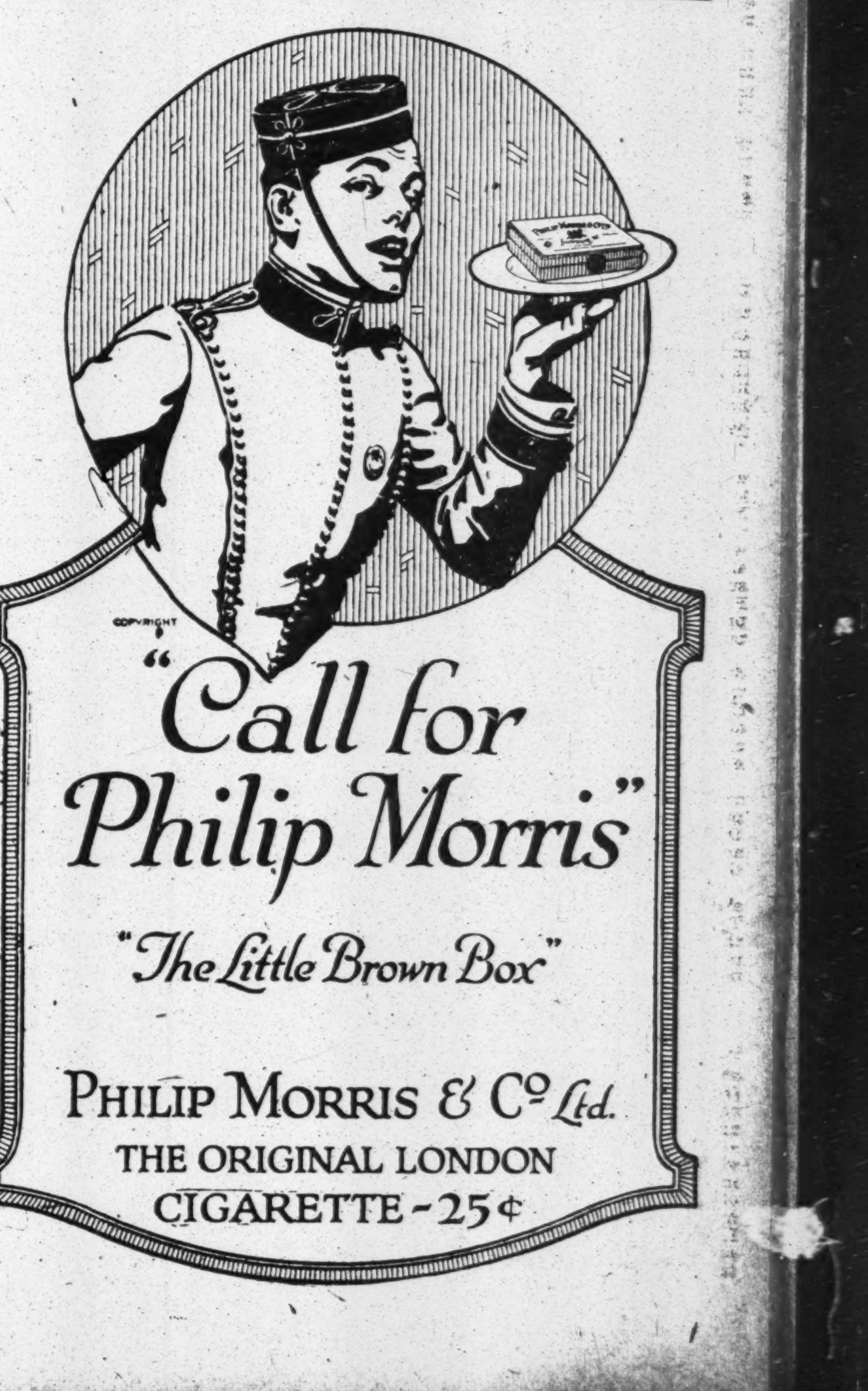

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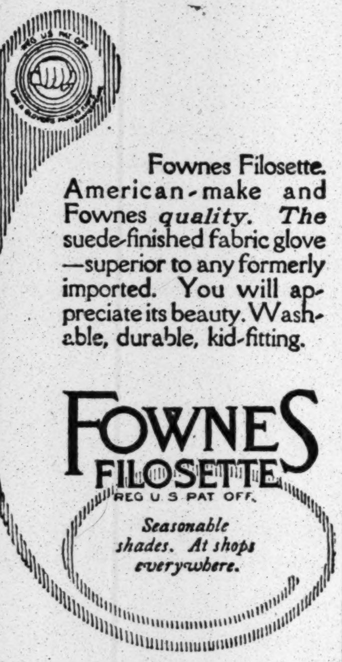

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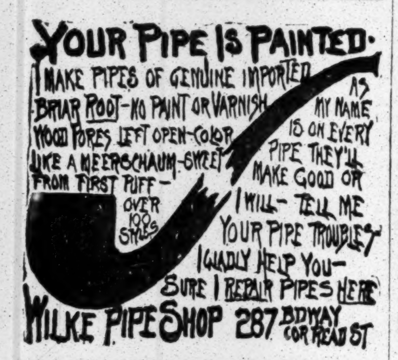

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WOMEN TYPISTS DRENCHED

Spartacides Aim to Tie Up Industry by Blockading Funds for Employes' Pay.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, April 10.—That Bolshevist agitators are constantly watching for a chance to throw firebrands into this community, which is overwrought with explosive hysteria, is order to prepare a situation favorable to the proclamation of a Communist republic, was again indicated this morning when the Deutsche bank opened its doors.

This is the only one of the Berlin banks a majority of whose employes voted against participating in the general bank strike. At various meetings of the striking bank employes yesterday, well known Spartacide orators urged them by no means to permit employes of the Deutsche bank to continue work. They sought out the most radical young bank clerks, and especially young women employes, and persuaded them to use violent means to prevent a continuation of work.

About nine o'clock this morning large numbers of striking bank clerks besieged the approaches to the bank building on Kanonier, Mauer and Behren Streets, trying to persuade the other employes to join the strike. When the latter insisted on working, the Spartacide agents started violence and a furious battle was soon raging in front of the doors, in which coats were torn and hats trampled.

Finally the faithful employes gathered in a phalanx and made a breach through the living wall of strikers, reaching a large portal, through which they were immediately admitted. But the strikers pushed after them, urged on by Spartacides, and succeeded in reaching the vestibule, where the fight was renewed.

Women Strikers Drenched.

The faithful employes now turned a hose on the attackers and drenched them to the skin. The strikers fled in all directions.

At this critical moment a column of striking typewriter girls arrived under the leadership of a woman Spartacide and immediately joined the mêlée. They wore good clothes, but when the stream of water was turned on them they looked, within a few seconds, like drenched mice.

The infuriated women, braving the cold spout, rushed the portal and captured the hose, which they then turned on the employes in the vestibule. They would also have stormed the bank had not a second door barred the way.

Some of the clerks finally cut the hose to pieces and triumphantly carried it away.

Next the faithful employes opened a bombardment from windows with office utensils of all kinds, especially ink pots, and many a good dress that might have been restored after its unwelcome bath was spoiled irretrievably by the black fluid.

Troops Restore Order.

In the midst of the battle Government troops, who had been hastily summoned, arrived on the scene, and quickly succeeded in restoring order. The drenched women approached the soldiers civilly, and asked their aid in capturing the bank, but met a rebuff, and fear of catching cold soon caused them to beat a rapid retreat.

The Deutsche Bank officials thereupon decided voluntarily to keep the doors closed until the dispute with the employes was settled.

It is now quite evident that the Spartacide elements among the bank clerks have the upper hand, and it is believed that they purposely fixed the time for the strike simultaneously with the sessions of the Soviet Congress, hoping that other labor organizations would join and prepare the atmosphere for a general strike. If industrial and mercantile concerns are unable to draw money from the banks to pay their employes, this purpose, it is feared, may yet be gained, especially as the Spartacides are making strenuous efforts to spread the bank strike throughout Germany.

DENIES FRENCH OVERCHARGED

Gen. Dawes Says Their Bills to Our Army Were Reasonable.

General Charles G. Dawes, U. S. A., has given a statement to The Stars and Stripes, the organ of the American Expeditionary Force in France, according to advices received here yesterday, in which he contradicts all rumors to the effect that the French authorities presented an exaggerated bill of costs to the United States Government for railroad transportation and material supplied the American forces.

The statement says that during the first seven months of America's participation in the war the French supplied practically all the material required by the American forces, and that the French Government took every necessary step to prevent overcharging, even requisitioning material at low prices in some cases.

Reports that Americans had to buy their cemeteries and pay for trenches and villages destroyed by American artillery are characterized by General Dawes as absurd.

ANTOINE B. DU PONT DEAD.

Street Railway Expert and Inventor Dies of Pneumonia.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 11.—Antoine B. du Pont, street railway expert, inventor and engineer, died of pneumonia at his residence here tonight. He had been ill since Saturday afternoon, when he suffered an attack of influenza. Mr. du Pont was the first manager of the Cleveland street railway system under the three-cent fare plan of the late Mayor Tom L. Johnson.

Mr. du Pont was a brother of T. Coleman du Pont of New York and E. M. du Pont, President of the street railway system of Johnstown, Penn. He was born in Louisville, April 26, 1865. After graduating from Rensselaer Polytechnic School he tried his hand as a coal mine engineer, then took to street railroading. He was associated with Tom L. Johnson in street railways in Brooklyn, Louisville, Detroit, St. Louis, and here.

SMITH SIGNS TUNNEL BILL.

Telegraphs Gov. Edge After Approving Tube Connecting States.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 11.—The Vehicular Tunnel bill carrying an initial appropriation of $1,000,000 with which to begin the construction of the passage beneath the Hudson River, which will connect New York and New Jersey, was signed late tonight by Governor Smith.

Upon signing the measure Governor Smith sent the following telegram to Governor Edge of New Jersey: "I take pleasure in saying that by signing the appropriation on behalf of New York for the construction of the tunnel, the Empire State reaches the hand of friendship across the Hudson to greet her sister State and neighbor—New Jersey."

To Announce Loan Terms Monday.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—All terms of the Victory Loan have been determined by the Treasury and probably will be announced Monday, instead of awaiting Secretary Glass's speech at a loan rally in New York Tuesday night.

TRANS-SEA FLIGHT MAY START SUNDAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

less installation will permit them to get messages from shore direction stations for a few hundred miles, though their receiving set is weak.

If they start Sunday, however, it is doubtful if direction wireless will be of much use to them, as the nearest station, that at Cape Race, Newfoundland, has been badly storm-tossed and W. A. Brown of the Canadian Naval Reserve, sent from Halifax to put it in shape for aiding in the flights, only reached here at 1 o'clock this morning on a Digby, ice having made the passage from Halifax or North Sydney equally impossible for some days.

Chebucto Head, the station nearest Halifax, is in good working order, but Grieve must work with two in order to get any benefit, as each station receiving his signal can but calculate his bearing from that station and he can only locate himself on the chart by getting cross bearings.

A further precaution that Hawker may lack if he goes Sunday is that of the destroyer patrol across the Atlantic now being organized by the British and American Navies, but which is understood here not yet to be on the selected stations.

By means of a rubber jacket about the collar of the cockpit which will be inflated before the start, Hawker hopes to be able to keep afloat a short time if he lands on the water. That failing he must depend on the flimsy little ten-foot boat carried upside down on top of the fuselage with a cockpit barely big enough for two men to sprawl in, and which scarcely can live five minutes in a heavy sea.

Hawker Displays "Temperament."

Hawker gave an exhibition here this afternoon of "aeronaut's temperament" which has come to rival the loftiest "highstrikes" of the operatic prima donna. Every preparation had been made for a dress rehearsal of the flight, at which the Dominion Governor, Sir Alex Harris, was to have said formal farewell to the pioneers, and Postmaster General J. Alex Robinson was to have delivered over a small package of letters bearing the special surcharge transatlantic airplane stamp, one of which probably would have been from the Governor to the King.

The operator for Sir William Jury, proprietor of Jury's Imperial Pictures, was on hand to take flms to fit into the Motion Picture History started at the Sopwith factory at Kingston-on-Thames. Excited by the first flight they had ever witnessed when Hawker and Grieve ascended yesterday for a trial spin, a crowd of St. John notables and villagers gathered on the field, disregarding the no admittance sign and the half-hearted admonitions of the local police, looking tall and solemnly impressive in their high fur hats.

When the stage was all set and the doors had been lifted from the hangar at Glendenning Farm at Mount Pearl, Hawker balked and refused to be reasoned with. Though told that the Governor and Postmaster General with other officials had made a special journey, he absolutely refused to don the life-preserver suit in which he is to fly in order that the departure might be veraciously simulated. It was explained to him that as the Jury man was sailing for Liverpool Sunday morning there could be no motion pictures of what might prove to be the start of the first transatlantic flight, but he only grew sulkier and finally the whole ceremony was abandoned.

Later, on his behalf, it was said that the crowd about the field had upset him, but the fact that after an intensely cold morning the noon sun made the field soggier than on the day of the first trial flight is said to have irritated him and the weather held more than a hint of threatened delay.

The crowd grew hopeful when the sturdy, stocky Sopwith was pushed from its hangar, but though the propeller was spun and the motor run for perhaps twenty minutes, Hawker refused to make another trial flight and the visitors finally dispersed.

Squalls of snow and a sodden sky were the official explanations of the decision not to go up, but fear that the machine even lightly charged would be damaged in descending on bad ground also figured.

Starting Ground in Bad Shape.

Several experts who examined the starting place today expressed the opinion that in view of the machine having sunk to the hubs when rolled out yesterday with but a few gallons of gas she never could be started with her full two tons of gasoline in her tanks, bringing her total weight to 6,150 pounds without the two occupants. It is snowing again tonight, but unless the fall is heavy, high winds and continued cold may put the field in shape by Sunday afternoon.

Major Arthur Partridge, of the Royal Air Force, official starter for the Aero Club of London, arrived today from Halifax on official duty and also to represent the club at the start of whatever flights are initiated here. The Canadian and American clubs have received permission to have representation if desired.

Each contestant entering through the London Club must deposit £100 with Mayor Partridge and must comply with the regulations of flight he is charged with enforcing. He will take the exact time of the start, mark the position of the starting point to aid in accurate measurement of distance, and put a leaden seal on the front lower main spar in the centre section of the machine and record the engine number for the purpose of identification. St. Johns being limited in the matter of seals the gas company will be called upon to supply the deficiency with one of its meter seals.

Unless Hawker changes his mind at the last minute he will adhere to his announced purpose of heading direct for Brooklands, the one-time British automobile race course and now a public aviation centre, and will not contemplate a descent on the coast of Ireland. This determination means more than two hours extra flying for him, the distance to the coast, according to the latest naval reckonings being 2,100 land miles, and that to Brooklands 2,320.

Hawker and Grieve have not the least idea where they will strike the Irish coast, if they do descend there, though the probability is it will be somewhere in the vicinity of Cape Clear.

SHORTT SEAPLANE READY.

May Begin Transatlantic Flight from Ireland Any Day Now.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 11.—The London Times says it is probable that the first attempt to fly across the Atlantic will be made in the early part of the coming week. The Shortt seaplane has completed her trial flights and now, after one or two minor alterations in her structure, is ready for the race. She will be taken across to Ireland this week end and if the weather is good she will set out on the Atlantic flight forthwith.

The eighth competitor for the transatlantic flight was entered today. It is a biplane, with two 450 horse power engines, designed and built by Messrs. Boulton and Paul of Norwich. For crossing the Atlantic the passenger space has been utilized for petrol stores, and sufficient quantity will be carried, according to Major F. Fiske, manager of the firm, for the biplane, which will have a crew of four to fly across the ocean and back.

The start will be made from Newfoundland. The journey is expected to take about sixteen hours.

HUNGER AND DISEASE GRIP EASTERN POLAND

Relief Agent Tells of Wide Starvation Areas—Vienna's Condition Worse Than in January.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press).—The American Relief Organization has shipped to Poland and distributed 83,000 tons of food since February 20, and the Eastern border is the only section where the situation is still desperate, according to Dr. Vernon C. Kellogg, of the American Food Administration, who has just returned from Poland.

Three-quarters of a million people, he says, are starving in the Pinsk, Lemberg and Kovel regions and are without implements or seeds to grow crops this year. Relief is going to them as fast as possible. There is scarcely a family in the Kovel district which has not typhus, tuberculosis or smallpox.

Virtually all the children along the Eastern border are dead, according to Dr. Kellogg, and many people are living entirely on berries and similar food.

The arrival of refugees from Russia in utter destitution is aggravating the situation. These refugees report that the Bolshevist soldiers are suffering from lack of food.

The Poles are still fighting the Bolsheviki on their eastern border, Dr. Kellogg reports, while the Germans continue to bombard them on the western frontier in violation of the armistice.

Passing through Vienna on the way to Paris he found the situation worse than it was in January. Food was coming up from the south, but transportation was disorganized and eighteen trains were stalled at one point. An American Lieutenant in charge of a trainload of fats for Vienna was stopped at Warburg, in Westphalia, and told that he could not proceed. The Lieutenant produced his revolver and was then allowed to go through.

Religious Notices on Page Sixteen.

"Originators and Designers of Men's Hats"

VARIETY of SHADES

Our Motto:—"Satisfaction First."
We have a dozen or more shades in nearly every style of soft hat—one of which is certain to strike your fancy.
Some as low priced as $2.25.

Exclusive Styles in Stetson Hats.

15 STORES
Conveniently Located.
LONG'S HATS

Telephone Greeley 2400

Stewart & Co.
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses
5th Ave., at 37th St.

FUR STORAGE
2%

Summer rates for remodelling are about one-half regular prices.

No charges for storage will be made when furs are to be remodelled.

Furs stored with us receive the same care and attention as our own.

J. L. ACKERSON NAMED TO SUCCEED PIEZ

Will Direct Construction of Merchant Marine Started During the War.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Chairman Hurley today made the first announcement of changes in the Shipping Board's staff in preparation for continuing successfully the tremendous merchant marine program started during the war.

Telegraphing from Florida, where he has been taking a brief rest, Mr. Hurley appointed Naval Constructor J. L. Ackerson to succeed Director General Charles Piez of the Emergency Fleet Corporation in full charge of ship construction. Mr. Ackerson already was a Vice President of the corporation, with which he has been connected for many months. Mr. Piez presented his resignation several months ago, expressing a desire to return to his private business.

Another Vice President will be named soon to succeed Howard Conley, who also has resigned, in charge of administration, finance, and contracts.

Mr. Hurley is making plans to systematize the work of the new and weaker yards established during the war. Lack of modern methods, it is said, has handicapped new yards in submitting bids under the revised program of construction. Mr. Hurley had extensive experience in cost accounting as Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, and it is believed he will enable new yards to compete with foreign yards for peace time business.

In a message expressing appreciation of the work of executive officers, district managers, their staffs and the great army of employes, the Chairman declared that the Shipping Board's work is by no means done, and that those who have worked so well in the past will have further opportunity to aid in building up the merchant marine.

The new Chief of Construction, Mr. Ackerson, is a practical shipbuilder. He was born in Michigan in 1881 and was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1901. After service at sea, he was assigned to the Construction Corps, going later to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for post-graduate work.

An Improvement

Do you know the latest development of the guaranteed mortgage—The First Mortgage Certificate?

It is a share in a mortgage on a definite piece of property. You have all the protection of the guaranteed mortgage but there are no bulky papers to care for—we do that for you. You hold the certificate—we do all the rest and your interest reaches you each six months.

Just now they pay 5% and you can get them in any amount, odd or even, small or large. They are due in from three to five years.

Try them the first time you have money to invest.

We have guaranteed $692,000,000 in the past 27 years and no investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND & MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 196 Montague St., B'klyn
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67 Jackson Ave., Long Island City

JAPAN IN SIBERIA.

The curtain is lifted from the mystery of the curious actions of Japan in Siberia by Karl Ackerman, in April CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE. 29 other big features, including the speeches on the League of Nations in the Senate, by President Wilson and ex-President Taft, and a Who's Who of the Peace Congress. On news stands, 25c. Published by The New York Times Company.—Advt.

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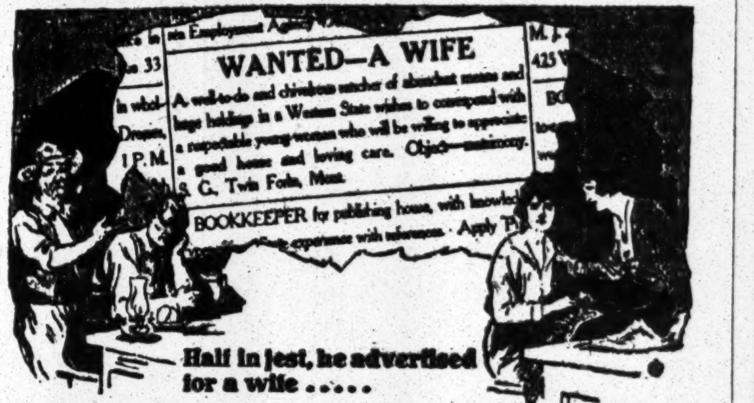
West Forty-second and West Forty-third Streets

Advance Summer Styles in
MEN'S FOOTWEAR
Are now being shown—Main Floor

BURT & PACKARD
Korrect Shape

SMARTNESS and perfection of finish are expressed in Burt & Packard footwear to a high degree—the result of superior materials and hand workmanship. Every model is correct in line and thoroughly comfortable.

$9.00 and 10.00 the pair


WANTED—A WIFE
A well-to-do and chivalrous rancher of abundant means and large holdings in a Western State wishes to correspond with a respectable young woman who will be willing to appreciate a good home and loving care. Object—matrimony.
S. G., Twin Forks, Mont.
BOOKKEEPER for publishing house, with knowledge
experience with references. Apply

Half in jest, he advertised for a wife . . . . . .

Deadly in earnest, she responded

THE flip of a coin decided it Mary Warren was to go. It was that or starvation—or worse. Besides, he had called himself "chivalrous" and "well-to-do"—his letters read well.

And out in Montana, the "rancher," living in poverty and squalor, finds that a practical joke had led to a painfully serious situation. But it was too late to hedge. She was coming. *And Twin Forks Valley wouldn't stand for any nonsense!*

No, she doesn't change her plans. She sees it through. She marries him, under the most unusual circumstances. That is what makes her experience (—and his—) so intensely real. It is that incident, and the amazing situations which develop, that make it almost a duty for every man and woman to own and to read Emerson Hough's great book.

The SAGEBRUSHER
by Emerson Hough

Take home "The Sagebrusher" tonight. Read it—give it to any man or woman. It will hold you and thrill you as no book, no play, no movie has ever done. For there is more to it than the problem of this husband and wife, so hopelessly mismated, yet so generously considerate of each other. There is the West, with its great, beautiful hills and plains. There is the struggle of a handful of Americans to preserve and protect the life blood of the nation from the sneaking depredations of filthy Bolshevika. There are fights and chases, thrills and romance, humor and sentiment. And through it all, the courage and faith of Mary Warren, the touching bewilderment and gallantry of Sim Gage, the strength and resourcefulness of Major Barton, make these people seem living, breathing human beings, so skillfully has the famous author interpreted every emotion and every passion that they feel.

"The Sagebrusher" is for sale at all booksellers and department stores and at first-class stationers. Four full-page illustrations and colored jacket. $1.50 per copy. Read it tonight.

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"The Paris Shop of America"

Among the new Town and Country Hats now being featured are featherweight transparent styles with trimmings of ostrich fibre, glycerined novelties and coque—turbans with facings of jade breast—veiled flower styles and hand decorated sport hats in attractive colorings.

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH STREET
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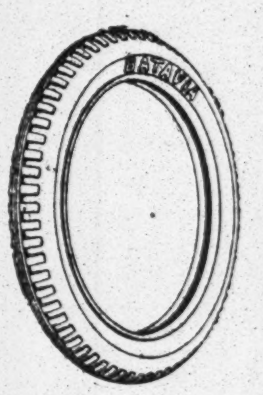
Todays Special Prices on
BATAVIA TIRES

A One Day Sale of Utmost Interest to Motorists in which the Savings are remarkable.



Batavia Tires need no commendation from us, for they are favorably known throughout the country for their service-giving quality.

ALL FIRST—GUARANTEED FOR FULL MILEAGE

Size	Style	Price	Size	Style	Price
30x3	Batavia Cl.—N.S.	$12.80	33x4	Batavia S.S.—N.S.	27.10
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"SECONDS" OF FAMOUS TIRES Not Guaranteed, but satisfactory adjustments will be made.

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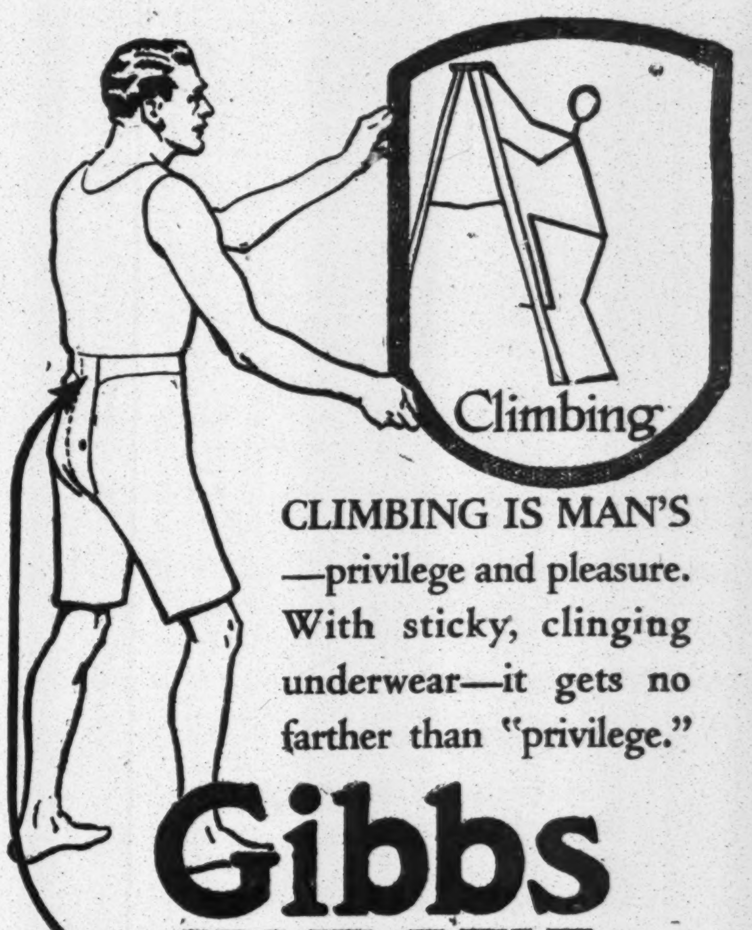

CLIMBING IS MAN'S—privilege and pleasure. With sticky, clinging underwear—it gets no farther than "privilege."

Gibbs
SPLIT-BELT
UNION SUIT

$1.50

is *thin* and *cool.* Made to fit but loose fitting. The "split" belt is a feature of extraordinary appeal to men. It holds the seat tightly closed and perfectly smooth. When unbuttoned, the seat opening is extra large and convenient. There is absolutely no pulling or binding or uncomfortable feeling whatever.

The Gibbs Split-Belt Union Suit is made of fine, soft cotton *interlooped* and *keeps the body cool* by absorbing the perspiration and carrying it away from the skin. This is in direct contrast to muslin and nainsook garments which when saturated cling to the skin causing the pores to become choked with irritating perspiration with the accompanying discomforts.

Gibbs Split-Belt Union Suit is as carefully made as a tailored suit. Low neck, sleeveless, knee length.

PAT. FEB. 24, 1914
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SPLIT-BELT SUIT
Look for this label in the neck

Made by
Gibbs Underwear Co.
Philadelphia

REPORT ON LABOR TO PLENARY SESSION

It Provides for World Protection of Workers, Sanctioned by Treaty.

CONFERENCE ONCE A YEAR

First Meeting Recommended for October at Washington—A Permanent Labor Bureau.

PARIS, April 11, (Associated Press).—The Peace Conference assembled in its fourth plenary session today, with a distinguished personnel, and with the International Labor report as the sole topic of discussion.

It was the first gathering since President Wilson departed for the United States on the presentation of the covenant of the League of Nations, and was chiefly interesting as one of the rare occasions when all the delegates meet each other, now that most of the daily procedure has passed into the hands of the Council of Four.

The Commission on International Labor Legislation presented a report containing a draft convention creating a permanent organization for promoting international regulation of labor conditions, a recommendation for an international labor conference, and detailed labor terms to be inserted in the peace treaty.

The report aims to provide against the lowering of labor conditions by permitting fierce competition after the war and provides for a permanent international labor bureau and a regular international labor conference.

The commission appointed at the plenary session of the Peace Conference Jan. 18 consisted of fifteen members, representing the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan, Belgium, Cuba, Poland, and Czechoslovakia. Thirty-five meetings were held, and the report, finished March 24, was made public April 3. Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, acted as general Chairman.

The entire consideration of the conference centred in the belief that universal peace could be established only if based on social justice. The preamble of the report says:

"Conditions of labor exist involving such injustice, hardship and privation to large numbers of people as to produce unrest so great that the peace and harmony of the world is imperiled, and the improvement of those conditions is urgently requested, as for example, by regulation of hours of work, including the establishment of a maximum working day and week, regulation of the labor supply, prevention of unemployment, provision of an adequate living wage, protection of the worker against sickness, disease and injury arising out of his employment, the protection of children and young persons and women, provision for old age and injury, protection of interests of workers when employed in other countries than their own, recognition of the principle of freedom of association and organizing of technical, vocational, educational and other measures."

The establishment of a permanent labor organization to remedy industrial evils and injustices "which mar the present state of society" is viewed as indispensable. In working toward the achievement of the object of the League of Nations, the report says, every State a member of the League felt morally bound to accept the principles above enunciated and to participate in the labor organization as a condition to membership in the League.

The International Labor Conference is to meet at least once a year and consists of four representatives from each State, including two representing the Government, one the employers, and one the workers. Each delegation may have two advisers, one of whom must be a woman. When questions affecting women are under discussion the voting shall be individual, and not the traditional procedure of voting. Employers and employes must be able to express their views with complete freedom and frankness if the conference is really to be representative of all concerned with industry, the report says.

The first meeting is recommended for next October at Washington. The program will sanction the principle of the eight-hour day and the forty-eight hour week, and the prevention of unemployment; will regulate women's employment before and after childbirth; will prohibit women's and children's employment during the night or in unhealthy processes; will fix a minimum age for the employment of children, and will seek the extension of the international conventions adopted at Berne in 1906 prohibiting night work by women and the use of white phosphorus in the manufacture of matches.

The report says that an international labor office is to be established at the seat of the League of Nations, as a part of the League, to collect and distribute information on the international adjustment of conditions of industrial life and labor—subjects which it is proposed to bring before the conference—on the conduct of special investigations as ordered by the conference. This office will be charged with the preparation of agenda for the conference and the publication of a newspaper in the French, English and other languages.

Its duties in general will be to act as a clearing house on matters relating to the international interests of labor.

This office is to be controlled by a governing body of twenty-four members, of whom twelve are to be selected by the Governments, each elected by delegates at a conference representing employers and workers respectively.

The most difficult question, says the report, was the method of making the recommendations effective, especially in view of the amendment of the Constitutions of States, of control of labor legislation as opposed to Federal control. It was finally agreed that the proposals should take the form either of recommendations to be submitted to the various nations prior to being carried out by legislation, or of a draft convention, to be ratified as a treaty.

Machinery also has been provided by which a State failing to carry out its obligations may be subjected to pressure.

EXPECTS PEACE PROTESTS.

Churchill Says Agreement Must Be Judged as Whole, Not in Part.

LONDON, April 11.—Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of State for War, speaking this afternoon, said that in a few weeks or possibly less the terms which the Allies had agreed to impose on the enemy would be known. Mr. Churchill continued:

"Any agreement that is reached by the experienced and able heads together in Paris must be a comprehensive and general agreement. It must therefore be judged as a whole, and not in part. Nobody is going to get all they want. Nobody ought to get all they want, and everybody must expect something to be disagreeable about.

"It is a question of a peace that shall be a just peace and a lasting peace. If this is achieved this opposition will be forgotten in time. Therefore I say that the work on which the Peace Conference is engaged must be judged as a whole, and not upon this point or that."

Mr. Churchill added that what Great Britain wanted was a peace that would not be a fleeting triumph, but a peace of solid structure, on a broad and lasting foundation.

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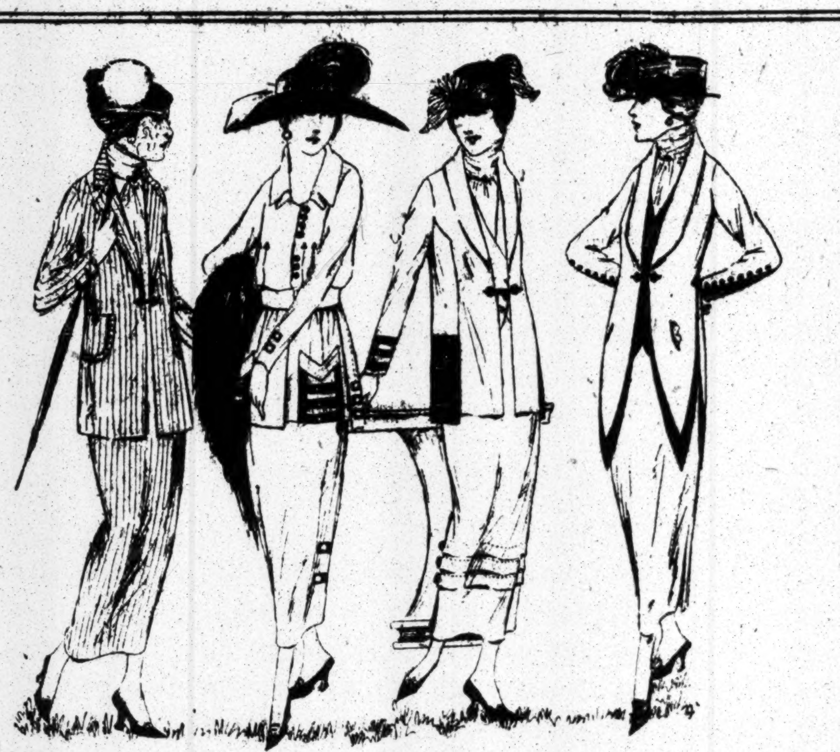
In the Heart of New York—Direct by Subway, Tube and "L."



In a Very Important Easter Presentation Today

300 Women's Smart Spring Suits Special at $39.50

There are twenty distinct styles in the collection, four as *pictured*, all exact reproductions of our higher-priced models. The majority are in Sports and Dressy effects, but there is also a good selection of smart tailored styles. Fashioned of

Tricotine, Silvertone, Pencil Stripes, Serges, Tweeds, Heather Mixtures, Shepherd and Callot Checks and Poiret Twill

with vestee or Gilets of contrasting color materials. Each suit handsomely silk lined. Sizes 34 to 44, and several models to 50½.

SATURDAY—

Boys' Superbly Tailored SUITS

in exclusive Saks Models

At $21

With one or two pairs of knickers, according to style. These suits are so much above average that only by actually seeing them can you really acquire any idea of their splendid character. Tailored in fine Woolens, selected because of their absolute dependability, in a variety of new colorings. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

A Remarkable Purchase Makes Possible Today

A Sale of Boys' Suits Special at $12.75

Extra knickers with each suit. The styles are in semi-Norfolk and the new waist-seam effects, carefully tailored in a wide range of serviceable Mixtures.

Suits of this quality would be excellent value at much higher prices. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

Every Boy Wants a "Blue Serge" Suit

We offer a splendidly tailored suit of All Wool Navy Blue Serge today, in a very snappy boyish model, Special at **$15**

We Have Made Unusual Preparation to Present Today On The Second Floor A Magnificent Collection of

Misses' Spring Suits At $49.50

Paris-inspired Suits in clever Blouse, Box Coat, Waistcoat, Sport and Mannish tailleurs handsomely embroidered in Japanese effects, or with braid and button trimmings.

Tricotine, Poiret Twill, Fine Serge, Wool Jersey, Imported Tweeds and Black and White Checks.

Many with chic Gilets of contrasting color silk or Tricolette. Sizes 14 to 18 years. One style *pictured.*

For Saturday Only—

Fashionable Satin Frocks For Misses at $25

Dainty frocks, of rare charm and individuality, designed especially for the youthful Miss.

The model *illustrated* is in the very successful slip-over effect, embellished with Chenille embroidery, in two-tone colorings.

Other beautiful styles at $25 are in Lustrous Taffeta, Georgette Crepe and Fine Serge. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Saks & Company

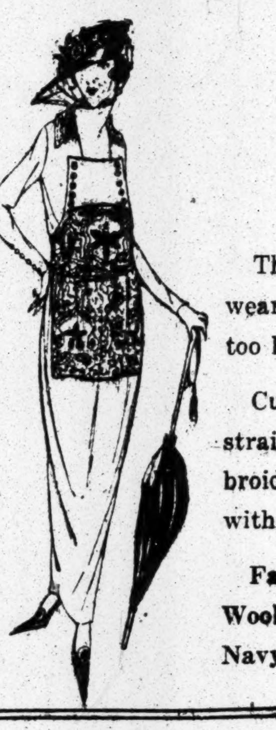
Direct Especial Attention Today to a Superb Collection of

Misses' Capes, Sports Coats and Wrap Coats at $39.50

A more inclusive collection of Coats and Wraps for Misses cannot be found. The styles are decidedly youthful, and thoroughly in accord with Fashion's newest edicts. Developed in soft, rich Velours, Silvertone, Fine Serges, Coverts, and Velveteen, lined with plain or figured silks. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Seldom Equalled!

Women's Embroidered & Tailored Wool Jersey Frocks



Special

$19.50

The ideal frock for early Spring wear. Just warm enough, and not too heavy.

Cut along the very fashionable straight lines, some beautifully embroidered, others in tailored effect with button trimming.

Fashioned of good quality Wool Jersey, in Tan, Reindeer, and Navy Blue.

Skilful Copies of

SILVER FRAME BAGS

in a Special Sale

Today $4.95

Reproduction of costly imported bags of a most exclusive character. The 6½ inch oval frames with chains are stamped in relief, and are not only novel but quite different to anything before shown at this low price.

The bag may be had in Moire or Faille Silk, lined with shot silk and finished with silk tassel.

Main Floor

Women's Beautiful Dolman

Wraps, Capes and Coats

—the most charming introduced for Spring

Priced Very Low Saturday

At $22.50—A large collection of Cape-Coats and Capes, in Dolman and circular effects, carefully developed in Wool Velour and Men's Wear Serge. Unequalled at $22.50.

At $29.50—Handsome Dolman Wraps and Street Coats of rare beauty, exact reproductions of much-costlier models. Skilfully developed in Men's Wear Serge, Gabardine, Velour de Laine and Poplin.

$29.50

At $39.50—A most exquisite collection of the very newest Dolmans, capes and utility coats with convertible throw scarfs and adjustable collars. Beautifully tailored in Tricotine, Duvet de Laine, Gabardine and Serges, some silk braid trimmed.

New Easter Hats for Girls

Special $5.75

Real, girlish styles in smart braids trimmed with flowers and ribbon novelties. Splendid variety of shapes, the values in each case being most exceptional. One style *pictured.*

Also—A wide variety of Tailored Hats at $3 to $5

As individual as those for Big Sister

Smart Capes for Girls

At $9.75

Quaint, but real girlish vestee capes of fine Serge, cleverly belted, showing deep yoke and rows of buttons for trimming. Splendid values. Sizes 6 to 10 years. *Illustrated.*

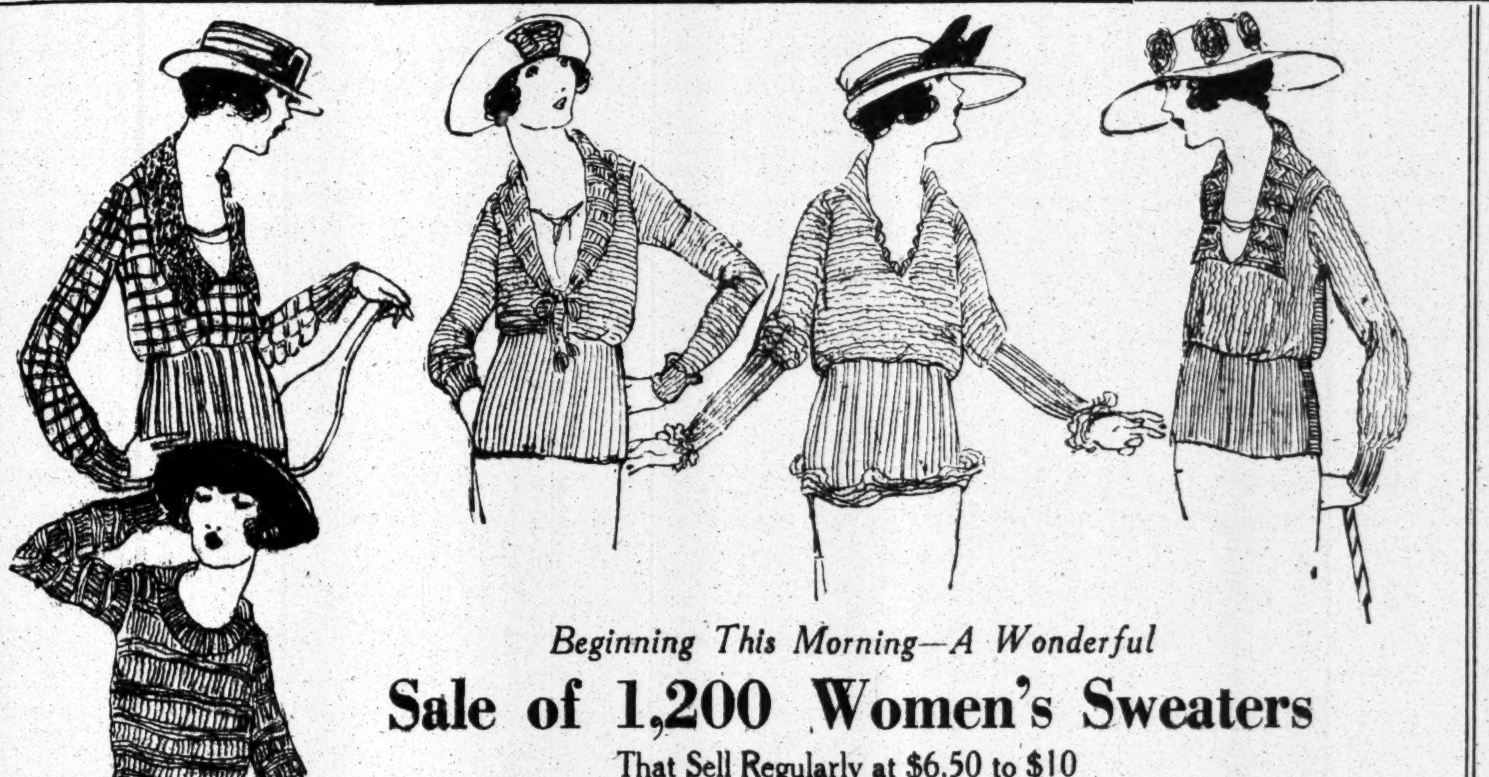
At $12.75

Exquisite circular-model capes with shawl collar overlaid with silk foulard, and new vestee front. Beautifully tailored in Men's Wear Serge. Sizes 10 to 16 years. *Illustrated.*

For Eastertide—

Dainty Taffeta Frocks for Girls at $11.75

Sizes 8 to 16 years. An entirely new model, with novelty hand-embroidered pockets, sash and buckles. Fashioned of Lustrous Taffeta in Copenhagen Blue, Rose and Navy.



Beginning This Morning—A Wonderful

Sale of 1,200 Women's Sweaters

That Sell Regularly at $6.50 to $10

Special $3.95

This is a splendid opportunity to secure a really good sweater, absolutely perfect, at half price or less! The styles are unusually clever, knit in open and close stitch, of fine Zephyr Wool, Shetland Wool, and rich Fibre Silks. Note the wide range of colors—Old Rose, Turquoise, Corn, Buff, Navy Blue, Black, Purple and Orchid.

For general or sports wear—your sweater is here! Five of twenty charming styles pictured

Fox Scarfs

are among the most favored of Summer furs. Today, Saks & Company offer handsome Fox Scarfs in double fur effect or satin lined—Taupe, Kamchatka or Poiret shades—

Very Special

At $42.50

For Saturday Only—

Wolf Scarfs

In both satin lined and double fur effects. Nothing like them in Town at this price.

Special $35

GERMAN REVOLUTION FAKE, SAYS GOMPERS

Labor Leader Declares There Has Been No Repentance and Same Junkers Are in Control.

FEARS BOLSHEVISM HERE

Classes Russian Reds with Standpatters and Profiteers—Pleased by Labor's Progress.

In his first public utterance upon returning to the United States from Paris, where he headed the American labor delegation to the Peace Conference, Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, yesterday denounced both of the great disturbing elements of present-day Europe—Bolshevism and the German revolution. Mr. Gompers reached New York late Thursday on the steamship Rotterdam.

Mr. Gompers declared that Bolsheviki, standpatters, and profiteers were "equally a menace to the civilization of our time." The German revolution he characterized as a "sort of opera bouffé," and said that the Junkers were still in power.

"I have not yet met, or heard of, or read of, a single German who said that he repented any of the monumental crimes that his country committed during the war," Mr. Gompers said. "You have heard and read of revolutions and internal strifes in the past, brought about by wars or other causes—have you ever heard of one where, of those in authority against whom the revolutions were inaugurated, not one man was arrested, or punished, or killed?

"And yet they call it a revolution in Germany! Not one of the persons who constituted the overthrown Government has been arrested or even detained; not one has been hurt and not one killed. Draw your own inference. It is nothing but a sort of opera bouffé. The same Junkers are running the Government; there is the same propaganda that there was before; there is the same policy of spreading discontent, and the same men are remaining in power."

Mr. Gompers showed plainly the effects of hard work, and admitted that he had experienced "the hardest grind" of his life abroad. He was, however, highly optimistic regarding the prospect that labor would be well protected in the final peace treaty.

"I was perfectly satisfied before leaving that the convention we drafted would be accepted by the Peace Commission," he said. "It was an instrument that can only make for the good of working people of all countries of the world. It provides the machinery for international conferences, to be held annually, and for a governing board in the interim or, as is the case in the League of Nations covenant, a sort of Executive Council.

Labor Honors America.

"The convention provides for representatives of the Government, of Labor, and of the employers to meet together, and the international conferences are to convene at such places as the preceding conferences shall determine. To the United States was conceded the honor of convoking the first international labor conference under this convention, and it was agreed to hold it in Washington in October."

Mr. Gompers was unanimously elected President of this first labor conference.

"Great difficulty was experienced," he said, commenting on the meetings of the labor representatives from various countries, "in arranging it so that the United States could become a party to the agreement. That was because of our dual form of Government in which the individual States and not Congress make the labor legislation. Congress, therefore, could not make an international agreement on certain points without trespassing on the powers of the States. It was decided, however, that the United States could deal by treaty with such matters as Congress did control, such as interstate commerce and the commerce of the seas, and that in some of the other matters the consent of the duly constituted State authorities would be necessary to make the convention binding on them.

"The right of commerce to deal with sea commerce covered the matter of our Seamen's act. Some other maritime powers having in the past objected to certain of its features, it was necessary to protect this act. I was chosen to draw up a protocol for this purpose, and one was drawn up that provided, in effect, that no Government should be required to enforce any agreement of the convention that would lower its present standards. The Seamen's act now allows for the very highest standards, and so this protocol will protect it."

Mr. Gompers said he could not go into details concerning the report of the labor groups to the Peace Conference, as this was considered confidential by the Peace Conference itself, but he did summarize several separate recommendations that were made.

These provide for many of the protective measures incorporated in the Clayton act in this country. They stipulated that the labor of a human being should not be held as an ordinary article of commerce; the eight-hour day was featured, child labor was opposed, and equal pay for men and women engaged in like work was demanded.

Asked if it were true that there had been differences between President Wilson and himself in connection with the selection of William C. Bullitt to attend the international labor conference in Berne, Switzerland—Mr. Gompers had opposed sending any American to meet the Germans—he said he had read while in Paris that an "estrangement" had sprung up between President Wilson and himself as a result of this incident.

"I asked the President," he said, "if this were true, and if there were any 'estrangement' on his part. I knew there was none on mine. He said, 'No,' and he said that he was entirely in accord with the decision that my colleagues and I had reached relative to going to Berne, while the wound was still open, to deal with these representatives of an unregenerate Germany."

Classifies the Profiteers.

Mr. Gompers had been quoted by friends as having said: "The employers of the United States have it within their power to keep Bolshevism out of the country. Organized labor will do its share, but cannot carry the burden alone." He said he had not seen a newspaper, but when this quotation was read to him he commented upon it in a manner that was taken as an indication that he feared Bolshevism if capital did not meet the conservative labor groups in dealing with the matter.

"That is not the way I expressed it myself," Mr. Gompers said. "I hold that Bolshevists and standpatters and profiteers are equally a menace to the civilization of our time. If every effort by the constructive labor movement in America is opposed, and thwarted, and defeated, then it will be incapable of doing anything. And then (he waved his hand significantly)—constructive labor will be incapable of doing anything to stop it."

Mr. Gompers was too tired to hold any conferences last night, but said he expected to feel better today, and that he would attend a luncheon at the Holland House given by the National Civic Federation. He is First Vice President of the organization. It is anticipated that he will make his first public address at this luncheon.

In addition to being worn by hard work, Mr. Gompers was worried about the condition of his wife, who is ill at the home of their son in Brooklyn. He went there as soon as he could get off of the steamship Rotterdam on Thursday evening, and remained there the greater part of yesterday. Mrs. Gompers was reported somewhat improved.

The delegation that returned from Europe with him included James Duncan, First Vice President of the American Federation of Labor; Frank Duffy, Secretary of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners; William Green, Secretary of the United Mine Workers; Guy H. Oyster, Mr. Gompers's secretary, and James Mahan, assistant secretary. Major George L. Berry, who was detailed to duty as liaison officer between the Peace Conference and the labor delegation, and who in civil life is President of the printing pressmen's union, accompanied the party back to this country.

The cabled report from Paris that G. N. Barnes, Labor representative in the British Cabinet, had filed with the Peace Commission an amendment slightly altering the report of the Committee on International Labor Legislation, was brought to the attention of Mr. Gompers last night. He had received a cable message believed to contain the text of the amendment, and last night he cabled a protest to President Wilson.

"I cabled President Wilson that I am impelled to protest against any amendments or reopening of the covenant," Mr. Gompers said. "It took the labor representatives of the world two months to perfect the covenant, and I most emphatically protest against reopening it."

The amendment in question is said to seek recognition for the peculiar working conditions in the Orient, and to contend that these make absolute uniformity of labor legislation impossible. It is understood in Paris, according to the cabled account, that the "Big Four" favor handling the report of the Committee on International Labor Legislation as a separate treaty, instead of as a part of the treaty of peace.

AUNT'S BEQUEST TO TAFT.

Miss Torrey's Will Leaves $1,000 and Share in Homestead.

WORCESTER, Mass., April 11.—The will of Miss Delia C. Torrey of Millbury, aunt of ex-President William Howard Taft, was filed today, disposing of an estate of $47,500, of which $44,000 is in personal property and $3,500 in real estate. Bequests of $1,000 each are made to ex-President Taft, Henry W. Taft of New York, Horace D. Taft of Watertown, Conn., William F. Wood and Samuel A. Wood of San Francisco, nephews, and Fanny T. Edwards of Los Angeles, a niece.

The Torrey homestead in Millbury is bequeathed to these nephews and nieces and to Louise Orton Caldwell and Samuel Torrey Orton, both of Columbus, to remain in their possession as long as convenient. The tall clock in the homestead is given to ex-President Taft and the residue of the estate to Fanny T. Edwards, Louise Orton Caldwell and Samuel Torrey Orton. Henry W. Taft of New York and Henry W. Aiken of Millbury are named as executors. The will was drawn Oct. 28, 1912.

Religious Notices on Page Sixteen.

RELIEF OPPOSED BY FRENCH

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

erwise, it was said, other messages would have come in the time that has elapsed since that report was received.

The specific purpose in sending the two additional companies of American railway engineers, as explained by Secretary Baker to the Military Committees of Congress last February, was to keep open the railroad from Murmansk south to a point near the White Sea. This line, he said, was regarded as vital by the British for the movement of supplies or re-enforcements.

Arrival of the American cruisers at Murmansk increases the American naval force there to three vessels. The gunboat Yankton was already on duty in those waters. There has been some talk that the Yankton would be relieved, probably by the Galveston, since the Chester has already been assigned to return to the United States, but it appears more probable that all three ships will remain, to be supplemented by Eagle boats and submarine chasers. These vessels with whatever forces the British are sending will act as a screen for the withdrawal of the entire shore expedition as soon as better weather permits general movement. In the meantime, the additional British troops being sent forward will be available, as Secretary Baker has pointed out, for re-enforcements if they are needed.

Naval officials have never admitted, however, that it was for the purpose of proceeding to Russian waters that the Galveston sailed to England. Other vessels, about the movements of which there is much mystery, are, the cruiser Chattanooga, Eagles Nos. 1, 2 and 3, and a half dozen submarine chasers.

In a high official quarter it was intimated today that when the American expedition to Northern Russia is withdrawn it may be necesary to remove at the same time some 20,000 or 30,000 native Russians to save them from attacks by the Bolsheviki. If the British and French forces are not withdrawn at the same time as the American forces, however, the non-Bolshevist population of Archangel, Murmansk and vicinity may not be placed in the expected position of danger.

The purpose of holding the American forces in Northern Rusia since the signing of the armistice has been to protect the people. Originally the expedition was sent to prevent the establishment at Murmansk of a German submarine base and to protect huge stores of ammunition belonging to the Allies.

Many non-Bolshevist Russians have co-operated with the American and allied forces, and it was stated today that the British, French, and American commanders felt obligated, on account of the informal alliance which developed from their co-operation with the inhabitants and public authorities, to extend their protection against the assaults and vengeance of the Bolsheviki.

It is not known what would be the destination of the refugees. It has been suggested that they might be deposited in Scandinavia, although it is possible that, unless provided with ample funds, the Scandinavian Governments would prevent such a solution of the problem. It also has been suggested that an agreement might be reached with the Bolshevist authorities before the departure of the American troops, but such an arrangement would necessitate the simultaneous withdrawal of the other allied forces also. The British and French Governments have not yet decided to quit the advantageous position they occupy by reason of their control of Archangel and Murmansk, the two most important entrepots of Northern Russia.

RAID RED POSITIONS.

American and Russian Patrols Capture a Blockhouse and Prisoners.

ARCHANGEL, April 10, (Associated Press.)—American and Russian forces yesterday afternoon raided the Bolshevist position about Bolshie Ozerki, taking nine prisoners and two machine guns and destroying a blockhouse.

On the Kadish road American patrols raided an enemy advanced post early this morning, taking three prisoners.

The other sectors on the North Russian front were quiet.

LONDON, April 11.—The British War Office in a statement today on the North Russian campaign estimates the Bolshivist losses in the attack on Sred Mekhrenga on April 5 at 400 in killed and wounded. The Bolshevist attempt to break through to the Dvina and cut off the troops further south on the river was foiled. The text of the statement reads:

A Bolshevist attack against the positions at Sred Mekhrenga on April 5, launched with great force, was completely repulsed. The enemy losses in killed and wounded are estimated at 400. The main attack, directed against Sred Mekhrenga, was carried out by 2,300 men. A greater proportion of artillery than usual was used by the enemy.

The object of the Bolshevist attack was to break through to the Dvina and cut off our southernmost troops on the river.

On the Vaga and Dvina fronts there has been slight artillery activity.

SIBERIAN LEADERS UNITE.

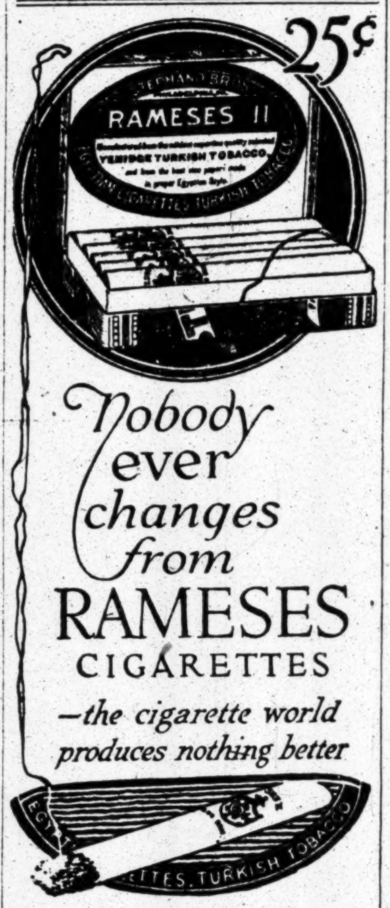
Semenoff and Kalmikoff, Reconciled, to Serve Under Kolchak.

HARBIN, April 5, (Associated Press.)—It is announced in a newspaper controlled by General Semenoff, published here, that a complete agreement has been reached between General Semenoff and General Ivanoff-Rinoff, representative of Admiral Kolchak, head of the Omsk Government. General Semenoff, it is said, will be commander of a special Far Eastern corps and also Hetman of the Far Eastern Cossacks under the orders of General Ivanoff-Rinoff.

General Semenoff will be subordinate to Lieut. General Horvath, who will be in direct control of the administration of Cossack territory in eastern Siberia. The Omsk Government will provide funds for the maintenance of General Semenoff's corps and General Semenoff will mobilize his troops under Government sanction, being allowed broad powers in enlisting volunteers.

General Kalmikoff, Cossack commander on the Ussuri River front, is going to the front with his own troops and a part of those mobilized by General Semenoff.

As a result of the agreement between the leaders, the Tungusian and Buriatic troops in Trans-Baikalia are on the same basis as Cossacks.



25¢
STEPHANO BROS.
RAMESES II
YENIDGE TURKISH TOBACCO
EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES TURKISH TOBACCO
Nobody ever changes from RAMESES CIGARETTES
—the cigarette world produces nothing better

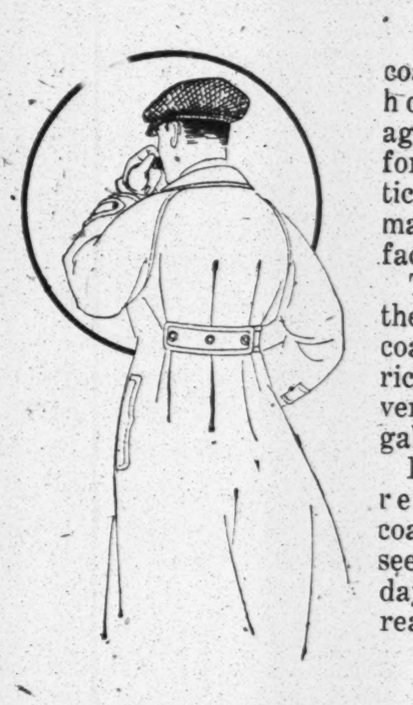
Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

IN electing your Spring Top Coat we offer a Braided-edge Oxford for *Conservatives* and a Knitted Worsted with patch pockets for *Liberals.* Both have very large constituencies.

The former from $45 up
The latter from $25 up

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34th STREET

Saks & Company
Direct attention to the finest
Reversible Motor Coat for Men
designed for the present season



It is really two coats in one, and holds its own against all other foreign and domestic productions, no matter which side faces the weather.

Tailored as only the very finest of coats are made, in rich tweeds with reverse side of tan gabardine.

If you want a really distinctive coat for motoring—see this model today. Priced very reasonably.

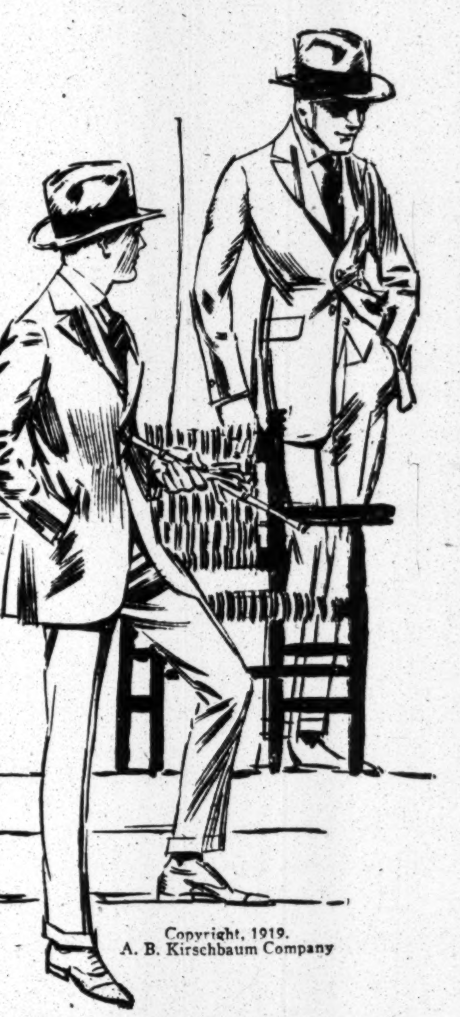
$55

Reduced!
Men's English Caps at $2.50

Regularly $4. Made in 'Ole Lunnon, of fine tweeds and Hotspur checks. Splendid variety of colorings.
Sixth Floor

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Stern Brothers
WEST 42d ST. *(Between Fifth and Sixth Ave.)* WEST 43d ST.



Illustrated here are just two of the distinctive New York styles, in single and double-breasted models, which figure in this event.

Copyright, 1919.
A. B. Kirschbaum Company

A Remarkable "Before Easter" Value Event For Men—

Fine SACK SUITS

Tailored By The Kirschbaum Shops—Special at

$35

Unfinished Worsteds, Flannels and Cheviots—some silk lined.

A WIDE variety of double and single-breasted models—all styled with a quiet, but distinctive elegance. A still wider variety of new Spring weaves in blues, browns, greens, greys, stripes and heather mixtures. And when you can buy a good flannel or unfinished worsted suit—of *Kirschbaum* make—at $35, you may know for a fact that our selling margin has been cut to the very bone.

Such values could be offered in no other way.

MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR
CONVENIENT ROOMY SUN-LIT

B. Altman & Co.

Easter Neckwear
for the discriminating man

is an important feature of the present display in the Men's Furnishing Department, on the First Floor.

Scarfs made of rich, lustrous silks, selected from the choicest products of foreign and American looms, are shown in a collection of unwonted beauty and interest, including many distinctive designs and color effects that are exclusive to B. Altman & Co.

The prices of these "Altman quality" Scarfs range from $2.75 to $5.00.

Attractive Scarfs may, however, be obtained at lower prices.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

To Advertising Agency Men

Largely increased capitalization by progressive Chicago intensive agency will be followed by the establishing of branches in six industrial centers in the United States and Canada. Also proper foreign connections.

Solicitors who have clean accounts—copy and layout men who have written national business—service men who know how to serve—merchandisers who can plan and maintain real merchandising campaigns, are offered one of the best opportunities in the agency business, if they can qualify with brains and some money, to become a stockholder and fill positions as officers, department heads, branch managers.

Money is not needed, but it is exacted as a barometer of the successful man, who has the courage of his convictions to the extent of backing his belief in himself with his own cash. This requirement may be waived, however, where all other conditions check.

Blue sky artists—"has-beens"—"hope-to-be's"—need not apply as we are only interested in sure-fire operators who are doing things now. Reply should reflect your idea of a complete prospectus to sell yourself to us, and they will be treated strictly confidential pending further negotiations.

An executive will be in this city next Monday and Tuesday to interview those interested. The proposition is big enough for big men who want to get in with a real business organization whether they are now on the payroll of a good agency or the head of a smaller agency, but tired of carrying the burden of finance, management and details. J 92 Times.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street
Store Hours, 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

April Sale of Men's New Spring Low and High Shoes

Shoes built to our exacting specifications—certain to bring complete satisfaction and presented in this Annual event at prices that mean uncommon values.

1,500 Pairs
New Oxfords and High Shoes
$8.75
Oxfords of dark tan calfskin and green metal calfskin. High shoes of tan or green metal calfskin and black kidskin.

The Sale Commences Today, Saturday and will continue Throughout Next Week

600 Pairs
Dark Tan or Black Oxfords
with English lasts.
$7.90

1,200 Pairs
New Oxfords and High Shoes
$11.75
Oxfords of tan or gun metal calfskin and white buckskin. High shoes of tan or black calfskin.

Fourth Floor

ADVERTISEMENT.

DEAR FOLKS:

WHEN you work hard and conscientiously to achieve a result and you feel down deep that you have succeeded — don't you like it very, VERY much when somebody comes along that you know is an expert and he tells you that your work is splendid and he congratulates you?

Is it not just human for all of us to like to hear praise of our work?

Well, I saw a very happy group of workers assembled in the CANNED GOODS DEPARTMENT of the Wilson & Co. plant, Chicago, on Friday, March 14th.

I call your attention to the fact that Friday with its SIX LETTERS carries with it good luck so far as the Wilson & Co. organization is concerned. It fits the Cycle of Six, which is such a dominant factor in the business and brings so much happiness and success.

In the group of workers was Thomas E. Wilson, President of Wilson & Co., who is as intense and as enthusiastic as any of the 25,000 workers in his organization. There were also in the group three Vice-presidents of the company. I mention this to prove what I have been telling you, that the Wilson & Co. organization represents DEMOCRACY OF WORK, which starts with the head and goes all through the ranks. One man is as good as another in this organization; one woman is as good as another; and both men and women are on a basis of equality in the matter of recognition and reward for service well rendered.

Now I will tell you why they were so happy:

ALFRED W. McCANN, THE FAMOUS PURE FOOD EXPERT, HAD JUST FINISHED TASTING AND TESTING THE WILSON & CO. CERTIFIED BRANDS OF CANNED MEATS, VEGETABLES AND FRUITS, AND THEN SAID:

"I TAKE OFF MY HAT TO THESE PURE FOOD PRODUCTS. YOU HAVE PRODUCED A VERY FINE AND A VERY WONDERFUL LINE, AND I CONGRATULATE YOU."

Wouldn't it make you happy if you, like the Wilson & Co. workers, had been working hard to perfect food products and felt sure that you had succeeded, to have Mr. McCann—a man who knows what pure food is—tell you that you had achieved a wonderful result?

You bet it would.

Well the Wilson & Co. workers are the same kind of human beings as you are—so they were made very happy when Mr. McCann, who had selected at random from the immense stocks of canned goods—cans of Corn, Peas, Beans, Asparagus, Meats, Preserves, etc.—and had them opened up and then tasted and tested them,—gave them his splendid endorsement,

I know Mr. McCann personally and intimately. He is an honest, fearless, able man. Nobody on earth has ever yet been able to control his opinions or his pen. Both are owned by himself and by nobody else.

I know he meant what he said when he told those workers that their Certified foods are O. K. in all particulars, and I know also that if he had not thought they were O. K. in all particulars, the tender of a million dollars cash on the spot would not have made him endorse them.

Mr. McCann could have been rich by now had he wished to barter his honor—but he has kept himself clean and straight—AND POOR, as most men do who are intent and intense in doing things to help and protect Humanity.

I did not know that Mr. McCann was in Chicago until he walked into the Wilson & Co. restaurant, which, by the way, is a big, democratic affair where officials and workers dine together in the same way that members of a family meet at their own dining room tables.

He told me he had come to Chicago to investigate the Wilson & Co. business because his interest had been aroused by reading these letters that I am writing to you. At the end of the day he was good enough to say that he found everything exactly as I have described it to you—that is to say, that there is Heart, Honor, and the Square Deal all throughout the Wilson & Co. organization.

Mr. McCann and I once spoke from the same platform at Sagamore Beach, Mass., where intense people gather and discuss the big problems of the day. I will never forget the great ovation Mr. McCann received on that occasion. He is a very dramatic and very intense speaker. He had carefully prepared a speech but after its delivery the large audience insisted on his continuing to talk. **THEY WANTED TO HEAR MORE ABOUT HIS CRUSADE AGAINST IMPURE FOODS.**

He talked for an hour longer, and then the audience consented to his stopping only because it was time for lunch, but even then they exacted a promise from him to resume at the afternoon session. He did speak again at the afternoon session and held his hearers spellbound for hours.

HIS WORK HAS ALWAYS BEEN VERY STRENUOUS AND HONEST. HE HAS CONTRIBUTED TREMENDOUSLY TO THE HIGH STANDARDS THAT NOW PREVAIL IN THE MANUFACTURE OF PURE FOODS.

When he returned from Chicago he wrote some wonderful articles about his visit to the Wilson & Co. plant which were printed in the New York Evening Globe. He knows, and so do I, and I think you are beginning to know, that the slogan used by Wilson & Co. — "THE WILSON LABEL PROTECTS YOUR TABLE" —means what it says.

Sincerely, WILLIAM C. FREEMAN.
250 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

PALMER REQUESTS CLEMENCY FOR 52

Sends Recommendations on Prisoners Under Espionage Law to President Wilson.

ONLY 179 NOW IN JAIL

Attorney General Declares Agitators for General Amnesty Deliberately Exaggerate the Number.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11. — Attorney General Palmer today sent to President Wilson recommendations for clemency in the case of fifty-two persons convicted under the Espionage act.

At the same time that the Attorney General made public the fact that he had sent the recommendations abroad he announced that there had been a great exaggeration of the number of political prisoners, and authorized the following statement:

"The Department of Justice has been conducting an investigation of all convictions under the Espionage act, with a view to recommending to the President pardons and commutations in those cases where justice seems to require executive clemency of that nature. I have today forwarded to the President recommendations of commutations in fifty-two cases, together with the necessary documents for the President's signature. Until these documents are returned I do not feel at liberty to publish the names of the prisoners concerned.

"In this connnection I desire to call attention to the exaggerated figures which are being used by persons agitating for what is called a general amnesty to political prisoners; so exaggerated, in fact, that I cannot help suspecting the overstatement to be deliberate.

"When this investigation of the Espionage act cases began about two months ago, the total number of persons confined in jails and penitentiaries for violation of the Espionage act was only 239. Of these the sentences of fifty-five have since expired and five have been paroled, leaving only 179 now in confinement. In about thirty of these cases the sentences have already been commuted, and I have now recommended commutations in fifty-two more. These figures do not include the I. W. W. group cases in Chicago and California, which would add 121 to the number. Of these, many, however, have recently been released on bail.

"There are no men in prison because of the expression of their views on social, economic, or political questions, including the war. Besides, the above figures do not all represent men prosecuted for what they said or published. Many obstructed the draft in other ways, as, for instance, by armed resistance, by stirring up fraudulent claims for exemption from military service, and other methods. In fact, many of them violated the selective service law as well as the espionage law.

"It thus appears that current statements to the effect that there are 1.500 political prisoners in the penitentiaries and jails of this country are the result of either frenzied imagination or deliberate intent to deceive the public."

WASHINGTON, April 11, (Associated Press.)—Putting into effect the policy of removing wartime restrictions as fast as possible on enemy aliens, the Department of Justice has ordered the release from parole and cancellation of bonds of more than 10,000 of these aliens throughout the United States.

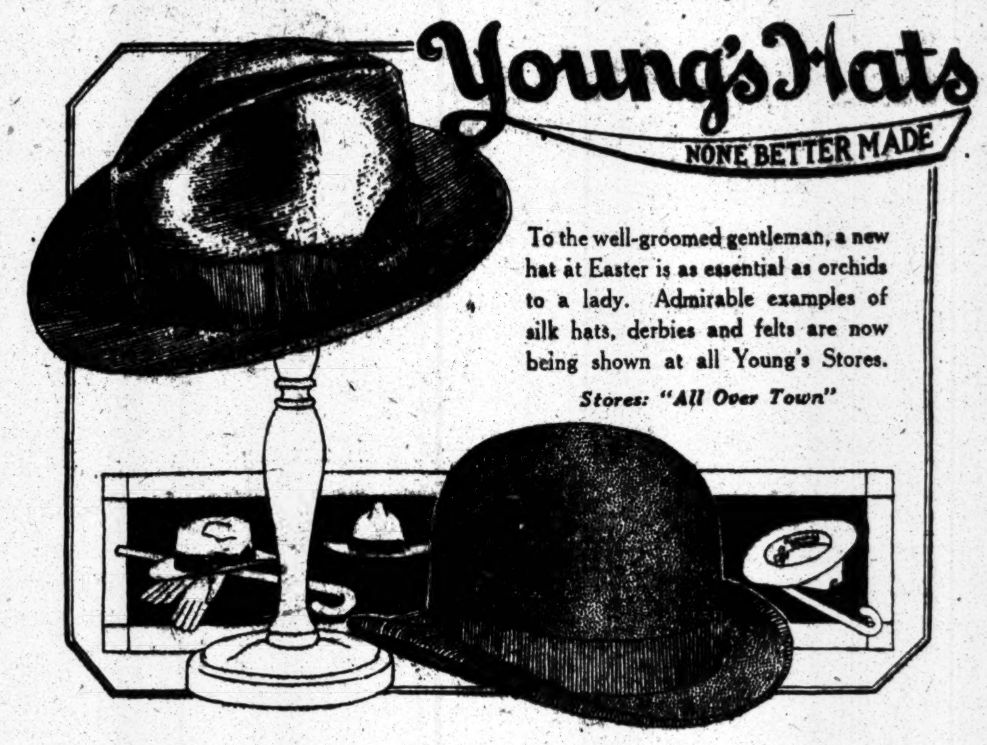
As fast as their records can be examined in Washington orders for removal of restrictions are sent to United States Attorneys. Some enemy aliens will continue to be held under restrictions and bond until peace is declared, however. This applies only to the aliens arrested during the war and subsequently paroled, and not to those interned.

SEEK FUNDS FOR LAND ARMY

Farmerettes with Milk Pails Will Ask Contributions Today.

Farmerettes will celebrate the first field day of the New York State Women's Land Army in Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx today and in milk pails will collect funds for the land army's work. Students from Barnard and Hunter Colleges, from Washington Irving and other high schools, and young women from industrial occupations will participate in the work. They will wear blue smocks and bloomers, puttees and large straw hats. Tractors and hay rigs will supply farm color.

The money obtained in part will be used to start permanent rural community centres for farmers and their families. Headquarters for the day will be at the Land Army office, 303 Fifth Avenue, and a booth will be set up in front of the library on Fifth Avenue and one in Times Square. Miss Olga Ihlseng is Field Day Director.



Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

To the well-groomed gentleman, a new hat at Easter is as essential as orchids to a lady. Admirable examples of silk hats, derbies and felts are now being shown at all Young's Stores.

Stores: "All Over Town"

B. Altman & Co.

will continue to-day (Saturday)

A Very Special Sale of Men's Spring Suits

at $38.50 & $46.00

In every respect these Suits represent "Altman Standard" and the fabrics, cut and tailoring will appeal to men accustomed to wear custom-made clothes.

The values are remarkable

In fact, it is only the consummation of a most fortunate purchase that makes this unusual offer possible so early in the season.

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Served Saturday from 11.30 to 2.30 in the Gimbel Restaurant—Eighth Floor

Assorted Vegetables, Bread and Butter,	50c
Broiled Oysters on Toast, Mixed Salad, Bread and Butter,	50c
Filet of Sea Bass, Saute Meuniere, Parsley Potato, String Bean Salad, Bread and Butter,	60c
Calf's Liver and Bacon, Peas, creamed Potatoes, Bread and Butter	60c
Boiled Halibut, Hollandaise, Parsley Potato, Vegetable Salad, Bread and Butter,	70c
Chicken a la King, Fruit Salad, Bread and Butter,	70c
Roast Turkey, Currant Jelly, Spinach, Candied Sweet Potato, Bread and Butter,	$1.00

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST - BROADWAY - 33rd ST

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits

A SALE WITH EXTRAORDINARY VALUES

$28.75

All Reduced in Price. Well Tailored. The Season's Latest Models.

Plain Blues, Browns, Greys and Blacks. Fancy Worsteds and Striped Effects. New Patterns—New Styles.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Top Coats

¼ Silk Lined
Full Silk Lined **$21.75**

Chesterfield model, double breasted skirted model, and form fitted model.

Well Tailored. Many fancy colors as well as plain Oxford greys. All sizes.

Men's Separate Trousers

$5.75, $6.75, $8.50

For dress or business wear. Plain colors and striped effects. All sizes. Every pair in this sale has been reduced.

GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SECTION—Fourth Floor

Derbies and Soft Hats, $3

Men's New Spring Styles

Such hats have not sold for so little since 1914.

For Gimbels Spring Drive for 100,000 new customers we want to put on sale the best values we possibly can. These hats are extraordinary at the price.

GIMBELS MEN'S HAT SECTION—Fourth Floor

For A Smiling Easter! Stein-Bloch Town Suits, $35.00 To $65.00

LAST year, Easter was as quiet as Philadelphia—this year it will be as gay as New York. A Stein-Bloch Town Suit will help you put on rose-colored glasses and spruce up to New York, the Isle of Style.

Soft, smart woolens in Blues, Browns, Greens, Grays and Heather Minglings of odd and rare tints. Cut with the Look of Manhattan, which means cutting out fads and frivols.

In the tailoring, Stein-Bloch has surpassed himself this Easter Season. He passed all others long ago.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

For A Smiling Easter! John David "Excello" Cord Shirts At $3.50

SOME Shirts are sold—these Shirts sell. Evidently, "Excello" Cord has struck the right chord with The Well-Dressed New Yorker. Its weave has been followed, but nobody can catch it.

Richly contrasting blendings in Tan with White, Corn with White, Blue, Helio, Pink and Black with White with a cord set off in clear relief. It's 'way out of the ordinary,

My "Crepe Cloth" Cravats in subdued Tapestry Patterns at $2 are Easter neckscarfs for fastidious folk.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Best & Co.

CLOTHES FOR OUR MEN

"Made in Our Own Shops"

THIS advertisement was inspired by two 27th Division men. Preparatory to doffing their uniforms and donning civilian clothes they had selected suits here.

This is what one of them said:

> "How good it is, after having gone all over town, to come here and find that the first suits we put on are just the ones we want."

"Our Boys"—who did the fighting—do not wish to look like advertisements for this or that brand of clothes. They want clothes that are distinctive—that express their own individualities—that represent genuine Fifth Avenue styles and can't be distinguished from custom fabrics, models and tailoring except by the price-tickets.

No wonder soldiers, sailors and civilians take to these medium-weight Spring suits and coats at

28.50 34.50 37.50

and upward to 65.00

SPRING COATS—SPECIAL

Spring coats tailored of shower-proofed vicugna-finished worsted in a new knit-weave. It is too soft to wrinkle or rumple. New models in all the correct colors for Spring.

28.50

Time to Buy Spring Oxfords!

Men and big boys will find many attractive, good-looking styles in black and tan Nettleton Oxfords at 11.00

Many other styles of Oxfords 7.00 to 9.00

Best & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 35th St.
Men's Shop—Fifth Floor. *Est. 1879* Entrance—1 West 35th St.

You Never Pay More at Best's.

CARRANZA TROOPS KILL GEN. ZAPATA

Body of Mexican Rebel Chieftain Is Produced as Evidence by Soldiers.

TRAPPED IN MOUNTAINS

Leader of Indians Thrice Led Followers Into Mexico City—Once Villa Ally.

MEXICO CITY, April 11, (Associated Press.)—General Emiliano Zapata, the rebel leader in Southern Mexico, has been killed by Government troops, according to an announcement made by the Mexican War Department tonight. The announcement confirmed an earlier newspaper report of Zapata's death from Cuautla, in the State of Morelos.

The announcement says that a part of the 50th Regiment serving under General Pablo Gonzalez of the Carranza army returned to Cuautla, General Gonzalez's headquarters, tonight with the body of the dead rebel chief.

Later the Mexican Government received an official bulletin confirming the press report of Zapata's death.

Advices from Morelos say that the death of Zapata was brought about by strategy. Zapata, with his followers, had been hiding in an inaccessible mountain region since the Government troops had pacified the State of Morelos, which had been the stronghold of Zapata since he began his revolt in 1909.

The rebel chief is said to have been killed in an unnamed part of the mountains of Southern Morelos by troops under command of Colonel Guajardo. The War Department has promoted the Colonel to a Generalship for his feat.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, April 11.—Zapata rebelled in 1910 under a plan which was guaranteed to give land rights to the Indians. He was known as the Atilla of the South. With his brother, Eufemio, who was killed last year, he terrorized all the southern States. Morelos, where Zapata was born, once a flourishing agricultural State and noted for its sugar production, is now in ruins. Where sugar mills which cost millions once gave work to hundreds of Indians only mounds of bricks remain.

Zapata's famous specialty was to raid small towns in States near Morelos and steal young women for his harem. He is known to have had over fifty young women in his harem. In spite of Zapata's program of land for the Indians, they got none. Reports from the State of Morelos say the Indians are starving and practically naked.

Cuernavaca, famous as a health resort and used by Maximilian when he was Emperor as a Summer home, is practically destroyed. A large church containing a number of old Spanish masters is in ruins, and the old paintings have been destroyed by the bandits, who used them for clothing.

At the height of his power several years ago General Zapata figured as one of the possible heads of the Mexican Government. At three different times during the last ten years his followers were in control of Mexico City for brief periods.

After the downfall of Porfirio Diaz, Zapata and Francisco Villa, in southern and northern Mexico respectively, have been the sources of unending trouble for the various Governments of Mexico. Zapata, the first to raise the standard of revolt, is the first to fall. Villa still is active in the north, although not on as extensive a scale as formerly.

For ten years Zapata had ravaged southern Mexico. Starting with a small force in 1909, he was able by 1911 to defeat Government forces sent against him, and during the Huerta régime held sway over several States in addition to Morelos, where he began and ended his career. For a short time in 1914 Zapata and Villa worked together against Huerta, but the southern leader soon disagreed with the northern rebel chief and withdrew again to the mountains south of Mexico City.

Poincare Gives Humbert Evidence.

PARIS, April 11.—Judge André, the President of the Appellate Court, went to the Elysée Palace this morning to take the testimony of President Poincaré in the case of Senator Humbert, who is on trial charged with commerce with the enemy.

High Sign
No. 6

The High Signs of Orlando

This man has just had his first degree—he registers Happiness—he places the band of Orlando on his little finger—a sign that the secret of Orlando is his.

He looks with wonderment and admiration—he has experienced a new degree of satisfaction in popular priced cigars.

The initiation has just taken place at a United Cigar Store. The ceremonies were simple—he crossed the salesman's palm with 10c—gave the password "Orlando" and became a "brother" in the great Order of Orlando.

Orlando
The Sign of a Good Cigar

No matter to what Secret Order you might belong—the best Order is to Order Orlando.

In Orlando we have the secret of an uncommonly good cigar at a popular price—a secret that will reveal itself to you the first few puffs. Some say it's the mildness of Orlando—others say it's the original flavor. Quality is the answer of many. All are right, and yet, well, try an Orlando today and learn the secret yourself. You will be a happier and wiser smoker.

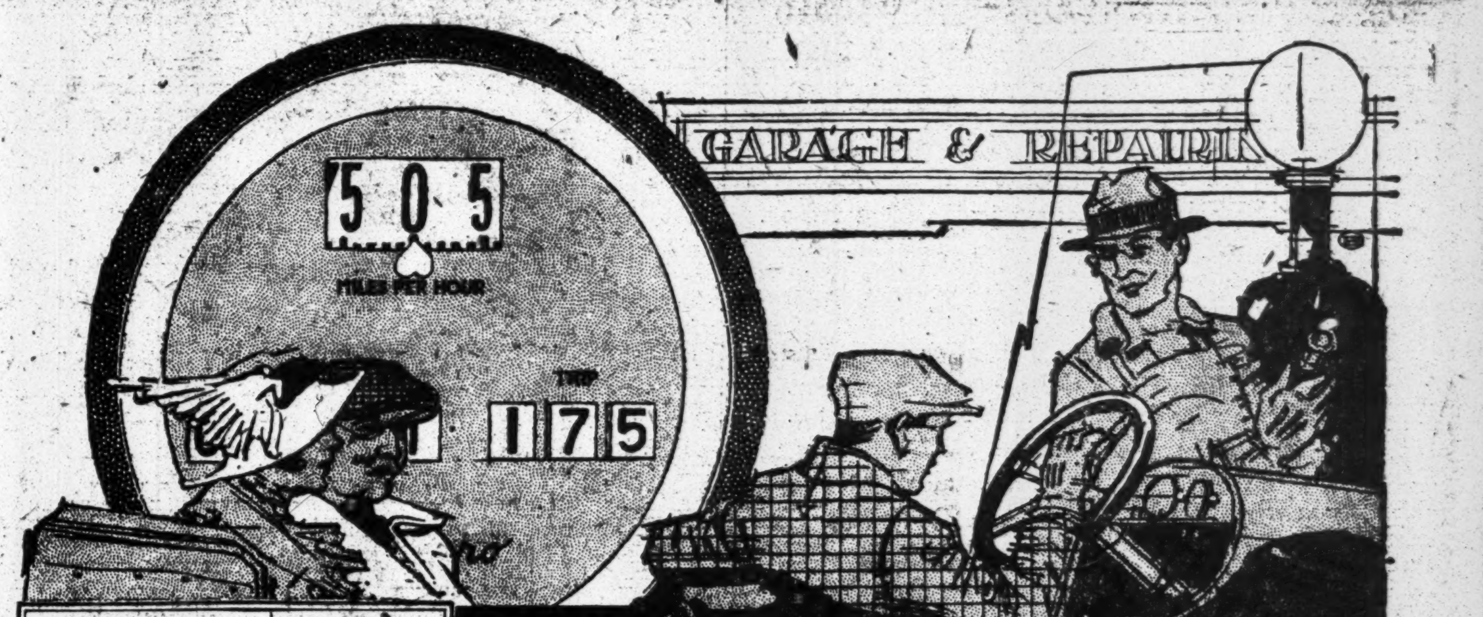
Media Perfecto
size, 10c
Box of 25, $2.50
—50, $5.00

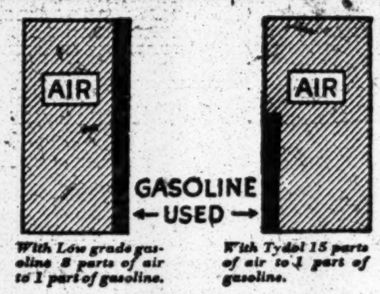
CIGARS UNITED

Orlando comes in ten sizes—10c to 15c. Little Orlando 6c.
Ten sizes enable us to use a fine grade of tobacco without waste—the secret of high quality at low prices.
Orlando is sold only in United Cigar Stores—"Thank you"

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES




AIR
AIR
GASOLINE
USED
With Low grade gasoline 8 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline.
With Tydol 15 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline.

How to make 15 to 1 adjustment

Fill the gasoline tank with Tydol and warm up your engine. With the car standing still, the engine running, using the gasoline adjustment on the carburetor, gradually decrease the quantity of gasoline going through the bowl of the carburetor until the engine begins to slow down. Then increase the proportion of gasoline going through until you get a maximum engine speed, but *not a fraction further*.

With Tydol you will get approximately a 15 to 1 mixture (15 parts air to 1 part gasoline).

The same procedure with low grade gasoline will decrease the proportions to about an 8 to 1 mixture (8 parts air to 1 part gasoline). This means low mileage and excess carbon deposits.

Tydol is made so you can use less fuel and more air.

Veedol, the lubricant that resists heat, prevents the rapid formation of sediment in your oil and minimizes friction and wear.

90% of engine troubles are due to inferior oils. Veedol prevents these troubles.

Have the old oil cleaned out of your crankcase and fill it with Veedol. Sold by reliable dealers everywhere.

Mileage—
the test of your gasoline

JUST one quick way to tell about gasoline—how much mileage do you get out of it?

High gasoline mileage means even more to you than the actual reduction of expenses. Low mileage, due to a rich mixture and sluggish gasoline, runs hand in hand with excessive carbon deposits and mechanical difficulties.

You can get better mileage. You can use a more economical mixture. Fill up with Tydol, the Economy Gasoline. Tydol *vaporizes fast.* Tydol gives you high mileage, burns clean, reduces carbon and other troubles. It is made to operate best on the famous 15 to 1 carburetor adjustment. (See at left.)

Have your dealer set your carburetor at 15 to 1. With Tydol in the tank that gives high mileage. And on this mixture Tydol also gives power, pickup and a snappy engine. Tydol is made to run *lean* but *powerful.*

Keep rigid track in a note book of every gallon of gas you buy. Know how many miles you travel to every filling. See how Tydol pays you in every way.

Tydol costs no more than sluggish gasoline. Look up your dealer today. Fill up with Tydol and get new engine satisfaction.

You cannot buy Tydol at cut rates without taking a chance on adulteration

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

TIDE WATER OIL COMPANY
11 Broadway, New York
TELEPHONE BOWLING GREEN 8000

TYDOL
ECONOMY GASOLINE

Five Times Faster than the Fastest Flying Fingers

Not only can the "Royal" Typewriter work five times as fast as your typist types, but its exclusive features bring a positive speed advantage to the operator.

One feature is a really adjustable touch. A few turns of a simple thumb screw tunes the tension of the entire keyboard to match exactly one's personal touch,—light, heavy, or snappy. Your typist knows best what an aid this is.

Another feature is the "Royal" accelerating typebar, the fastest, strongest ever invented. Gaining speed continuously as it flashes to the printing point, it proves its cumulative time-saving by the greater daily volume produced.

Phone for a "Royal" demonstration—note the clear-cut letterpress beauty of the type impression—find out about the eighteen other features and the extra years of service the "Royal" gives. You will then know why this machine that ends the trading-out evil is the logical choice—as it has been of big business everywhere.

Royal Typewriter Company, Inc.,
364-366 Broadway.
Telephone Franklin 4400.

ROYAL

"Compare the Work"

Two Millions

Tens of thousands of orders for the current April LADIES' HOME JOURNAL could not be filled. The edition was over one million, nine hundred thousand copies. But it was not enough.

The orders for the next (May) number are so large that the edition of that issue will be

Two Million Copies

The largest single edition of any American monthly magazine.

We beg the indulgence of the public until the next, the May issue, of

The Ladies' Home Journal

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

MORE CITY TROOPS HERE ON ROTTERDAM

Forty Officers of the Old 12th, Now the 52d, Pioneer Infantry, Arrive from France.

TRANSPORTS LAND 5,000

Sick and Wounded from 165th Regiment Return—Pannonia, with 2,257, to Dock Today.

Nearly 5,000 troops were landed yesterday from two transports, the Rotterdam and the Julia Luckenbach, and another 2,257 officers and men arrived from Brest on the Pannonia but were too late to go to the pier last night.

The troops on the Rotterdam were chiefly units of the 85th Division, including part of the 310th Supply Train, fifteen officers and 936 men; 328th Machine Gun Battalion, complete, eleven officers and 457 men; 310th Sanitary Train, ten officers and 262 men; 85th Division Military Police Company, two officers and 190 men.

There were also forty officers of the 52d Pioneer Infantry, which was the old Twelfth Regiment, N. G. N. Y. They are the advance guard of the regiment commanded by Colonel Reginald A. Foster, who sailed from Brest on March 31 by the K. I. Luckenbach, due here Monday. Among the officers were Major F A. De Peyster, 11 East Thirty-sixth Street; Major Charles S. Brown, 247 Lexington Avenue; Major Matthew G. Addison, 405 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, formerly of the 23d Regiment, and First Lieutenant James O'Neill, formerly of the 12th Regiment, of 69 West Ninety-fifth Street, Bandmaster of the 52d Regiment. Lieutenant O'Neill said that his band had won the second prize at General Pershing's headquarters at Chaumont, France.

Lieut. Col. William E. Downs, second in command of the 52d Pioneers, who lives at 463 West 164th Street, said that the regiment went to France last August with 250 members of the old 12th Regiment, and on Sept. 20 was assigned to the 5th Army Corps in the Verdun sector and later to the Argonne. Their work principally was building roads across No Man's Land and at one point for more than seven days continuously they were under fire and had fifty-one killed and twenty-two wounded.

Several sick and wounded members of the 165th Regiment, the old 69th, returned on the Rotterdam yesterday from Brest. Among them were: Private David Coralan, 437 West Twenty-fourth Street, of Company M, wounded in the leg at St. Mihiel, Oct. 15; Private August Hanson, Richmond Hill, L. I., Company A, wounded in the left hip, Oct. 14; Private Richard I. Burns, 219 West Sixteenth Street, Company B, influenza, Nov. 8; Private Charles Carr, 205 Luqueer Street, Brooklyn, Supply Company, gassed in the Alsace region; Sergeant Richard Sweeney, Eighth Avenue and 145th Street, Company L, machine gun wounds; Private William Brodin, 207 West Eighteenth Street, Company G, influenza, Nov. 11; Alexander Burke, Brooklyn, Company L, wounded at Château-Thierry and Baccarat; Watmore Sullivan, Thirteenth Street and Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, Company G, wounded at Château-Thierry. There were also 100 nurses from Base Hospital No. 10.

Among the 2,700 troops returning on the Julia Luckenbach from Brest, three days late because of losing a propeller blade, was the 157th Infantry complete, which is part of the 40th Division, National Guard, from California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico

The Pannonia anchored in the North River last night and will land her 2,257 troops at 8 o'clock this morning, at pier 64, North River, at the foot of West Twenty-Fourth Street. Members of the overseas forces returning on the vessel include the 328th Field Artillery 2nd Battalion Headquarters, Batteries D and E, twelve officers and 413 enlisted men; 310th Ammunition Train, Companies A and C, three officers and 251 enlisted men; 330th Field Artillery, complete, forty-nine officers and 1,507 enlisted men; 769th Casual Company, Illinois, and thirteen casual officers.

TO STUDY FOKKER PLANES.

Two American Officers Detailed to Meet German Inventor in Holland.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—New developments in the Fokker type of airplane, the leading model used by the German Army, have attracted the attention of American aviation authorities. Army orders published today announced the detail of Colonel Earl McFarland of the Ordnance Department and Major Robert Marsh, Jr., of the Air Service to make investigations of the new craft in Holland. They were ordered to The Hague for temporary duty, being detailed as military observers while engaged in this work.

Major Marsh is the expert of the Air Service on development. He is now abroad. It is intended that Colonel McFarland and Major Marsh meet Herr Fokker, inventor of the type of airplane finally adopted by the German Army, in Holland, where he is about to establish an airplane factory to produce his machines.

185 MORE CASUALTIES

Brings Total Announced Up To 279,151; 13 Dead and 8 Missing in Latest List

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—One army casualty list, which contained 185 names, was given out at the War Department today, bringing the total for the army up to 279,151, including 4,534 prisoners released and returned. No Marine Corps casualty list was issued today, but the total previously reported for that arm was 5,831. The total for the army and Marine Corps is now 284,982.

The army list issued today contained the names of 2 died of wounds, 7 died from accident and other causes, 4 died of disease, 16 severely wounded, 17 wounded to a degree undetermined, 131 wounded slightly, and 8 missing in action.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported April 11.	Total.
Killed in action	31,929	..	31,929
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,431	2	13,433
Died of accident	4,121	7	4,128
Died of disease	22,578	4	22,582
Total	72,791	13	72,804
Wounded	196,720	164	196,884
Missing	4,912	8	4,920
Total	274,432	185	274,617

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty.

(DA)	Died from Accident or Other Cause.	Gen.	General.
(DD)	Died of Disease.	Col.	Colonel.
(DP)	Died from Airplane Accident.	Maj.	Major.
(DW)	Died from Wounds.	Capt.	Captain.
(KA)	Killed in Action.	Lt.	Lieutenant.
(LS)	Lost at Sea.	Sgt.	Sergeant.
(MA)	Missing in Action.	Corp.	Corporal.
(P)	Prisoner.	Bgl.	Bugler.
(RD)	Returned to Duty.	Mch.	Mechanic.
(WL)	Wounded Slightly.	Wagn.	Wagoner.
(WS)	Wounded Severely.	Mus.	Musician.
(WU)	Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.)	Hrs.	Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

ASH, H. J., 1,793 Amsterdam Av.	(WU)
CULLEN, J. A., 184 Franklin St., Bkn.	(WL)
ERNST, P., 16 Rivington St.	(WU)
GELARO, L., 229 Avenue B.	(WL)
HAMMER, W. L., 338 E. 136th St.	(MA)
KRASNA, F., 464 Bushwick Av., Bkn.	(WL)
MARTIN, A. E., 155 E. 74th St.	(WL)
MITCHELL, J. H., 329 W. 49th St.	(WL)
NOONAN, W. J., 286 5th Av.—Capt.	(MA)
PREHMUS, A., 202 Conover St., Bkn.	(WL)
RHINELANDER, P. N., 54 William St.—Lt.	(KA) (D)
ROGERS, W., 476 East 187th St.	(WS)
SANGRERMANO, F., 29 Boerum St., Brooklyn	(D) (MA)
STUBENRAUCH, E., 2,152 2d Av.	(RD) (MA)
THORNE, F., 1,074 Webster Av.	(WS)

OTHER PARTS OF NEW YORK STATE.

AUSMA, L. M., Carthage	(WL)
BOYD, C. L., Johnson City—Corp.	(WL)
BOYLE, T., Croton-on-Hudson. Er. reported	(KA)
MARTIN, G. C., Syracuse	(WL)
MORETTI, A., 126 Oak St., Yonkers	(WL)
PALERMO, A., 52 5th St., L. I. City	(WS)
POTTER, H., Scotia	(WL)
PUTNAM, C. R., Kennedy—Lt.	(WL)
THOMA, E. W., Buffalo—Lt.	(WL)

ARKANSAS.

COBB, MARSHALL A., Blue Mountain.	(DA)

CALIFORNIA.

LAWRENCE, J. H., Independence	(DW)

CONNECTICUT.

SHEA, H. J., New Haven	(WL)

IOWA.

BROWN, E. H., Bellview—Corp.	(DA)

ILLINOIS.

DWYER, E., Cocksville	(KA)
PRICE, H. G., Malden—Mas. Engn.	(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

SULLIVAN, M. S., Hudson—Corp.	(DA)

MICHIGAN.

WILSON, O. F., Menominee	(DD)

MINNESOTA.

KRAMER, A., Lucan	(DD)

NEW JERSEY.

BORWEGAN, W., New Brunswick	(WL)
EUKER, H. S., Perth Amboy—Corp.	(WL)
WINTERS, M. G., Smith Mills—Corp.	(DA)
MORRIS, H., Jersey City	(WL)
FRITZ, P., Dunellen	(WL)

OKLAHOMA.

MILES, W. H., Eufaula	(DD)

OREGON.

FIELDS, J. E., Portland	(DW)

TEXAS.

ARNOLD, J., San Marcos—Corp.	(DA)

WASHINGTON.

BLANCHARD, M. F., Seattle—Sgt.	(DA)

WISCONSIN.

RODER, J. H., Madison	(DA)

Revised List of Casualties.

	Now Rptd.	Prev. Rptd.
MASSACHUSETTS.		
HANSON, C. H., Fall River	Erroneously reported	(D)
PURCELL, F. S., Chelsea	(DA)	(D)
SULLIVAN, M., Dorchester	Erroneously reported	(D)
MINNESOTA.		
OSWALD, W. M., Fertile	(KA)	(D)
MISSISSIPPI.		
BONSLAGEL, R. R., Hattiesburg	(DA)	(D)
MISSOURI.		
EGAN, C., Dora	(D)	(WU)
UTAH.		
LARSEN, D. L., Sterling	(KA)	(D)
VIRGINIA.		
COBBS, W. O., Lynchburg—Sgt.	(DW)	(D)

Make Your Advertising Pay

To advertise is easy. But to advertise successfully requires perseverance, knowledge, judgment and experience. Few men have them all. The wisest rely upon the help of those whose special knowledge fits them for this service.

That is why the advertising agency has come to be an important aid in any successful advertising plan. It is the effort of every competent Agency to make your advertising essentially suited to its purpose and commercially advantageous to you.

This sort of help may be made to yield dividends.

Consultations with us involve no obligation or expense.

Colton

WENDELL P. COLTON CO.
General Advertising Agents
185 BROADWAY NEW YORK

The Reason Why You Probably Have "Acid-Mouth"

Because—according to the belief of dental authorities—95 in every 100 persons have "Acid-Mouth," and it is the chief cause of tooth decay.

Pebeco Tooth Paste counteracts "Acid-Mouth" because it stimulates the healthy flow of alkaline saliva, which is the most natural tooth-wash and the neutralizer of dangerous mouth acids.

PEBECO TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

The daily use of Pebeco whitens and brightens the teeth, helps to make the gums firm and healthy and invigorates the whole interior of the mouth.

Buy W. S. S.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink
New York

Sold by druggists everywhere

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

SAVE THE LEATHER

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

LIQUIDS AND PASTES FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN AND OX-BLOOD (DARK BROWN) SHOES

THE F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS LIMITED
BUFFALO N.Y.

HEALEY & COMPANY

On account of REMOVAL to more limited quarters

OFFER FOR SALE AT LARGE REDUCTION FROM FORMER PRICES A NUMBER OF THE VERY HIGHEST GRADE FOREIGN CARS.

Broadway & 51st Street New York City

'Royal Cord'
one of the five
UNITED STATES RUBBER COMPANY
US
RUBBER SYSTEM
AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Double the Dealers

There are now more than twice as many United States Tire Sales and Service Depots as were in operation at this time last year.

This is a very significant fact. You can't mistake the meaning of it. It's plain as day.

Obviously, it means the added convenience *to you* that goes with thousands more places where you can buy United States Tires and secure the perfected United States tire service.

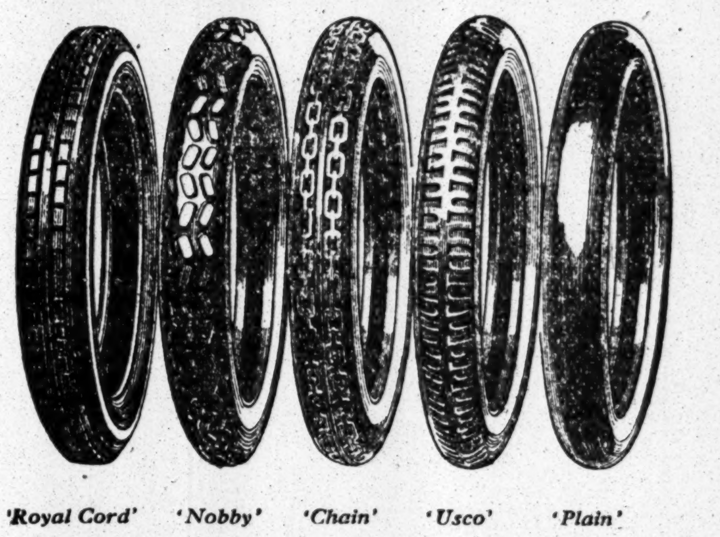
But its *real* significance lies deeper.

Dealer demand is proof of popularity. The live retailer continually feels the public pulse. You can trust him to sense the tendency of the times.

Which goes to show that United States Tires are selling faster—and faster—and faster.

That motorists recognize—as never before—the manifold advantages of using good tires,

—United States Tires.

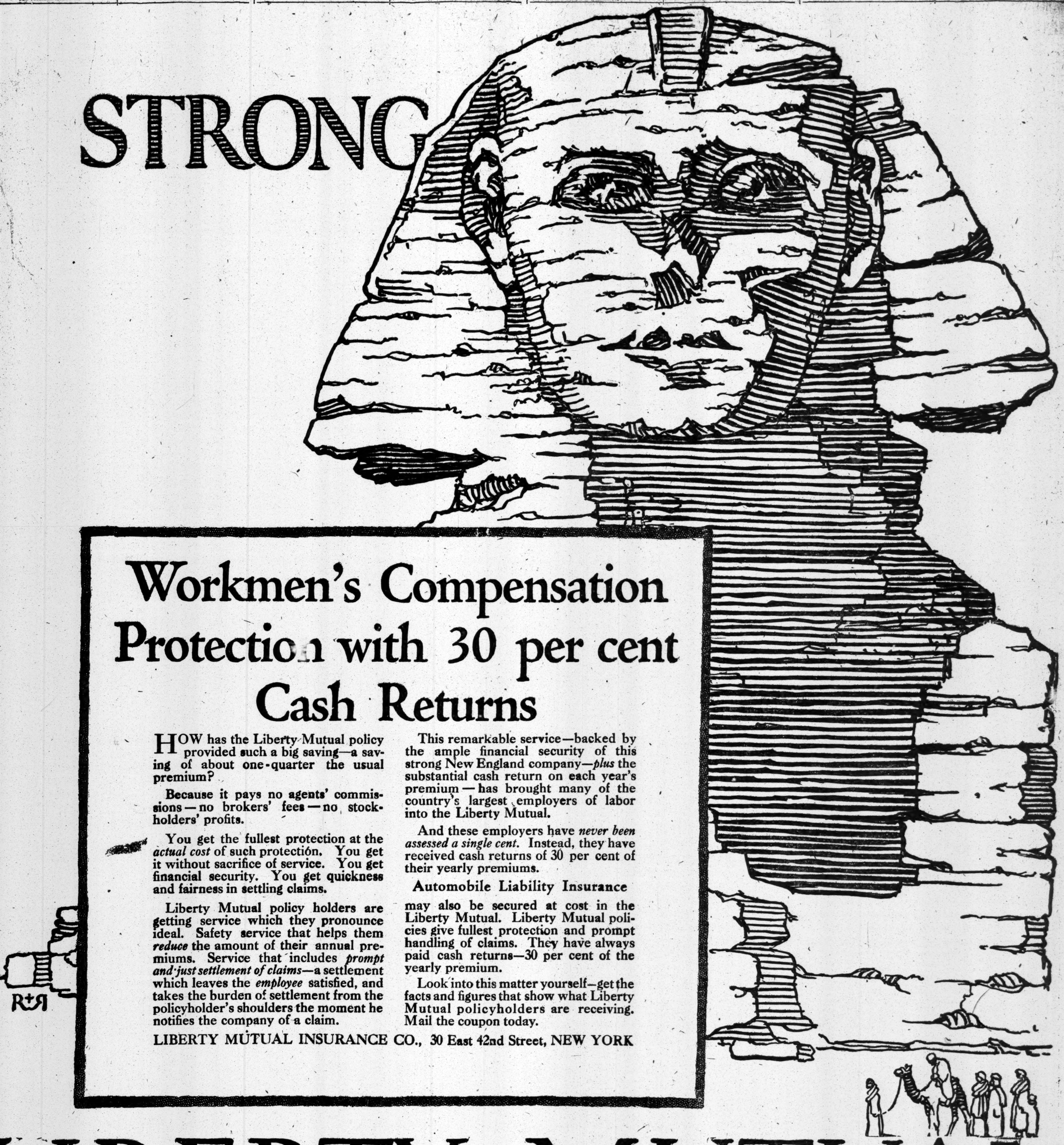


United States Tires are Good Tires

United States Tire Company—Broadway at 58th Street
Factory Wholesale Branch

There are numerous United States Tire dealers in this vicinity. Any one of them can provide you with U. S. Tires that will exactly meet your individual needs.

STRONG



Workmen's Compensation Protection with 30 per cent Cash Returns

HOW has the Liberty Mutual policy provided such a big saving—a saving of about one-quarter the usual premium?

Because it pays no agents' commissions — no brokers' fees — no stockholders' profits.

You get the fullest protection at the *actual cost* of such protection. You get it without sacrifice of service. You get financial security. You get quickness and fairness in settling claims.

Liberty Mutual policy holders are getting service which they pronounce ideal. Safety service that helps them *reduce* the amount of their annual premiums. Service that includes *prompt and just settlement of claims*—a settlement which leaves the *employee* satisfied, and takes the burden of settlement from the policyholder's shoulders the moment he notifies the company of a claim.

This remarkable service—backed by the ample financial security of this strong New England company—*plus* the substantial cash return on each year's premium — has brought many of the country's largest employers of labor into the Liberty Mutual.

And these employers have *never been assessed a single cent*. Instead, they have received cash returns of 30 per cent of their yearly premiums.

Automobile Liability Insurance

may also be secured at cost in the Liberty Mutual. Liberty Mutual policies give fullest protection and prompt handling of claims. They have always paid cash returns—30 per cent of the yearly premium.

Look into this matter yourself—get the facts and figures that show what Liberty Mutual policyholders are receiving. Mail the coupon today.

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LIBERTY MUTUAL

INSURANCE COMPANY

HOME OFFICE - BOSTON

Request for Information
Liberty Mutual Insurance Co., 30 E. 42nd St., New York
I would like facts and figures on Workmen's
Compensation Insurance for my business.
Name of Company..........
Address..........
See Mr..........
Or rates for Automobile Liability Insurance
on my car.
Make..........Model..........
Pleasure or Commercial..........
List Price..........

COURT DECLARES ORGANIZED BASEBALL'S ACTS IN VIOLATION OF SHERMAN LAW

When Old Mother Earth begins to doll up, there's no use of us young fellows (and we include the "young-old") delaying another day. Not when our job's to have everything *ready-to-wear* in smart Spring wearables.

Suits and overcoats that vie with the most expensive custom made—in all except price.

Furnishings as plain or luxurious as good taste permits.

Hats, including our own "Composite" derbies.

Shoes that conform strictly to our all-leather standard. Oxfords a-plenty.

"The most" as well as "the best" for your money.

Might's well have that cutaway for Palm Sunday. And how about a new silk hat?

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

There are many Hat Stores, but few hatters.

We take care of our hats after as well as before purchase.

$2.90 to $4.40

For high grade Spring hats.

Long Beach Bungalows

$1750 to $2500

(Partial Payments)

A limited number of newly erected 4, 5, and 6 room bungalows will be offered for sale Sunday, April 13th. Electric light, plumbing and sanitary system.

Meet Kolb Autos at Long Beach Station Sunday, after 11 A. M.

KOLB BUILDING CO.

30 Church St., N. Y. C.

Phone Cortlandt 4090-4091-4092.

Rheumatism

POISON from clogged intestines overloads your system and causes rheumatism. PLUTO clears your intestines and regulates your kidneys—gives relief. Also beneficial in treatment of kidney, liver and stomach troubles and nervous disorders.

Bottled at French Lick Springs and for sale at all drug stores, hotels, clubs and on trains.

Large Bottle 45c
Smaller Bottle 20c

French Lick Springs Hotel Co.
French Lick, Ind. (18)

OFFICERS OF THE 77TH.

Major Gen. Robert Alexander and staff and other officers of the 77th Division form a group photographed in France. All New Yorkers should have a copy. It appears in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

ORGANIZED BALL IS STAMPED AS TRUST

Justice Stafford Says Acts Constitute Attempt to Create a Monopoly.

INSTRUCTION IN FED. SUIT

Court's Ruling on Point of Law at Close of Trial May Have Far-Reaching Consequences.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The claim of the Baltimore Federal League Club for $900,000 damages from organized baseball for alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust law will be submitted to a jury in the District Supreme Court at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. It had been the expectation that the case would go to the jury at 4 o'clock this afternoon after the day had been given over to discussion of the jury's instructions as to points in law, but it was 5 o'clock before this had been completed, and the court asked the jury whether it wished its final instructions today or tomorrow. The jury preferred to have them tomorrow morning.

As the case now stands, the Court having, in its statement of the view of the law on Wednesday, held that the acts of organized baseball constitute in law an attempt to monopolize the business of competitive baseball, and that they were done in violation of the Sherman law, the decision to be rendered by the jury has been narrowed, under the Court's instructions, to virtually two points. These are, first, whether the conduct of organized baseball as an alleged monopoly caused the destruction of the Baltimore Federal League Club; and, secondly, if so, whether the injury can be expressed in terms of dollars and cents.

Plaintiff Must Show Real Damage.

Attorneys W. L. Marburg of Baltimore and Charles A. Douglas made the arguments today for the Baltimore Club and George Wharton Pepper of Philadelphia for organized baseball. The instruction that the plaintiff must show actual damage in an amount susceptible of expression in figures and not mere conjectural or speculative damage, was allowed by the court.

In concluding his written instructions to the jury, Justice Stafford said:

"The Federal statutes declare that any person who is injured in his business or property by reason of anything done in violation of the anti-trust laws of the United States is entitled to recover damages. The acts of the defendant, alleged and proved, by way of maintaining the system of organized baseball, constituted in law an attempt to monopolize the business of competitive baseball exhibitions for profit and as an inseparable part thereof, to monopolize commerce between the States and were done in violation of the anti-trust laws.

"If such acts injured the plaintiff in its business or property, the plaintiff is entitled to compensation.

"In respect to those acts alleged to have been committed by the defendant, with particular reference to the Federal League, and for the purpose of removing that league as a competitor by persuading its officers and members to break up the league, if such acts were committed as charged, for the purpose of and with intent of removing the Federal League as a competitor and thereby perfecting the monopoly attempted to be created by the general system of organized ball referred to, such acts also were done in violation of the anti-trust laws; and if and in so far as they did in fact injure the plaintiff in its business or property, the plaintiff is entitled to recover compensatory damages."

Fultz Expects No Serious Effect.

David L. Fultz, President of the International League and lawyer, when interviewed over the telephone last night by a reporter for THE NEW YORK TIMES, declined to discuss Justice Stafford's charge until he had an opportunity to read the views of the Court.

"However," said Mr. Fultz, "a serious situation for organized baseball is, apparently, presented. In the event of a verdict favorable to the Federal League there will probably be an appeal. Organized baseball cannot afford to accept an unfavorable decision in this case.

"I don't think the judge's charge will have a serious effect on baseball as an institution," continued Mr. Fultz. Rather I am inclined to believe the case will be settled with the receipt of compensation by the Federal League, in the event of a favorable verdict for it. The suit is one for compensation, not for dissolution.

"It is doubtful if a Government action for dissolution will be undertaken. Personally, I don't think such an action would lie, in view of present baseball conditions. Organized baseball has experienced a complete change as an institution since the advent of the Federal League. The break between the major and minor leagues creates two distinct factions, under which there can be no alleged monopoly."

Question of Fact, Says Toole.

John Conway Toole, attorney for the Giants, when informed last night of Justice Stafford's charge to the jury, expressed, the opinion that the question of whether organized baseball was being operated in violation of the anti-trust law was one to be established by fact, and that the instructions to the jury were intended to give the jurors the legal grounds upon which to base their decision.

"I could not express a definite opinion on the instructions to the jury because I have not read them," said Mr. Toole. "Of course, if it is established that baseball as operated between States has monopolized the business in the sense complained of in cases against various large corporations which have been tried, then baseball might come under the anti-trust law."

NEWARK NINE TO DONOVAN.

He Will Manage Team There—Reading Gets Franchise.

The franchise for the Newark Club of the International League was awarded to Pat Donovan, former major league manager, yesterday at a meeting held in Newark, N. J. President Dave Fultz of the International League presided and announced the award after the meeting. Donovan will also be manager for the team. It is understood he has strong financial backing from a syndicate composed chiefly of Newark capitalists.

The Syracuse-Hamilton franchise was awarded to Reading, Penn. Mayor Edward H. Filbert of Reading purchased the franchise as head of a syndicate interested in the deal. No mention was made of the purchase price.

This completes the International League's eight-club circuit. The other clubs are Toronto, Jersey City, Buffalo, Rochester, Baltimore, and Binghamton.

The season will open on Wednesday, April 30, with the following games: Toronto at Newark, Buffalo at Jersey City, Rochester at Baltimore, Binghamton at Reading. It is planned to make several changes in the schedule tentatively adopted. A complete schedule, therefore, will not be made public until April 21.

All of Newark's games will be played at Harrison Park. The new owners have leased the old Federal League grounds and the field will soon be made ready for play. Donovan has had considerable experience as a minor league manager, and has also managed the Red Sox and the Superbas. In 1915, 1916, and 1917 Donovan headed the Buffalo team and last year he piloted the Syracuse nine.

GIANTS RUN INTO DELUGE.

Rain Prevents Last Game of Series with Red Sox.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTON SALEM, N. C., April 11.—A heavy rainstorm prevented the last game of the spring series between the Giants and the Red Sox, scheduled here this afternoon, and the series ends 4 to 2 in favor of the Boston Red Sox. New York, however, started to come strong in the last two games and McGraw said today he was greatly pleased with the showing of his men.

"Our pitchers are beginning to show something, while the men are beginning to hit the way they are capable of," said McGraw.

McGraw has confidence that Jesse Winters, his young Texas pitcher, will develop into one of the stars of the coming season. "I will give Winters every opportunity to make good," said McGraw today. "The big fellow is one of the smartest kids I ever saw, and when he gets into a hole he handles himself with the wisdom of an experienced pitcher."

Ed. Barrow, manager of the world's champions, also had some nice things to say about Winters. "I had no hesitation in telling McGraw that he was one of the sweetest looking young pitchers I ever have seen."

This was the first day that the Giants have been kept idle since they left New York, over three weeks ago. It was with much regret that the two business managers, Foster and Graves, saw the rain this morning. The game had been heavily advertised here and it looked as though this would be the banner town of the trip. A half holiday had been set for this afternoon and the big tobacco warehouses and plants were preparing to close and give their employes a chance to see Babe Ruth, Kauff and the other Giant and Red Sox stars. This morning the Boston and New York players were taken through several of the big cigarette and tobacco factories here. At noon the newspaper men connected with the two teams were the guests of the local Rotary Country Club at a luncheon.

The Giants and the Red Sox split company tonight, the Giants going on to Baltimore, where they play two games with the Baltimore International League team before taking on the Washington Senators for a seven-game series. The Giants will cut off a bunch of their youngsters in Baltimore. Catcher O'Neill, Pitchers Godfrey, Brogan and Jack Lyons and Outfielder Clarence Pitt will join the Rochester International League club, and Pitcher Eddie Rommel, the Newark Internationals.

McGraw also announced the release of Pitcher Wilbur Hubbelk to the Toronto Maple Leafs today. Toronto also has offered to job to Bill Holden, the former Yankee outfielder, but he has not yet accepted. McGraw has offered Tod Miller, the second string first baseman, to St. Paul, but has not yet heard from the club. Catcher Polan, Pitcher Ryan and Infielder Gillespie also will be let out sometime during the next ten days.

RAIN KEEPS YANKEES IDLE.

Will Play Robins Again Today and Start North on Monday.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 11.—The Yankees spent today in idleness, as a result of heavy rains, which swept this city from early morning until late this afternoon. It was the first day since the New York players arrived here that they had lost any time because of weather conditions, and Miller Huggins readily admitted that he had no complaint to make on that score. The players are as well conditioned as he had expected them to be at the close of their stay in this city.

The game against the Dodgers here tomorrow afternoon will bring the sojourn in Jacksonville to a close. This contest, the seventh of the Spring series, is to be played under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and a crowd far outnumbering the attendance at any of the six games already played by the Yankees and Dodgers is expected. Though this game ends the work of both clubs here the players will not leave here until Monday morning. Brunswick, Ga., the first stop on the tour northward, is only four hours away from this city.

Huggins expects to use left-handers in tomorrow's game. Thormahlen and Mogridge, who have been quite successful against the National leaguers in this series, are scheduled to divide the pitching. Nelson will get a chance against the Dodgers if either of the southpaws is not ready.

It is expected that Huggins will release two or three players before leaving Jacksonville. Eddie Mooers, an infielder formerly with the Richmond Club, is to be let out to some minor league club. Huggins is arranging for the transfer of other players, but is withholding announcement as to their destination until the deals are closed. He will go north with only four infielders in his squad, but Baker and Fewster will report late next week.

DODGERS MAY GET MAGEE.

Robinson Plans to Use Former Yankee at Second Base.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 11.—There were no further developments in the impending deal between the Dodgers and the Reds today. However, before Manager Robbie leads his team northward next Monday, Lee Magee may be one of the party. The makeup of the Dodgers now shows but one weak department, the infield.

The team's greatest weakness is at first base and Robbie believes that if he can obtain Lee Magee the handicap will be overcome. If Magee joins he will be used at second base and Ray Schmandt, a legitimate first baseman, but who was converted into a second sacker, will be shifted to the initial corner. With this change and Olson and O'Mara looking after the left side of the inner works the Dodgers will present a strong defense.

PENN EASY FOR ATHLETICS.

Mack's Men Lay Collegians Low in First Game of Series.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—The Athletics smashed out victory in the first game of the series with the University of Pennsylvania nine this afternoon. The big leaguers had all the better of the collegians, and won by 9 to 1. It was the first of a series of three games.

Home Run Alley was located for the first time this season. In the fourth inning Jim McAvoy found it, and scored two men ahead of him. McAvoy's drive went into the left-field bleachers on a bounce.

In the eighth inning Tilly Walker, the Athletics' outfielder, and not Tilly Welker of Penn, drove the sphere into the stands on a fly. George Burns was on base at the time.

Penn scored its lone run on two hits in the seventh. With two out, McNichol got a clean single to centre, and Warwick followed with a double to right. Warwick had two of the four Penn hits. His other hit was a single in the fifth.

The Athletics pounded Sheffy and Mitchell, the Red and Blue hurlers, for a total of ten hits. Joe Dugan led the assault with three safeties in as many times at bat.

The score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Athletics	0 0 3 4 0 0 0 2 .	9	10	0
Penn	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	1	4	3

Batteries—Sheffy, Mitchell and Warwick; Geary, Anderson and McAvoy and Perkins. Umpire—Keenan.

PLATT BEATS CLAPP FOR SQUASH HONORS

Wins Annual Class A Tournament at Yale Club Courts After Hard Struggle.

Livingston Platt captured premier honors in the Class A division of the Yale Club's annual squash tennis tournament yesterday when he defeated Edward J. Clapp, one-time track Captain at Eli, in the final match. The scores were 15—12, 15—8, 14—18, and 15—16. The match extended over one hour and fifteen minutes.

Platt was in excellent form and outclassed his rival throughout. The victor employed a varied offensive, changing his pace frequently and mixing his drives with unusual effectiveness. Clapp played strongly in the opening game but tired as the match progressed. His play was erratic against the superb form shown by Platt, and there were several instances when Clapp dropped his racquet in futile attempts to connect with the elusive ball served by Platt.

Throughout the first game Platt maintained a lead. The margin was small, however, and frequently was threatened by Clapp, whose low drives at times gave Platt considerable trouble. The second game witnessed the first signs of weakening on the part of Clapp. Many rallies were furnished, invariably ending in favor of Platt. Early in the game Platt, in a period of sustained brilliance, registered five consecutive aces, which put him in front by 9 to 1. Thereafter Platt's tallies came with consistency until he had the game clinched.

In the third game Platt started strongly and quickly advanced to a lead of 4—1. Clapp played in improved form and fought keenly for every point. At eight points the game was set. The lead alternated then until the match was again set at 13 all. Here Platt's play began to fall off and Clapp registered five aces to his rival's one, taking the match at 18—14. The fourth game progressed through four hands before a tally was registered and then Platt broke the ice. Subsequently aces came quickly until Platt annexed victory at 15—6.

Clapp is one of the finalists in the Class B division. He will play against H. R. Stern this afternoon in the deciding match.

WASHBURN DEFEATS DOUST.

Reaches Semi-Final in Queen's Club Tennis Tourney.

LONDON, April 11.—Captain W. M. Washburn of the American Army, in a match at the covered courts tennis championship at the Queen's Club, today defeated Mr. Doust, three sets to two. The scores were 2—6, 7—5, 1—6, 6—3, 6—0.

Captain Washburn played brilliantly against Mr. Doust, who afterward admitted that he had no excuse. In the semi-final Captain Washburn will meet Mr. Davison, probably the strongest English covered court player.

Miss Ryan of California, by beating Miss Tighe today by a score of 6—3, 6—0, reached the finals. She now has to meet Mrs. Lambert Chambers, the British women's singles champion.

MISS ZINDERSTEIN WINS.

Takes Singles Trophy in North and South Tennis Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 11.—Miss Marion Zinderstein of the Longwood Country Club won the women's singles trophy in the North and South tennis tournament at Pinhurst today, defeating Mrs. Marion Vanderhoef Morse of the West Side Tennis Club in the final contest, 6—1, 6—4. With the score 5—2 and her rival leading in the next game in the second and deciding set Mrs. Morse started a great rally, brought the score to deuce on the game, and followed it up by taking the next two in rapid succession. The last game, a hard-fought deuce affair, was won by Miss Zinderstein at the end of one of the longest volleys of the match.

The semi-finals of the mixed doubles were also disposed of. Miss Zinderstein and Vincent Richards defeated Miss Esther Tufts and S. H. Voshell, 6—3, 6—4, and came through to the final in company with Miss Florence Ballin and William T. Tilden, Jr., who beat Mrs. Morse and C. F. Watson, Jr., by 7—5, 8—6.

400 ENTER POSTAL GAMES.

Sellers, Meredith, Baker, and Murchison to Compete.

Jack Sellers, national 600-yard champion; Ted Meredith, holder of the half-mile outdoor record, and Homer Baker of the Glencoe A. C., are the three most prominent athletes who will compete in the Postal 600, the principal event of the program for the indoor athletic meet of the National Federation of Postal Employes, which will be held tonight at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn. Other starters will be George Dernell, Newton R. Brown, Arthur Reilly, Cornelius Shaughnessy and James O'Brien, the leading runners at this distance in the local district.

The meet promises plenty of good competition. More than 400 entries have been received. Loren Murchison, the St. Louis speed flash, will compete in the 75-yard dash and 300-yard run. The scheduled relay race for members of the Police and Fire Departments has been dropped from the program, because of a dispute over the distance of the race.

Award Title Races to Soldiers.

The Metropolitan A. A. U. 60-yard dash and 300-yard championship races were awarded yesterday to the 5th Company, 13th Coast Artillery Corps, to be held at the 13th's armory, in Brooklyn, April 28. Roy Morse, Salem-Crescent A. C., and James O'Brien, Loughlin Lyceum, the respective titleholders, are expected to defend their laurels. The races will be part of the program which will include a race at 1,000 yards between Jack R. Sellers, national 600-yard champion, and Joie Ray, the Illinois A. C. flier, holder of a new world's record of 4:14 3-5 for one mile.

Evander Childs Wins on Range.

A double victory was scored yesterday by the two rifle teams of Evander Childs H. S. over the rifle teams of Erasmus Hall H. S. The first teams competed on the Evander Childs range, and the home team won by 259 to 256. In the second team match, decided at Erasmus Hall, Evander Childs was victorious by 162 to 158. Gebhardt of the winning team scored the only perfect score of 35 in the match between the second teams.

Wrestling Teams Enter Tourney.

Eight clubs have nominated teams for the Metropolitan A. A. U. wrestling championship tournament, which will be conducted at Madison Square Garden Concert Hall, April 19 and 21. The clubs are: Boys' Club, Greek-American A. C., Finnish-American A. C., Swedish-American A. C., East Side Y. M. C. A., Hungarian-American A. C., and Bronx Church House. Entries for the tournament will close Monday with Joseph F. O'Brien, Chairman of the committee in charge of the competition.

De Vito Enters Boxing Tourney.

A. J. De Vito is the first local amateur boxer to enter for the New York State championship tournament, which will be held May 6 and 8 at the City A. C. De Vito, a member of the New West Side A. C., will compete for the 108-pound title.

OPPOSING CREWS ON RIVER.

Penn and Middies Practice Starts and Spurts on Severn.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 11.—The three Pennsylvania crews, under Coach Joe Wright, were on the water twice today in preparation for the races tomorow against the Naval Academy crews. The midshipmen took the river in the afternoon, and the work of both was confined to starts and spurts over short distances.

There will be three separate races tomorrow afternoon, the freshmen starting about 4 o'clock, conditions permitting; the second crew twenty minutes later, and the big crews after a like interval. It has been raining today, but clearing during the night is predicted, and there is little wind.

The Navy first crew has an advantage of about four pounds to the man over its opponents, and the other two navy crews show an even greater superiority in weight.

The first crews, with weights, are as follows:

Naval Academy—Bow, Sanborn, 168; No. 2, Graves, 170; No. 3, Wiedeman, 189; No. 4, Skinner, 183; No. 5, Balreich, 182; No. 6, Kuppller, 177; No. 7, Harris, 175; stroke, Ingram, 182; coxswain, Crawford, 109.

Pennsylvania—Bow, Ames, 166; No. 2, Keller, 169; No. 3, Roberts, 172; No. 4, Supp, 173; No. 5, Ellson, 167; No. 6, Winslow, 169; No. 7, Wilson, 156; stroke, Thomas, 175; coxswain, Harden, 108.

CREWS OPEN SEASON TODAY

Complete Rowing Schedule Includes Dates to June 20.

That college rowing will again assume the importance that attached to it before the sport was interrupted by war, is indicated in the university rowing schedule for the year. The season which opens today with the meeting of the Penn and Navy crews at Annapolis, will extend through to June 20, when Yale and Harvard meet on the Thames.

The complete schedule follows:

April 12.—University of Pennsylvania v. United States Naval Academy on the Severn River at Annapolis, 'Varsity, second 'Varsity, and freshman crews over the Henley, distance of 1 mile 550 yards.

April 19.—Harvard, Princeton, and United States Naval Academy on the Severn River at Annapolis, 'Varsity crews over the course of one mile and seven-eighths.

April 19.—University of Pennsylvania v. Yale on the Housatonic River at Derby, 'Varsity and second 'Varsity crews over the Henley distance of 1 mile 550 yards.

May 8.—Syracuse v. United States Naval Academy on the Severn River at Annapolis, 'Varsity and freshman crews over the two-mile course.

May 17.—Columbia, University of Pennsylvania, and Princeton on Lake Carnegie at Princeton, for the Childs Cup, 'Varsity, second 'Varsity, and freshman crews over the mile and seven-eighths course.

May 24.—Cornell v. Princeton on Lake Cayuga at Ithaca, 'Varsity and freshman crews over the two-mile course.

June 20.—Yale v. Harvard on the Thames River at New London, 'Varsity crews over the four-mile course; second 'Varsity and freshman crews over the two-mile course.

YALE OARSMEN IN SLUMP.

Coach Expects Improvement on Waters of Housatonic.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 11.—Yale oarsmen today took their final practice on New Haven Harbor before the Housatonic River races. The coach, Dr. Abbott, planned an afternoon's racing between the first and second eights but rough water prevented.

Hord of the second crew has been removed because of some faculty disqualification and Leslie Moulton of the third boat today succeeded him at No. 4. He is the eighth oarsman to be lost for the Yale crew this season through illness or scholarship technicality.

Dr. Abbott said tonight in speaking of Yale's preparation for the Pennsylvania races on the Housatonic next week Saturday:

"Since the rough water and rainy weather began ten days ago the crews have slumped perceptibly, but I hope for improvement when we get to the smoother waters of the Housatonic."

Ex-Captain Cord Meyer, one of Yale's greatest stroke oars, who witnessed today's practice, said the 'Varsity eight has plenty of ginger and some excellent possibilities, but the port oars are not well together."

Meyer recently returned to America after more than a year in aviation in France.

MISS BOYLE SWIMS FAST.

Makes Unofficial Record of 1:05 1-5 for 100-Yard Handicap.

Charlotte Boyle, national women's plunge champion, and holder of several other women's swimming titles, last night bettered the accepted record for the 100-yard swim in the pool of the Carroll Club, 120 Madison Avenue. Miss Boyle, swimming from scratch, finished second to Miss Alice Lord, who had a handicap of 25 seconds. The Sea Gate star's time was 1:05 1-5. The time is 2 1-5 seconds faster than the record which is held by Miss Olga Dorfner of Philadelphia. Because only two watches were held on the performance, however, Miss Boyle's remarkable time performance will not be officially accepted.

The race was one of a program arranged as an opening attraction for the new club. Miss Lord won two events, her other victory coming in the 40-yard back-stroke swim.

The summaries:

100-Yard Swim, Handicap—Won by Miss Alice Lord, Women's Swimming Association, (25 seconds); Miss Charlotte Boyle, Women's Swimming Association, (scratch), second; Miss Louise Fink, Women's Swimming Association, (25 seconds), third. Time—1:05.

40-Yard Backstroke Swim—Won by Miss Alice Lord, Women's Swimming Association; Miss Eileen Riggin, Women's Swimming Association, second. Time—0:35 2-5.

40-Yard Rescue Race—Won by Miss Eileen Riggin, Women's Swimming Association; Miss Katherine Brown, Women's Swimming Association, second.

Ray Breaks Another Record.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Joe Ray, National A. A. U. champion miler, who last night set a world's indoor record for the distance, tonight broke the Central A. A. record for a half mile in time of 1:57 1-5. The old mark was 1:57 2-5, set by Tom Campbell.

COBALT LASS RUNS WELL ON WET TRACK

Captures Easter Purse at Bowie, Beating Amalette and Duchess Lace.

BOWIE, Md., April 11.—Showers greeted those who attended the races here today, but the rain was not sufficient to affect the attendance or to dull the track. The feature was the Easter Purse for mares and fillies over the seven-furlong route. Mrs. J. Arthur's Cobalt Lass, a four-year-old daughter of King Cobalt, showed speed and stamina that enabled her to lead the field of five from start to finish in spite of the fact that the smart three-year-old Duchess Lace was among the competitors. As a matter of fact Duchess Lace never was a serious contender and the best she could do was to land in third place, a length and a half behind Amalette, a four-year-old, carrying the colors of H. S. Koppin.

When the barrier rose Cobalt Lass was quickly in motion and Richcreek lost no time in making the most of the good break. Cobalt Lass stepped along with such a display of early foot that before she had traveled half a mile she was five lengths in front of Amalette, the only one of the quintet that could keep anywhere near her. As soon as he turned into the stretch Richcreek began to steady Miss Cobalt and she was pulled up at the finish to score by three lengths. Stapleton managed to wake up Duchess Lace in the final furlong and she closed rapidly on Amalette, but Sneideman kept the latter going so that she took the place by a length and a half.

There was a good field for the fourth race at five and a half furlongs, but the event was marred by the falling of two horses. Safrano was the first to go down and Plureen fell over her. In the meantime Billy Oliver's Kewessa was setting a hot pace with Yankee Notions in close attendance. Yankee Notions was the first to feel the effects of the fast pace and dropped back, while B. Moore's Sturdee rushed up to fight it out with Kewessa. In the last sixteenth Sturdee ranged alongside of Kewessa and Morris drove him to the judges to win by half a length.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-old maiden fillies; selling; four furlongs. Drusilla, 111 pounds, (Rice,) $7.50, $3.90, and $3.30 won; Boher-na-Breena, 109, (Troxler,) $14.60 and $7.60, second; Miss Stathem, 111, (Pauley,) $6.20, third. Time—0:49 3-5. My Dear, Lady Ione, Marcella M., Ogden Girl, and Quickfire also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Mackenzie, 113 pounds, (G. Burns,) $7, $4.80, and $3.40, won; Vigilante, 105, (Sterling,) $3.90 and $2.90, second; American, 116, (Pauley,) $4.20, third. Time—1:08 3-5. The Belgian II., Retreat, Liberty Bond, James A. Sheridan, Oriental Girl, Little Boy, Hasty Lady, and Frenchy also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Lowtide, 105 pounds, (Sneideman,) $27.30, $18.20, and $6.90, won; Leoti Fay, 95, (Richcreek,) $25 and $7.90, second; Laura Miller, 111, (Pauley,) $2.70, third. Time—1:09 4-5. Sir Haste, Old Bill Bender, Reynolds, C. Ellwanger, Sophie K., Saville, Tit for Tat, and Leinster also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Sturdee, 111 pounds, (Morris,) $17.30, $5.40, and $3.70, won; Kewessa, 116, (Rice,) $3.40 and $3.60, second; Toddler, 103, (Sneideman,) $3.70, third. Time—1:09. Yankee Notions, Front Royal, Napoli, Safranor, and Plureen also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Easter Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; seven furlongs. Cobalt Lass, 105 pounds, (Richcreek,) $3.30, $2.90, and $2.30, won; Amalette, 102, (Sneideman,) $6.60 and $3.20, second; Duchess Lace, 95, (Stapleton,) $2.40, third. Time—1:27 4-5. Antoinette and Katie Canal also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Firing Line, 109 pounds, (Butwell,) $11.60, $6.10, and $3.50, won; Broom Peddler, 110, (Metcalf,) $6 and $3.70, second; Lord Herbert, 105, (Richcreek,) $3, third. Time—1:48 2-5. Dolina, Kilts II., and Sunny Hill also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Houdini, 97 pounds, (Stapleton,) $12.50, $4.10, and $3, won; Sleeth, 113, (Manders,) $3 and $2.50, second; Fairy Prince, 92, (Carswell,) $3.70, third. Time—1:51 3-5. Peerless One, Noureddin, Otisco, and Attorney Muir also ran.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—The Hampton Roads Purse; for 2-year-olds; four furlongs—Rockaree, 108 pounds; Super, 108; Calvert, 116; Mlle. Dazie, 113; *Kallisolis, 113; *C. S. Grason, 108; Beck and Call, 109.

*Murray & Shreve entry.

SECOND RACE.—The Bowie Annual Military; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward; mile and 70 yards—The Belgian II., 154 pounds; Dartworth, 154; Amalgamator, 154; Galaway, 154; Manioc, 154; Stir Up, 154; Socony, 154.

THIRD RACE.—Claiming; 3-year-olds and upward; six and a half furlongs—Kingling II., 117 pounds; Refugee, 117; Thornbloom, 113; Widow Bedotte, 108; †Tiger Rose, 95; Sosius, 117; Kilmer, 117; Sister Emblem, 112; Frank Shannon, 104; Tan II., 117; Master McGrath, 103; Transpero, 108; †Margery, 107. Also eligible—Sibola, 108; Lady Ward, 108; Carl Ellwanger, 113.

FOURTH RACE.—Oriole Purse; 3-year-olds and upward; 5½ furlongs—Franklin, 115 pounds; Ballast, 104; Bettie Bluff, 90; Charlie Lydecker, 113; Mahony, 104; Mumbo Jumbo, 106; Frizeur, 90.

FIFTH RACE.—The Capital City Handicap; 3-year-olds and upward; one mile—Hauberk, 126 pounds; Waukeag, 107; Bolster, 113; Dan Bright, 104; H. Breivogel, 110; Clean Gone, 97.

SIXTH RACE.—Claiming; 3-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth—Capt. Hodge, 109 pounds; Dundreary, 107; Wewoka, 90; †Inquieta, 97; Ben Hampson, 109; Flora Finch, 104; †Hazelnut, 104; †Satisfied, 97; Fairly, 107; Matoaka, 102; †Bronco Billy, 102.

SEVENTH RACE.—Claiming; 3-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth—Genevieve B., 107 pounds; Fountain Fay, 111; Indian Chant, 109; †Progressive, 106; Luther, 111; †Plurenzi, 90; Don Dodge, 112; Dan, 109.

†Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track fast.

McCagg Leads Harvard Cub Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 11.—Lewis B. McCagg of New York City was elected to the captaincy of the Harvard freshman crew this afternoon. He rows No. 6. McCagg is 6 feet 4 inches tall and weighs 194 pounds.

WORCESTER IN GOOD FORM.

Scores Over Langdon in Poggenburg Cup Billiards.

Charles Worcester, a Class C player of Brooklyn, showed excellent form yesterday in scoring over J. R. Langdon in the Poggenburg Cup amateur handicap 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The count was 115 to 90. Worcester completed his string in twenty-five innings, for an average of 4 15-25. He had high runs of 34, 17, and 14. Langdon's highest runs were 18 and 16 and he averaged 3 18-24. Both players were competing for 115 points.

Worcester jumped to the lead in the second inning when he clicked off seventeen buttons. Thereafter to the finish Worcester held the advantage and his position as leader was never seriously threatened. Worcester had excellent control of the ivories and played consistently throughout. Keeping the balls in close formation he registered three runs of double figures in addition to his second inning effort. His best display of form came in the seventeenth inning when he nursed the balls along the end rail through brilliant position work and collected a total of 34 points before missing.

Langdon frequently had trouble with his cushion shots. In his tenth frame he had a good session at the table and collected eighteen points. Again in the twelfth inning he had the ivories rolling favorably and registered sixteen markers before missing.

The score:

Charles Worcester, (115 points.)—2 17 2 1 9 2 0 0 12 0 6 14 1 0 0 0 34 3 0 0 0 8 0 0 4—115. Average, 4 15-25. High runs, 34, 17, and 14.

J. R. Langdon, (115 points.)—0 4 0 0 8 0 0 3 9 18 1 16 0 4 5 0 6 1 2 0 1 3 1 8—90. Average, 3 18-24. High runs, 18 and 16.

Dodd Will Ride in England.

John W. Dodd, an English jockey who has been in America for several years, has accepted an engagement to ride for Mr. Benson in England. He was in Havana during the Winter, and has arrived here awaiting the sailing of the Lapland on April 10.

Your experience with a Manhattan Shirt tends to strengthen your first impression.

The generous fullness not only adds to your comfort but relieves fabric strain and prolongs wear.

The details have been as carefully developed as have the essentials—even a Manhattan buttonhole is Manhattan quality.

Patterns are of Manhattan design, woven and fast dyed in their famous Solway Mill.

Fairly, the only proper comparison is with finest Custom made garments.

Satisfactory Wear Guaranteed

These stores are America's largest distributors of Manhattan Shirts. $3 to $13.50.

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Clothiers, Haberdashers & Hatters—Eleven Stores

*241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway *1185 Broadway
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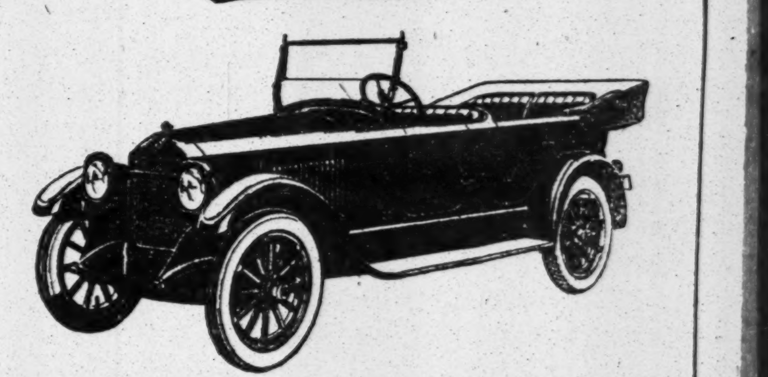
20 Cortlandt *30 Broad *42nd and Fifth Avenue

*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

Studebaker



The New BIG-SIX

Standard equipment includes Cord Tires, Shock Absorbers and silver-faced Jeweled Clock.

THE riding qualities of the New Studebaker Seven-Passenger Big-Six are truly wonderful. The extra long springs, the minimum of unsprung weight, the scientific Hotchkiss drive and the refined smoothness of power-application all contribute to a remarkable ease of travel.

Purchasers of New Seven Passenger Big-Six cars are reporting from 14 to 16 miles per gallon of gasoline.

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Tin pocket boxes of 12
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Sealed packages of 12
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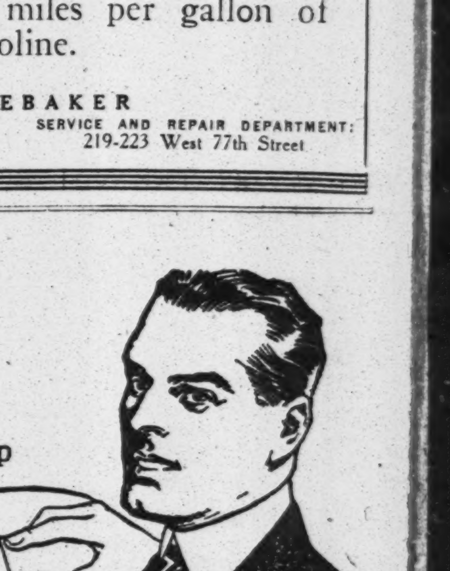
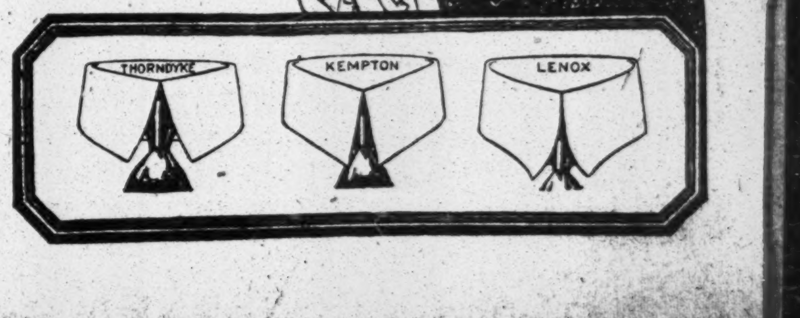
The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

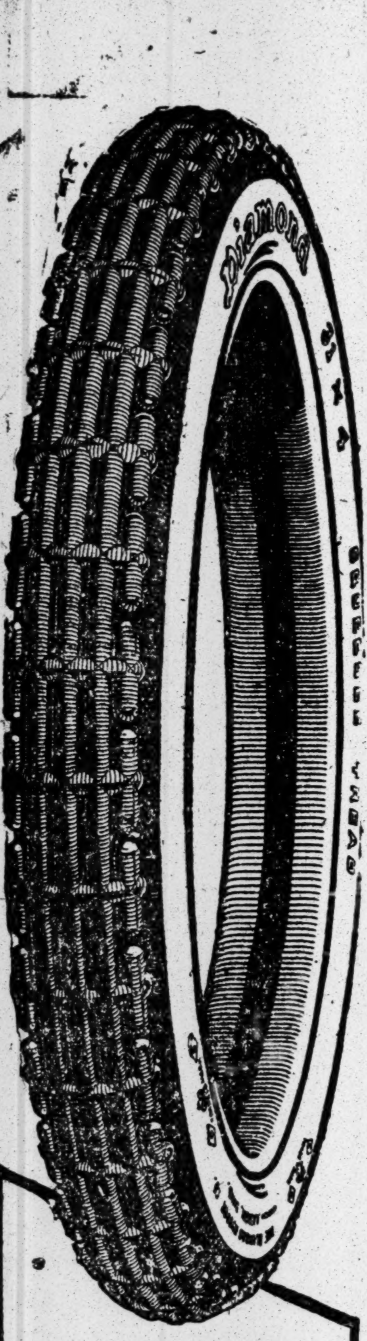
Ide COLLARS

Don't spread at the top



They have—exclusively—*Linocord Unbreakable Buttonholes* which insure perfection of fit and retention of shape.





Diamond
SQUEEGEE TREAD
Tires

You
Wouldn't
Hike In
Dress Shoes

Suppose, for example, you had a lot of walking to do, day after day,

—would you wear flimsy-soled dress shoes?

Of course not—for you'd see to it that your shoes were the tough-soled, substantial, serviceable sort.

The same holds with the "shoes" for your automobile.

You want your car to keep going on one set of tires as long as possible.

Diamond
SQUEEGEE TREAD
Tires

—the tires with the red sidewalls,

—are the tough-treaded, substantial, serviceable tires that will give you the long mileage you have hoped for,

—plus a little more for good measure.

If you want a tire that will make you come back for more, buy one **DIAMOND.**

The Diamond Rubber Co., Inc.
1780 Broadway
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GERMAN OFFICERS WITH MAGYAR REDS

Have Entered Service of Bolshevist Government to Aid in Formation of Army.

PROLETARIAT IN PALACES

Baroness Playing Harp in Cheap Restaurant for Food—Big Traffic in Foreign Passports.

LONDON, April 11.—A number of former officers of the army of Field Marshal von Mackensen, a wireless dispatch from Berlin says, have entered the service of the Hungarian Bolshevist Government. They will aid in the formation of a Red army.

BUDAPEST, April 10, (Associated Press.)—The elections in Hungary for the creation of Soviet Councils passed off without reported incidents, Soviet organizations being formed in the country districts by means of this balloting. The whole process was carried out under the coercion of the Red Army, with the majority of the voters in many places not appearing to know why they were voting.

The work of organizing the country is being feverishly continued. The central feature of the plan is to apply the trust idea to all industries, putting each group of factories—tiles, glassware, hardware, &c.—under one expert, who is made responsible for its operation.

All the clubs and fashionable exclusive resorts have been socialized, including the Park Club. The Jockey Club has been converted into a laborers' home, and the splendid race course, which cost a year's time and $5,000,000 to make, is being plowed up for potatoes.

There is an organization of women's Red Guards functioning now, but its one hundred members are occupying themselves for the most part with propaganda war. Many of the aristocratic women of the city have been reduced to want. Baroness Schossberger, once having property worth a million dollars or more, is now playing a harp in a cheap restaurant for her food.

All the palaces have been converted into resorts for workingmen's societies and clubs. From the home of Count Jules Andrassy has been removed a youthful portrait of Raphael, an art work of great value. Mme. Margaret Karolyi, the widow of Stephen Karolyi, is living in two rooms of her palace. The remainder of the building is occupied by a society of photographers. Count Andrew Tschoni lives in two rooms of his palace with a club of hotel cooks occupying the rest of his home. Red Guards are living in Archduke Joseph's Palace, opposite the Royal Castle, while a musicians' club occupies the palace of Count Nemes.

It is reported that as a result of the political upheaval Ubermann, a well-known violinist, who was engaged to the daughter of Manfred von Weisz, one of the great industrial leaders of Hungary, has broken off the match.

A leading fashionable hotel was originally designated by the Red Guard as a barracks and the guests were notified to quit within a few hours. When Bela Kun, the Communist leader, was informed of what was going on he snapped from the bed in which he was reposing: "What do I care?"

"But the American mission is living there," his informant exclaimed.

On hearing this Bela Kun sprang to a telephone and told the Red Guard to find quarters elsewhere.

NOT TO ASK DEATH PENALTY

Attorney Says Court Will Be Asked to Fix Punishment for Fricke.

The Government is not going to press for the death penalty against Albert Paul Fricke, the first man to be put on trial in this district on a charge of treason during the war, according to a statement made in court yesterday by De Lancey Nicoll, chief counsel for the Government, just before the taking of testimony was begun. Mr. Nicoll said that George Winship Taylor, Assistant United States District Attorney, would prosecute the case.

"Your Honor," said Mr. Nicoll, "Mr. Taylor desires to open the case for the Government. Before he does so, however, I want to announce that in event of the conviction of this defendant, the Government will not ask the death penalty. We will leave the question of the penalty to the sound discretion of the court."

Mr. Taylor then explained to the court the two phases of treason under the law, the first consisting, he said, of waging active warfare against the United States, and the second "adhering to the public enemy and giving him aid and comfort." Fricke, he said, was charged with the second phase.

He described the alleged work of a group of German agents headed by Herman Wessels and Carl Rodiger, a Swiss, who financed German propaganda and also acts of actual hostility to this country. He said that early in 1916 a man named Adolph Richter joined the German Secret Service here. It was Richter who had first brought Fricke to America in 1906, said the prosecutor, and later made him manager of the American branch of the German financial and exporting firm of Richter & Co., at 74-80 Washington Street.

Wessels came to America in 1916, said Mr. Taylor, and Fricke, who had become an American citizen in 1912, was ordered by the Copenhagen branch of his company to "take care of him," Fricke being told at that time that Wessels was a German agent, who had come to this country to try and get German sympathizers to enlist on British ships and destroy them at sea. Fricke, declared the prosecutor, agreed to receive instructions and money and give them to the German agent.

Early in 1917 a woman, Mme. Victorica, came into the story, according to the lawyer. She had been engaged in Germany to come to America, and handle some of the details of the German secret service work, he said. She wanted to meet Fricke, but the latter at that time was ill. Wessels finally, however, arranged a dinner at the Plaza, where the two met.

Fricke, at this time, was paying cash to the other agent, Rodiger, declared Mr. Taylor, although he knew that the latter was an enemy to the United States. The prosecutor related how letters addressed to Rodiger in care of Fricke were intercepted by the Department of Justice, with the result that, early in 1918, Rodiger was arrested as an enemy alien. Through Rodiger the department learned of Fricke's activities, and in May, 1918, he was called to the office of the United States District Attorney, where he told a story letting himself out. But investigations were continued by the American Secret Service, with the result that the defendant was arrested and indicted.

NEW SUIT TO TEST DRY LAW.

Clausen-Flanagan Brewery Asks U. S. Court for Injunction.

A new suit to restrain the Government from enforcing the Prohibition law was instituted yesterday in the Federal Court by the Clausen-Flanagan Brewery. It is the second suit of the kind, the first, now pending, having been begun by the Jacob Hoffmann Brewing Company. Both complaints give the same reasons, that the enforcement of the law will cause great financial damage.

The Clausen-Flanagan suit is directed against Richard J. McElligott, Acting Collector of Internal Revenue, and United States Attorney Francis G. Caffey. The complaint says that malt liquors containing not more than 2¾ per cent. of alcohol are not intoxicating, and therefore are not within the scope of the Prohibition law.

The Clausen-Flanagan Company, according to the complaint, was incorporated in 1909. Its capital stock has a par value of $500,000, and it has an outstanding bond issue of $1,600,000. Concerning the loss the company would sustain if compelled to close, the complaint says that its business aggregates more than $1,200,000 a year, that its real estate is assessed at $350,000, and that its other property is worth $620,000. The company employs 160 men and its monthly payroll is approximately $12,000. Its average net profit, the complaint says, has been approximately $12,000 a year for nine years.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

A New Symphony Orchestra.

A new conductor. A new orchestra. And a handful of new compositions! Rather a large order even for New York at the end of an orchestral-ridden season. Yet this trio of novelties was actually offered at Carnegie Hall last night, when the new symphony orchestra, with Edgar Varèse conductor, played music by Debussy, Alfredo Casella, Bela Bartok, and Gabriel Dupont for the first time. Two Frenchmen, one Italian, one Hungarian. Mr. Varèse is French, and has had cosmopolitan experience. His "legend" is already in circulation. He was assistant conductor under Richard Strauss long before the war. Still more legendary is the tale that he had his finger in the revision of the scores "Salome" and "Electra"; nevertheless, not half so astounding as the patent fact that he has secured guarantors for a new orchestral organization in Little Old Bagdad on the Subway, and that he proposes to make Damrosch and Stransky look like classics before his campaign for musical futurism is finished. If this be the design of this good-looking, upstanding young man, then he made a rather disheartening beginning. The weather was against him. His orchestra sounded like a wet hen. And the audience was too friendly; worse remains, too friendly at the wrong time. Mr. Varèse is said to be a charming man, of musical address, a composer. None of these qualities transpired on this occasion. His baton was leaden, without fire. The general tone quality was opaque. His orchestra was all top and bottom, the various choirs sadly adjusted, the total effect lacking in precision, color, nuance, or eloquence.

Mr. Varèse was evidently nervous. A false entrance in the National Anthem—which was noisily played—proved his nervousness. The Bach number that followed was mere wood-sawing and without character. Of Claude Debussy's "Gigues"—which has certainly been heard here before (?)—it may be said that it lacked rhythmic contours and poetic illusion. Casella's "Night of May" is for low voice and orchestra. It was sung by Madame Ettore Cadorin—she, too, was nervous. Two images for orchestra by Bartok are modernistic. The Village Dance was presented with some swing and vigor. The program closed with a new symphonic poem, "The Song of Destiny," by Dupont, which Lawrence Gilman tells us in his Notes was composed in 1908. The composer died of tuberculosis in 1914. He had talent. He makes much of rather scanty musical invention by his skill in development and evoking atmosphere. A bond of sympathy with that miraculous young poet, Jules Laforgue, also dead from the same disease, no doubt impelled Dupont to select a line from Laforgue: "Berce-moi, roule-moi, vaste fatalité." It was the most satisfactory work of the evening—a commendably brief one—and also the best interpreted. Mr. Varèse will do better this afternoon at his matinée with the same program. His ordeal was a trying one. But the destiny of the new symphony orchestra is on the laps of the gods—or goddesses. Last night the conductor's baton was mightier than the band.

ADVOCATE CHANGES IN AMERICA'S WAYS

Speakers Before Reconstruction Commission Propose Readjustment of Agencies.

URGES STAFF OF EXPERTS

Walter Lippmann Proposes Formation of a Body to Aid Legislators —Discussion of Co-operation.

Fundamental changes in the form of governmental agencies and modifications in methods of controlling industry were suggested last night at the public hearing of the Reconstruction Commission held at the Bar Association, 42 West Forty-fourth Street. Walter Lippmann, one of the editors of The New Republic; Helen Marot, an editor of The Dial; Robert W. Bruere, and Evans Clark, head of the Bureau of Research of the Socialist Aldermen, were the chief speakers. They advocated changes which ranged from the establishment of a permanent bureau of reference and research upon the plan of the present Reconstruction Commission itself, to the abolition of the present form of government, based upon the idea of executive, legislative, and judicial branches, with numerous checks and balances, and the substitution of a unicameral legislative and executive body on the plan of the English Parliament or the Russian Soviet. It was also proposed that the great industries be taken over by groups of workers.

The Committee on Food Production and Distribution of the commission held a meeting yesterday morning in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall. The speakers were Dr. James Peter Warbasse, head of the Co-operative League of America; Dalton Clark, president of the National Co-operative Wholesale Dealers of America; Ex-Assemblyman Abraham Shiplacoff, manager of the Brownsville Co-operative Bakery; Emerson Harris, founder of a co-operative store in Montclair; C. A. White, director of the Bureau of Co-operative Associations in the State Department of Farms and Markets; E. P. Long, and Ben Howe.

Judge Edward F. Boyle presided at the meeting in the evening until Abram I. Elkus, chairman of the commission, came in later.

Mr. Lippmann held that the task of legislation and administration in the modern state had grown so extensive as to defy the powers of the normal machinery of government, and he therefore recommended the formation of a body of experts who would constitute a permanent body of research and consultation, much like the general staff of the Army. Its duties, he said, would be the collection and adequate presentation of information, conference with the various interests concerned in legislation, and the formulation of policies and their translation into concrete measures for the consideration of officials.

Mr. Bruere suggested the taking over of the great industries by the unions, and in this he was seconded by Miss Marot. She also recommended a form of industrial education which would involve the actual solution of problems.

When Evans Clark proposed for the government of this country the formation of a single legislative and executive body with the initiative and recall, which, he said, was essentially what England and Russia had, he was closely questioned by George Foster Peabody and Don Carlos Buel, and this led to his assertion that he thought the Government of Russia the most democratic in the world today.

Caruso Sings in "L'Elisir d'Amore."

Signor Caruso sang to a crowded house at the Metropolitan last evening in this season's last performance of "L'Elisir d'Amore," his remaining appearances in "Carmen" and "Aida" next week being already sold out. With the tenor last evening were Mme. Barrientos, Miss Ellis, Messrs. de Luca and Didur, and Mr. Papi conducted.

FEARS AN EARLY WAR.

Philip Gibbs Sees Safety Only in League of Nations.

Philip Gibbs, the war correspondent, who spoke last night at Aeolian Hall, renewed his plea for closer friendship between Britain and America, and expressed the belief that America would be a greater power than any other nation in preventing future wars.

"The best way," he said, "of repaying the men who died, I think, is to make the world safe against the thing in which they laid down their lives. That is what the world is now trying to do through the League of Nations. It is up to the English-speaking peoples to see that there shall be no more war. If we do not, I believe that another war will come much sooner than many believe."

Mr. Gibbs, who is leaving shortly for England, closed his address by praising the American spirit, and said that he was not going to say good-by, but au revoir.

A springtime longing

Perhaps, like him, you long for the rich blood and vigorous body that would enable you to return to your position. Don't waste time wishing—take Pepto-Mangan, the best of Spring tonics, blood purifiers and reconstructives.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan
"The Red Blood Builder"

Almost everybody needs in the Spring—not a mere temporary tonic or "pick-me-up"—but a preparation such as Pepto-Mangan, which helps to purify and enrich the blood by actually making it over new. It increases the number and nourishment-carrying capacity of the red blood cells. Nothing better to increase the appetite, improve the color, and charge the whole body with new force, energy, vitality and ambition. Easy to digest, agreeable to the taste. Physicians everywhere endorse it. Get a bottle today.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH COMPANY
Manufacturing Chemists, New York

FRIENDLY WARNING: There is only one Pepto-Mangan and that is Gude's. Sold in bottle and package as shown here. Sold by druggists everywhere.

The only book on the one question in the mind of the whole world to-day

The Bolshevist movement under Lenine and Trotzky was engineered and financed, and is being engineered and financed, by Germany.

The only first-hand and authentic account of how this was done is in Princess Catherine Radziwill's

The Firebrand of Bolshevism

The Bolsheviki are attempting to bring their rule of rapine and murder into the United States.

Bolshevism means Anarchy.

Read this book and learn the methods you will have to guard against.

Publishers: Small, Maynard & Company: Boston

Must others enjoy life while you suffer?

USE Resinol
FOR THAT SKIN TROUBLE

That skin trouble makes you feel as though you must creep away and hide. While there is fun and laughter on all sides, nobody seems interested in you. Possibly you could enjoy life as they do if you would but give the Resinol treatment a fair trial. Anoint the red rough spots and irritated places with Resinol Ointment.

For a free trial of soap and ointment write, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

Keep the face and skin well cleansed with Resinol Soap for it contains just enough soothing medication to relieve the clogged irritated pores. For other skin disorders on the body or limbs, the same treatment may be applied.

At all Druggists.

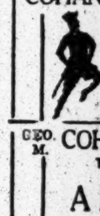
NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE Broadway & 40 St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees TODAY & Wed. 2:20.
"BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
WILLIAM GILLETTE "Barrie's Best Play."—Herald. DEAR BRUTUS

GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
Times—"AN OVATION."—Herald.
OTIS SKINNER IN THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY

LIGHTNIN
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Eves. at 8:30. MATINEES TODAY Wed. & Fri.
AND ANOTHER SMITH & GOLDEN HIT
3 WISE FOOLS
CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.

Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.



The Royal Vagabond Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow."
A Cohanized Opera Comique

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8.20 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY
A Prince There Was
GEO. M. COHAN as the Prince

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
Mrs. FISKE
in "MIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS"
A Comedy of Moonshine, Madness and Make Believe

LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2.30
Most fascinating mystery play ever written
THREE FACES EAST
with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming

KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St.
Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN CORT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15
MATINEES TODAY & WEDNESDAY, 2:15.
THE LAUGHING MUSICAL COMEDY HIT OF THE SEASON
Klaw & Erlanger's Hilarious Success
The VELVET LADY
MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT
ON THE ROOF Ziegfeld 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:20.
Henry Miller, Blanche Bates
Holbrook Blinn, Estelle Winwood
in a new play by Philip Moeller "MOLIERE"

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES

CORT West 48th St. Evs., 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
"'Ullo: 'ere's a 'it." The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

HARRIS West 42d St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Margaret Illington Wilton Lackaye
Robert Edeson Katharine Kaelred
in the Dramatic Sensation "A Good Bad Woman"

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:20.
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" Last 10 Times

Punch & Judy THEATRE, This Evg., 8:45. Mat. Today, 2:30.
Penny Wise with MOLLY PEARSON
Last Two Performances Today.

STANDARD MATINEE TODAY, 25-75c.
B'way, 90 St. THE INVISIBLE FOE
Next Week, "Penny Wise," with Molly Pearson.

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Short Season. TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15. Doors Open 1:15 & 7:15
Ringling Bros. AND Barnum & Bailey COMBINED CIRCUS
THE COLOSSUS OF ALL AMUSEMENTS UNANIMOUSLY ACCLAIMED
EARTH FIRST & ONLY SUPER CIRCUS
Gigantic Zoo—Congress of Freaks
ADMISSION TO EVERYTHING, including seats, 50c to $2.75, according to location. (War Tax included.) Children under 12 at reduced prices, all matinees, except Saturdays, to $1.10 seats and over.
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GARDEN Mad. Ave. & 27th St.
Today at 3 & 8:30
T'm'w 3 & 8:30
LAST TWO TIMES
LOWELL THOMAS
WITH ALLENBY IN PALESTINE
BEGINNING MONDAY NEXT AND LAST WEEK
FREEING HOLY ARABIA
Wonderful Moving Pictures.
Evenings 8.30.
Mats Wed., Sat., Sun.
$1.00 to 25 cents.

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DON'T FAIL TO SEE
JACOB P. ADLER
in his Greatest Yiddish Success
THE POWER OF NATURE NOW IN ITS 4TH BIG MONTH
HIS GREATEST TRIUMPH SINCE "SHYLOCK."
AT THE 2d AVE. THEATRE, 35 2nd Ave. 8466 Orchard.
DIRECTION OF MAX R. WILNER.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today 2:15 Evgs. at 8:15

TOMORROW NIGHT—HIPPODROME ANNIVERSARY BILL
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Regular Prices
SOUSA HOUDINI, BELLE STORY, JULIA ARTHUR, and 50 Stars and 1,000 People who have made stage history at the World's Greatest Playhouse.
THE SUNDAY BILL OF THE YEAR.

LEXINGTON THEATRE
SUNDAY, 13th, 8 P. M.
"Passa Italia"
a new, impressive drama in three acts by Count Magnoni of Rufino. The famous actress Mimi Aguglia will play the leading part. Tickets at Lexington, Consoli, La Blang, Bascom. Tel. connection.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15
Wm. S. Hart, "The Poppy Girl's Husband," Chung Hwa Four, Montana 5, Pvt. Paul L. Bolin, 6 Oths. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Today Mat. at 2. Tosca. Farrar; Hackett, Scotti, Malatesta, Rossi, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Tonight, 8:15, (75c to $3.) Oberon. Ponselle, Howard; Martinelli, Althouse, Reiss, Rothier. Cd., Bodanzky.
Sun. Ev. Concert. 50c to $2. Mazzel, Pianist, Rappold, Marsh; Diaz, Rothier. Orch. Cd. Tyroler.
CLOSING WEEK OF THE SEASON
Next Mon. at 8. Carmen. Farrar, Sundelius, Galli; Caruso, Whitehill, Segurola. Cond., Monteux.
Wed. at 8:15. Mireille. Barrientos, Howard; Hackett, Whitehill, Rothier. Cond., Monteux.
Thurs. at 8. Aida. Muzio, Matzenauer; Caruso, Scotti, Scott, Rossi. Cond., Moranzoni.
Fri. at 8:15. Amore dei tre Re. Muzio, Martinelli, Didur, Chalmers, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2. Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Lazaro, Scotti, Paltrinieri. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 8. (75c to $3.) Barber of Seville. Barrientos; Hackett, De Luca, Segurola, Malatesta. Cd., Papi.
Good Friday AFTERNOON April 18, at 2. Prices: 50c to $2 | Special Concert Programme: Gounod's Gallia, Palestrina's Missa Brevis, Rossini's Stabat Mater.
Soloists: Ponselle, Matzenauer, Sundelius; Hackett, Mardones.
Entire Chorus and Orchestra. Conductor, Setti.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

Century Theatre, 62d & Central Park West. Phone Col. 8800. Evgs. 8:15.
MATINEE TO-DAY
The Most Surprisingly Delightful Musical Comedy on the New York Stage.
"LET'S BEAT IT"
50 ACTOR SOLDIERS OF THE 27TH DIVISION—Profits for Division Fun.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE. 4th St. & 7th Av. Phone Spring 6409.
7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street.
Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
HOBOHEMIA A Comedy of Greenwich Village
SPECIAL MATS. TUESDAY & FRI., 2:30.
SHAKUNTALA The Classic Hindu Love Drama by Kalidasa

POLO GROUNDS TOMORROW AT 1:30
(In case of rain, Sunday following.)
ATHLETIC & THEATRICAL FIELD DAY OF SPORTS, SPECIAL EVENTS & NOVELTIES.
BASEBALL ACTORS vs. SONG WRITERS
BENEFIT OF THE ACTORS' FUND
Seats 50c to $1.00 on sale at all theatre box offices and all theatre ticket agencies.

OPERA TICKETS Seats Mat. today, TOSCA, FARRAR & HACKETT. Mon. CARUSO & FARRAR in CARMEN. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold. 1438 B'way (40-41 St.) Phones Bryant 7877-7878.

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MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
A Carnival of Travesty in 2 Acts and 16 Scenes.

"The World is Mine"
The Winter Garden's Most Stupendous Extravaganza
MONTE CRISTO Jr.
The most beautiful women in the world:
A Reeling Riot of Resplendent Revelry
GORGEOUS AS THE GOLD OF SUNSET.

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Thea.
MORRIS GEST MIDNIGHT WHIRL
at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800

VANDERBILT 48th, E. of B'way, Evs. 8:30 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Brilliant Comedy. 5th Month 126th Time Tonight
A LITTLE JOURNEY
With Cyril Keightley & Ethel Dane.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
George V. Hobart's Fable of Fun.
COME-ON CHARLIE "Thrills and laughter. Rollicking farce."—Sun.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:30.
Rachel Crothers' Newest Comedy "39 EAST"

44TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:10. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:10.
A New Musical Play Take It From Me

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs 8:30. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
LOUIS MANN & SAM BERNARD
FRIENDLY ENEMIES

PRINCESS Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15 Pop. Mts Wed. Orch. Seats $1 & $1 50
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—Herald.

SELWYN HITS
Positively Last 2 Times JANE COWL IN THE CROWDED HOUR Manhattan Op. Ho. W. 34th. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Today. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1 00
TEA for THREE Maxine Elliott's W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30 With Arthur Byron, Margaret Lawrence, Frederic Perry, oths.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th Street. Greeley 1522. Opening Monday, Apr. 14, at 8:30
Theatre Guild Sparkling Costume Comedy Bonds of Interest

MEMPHIS BLUES ORCHESTRA
SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42D ST., SUNDAY NIGHT, APRIL 13.
Big Program! Seats Now, 75c to $2.00.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way, 97th. Mat. Today.
MAYTIME PEGGY WOOD, WM. NORRIS Melvin Stokes, Original Cast.
Sunday Concert 1:30 to 11:30 P. M.

REPUBLIC THEA., W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
(by Arrangement with A. H. Woods) in "THE FORTUNE TELLER"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
COURTENAY & WISE
IN THE FUN HIT "CAPPY RICKS"

FULTON West 46th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce
PLEASE GET MARRIED
with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

Loew's 7th Ave. At 125th St. Evs 25c to $1. KALICH "The Riddle: Woman."
Mat. Today, 25c to 75c. Next W'k, Walker Whiteside, "The Little Brother"

THESE THEATRES GIVE SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERTS
SEATS NOW ON SALE
Winter Garden B'way & 50th, at 8:15. Phone Circle 2330.
15—HEADLINE ACTS—15
Nora Bayes THEA., 44th, W. of B'way, at 8:30. Phone Bryant 61.
WATSON SISTERS, NONETTE, CAMERON SISTERS, Others.
Central THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. at 8:15. Phone Bryant 17.
BIG BILL OF BROADWAY FAVORITES.
★ ALWAYS STAR BILLS ★

LITTLE THEA., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
F. C. Whitney Presents PAPA!
A Lively Comedy in 3 Acts by Zoe Akins With John L. Shine and Jobyna Howland.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10 Sharp Mats. Today & Thurs., 2:10.
JOHN & LIONEL BARRYMORE
in "THE JEST." From the Italian of Sem Benelli.

LAST TIME—This Morning at 10:30.
WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
"THE BEST HAMLET OF A GENERATION."
—J. Ranken Towse, Eve. Post

PLAYHOUSE West 48th. Evenings at 8:20 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY in FOREVER AFTER

Nora Bayes Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15
Great Musical Hit COME ALONG

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15 Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
GOOD MORNING, JUDGE
George Hassell. Mollie King. Charles King.

39TH ST Thea., Ph. Bryant 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
The Play of 1,000 Laughs Keep It To Yourself

! EAST IS WEST
With FAY BAINTER
ASTOR THEA., Evgs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat.

BIJOU Theatre, 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Today & Wed., 2:45.
LAST 10 TIMES
Funniest Farce in 20 Years A SLEEPLESS NIGHT

ARTHUR —HAMMERSTEIN'S HITS—
BIG MUSICAL COMEDY SPLASH
'TUMBLE-IN'
SELWYN THEATRE, West 42d Street
Evgs. 8:20; Mats. Today & Wed., 2:20.
MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL THEATRE, B'way & 47th St.
Evgs. 8:15; Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE
SOMETIME With Ed. Wynn
CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St.
Evgs. 8:15; Mats. Today & Wed., 2:15.

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th | Phone 9590 Col. | Evs. 8:15 | Mat. Sat. 2:15
LAST 2 TIMES Society of American Singers
Today Matinee, 2:15.......... IOLANTHE
Gala Farewell TONIGHT, 8:15.......... ROBIN HOOD

TOBY'S BOW
With NORMAN TREVOR
at the COMEDY THEATRE
41st St., Near B'way.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs.

LYRIC 42d Street, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT | With RICHARD BENNETT | 8TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
THE UNKNOWN PURPLE

BELMONT THEA., W. 48 St. Evgs. 8:45 MATINEE TODAY AT 2:45.
MAETERLINCK'S "A Burgomaster of Belgium" "MAETERLINCK'S NEW PLAY A TRIUMPH."—Eve. Journal

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ONLY JOINT RECITAL THIS SEASON OF
ALMA GLUCK and EFREM ZIMBALIST
Tickets 75c to $3.00. Mail Orders to Van Hugo Mus. Society, 220 West 42d St.

AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY AT 3 P. M.
Second Piano Recital by
CHIAPUSSO
Tickets 50c to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, TOMORROW AFT. at 3.
ORCHESTRAL
Society of N. Y. (65 Musicians)
MAX JACOBS.................Conductor
Soloist, Irene Williams, Soprano.
Tickets 25c to $1.50, at Box Office. No War Tax.

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CARNEGIE HALL, Today at 3 P. M.
Tickets 75c to $3, plus War Tax, at Box Office.
Mason & Hamlin Piano used.

Hippodrome, Easter Sun. Nt. Apr. 20
Final Concert of Season in N. Y.
JOHN McCORMACK
Tickets $1.00, $1.50, $2. Now at Box Office.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Apr. 15, at 8:15.
LETZ QUARTET
Brahms, Kreisler (1st time), Franck.
Ossip Gabrilowitsch, Assisting Artist.
Tickets at Box Office & of Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.

Aeolian Hall, To-night at 8:15
Salzedo HARP Ensemble
Assisted by VERA JANACOPULOS Soprano
Dir. Catharine A. Bamman, 53 W. 39th St.

MEMPHIS BLUES ORCHESTRA
SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42D ST.,
SUNDAY NIGHT, APRIL 13.
Big Program! Seats Now, 75c to $2.00.

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MOTION PICTURES.

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RIALTO Times Square | DOROTHY GISH in "PEPPY POLLY" Trio from "FAUST" RIALTO ORCHESTRA

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CHARLIE CHAPLIN, "The Rink"

81st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3 9 8 8
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Also Greater VAUDEVILLE
BARGAIN MAT. TO-DAY & TO-MORROW 20c and 30c, Including Tax.

STRAND B'way at 47th St. JOHN BARRYMORE in "The Test of Honor," Briggs' Comedy, Soloists. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF 10, 20, 30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
KITTY GORDON in "THE SCAR."

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ISADORA DUNCAN DANCERS AND GEORGE COPELAND PIANIST
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WALTER HAMPDEN AS HAMLET
WITH THE CAST NOW PLAYING AT THE SHAKESPEARE PLAYHOUSE, PLYMOUTH THEATRE.
Tickets Now 50c-$2.00

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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1919.

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THE PRICE-FIXING POLICY.

At the end of the week it was said that the difference of opinion regarding the fixing of prices for railways and other consumers of similar products would be taken to President WILSON. It is already known that in his opinion, under conditions like the present, there ought to be but one price, a reasonable one for all alike, whether public or private buyers. Therefore the prospect is good that he would say to the Director General, as he said to a labor leader, "Will you co-operate, or will you obstruct?" the policy of the Administration, confirmed by the agreement of those most interested in the trade in the articles which the Director General refuses to buy. The fact that he refuses to buy sufficiently meets the objection that the prices are fixed, in the sense that they are compulsory. Nobody is compelled either to buy or to sell. Merely there is a standard set up, a rule of reason for those who are ready to buy if others are not buying more cheaply, and above which sellers would ask more only by exposing themselves to suspicion of selling too high. The objection to price fixing by law is that such prices do not vary with conditions. The Director General is within his rights in using his discretion. If he did not do so, there would be prima facie proof of conspiracy in restraint of trade. As the case stands there is a presumption that he is the restrainer of trade, and that both he and the public will suffer if he compels the price scale, raised abnormally by war, to fall with a crash instead of under regulation.

Even under private operation railways were affected with a public interest. That is doubly true when railways are under public operation. As an officer of a private company the Director General formed habits of shopping for his materials in markets during peace conditions. Railways are large buyers, good pay, and have resources which enable them to bring other considerations than the payment of a price to persuade producers to be generous. They have been accustomed to buy more cheaply than others. Under public operation they are not free to do so, not even on a mere balancing of the superficial selfish interests of the railways.

They are under stronger moral compulsion to consider the public interest than producers of goods not affected by any public interest. And the railways would lose more than they would gain by buying cheap rails at the cost of impeding the revival of trade in all other materials of industry. The inconsistencies of the Director General's position are so glaring that it is surprising that they are hidden from him. Consider the wages he pays and the rates he exacts. Then consider that his obstruction of the reasonable regulation of prices is an attack on the wage scale of all other trades, promotive of a cheapness of prices which is a cause of concern when it is considered that prices and wages move up and down together when they move normally, outside of the railway business at least.

The presumption is not in favor of the Director General's opinion against the agreement of many others, when they are supported by undoubted facts. The coal operators say that the Director General seeks to buy below cost, and their good faith is shown by the decrease of production of coal. Railways always have bought their rails relatively lower than other buyers of steel. Rails are now offered more cheaply than other steel products, and the Director General wants to buy them more cheaply still. He holds some railway contracts for rails on prewar orders, and they are more convincing to him than official estimates of present costs. Already his obstruction has chilled the reviving demand based upon confidence that the price agreement was reasonable, and yet he poses as the champion of the public which pays the bills. It certainly pays the railway bills to a portentous total, and ought not to pay more in the shape of trade obstruction. The prices he pays for his materials are not the cause of the dearness of the rates he collects. The cheapening of his materials will not reduce rates, nor increase so that taxpayers will ever notice it the burden thrown upon them by the deficiency of the railway rates compared with expenses. On the contrary, reasonably high prices for the railways' materials on the basis of one price for all will do more to increase railways' earnings than the check to transportation by dullness of trade. The Director General cannot manage so as to separate the railway industry from other industry, and to profit where others lose.

Under present conditions, with present wages and prices so high up the ladder that a fall would be serious and might be disastrous, there is need of a cushion by agreement. The cry of labor is "let wages alone, but trim prices." The cry of producers is "sustain prices if you must pay high wages." The Industrial Bureau took middle ground, and the Director General leads the attack upon it.

MUTINY AT ARCHANGEL.

American soldiers are not often unwilling to fight. There have been regrettable episodes in our military history—three months' men whose time was up going home on the eve of battle in the civil war, militia in 1812 refusing to cross the Niagara River to help hard-pressed regulars because they could not constitutionally be called into foreign service; but the refusal of troops at Archangel to go back to the front has no parallel since the mutiny of some starving Continentals in 1781.

This is a serious infraction of military discipline; there is no need to point out the consequences to the allied troops at Archangel, or to the British, Americans, and Italians now going to their relief, if all our men should refuse to fight. An army whose officers have to explain to it before each battle whether there is any reason to fight or not is not a very trustworthy weapon for national defense, and the Archangel expedition was begun as a defensive measure, as part of the widespread plan—the other parts of which have been abandoned—to keep Russia from falling into the hands of the Germans. Bolshevist propaganda from the enemy's lines has no doubt been at work, and the Bolsheviki will be much inspired by what they regard as the disintegration of a capitalist army.

But the men have something on their side. They pointed out to their officers that "the entire Bolshevist "question was the subject of much "political debate and indecision in the "United States." These soldiers are fighting the Bolsheviki, with whom they are not formally at war. While they are fighting under conditions of great discomfort, a fully organized diplomatic and economic mission from the enemy with whom they are engaged is in New York, sending out its propaganda undisturbed, trying to establish commercial relations with American citizens, and endeavoring to get formal recognition from our Government. Special missions sent into the territory of the enemy whom these soldiers are fighting bring back reports that he is a good fellow, after all, and that we ought to make friends with him. Our Government invited him to come and talk it over at Prinkipo.

But above and beyond these diplomatic transactions, a thing that must impress the army at Archangel is that we are not fighting this enemy anywhere else. Our Government has expressly refused to fight him or his allies in Central Europe. Our troops have gone into Siberia, but their officers have refused to assist the Japanese in action because "they were "not sent there to fight the Bolshe-"viki." What were the troops in Archangel sent for? They do not know. We have neither peace nor war with Bolshevist Russia, our Government seems totally unable to make up its mind whether it wants peace or war. In the circumstances, soldiers who are engaged in a war which their Government refuses to support on any other front may not unnaturally wonder why they are being made the scapegoats of irresolution.

SOME A-B-C'S.

Mr. BROCKDORFF-RANTZAU says that Germany will stick to the Fourteen Points, meaning to her own interpretation of the Fourteen Points. The Paris Matin, expressing the widespread fear of France that Germany will be saved by "imprudent pity," reminds us that in the richest districts of France "there will be no harvest "next Summer but the crop of crosses "on the graves." Le Matin fears, the Germans hope, that because of the undeniable fact that there is a limit beyond which reparation cannot be exacted from the German people without killing the willingness to work on which adequate reparation depends, the Peace Conference may once more hesitate, palter, and finally make some concession to the enemy.

It seems to be time to recall a few quite elementary and obvious facts of current international politics, which ought to be fixed forever in every man's memory, but which we have seen are too easily forgotten. Some of these facts are the following: Germany started the war. France was forced into it against her will by German aggression. Every cent spent by France and England and Italy and America—and Belgium—in fighting the war to victory was an expense directly necessitated by Germany's attack on the world. German industries are still intact, German fields are unravaged. French and Belgian industries have been blotted out and French land made untillable wherever the Germans have been.

Germany made conquered nations and occupied territories pay her war expenses so far as the most ingenious exactions made possible. If she had won, she would have exacted the rest of her war costs from what remained of France and England and Italy and America, and there would have been no more Belgium.

Nobody but Germany dares to deny any of these things, but many people seem anxious to forget them. Let us consider carefully just how much it is possible and expedient to collect from the Germans; but let us not forget that they are responsible for the whole war cost of the world, and that the larger the percentage of that debt we can collect the less injustice will be done to taxpayers of the nations which fought in self-defense. And let us remember that several competent observers declare that, however much the Germans talk, they will sign the peace terms that we impose.

A "PARLIAMENTARY CRISIS."

It is difficult to take too seriously the prophecies of the "immediate Parliamentary crisis" in Great Britain. The utter division of parties, the formation of groups, the fact that the last election was a personal triumph for Mr. LLOYD GEORGE on an improvised popular collection of policies that no sober statesman could expect fully to carry out, that even his "personal" triumph was a hurried popular verdict for the successful conduct of the war; that a large portion, including especially the soldiers and sailors, of the greatly extended new electorate did not vote—all these things made the whole election essentially tumultuary and gave a result of doubt and insubstantiality. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, a figure of vital energy as an administrator and an organizer of victory, an orator, a poet of the vivid Celtic type necessarily powerful in a democracy, has risen rapidly to power by methods which he has hardly had time to consider, and not without perilous appearances of ingratitude to his old friends. These are the arts of the politician; and a politician readier to make sudden alliances and more generously careless of the means of political success has not appeared in England since Mr. GLADSTONE's time.

Three hundred and seventy members of the House of Commons, more than half its total membership, have signed a telegram calling on Mr. LLOYD GEORGE to demand and to compel from the German Government payment for the full cost of the war. In the Government elected last December the Coalition Unionists had 334 seats, the Coalition Liberals 127, the Coalition Laborites 10 seats. Thus the vote of the whole Coalition—and it must be remembered that Mr. LLOYD GEORGE has no party of his own—was 471 out of 707 votes. In a vague way, and subject to the natural divisions in regard to reconstruction and labor, all these Coalitionists, together with the Unionists, who won 46 seats, and the obscure National Party, which controlled two votes, could be regarded, at least in December, as Mr. LLOYD GEORGE's. His direct opposition was to be found in the Labor Party, with 65 votes, and among the so-called Asquith Liberals, few in number, only 35, but of distinguished intelligence and parliamentary experience, and the little knot of Independents. Probably only about 50 per cent. of the electors voted. The Pacifists and the Asquith Liberals were terribly defeated. Not since Mr. GLADSTONE's first Home Rule bill, in 1886, or the election in the Boer war in 1900, has there been so small an actual representation of the popular will.

Busy and an opportunist, Mr. LLOYD GEORGE took the gifts that the gods of the ballot provided. The fierce Cockney talk about "hanging the Kaiser," and "making Germany pay" probably amused him. Much has been made of his concessions to the press. The same thing, if in a smaller way, used to be said about Lord PALMERSTON. The fact remains that eminent members of the Geographical Society and the Alpine Club like Lord NORTHCLIFFE and Mr. HORATIO BOTTOMLEY, M. P., conductors of sensational papers, have assumed a ponderous importance, a power over public opinion and a personal direction of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE and the Government, a responsibility for the Peace Conference, and a neat general attitude of running the world, which is either arrogance or represents the actual, and, in that case, to many of us the regrettable public opinion of Great Britain.

Cabinet Government has practically ceased to exist there. That may be the result of the war. Cabinet Government may be revived. What we see now is a round robin, signed by a majority of the members of the House, a laborious attempt by certain members of a press which scarcely keeps up the sane and moderate traditions of the British press at its best, dithyrambs by the amiable CHRISTABEL PANKHURST and our Johnsonian friend, Mr. GILBERT CHESTERTON, a combination of all the talents and most of the mischiefs, determined to drive Mr. LLOYD GEORGE into a certain course or out of office. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, not the less interesting to Americans because his association with Mr. WILSON is among the crimes imputed to him by the attacking combination, is clever enough, possibly, to make head against any combination. In view of the incredible things that he has to do and that he has poetically promised to do, he may fail to rise again. What will strike ancients among us in this passionate hullabaloo against him is the good old sentimental dripping and explosion, worthy of Exeter Hall in its best days.

PROGRESS OF POETRY IN THE WEST.

It is good and gratifying to see that divine song exerts an irresistible compulsive power among the Gophers; and not there alone. Our learned and critical contemporary, The Bellman of Minneapolis, imparts these facts, of no mere local interest, but belonging to the universal field of literature:

> A lady of St. Paul who had composed the music for "My Minnesota," the words of which were written by a gentleman of Winona, having succeeded in getting an act through the State Senate making the joint product the State Anthem, appeared in the Speaker's rostrum of the House the other day, and, unaccompanied, sang her song, asking the members to join in the chorus, which they obligingly did, each after his kind. So much impressed were these legislators by their performance and that of the accomplished vocalist that they passed the bill unanimously; a rare and touching tribute to genius.

These touching tributes to genius are less rare, perhaps, than our Minneapolis contemporary, not without a certain desire to be superior and distinguished, vainly imagines. Of the musical score of "My Minnesota" all of us who love great art married to literature will believe the best. The rhyme, the rhythm, the music as of eagles Aeschylean, and SAPPHO singing in the nightingale of this masterpiece of the Winona school will be sufficiently appreciated from the first stanza, itself not the noblest of a great, ascending, cumulative strain:

'Tis the land where the sturdy fathers
First dwelt in huts of soil
To a house that grandly covers
In peace from weary toil;
Where the jewel lakes abounding
'Mid fields and flowery plain,
Have full harmony, resounding
To Nature's sweet refrain.

If the Minnesota Legislature, or any other Legislature composed of men with the slightest appreciation of the concord of sweet sounds, should fail to pass unanimously any bill composed by the composer of "My Minnesota," the most hopeful among us might well despair of the future of Parliamentary Government and of American literature. Thank fortune, and all the muses and graces, in Minnesota there is still, apparently, plenty of room outside of the Indian reservations, outside of the lakes, where, as the singer of Winona tells us,

Where no tiller's feet are treading
The wealth they do contain.

And far away on the resounding marge of the Pacific, Oregon speaks to Minnesota, the great voice of the new poetry is heard in accents unforgettable. Mr. WILLIAM STEWARD GORDON writes in The Portland Oregonian a new and more resounding "Battle Hymn of the Republic":

Thou hast led us o'er the battlements
of freedom's brazen foe,
Thou art leading us to victory o'er
rampant rum and woe,
We re-enlist for service and our millions we bestow,
For God is marching on.

While majestic, subtle, strong songs and hymns like these roll out of Minnesota and the rest of the Banana Belt and all the imperial West and Northwest and Furthest West, who can help rejoicing in the glorious prospect of the new literary movement? Who can help seeing in those vigorous and original regions the bright beginning, but never the bitter end, of a halcyon and vociferous epoch in letters?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Arizona Flier in France. It would be necessary to quit the domain of history and enter that of romance before finding a story of individual exploits in war that surpassed, or even equaled, the one told this month in United States Air Service about Second Lieut. FRANK LUKE by Lieut. Col. H. F. HARTNEY, who was LUKE's commanding officer during the boy's brief but more than brilliant career as a member of the 27th Aero Squadron. How short and how amazing that career was is expressed in an introductory sentence—"eighteen Huns shot down in seventeen days, and then—death"—but, as usual, it is the details that give a realizing sense of what was accomplished, and how, by this young knight errant of the air.

Knight errant he was, rather than docile member of a modern army, and his unconquerable preference for following his own impulses as against dull obedience to orders would have been tolerated nowhere else than in the Air Service, and not even there had not the results of LUKE's adventures made condemnation of his methods next to impossible.

Assigned in July of 1918 to the Château Thierry sector, there was actually some question at first of his courage because he so often wandered away from the group of aviators with whom he had been ordered to fly and because he did a lot of what the airmen call "barrack flying"—which consists of talk about great things intended but not yet done. In LUKE's case, however, the talking was followed by the doing, and his associates promptly recognized that his courage had but one fault—it lacked the prudence which goes so well with courage.

A Glorious End Achieved. What Lieutenant LUKE would, and often did, attempt was illustrated by his last fight. Starting out alone to attack three "drachens," or observation balloons, he had seen behind the German lines in front of Verdun, he was intercepted by ten enemy machines. He engaged them all, got two of them, and escaped the others by seeming himself to be disabled. His "fall" was from directly over the balloons, and before they could be lowered or protected he shot all three of them in flames. But then LUKE disappeared, and what became of him was not known until after the armistice.

When the Allies entered the village of Murvaux the rest of the story was learned from the peasants. The American had been forced by wounds or the disablement of his machine to descend, but he did not land until he had used his machine gun to the extent of killing eleven of the many German soldiers stationed there. Then he alighted safely in a nearby field and was seen to quit his machine and start for a little stream as if to get water. German soldiers ran up, and either by them or by a shot from further away he was killed. The German officer in command kicked the body and ordered that no one touch it. There it lay till the next morning, when the villagers were allowed to take it, uncovered in a cart, to their cemetery and bury it.

So ended FRANK LUKE at the age of 20. He had lived much, if not long, and down in Phoenix, Ariz., where he was born, they are justly proud of him. He does not lack appreciation elsewhere, for Captain RICKENBACKER says: "Had he lived he would have put me out of business long ago as America's leading ace. I wouldn't have had a show against him."

His Mission Highly Interesting. If there is anybody in the United States who has reason to think that there are no limits to our tolerance for public enemies, it is the man MARTENS, who coolly comes here to New York, declares himself the official representative of what passes for government in Russia, opens an office with a well organized staff of assistants, and proceeds to serve as best he can the interests of LENINE, his acknowledged master.

This ought to be an amazing spectacle to us all, but only the members of the Union League Club seem to be even a little disturbed by it. They alone have done anything about MARTENS, and as yet they have only adopted a set of resolutions which, while accurately describing the situation, are not causing anything like the excitement that might be expected.

For, as an avowed Bolshevik, the object of MARTENS must be to do what he can to carry out the purposes of his superiors—the men who are now, as for some months past, industriously shelling American soldiers near Archangel and trying to drive them into the Arctic Ocean. Incidentally, MARTENS is making an earnest, soulful effort to get hold of a lot of money and money's worth lying here rather loosely, so far as ownership is concerned, but his real, underlying purpose, of course, if he is serving his principals faithfully, is to incite a proletarian revolution in this country and bring upon us the manifold blessings which the people of Russia are now enjoying under Bolshevist rule.

One easily can imagine what would have happened to such a man in the Germany of other days, or what would happen to him now in lands where enemy aliens keep out of jail only by concealing very carefully such intentions as must inspire this "ambassador" of violence and confiscation.

A Way to Help Russia.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are those who have pleaded for a quasi recognition of the Soviet "Government" in Russia, (with the certainty that such a step would be immediately heralded as a virtual indorsement of its basic doctrine of anarchy,) in order to get sympathetic relief to the suffering Russian peasantry. But it should be known that such relief has been rendered by the Red Cross, with no compromising recognition or challenge to any "Government," to the value of more than $6,000,000 during the last five months among refugee women and children, exclusive of hospitals and hospital supplies. This work is quietly controverting the Soviet's teaching and undermining its anarchistic propaganda by proving that America at least is actuated not by autocratic or plutocratic indifference, but by an active sympathy which illustrates the value of democracy. It will bear fruit if its natural effect is not blighted by weakening "commissions," parleys, or suggestions of impossible compromises.

Meanwhile the representative, as claimed, of the Socialist "Soviet Republic of Russia" makes the solemn pledge that such a work, so long as "it did not interfere with internal politics," would be "welcomed and protected." It should be functioned by Red Cross volunteers acting according to its original lines as a "neutral" in regions where no actual war is going on. It would, at all events, be free from the risk assumed when its ministrations are counted as those of "camp followers." There will be no dearth of such volunteers for the service wherein were there violations of the promised "truce," a martyrdom would arouse swift, effectual action for the establishment of order and peace in doing justice for such an outrage.

ERVING WINSLOW.

New Haven, April 4, 1919.

JOKES.

He joked with us for all his lips were blue,
Kidding the doctor and the nurses, too,
But, most of all, himself. He gulped and said
His arms, which now were mangled stumps that bled
(Though God with other thought had planned them straight
And beautiful and strong to guard his mate)
He'd left up there—My God, but he was game!—
To lend a hand to Pershing when he came!
And we, exchanging looks, thanked God for youth
That still could joke, and shut its eyes to truth.

Indifferent ether then unclothed his brain,
The veil of his proud laughter rent in twain,
And in the rift his naked soul tossed bare.
Poor lad, poor gallant lad! No jokes were there!
A broken heart that knew a wild despair—
That prayed, and prayed, with strangled, sobbing breath,
Its Maker for the precious gift of death,
Rather than cruel life should have him go
Back to a widowed mother, crippled so.

Ah, well—God did not choose to hear. . . . Next day
The pale young temple of his body lay
Shattered, but very proud, in spite of pain,
Wrapped in the toga of his jokes again,
That stoutly dressed him all about once more,
So none might guess the dreadful secret store
We glimpsed when ether opened wide the door.

I know God keeps a sacred place apart
Where even angels may not dare to go.
And there, on that still altar of His heart,
He lays the gifts that only He may know—
Brave, broken, secret gifts that men bestow,
Gifts gemmed with laughter, though each silver link
Be wrought from out some great heart-wrung despair—
A place where angels may not tread. I think
That little doughboy's jokes are treasured there!

MARGARET PRESCOTT MONTAGUE.

AMERICA WILL "CARRY ON."

The Senate Will Ratify the Covenant and the People Will Gladly Accept the Responsibilities of a League of Nations.

By DR. CHARLES W. ELIOT,
President Emeritus of Harvard University.

In April, 1917, the American people, with remarkable unanimity, went to war with Germany, hurriedly created a large army and poured out their money lavishly in order to get a portion of that army into the actual fighting in France as soon as possible. At home or abroad everybody joined in the work. What motives prompted the people to these great exertions and sacrifices? Many people, including a large proportion of our soldiers and sailors, went eagerly into the war because they abhorred the German method of carrying on war as exemplified in Belgium and France, and feared that the German power might prove too great for Great Britain and France to resist, and that our turn might come when the European democracies had been conquered. The proposal of Herr Zimmermann that Japan and Mexico should unite to attack our Southwestern States opened the eyes of many Americans to the scope and strength of the German purpose to dominate, and convinced them that we had better take an active part at once in the horrible fighting which had already been going on in Europe for two years and a half. Our soldiers went to the battlefields to "put the Huns down" and to rid the world of them for the future. Now, that object has been measurably accomplished. So far, so good. But millions of Americans had another motive, shared also by our young soldiers. They said with President Wilson: "We want to make this world safe for democracy. It is not safe now. No democracy in Europe is safe. We are not safe. We are ready to spend our sons and daughters and all our money to make democracy safe for the future." That part of the work the American people then undertook is not yet done. Is democracy safe anywhere in Europe today? In France? By no means. Is Poland safe yet? Can she set up a secure republic? Is Czechoslovakia safe? What of Armenia and Syria and Palestine? Are any of these countries safe from outrage and destruction? Not yet. This comprehensive object of America in going to war is not yet accomplished.

Then there was another motive which governed millions of Americans when they went into this war with a tremendous sweep of physical and spiritual energy. They wanted to make this world a better place to live in than it has been for the past generations or for the present. How many a dying soldier has said as he died that he had given his life that his children, or the posterity of his friends, should find this world a better place to live in than he had found it, or than his generation had found it. Those words have been in the mouths of thousands of dying youths whose bodies are buried in France. Is that part of the work to which the American people put its hand done? Is that end accomplished? Not yet.

There is only one means of accomplishing these unfulfilled hopes and intentions of the American people—a league to enforce peace, or prevent war, the smaller the better, if it has force enough. In the hands of that league should be forces, military as well as naval, strong enough to prevent any other power or powers in the world from venturing on aggressive war.

No patriot, no lover of mankind, should be willing to contemplate the possibility of another war like that which has just ceased. Another such war, if nations possessing great industrial forces are engaged in it, will be much more abominable than this one has been. It will be a war chiefly waged upon noncombatants, upon women and children and old people, not upon combatants aligned against each other in trenches or fortifications. Anybody who is willing to look facts in the face can see this. The most effective force used against Germany in this war has been the blockade; because Germany was a country which could not produce within itself enough food for its population, and had always been obliged to import the raw materials of many of its essential industries. For at least two years past, while the German soldiers have been sufficiently fed, the German people at home, except the very rich, have been underfed to the lasting impairment of the vigor of the nation. That is, a blockade wars on noncombatants, and particularly on young women, children, and babies. For years Great Britain, France, and Italy have been providing themselves with airplanes from which to bomb enemy cities and villages, and we Americans were almost ready, when the war stopped, to prosecute the war in this way on a vast scale. It is not possible to aim with anything approaching precision a bomb which has to be dropped from a moving airplane a mile or more above the surface of the earth. In the next war fleets of airplanes will fly high over all boundaries, trenches, and fortifications, and bombard cities and villages filled with noncombatants. The Germans introduced into the war which has just ceased poisonous gases in shells and hand grenades, and jets of fire and poison. The other industrial nations who were at war copied the Germans after some delay; and when the war ceased America was almost ready to put into use huge quantities of worse poisons, both liquid and gaseous, than any that Germany had produced. Every strong industrial nation will hereafter be able to employ amply those horrible means of slaughter. Again, powerful submarines will be freely used hereafter by every nation which has the means of building them. It was an American invention improved upon by Great Britain, France, and Italy, but best developed by Germany, which had not fully proved the power of its latest submarines when the war came to an end. But sea war, with and against submarines, is by far the most ferocious method of warfare on and under the seas that has ever been known. Each party must sink the other at sight without warning and without prisoners, and by preference without leaving any trace of the victims. Undersea warfare is pirate warfare, except that killing rather than robbery is the prime object. In the next war if there is to be any, every nation which possesses great industrial forces will use the submarine method to the utmost. This vision of what the next war will be, if nations of great industrial power engage in it, is too horrible to contemplate. There must be no next war.

The only imaginable means of preventing another war is a League of Nations pledged to prevent war by force. Unless Great Britain, the United States, and France now succeed in constructing a League of Nations capable of preventing war, more horrible war than that we have known since August, 1914, will break out. Europe is full of fight at this moment. There and in many other parts of the world wrongs, injustices, and hatreds exist which are capable of bringing on war as soon as the outraged nations recover from their present exhaustion. The only means of prevention is a firm alliance of the few nations that have conquered Germany, and are agreed in a common purpose to prevent by force aggressive warfare anywhere in the world.

In the face of this supreme need of mankind, details about the structure and functions of this League of Nations have no significance. It must be small at first, because the democracies are few, and because only a few nations have had practice in military, naval, and commercial co-operation against a common enemy. This is the only way now open to mankind to prevent another war worse than the one which has just been suspended for the time being. But some people say, are we to fight war with war? Yes! That is the only way to deal with a burglar or a lunatic nation; that is just what we have been doing for two years past with a clear conscience and some measure of success; but we hope to have force enough behind the League of Nations to prevent any nation or group of nations from risking a contest with the League. Others say that the civilized nations cannot carry the burden of competitive armaments any longer. True! But the League for Peace affords the only means now visible of reducing armaments. It can decree, and enforce its decree, that no nation shall keep any army except one of the Swiss sort. The Swiss Military Constitution has provided for two generations an effective army which creates no military class and abolishes militarism.

Shall the American people then be cautious—as some advise—about taking any responsibility within, or on behalf of, the proposed League of Nations? Shall we fear to pledge the lives of our sons and all we possess to creating and maintaining in permanence this irresistible force, controlled, and only to be used, by the League of the few nations that are of one mind about keeping the peace of the world? Shall the American people now fail to support their own Chief Magistrate who has been leading the world in advocacy of safety for democracy, and of a better world for human kind to live in? The answer leaps to the lips of every true American—soldier, sailor, or civilian. Never! The Senate will ratify whatever covenant the Peace Conference shall bring forth, provided it promise efficiency now and growth in the future, and the American people will cheerfully and thankfully bear whatever burdens and responsibilities it may impose on them.

And yet the country has been forced to listen during the last few weeks to some political partisans and some advocates of secluded selfishness as the soundest policy for America, saying: "Beware of becoming crusaders for liberty elsewhere. Take care of American liberties. Do not risk our sons any more on European battlefields. Call our armies home, and let them go to work for American interests and no others. The war is won. Be deceived no longer by these rhetorical ideals of universal liberty and justice among men. America first. We have got troubles enough ahead here in America. Let us henceforth take care of our own business and our own homes, and leave Europe and Asia to shift for themselves."

The American people will not listen long to any of these nauseous voices. We shall "carry on" to the just and holy end. We shall continue to help make democracy safe and the world a better place for posterity to live in.

Bessarabians at Paris.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read in your issue of yesterday, with a mixture of amusement and regret, an account of a conversation between one of your Paris correspondents and a so-called Bessarabian delegation, composed of Messrs. Kroupensky and A. Schmidt. This delegation, it was said, had come to Paris to put the case of Bessarabia before the Conference and to protest against its union with Rumania.

Mr. Kroupensky, as a delegate of the oppressed, is a vision not lacking in humor, for it is the same Mr. Kroupensky who identified himself during the last fifteen years of Czardom with its worst excesses, member as he was of the Extreme Right, political friend of Stuermer, Purishkevitch, and others of equally sinister fame. Although a man of large means and, as we say, well known for his opposition to all liberal measures before the revolution, he now seems to have developed, in common with some other extreme monarchists, an unexpected partiality for the Bolsheviki. He thinks, doubtless, that they are unconsciously preparing the way for a reaction which will come all the quicker and be all the more sweeping as the ravages of the Bolsheviki will have been more grievous. This reaction would return Mr. Kroupensky to his seat of power; on the other hand, he feels that if Bessarabia becomes a pacified province of Rumania the establishment of a sane and orderly democracy on the Western pattern, precluding the possibility of any reaction, would put an end forevermore to all his hopes.

As for Mr. Schmidt, he is but a minor divinity. Unfortunately, his name smacks really too much of Berlin and too little of a Rumanian province like Bessarabia. In conjunction with Mr. Kroupensky's past there is here, we believe, something deeply illuminating.

The assertion that this strange couple represent in any way Bessarabia is so preposterous that no refutation is needed. However, as they are obviously speculating on the ignorance of the public, I only desire to point out that the Bessarabian Diet, elected by universal suffrage, decided last Spring, by a vote of 83 against 3, that Bessarabia should henceforth revert to Rumania, from which it was unjustifiably torn in 1812 and 1878.

ION PETRESCO.

Washington, April 2, 1919.

Mr. Shiplacoff's Explanation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to say a few words in answer to your editorial of April 7 in which you charge me, among others, with having what Shakespeare would call "cold feet."

Will you permit me to correct you by saying that I have never denied either the words or the intent of my words for which I was indicted?

I want to assure those who are interested that the quashing of the indictment was a great disappointment to me. I had hoped to have a trial, as that was my only opportunity to prove that while I may not be an emulator of Nathan Hale or Maria Spiridonova, the District Attorney was an apt disciple of King George III. and Nick Romanoff.

I feel reasonably certain that all the four whose names were mentioned in your editorial can easily absolve themselves from your charge. In my own case, I am satisfied that I was a victim of no foreign politics, but purely American politics. The probabilities are that if I hadn't become a serious competitor in the candidacy for Congress in the Tenth District I would have had no chip on my shoulder in the form of an indictment.

A. I. SHIPLACOFF.

Brooklyn, April 10, 1919.

SIDNEY DREW.

Today my children came to me:
"Sidney Drew's dead!"
They said.

I hope that Sidney Drew can see,
Even from far eternity
Beyond these pallid April skies,
The tribute of my children's eyes!

LEONORA SPEYER.

DENIES U-BOATS HAD A BASE IN AMERICA

Capt. Bartenbach, Commander of Submarines, Says Raiders Were Outfitted at Kiel.

TELLS OF KITCHENER'S FATE

Asserts Mine Planted by a U-Boat Sank Ship on Which He Was a Passenger.

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BERLIN, April 9, (via Paris, April 11.)—"Germany never had a submarine base in America," said Captain Bartenbach, commander of submarine bases in Flanders during the war. "Nor did German submarines, operating off the American coast, have a mother ship or receive any aid or supplies from shore."

Captain Bartenbach became identified with the submarine service in Germany thirteen years ago, when it was in its experimental stages. He commanded the first German submarine, the U1. He is still in the submarine service and has his office in the Admiralty Building in Berlin.

I asked him the first question regarding the base of submarines in America, because I had often heard it argued that German U-boats could not have operated off our coast unless supported by a nearby base or mother ships. Captain Bartenbach said the submarines that harried the American coast were outfitted and sailed from Kiel and received no supplies on the voyage.

One submarine which visited America was absent five months. It was commanded by Captain Kopenhamel, and reached America in August of 1918. It did not succeed in getting back to Kiel until January of this year. Captain Vonnoskit, who was off the American coast last July and August, was away from Kiel for three months, while another of our unwelcome visitors was Captain Rose.

Captain Bartenbach said the Laconia was sunk by Captain Berger and the Lusitania by Captain Schweiger, both of whom had died when their submarines were destroyed during the war.

Captain Bartenbach said the greatest enemy of the submarine was not the depth bomb, but the anchored mine. The exact figures are impossible to give, but the Captain said about three U-boats were sunk by anchored mines to every one sunk by a depth bomb.

One of the most important duties of submarines, said the Captain, was planting anchored mines. It was an anchored mine, planted by a German U-boat, he said, that sank the British ship on which General Kitchener was a passenger. The mine had not been placed especially to sink Kitchener's ship, but because the Germans made it a practice promptly to place mines along every new route to which traffic would be diverted.

I asked Bartenbach how long the British tied up his operations by attacks on Ostend and Zeebrugge.

"During the entire time of the war," he said, "the channel for the passage of German submarine boats at Ostend and Zeebrugge was never closed for as much as two consecutive minutes. The British attack was a glorious thing, done with splendid audacity and dauntless bravery, but it was an absolute failure from a military standpoint. In the first attempt at Ostend two British boats missed the channel and went ashore; their bones are rotting there now, while in the second attempt the Vindictive found the entrance to the harbor, but was sunk almost immediately. The wreck is still there."

I told Captain Bartenbach that presence of an "oil slick" on the water, after a destroyer had dropped depth bombs, was hailed as conclusive evidence of the destruction of the submarine by the enemy. The Captain said oil and also fresh water was carried by submarines in the outer skin of the boat which was thin and would be pushed in by the force of the explosion of the depth bomb. The oil would be released and would ascend to the surface and form an "oil slick," while the U-boat had received no material damage. If the depth bomb made a clean hit on the submarine, or exploded very close alongside, it would of course destroy the submarine.

The submarine Captain could exercise his judgment when making an attack, but in case of passing a spot full of anchored mines, he must try to go through. If the submarine commander saw that the attacked ships were in convoy with a guard of destroyers, he would simply submerge, let them pass, and wait for a boat without an escort. After leaving his base he would not turn back because of being afraid to go through the mine field.

Captain Bartenbach was positive that none of his submarine commanders ever fired on or rammed small boats in which survivors were attempting to escape from the wreck.

"Any U-boat commander who did such a thing," said the Captain, "would be court-martialed first, for inhumanity; second, for idiocy, because he would be wasting time and ammunition and putting his boat crew in jeopardy to no purpose. Some excited people in small boats after their ship had been struck would sometimes declare the submarine had come up near them and tried to run them down when all the submarine commander was after was to find out the name of the ship he had sunk."

Y.W.C.A. URGES SHOE REFORM

Asks Manufacturers to Give Women Comfortable Footwear.

To make the woman of today both healthful and beautiful the Young Woman's Christian Association says she must have the proper kind of shoe, and she will not wear that kind unless it is as good to look at as it is comfortable. It is up to the shoe manufacturers to make such a shoe, the association has decided, and to see if it can be done there was a conference of the members of its Social Hygiene Department and medical examiners with representatives of twenty well-known shoe firms last Wednesday. The shoe men were interested in the proposition put before them, and said that they would report to their firms. One firm announced that a shoe on the order desired would be on the market in about two weeks.

"The shoes must be made attractive," the Y. W. C. A. representatives told the shoe men, "for the women wish their feet to look pretty, and to do it now they must have backaches, headaches, broken arches, and tired limbs from wearing any of the smart shoes. A prescription shoe no one wishes, as it emphasizes deformities, and a modified shoe does not fill the requirements."

Dr. Anna L. Brown, head of the Department of Social Hygiene; Mrs. Belle Andrews, and Dr. Florence L. Meredith were among the women who spoke on the subject.

A proper shoe, they said, should have a straight inner border, because the foot is by nature straight on the inner side; there must be a curved line on the outside following the line of the toes; a broad, low heel to support the weight; a flexible shank, to allow the muscles of the arch to become strong through use, and the shoe should be low to strengthen the ankles. Besides various aches and pains, a wrinkled brow, and bad posture and walk are caused by the wrong kind of shoes, it was said. Mrs. Andrews suggested a national shoe week, when the dealers and manufacturers and the Y. W. C. A., with its 400,000 members, should get together and put over the idea of a proper shoe in the interest of the health and beauty of the American woman.

RAILROADS TO GET FUNDS FOR MAY

Conference of Bankers with Washington Assures Continuance of Plan.

TO PROVIDE $100,000,000

Hines Makes Formal Announcement of $65,000,000 Wage Increase to 400,000 Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Much of the pessimism as to troublesome times ahead in providing money for immediate needs of the Railroad Administration was dissipated today by an announcement by Director General of Railroad Walker D. Hines, following a conference with railroad executives and bankers, to the ef[illegible] that [illegible] requirements of the [illegible] would be met through the issuance of Government certificates of indebtedness and that the financial institutions were satisfied that the money could be provided in this manner without causing anything like a serious disturbance on the eve of the launching of the Victory Loan campaign.

This solution of the problem assures the funds necessary for meeting interest charges and dividends of May 1 as well as other pressing obligations of the railroads. According to railroad experts approximately $100,000,000 will be needed by May 1, of which sum $60,000,000 must be in cash. The additional $40,000,000 which makes up the total of $100,000,000 will be covered, probably, by the extension of maturities, a step which, it is understood, may be taken without harmful results.

As far as could be learned, the definite program adopted at today's conference did not look forward to meeting requirements after May 1, this matter being left open for the time being. It was reported that the general feeling among the conferees was that President Wilson would call Congress into special session between May 1 and May 15 and urge upon it the necessity of taking up the problems of the Railroad Administration without a moment's unnecessary delay.

There seemed to be general agreement that, should such a development come about, the general situation would be eased up in all directions, and that with the assurance that Congress was preparing to extend aid within a reasonably short time, an actual crisis could be avoided, even though money would have to be raised from other sources than by Congressional action by June 1.

The only formal statement issued following the conference was one in which the Director General announced that the "policy with reference to the April 1 needs of [illegible] companies would be followed, of issuing his certificates of indebtedness to the railroad companies for amounts due on account of rental and other transactions arising out of Federal control."

It is the understanding that the War Finance Corporation will handle part or all of the issue of certificates and that private banking interests will be prepared to advance the money which is not available through the Government agency.

It was decided by the Railroad Administration not to issue an official list of the bankers present at the conference, inasmuch as they came here voluntarily and at the invitation of the railroad executives and were not summoned by the Government. Among those at the conference, it is understood, were Thomas Cochran, representing J. P. Morgan & Co.; Jerome J. Hanauer, of Kuhn, Loeb & Company; P. V. Davis, Vice President of the National City Bank, and Jackson Reynolds, Vice President of the First National Bank. The special committee of railroad executives was headed by Howard Elliott.

There was nothing to indicate that the conferees considered the situation as desperate, or as one which would seriously affect the success of the forthcoming Victory Loan. In fact, there was so much confidence expressed that Secretary Carter Glass of the Treasury Department has decided to announce the terms of the Victory Loan within a day or two.

It is possible that the situation may take a grave turn if the expectations that the Presidetn soon will summon Congress in special session are not realized. But while the conferees would not discuss this angle of the situation, there was an apparent feeling among them that the early extra session was assured.

Issues Wage Increase Order.

Director General Hines, on behalf of the Railroad Administration, announced formally today that wage increases had been granted to the 400,000 train and engine men, which, based on the situation during the calendar year 1918, would aggregate $67,500,000. This total will be cut down somewhat by the peacetime conditions during 1919.

It was stated in THE TIMES this morning that the increases would approximate $65,000,000, and this apparently is about the actual amount which will be paid out in increases under the latest advance during the present calendar year. The increase represents an average of about 10 per cent.

The formal announcement reads in part:

"Since this step practically completes what can properly be termed the 'war cycle' of wage increases to railroad labor, it will be of interest to explain the procedure which the Railroad Administration adopted throughout the war in dealing with its wage problems.

"Prior to the beginning of Federal control of the railroads on Jan. 1, 1918, railroad labor generally regarded itself as grossly underpaid, on account of the great increase in the cost of living, and on account of the much higher wages paid in many other lines of work. In order to deal with this situation, the Railroad Administration gave assurances to railroad labor that a commission would be created to report as to what increases ought to be made, and that any increases adopted would begin with Jan. 1, 1918.

This commission, known as the Railroad Wage Commission, was promptly appointed, consisting of Messrs. Franklin K. Lane, Charles C. McChord, J. Harry Covington, and William R. Willcox. The commission made its report April 30, 1918, and on May 25, 1918, the Railroad Administration issued its General Order No. 27, making increases based on this report.

"To take such supplemental action as might be necessary, the Board of Railroad Wages and Working Conditions was created, consisting of three representatives of railroad managements and three representatives of railroad labor. As a result of the procedure practically all classes of railroad labor had received the necessary supplemental consideration and treatment at the time of the signing of the armistice, but as to the train and engine men the recommendation of the Board of Wages and Working Conditions was not submitted until Dec. 21, 1918.

Completes Cycle of "War Adjustments."

"When the report of the Board of Railroad Wages and Working Conditions on the readjustment for employes in train and engine service was made the Director General was faced with the following alternatives:

"(1) To refuse to make any readjustments whatever because of the present unsatisfactory condition of railroad revenues, in spite of the fact that this class of employes had reason to expect readjustments because of readjustments which had already been made for other classes of employes.

"(2) To establish relative justice between the various classes by cutting down the wages established for the other classes during the war.

"(3) To make readjustments proportionate with those which had been made for other employes.

"Of these three possibilities the Director General is satisfied that only the last was practicable and just and he therefore adopted it.

"Since the order now made as to train and enginemen and the orders about to be made as to dining car and Pullman car employes will establish, in the opinion of the Railroad Administration, a fair equalization on the basis of the standards adopted during the war by the Railroad Administration, it will, of course, be understood that the cycle of war adjustments is thus completed and that further wage questions will naturally be dealt with only in the light of conditions hereafter arising.

Figures Nominal Increase $822,000,000.

"It is estimated that if railroad labor throughout the war year 1918 had been paid the wages actually established by the end of December, 1918, the wage increase in operating expenses for the year would have been $734,811,000 in excess of what the wage increases have been if (and this is an impossible assumption) the work could have been performed throughout the year for the low wages prevailing on Jan. 1, 1918.

"If, in addition, the train and engine men had been paid throughout 1918 the wages now established, and the dining car and sleeping car employes had been paid the wages which are about to be established, and the police forces had been paid throughout 1918 the wages recently established for them, the additional increases on these accounts would have been about $67,500,000.

"Attempting thus to measure the matter by the labor actually performed during the calendar year 1918, the total increase in wages growing out of the war conditions, and the resulting policies firmly established during the war by the Railroad Administration, (and including the wage increases now being and about to be made to complete the war cycle,) would have been $822,311,000, due, however, in substantial part to the excess hours and to the inexperienced labor which came about on account of the war.

"The actual increase during the calendar year 1918 was only about $588,000,000, because many of the supplemental increases did not take effect until the latter part of the year.

"It is anticipated that through the elimination of overtime, which will be unnecessary under peace conditions, and through ability to regain experienced employes who were lost during the war, the total increase in wages would be substantially less on the same volume of business than the foregoing based on the calendar year 1918 would indicate, and, of course, the increase will be less if the volume of business is less.

"As a result of the wage levels established and principles applied prior to the signing of the armistice to practically all other classes of labor, and as a result of the unusually thorough study of the rates of pay proposed for the train and engine men, the present orders, known as supplements 15 and 16 to General Order 27, have been issued.

Comparison Under Federal Control.

"A fair illustration of the substantial effect of these supplements is suggested by the following comparison, which compares the rates of pay in effect immediately prior to Federal control with the new rates of pay, a large part of the indicated increases having been made, however, by General Order 27, which was issued in May, 1918.

"In the East 60 per cent. of the passenger conductors, brakemen and baggagemen are now receiving the higher rate and will get the less increase as shown above. In the West and South 80 per cent. receive the higher rate and will get the less increase.

"The comparisons given are between the new rates and the rates in effect immediately prior to Federal control. A large part of the increases have already been made by General Order No. 27, issued in May, 1918."

Comparison of Old and New Wage Scales

Service, Occupations.	1917 Average.	NowOrderedAv'ge.	Increase Av'ge.
Passenger conductors	$135.00 to $165.00 per mo.	$180.00 per mo.	$15.00 to $45.00
Passenger baggagemen	71.50 to 105.00 per mo.	124.80 per mo.	19.80 to 53.30
Passenger brakemen	68.75 to 90.00 per mo.	120.00 per mo.	30.00 to 51.00
Passenger engineers	4.47 per day	5.79 per day	1.32
Passenger firemen	2.98 per day	4.31 per day	1.33
Freight conductors	4.49 per day	5.40 per day	1.31
Freight brakemen	2.73 per day	4.08 per day	1.35
Freight engineers	5.33 per day	6.64 per day	1.31
Freight firemen	3.33 per day	4.81 per day	1.48
Yard conductors	3.87 per day	5.33 per day	1.46
Yard brakemen	3.47 per day	5.00 per day	1.53
Yard engineers	4.20 per day	5.72 per day	1.52
Yard firemen	2.72 per day	4.25 per day	1.53

ADD TEN DESTROYERS TO FLEET IN MONTH

Total of 438 Vessels Are Building or Have Been Authorized for Our Navy.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—America's battle fleet was augmented last month by ten new destroyers and one submarine besides the superdreadnought Idaho, which will join Admiral Mayo's forces upon their return from Guantanamo Bay within a few days. Five auxiliary ships also were completed in March, and present expectations are that more than 150 additional ships will be delivered before the end of the year.

Vessels commissioned last month included the destroyers Gridley, Williams, Barney, Cowell, Maddox, Foote, Kalk, Hopewell, McDermut, and Laub, the submarine R-4, and the minesweeper Seagull. Four harbor tugs also were completed.

Ships of all classes building now for the navy or authorized number 438, including 10 superdreadnoughts, 6 battle cruisers, 10 scout cruisers, 195 destroyers, 71 submarines, 53 eagle boats, 2 gunboats, 20 minesweepers, and 71 auxiliaries. These latter take into account 12 oil tankers, 3 fuel ships, 2 ammunition ships, 1 hospital ship, 19 seagoing tugs, and 34 harbor tugs.

Six of the superdreadnaughts have been laid down, and one, the Tennessee, building at the New York Navy Yard, will be launched either this month or in May. The California, under construction at the Mare Island (California) Navy Yard, and the Maryland, building at Newport News, are well advanced, and probably will be launched this year. The Colorado and Washington have been laid down at the New York Shipbuilding Corporation's plant at Camden, N. J., but work on the other four has not yet started.

Work on the six battle cruisers has been suspended by Secretary Daniels until he and his three chief technical advisers return from Europe, where they are studying types of capital ships. None of the cruisers has been laid down, but some material for them has been gotten out.

Only three of the ten scout cruisers are under construction, but work on all of them must be started this Summer, as they were part of the immense program authorized by Congress in 1916.

Probably 100 of the destroyers now building will be delivered this year, with the others due in 1920.

Thirty-four submarines also should be completed before the end of 1919, but thus far only sixty-one out of the seventy-one authorized have been gotten under way. Most of the fifty-three Eagle boats and all of the mine sweepers should be completed this year.

Eight of the twelve oil tankers have been laid down and five are expected for delivery this year, with the date of completion of the other seven indefinite. The gunboat Asheville, building at the Charleston (S. C.) Navy Yard, also should be ready this summer, and the Boston Navy Yard expects to turn out the fuel ship Brazos before the end of 1919.

Plan Clubhouse for Air Service.

The National Aeronautic Committee of 7 East 36th street, of which Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer is Chairman, is collecting funds to build a clubhouse for the Air Service Association. The clubhouse will be a memorial and will probably be built in New York, as sites here have already been considered, and plans have been drawn up by F. Burrall Hoffman, Jr., the architect.

Mrs. Newton D. Baker is Honorary Chairman of the committee, and Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. Benjamin Thaw, Mrs. Henry A. Wise Wood, Mrs. Clinton Gilbert, Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, Mrs. William H. Crocker and Mrs. French Vanderbilt Fitzsimons are among the active workers.

Alfred Augustus Robbins.

Alfred Augustus Robbins, President of the A. A. Robbins Mining Company, with offices at 99 John Street, Manhattan, died in his eighty-second year, on Thursday, at his home, 937 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Robbins was born in Harvard, Mass., and came to Brooklyn in 1850. He became interested in manganese mines in Georgia and organized the New York, Feldspar and Flint Pulverizing Company, gradually extending into the general mining field.

NEWPORT HONORS SIMS WITH GALA RECEPTION

Half-Holiday Proclaimed and Whole Town Greets Former European Fleet Commander.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 11.—Rear Admiral William Sowden Sims, United States Navy, who has been Commander in Chief of the United States Naval Forces operating in European waters since the war with Germany, returned home to Newport this afternoon, accompanied by Mrs. Sims. Mayor Jeremiah P. Mahoney, Governor R. Livingston Beeckman of Rhode Island, Congressman Clark Burdick, and Captain Edward H. Campbell, United States Navy, senior naval officer at Newport, met him at Wickford and joined him on the destroyer Sampson, which brought the party across the bay.

As the Sampson approached Newport Harbor all of the craft blew their whistles and the fire alarm gongs were sounded.

Standing near where the Admiral and Mrs. Sims landed were their five children. The Admiral greeted them first and then acknowledged the cheers of his townspeople. A salute of thirteen navy guns was fired, which was followed by a similar salute after the landing by the Newport Artillery Company. A half holiday had been proclaimed and virtually everybody in Newport joined in the reception. After the landing, the party marched under an arch of welcome. In the parade which followed were many school children, naval units, marines, fraternal organizations, Grand Army Veterans, Jewish, Greek, and Italian community organizations, and other local societies.

Leaving the parade a short distance from his residence on Kay Street, Admiral Sims mounted a reviewing stand and reviewed the parade. Immediately after the review Admiral Sims went to his home, where he and Mrs. Sims received the members of the Welcome Home Committee. In his address upon landing Admiral Sims lauded the work done by the people at home during the war, and spoke briefly of the part the navy played.

Admiral Sims will once more become President of the Naval War College on May 1.

Julius Marcus.

Julius Marcus, representative of a number of distilleries of the country, with offices in the Cotton Exchange Building, died suddenly Tuesday night of cerebral hemorrhage at his home, Long Beach, L. I., in his sixty-fourth year. He began business in this city in 1879. He was Secretary for a number of years of the Merchants' Distilling Company of Terre Haute, Ind.

MUST PAY THE BILLS NOW FOR MEN SAVED

Benjamin Strong Tells What Victory Loan Is Meant to Do for Country.

URGES THANKSGIVING SPIRIT

Salesmen for Fifth Bond Campaign at Dinner—Another Dinner Tonight.

Plans for selling the bonds of the Fifth Liberty Loan in this district were discussed at the first Liberty Loan dinner of this campaign at the Hotel Plaza last night. Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of this district, told the 300 guests just what must be accomplished. Dwight Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co. also spoke.

In his speech Mr. Strong said that the vast expenditure the United States had made in prosecuting the war was a real and vital instrument in the defeat of the enemy.

"A vast amount of that expenditure, to my mind, represents," he said, "not the destruction of lives and property, but the saving of lives and property that might have been lost had we not undertaken this tremendous preparation. Those are the bills that we are going to pay. I think we are paying bills, not for the men who lost their lives so much as for the men whose lives were saved by this vast, expensive preparation that finally never was used in its entirety.

"I think if I were to endeavor to impress one thought upon the members of this organization, one principle, in which this work must now be undertaken, it would have no relation whatever to the terms of the loan or to the sacrifice that it may impose upon you to give the time and the effort that is necessary to the selling of it. I believe that we should undertake this next effort in a spirit of the utmost thanksgiving. It's a very small price that this country has paid to win the war, compared to what we might have paid if it hadn't been won so promptly, and this last bill is the bill that we are paying to win the war without that terrible last sacrifice that France and England and Belgium had to make."

Next Tuesday evening Secretary of the Treasury Glass will address the Liberty Loan workers at the first mass meeting in Carnegie Hall. About 2,000 representatives from every Loan Committee in the State will be present.

Another organization dinner for the 140 outdoor speakers in this campaign will be held tonight in the Hotel Astor. Among the speakers will be Mr. Strong, Arthur M. Anderson, Guy Emerson, Vice Director of the Government Loan Organization, and Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Ex-Justice William J. Boyhan.

Ex-Justice William Joseph Boyhan of the Municipal Court of the City of New York, and a former Tammany leader, died yesterday at his home in Patchogue, L. I. He was 70 years old and had been ill from nervous troubles since the death of his wife last July.

When an infant Ex-Justice Boyhan was brought to this country from Ireland by his parents, who settled in the old Twenty-first Ward of New York. After graduating from the College of the City of New York, he continued his law studies at the New York University and was admitted to the bar in 1878. At the same time he had been active in Democratic politics and while studying law was clerk of the City Court. He later became an Alderman from the Twenty-first Ward and until 1907 was Deputy City Clerk. He was elected to the Municipal Court bench for the Fourth District in 1907 and served as a Justice until 1917.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARGARET W. KEILHOLZ, widow of Charles G. Keilholz, who was a member of the New York Stock Exchange, died on Wednesday at her home, 449 Macon Street, Brooklyn. She had lived in the Stuyvesant section for more than forty years.

HARRY WINES RAYNOR, proprietor of Raynor's general store in Manorville, L. I., and a member of one of the oldest families in Suffolk County, died on Wednesday of blood poisoning which developed from a small cut on his hand. He was 38 years old.

Mrs. ALITHEA A. HENRY, wife of Dr. Charles C. Henry, a Brooklyn physician, died in her sixty-fifth year on Thursday at her residence, 664 East Eighteenth Street, Flatbush.

FRANK JACKSON LOGAN, a retired iron manufacturer, formerly of the Logan Iron Works of Greenpoint, which were established by his father, died on Thursday at his home, 285 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 63 years. Mr. Logan belonged to the Riding and Driving Club, the Oakland Golf Club of Bayside, L. I.; the New York Yacht, Union League, Railroad, and Bankers' Clubs.

Mrs. ELSA R. PARKER, wife of Otto D. Parker, a Manhattan attorney, died at her home in Flushing, L. I., on Wednesday, aged 37 years. She was a member of the Queens County Republican Committee and Captain of the Thirty-fourth Election District of the Fourth Assembly District.

Miss MARGARET A. DOWNING, daughter of the late Thomas Downing, a contractor, of this city, died at her home, 150 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, aged 67 years.

ROBERT STEVENSON, formerly for more than fifty years associated with his father in the plastering and masonry firm of James H. Stevenson & Son, in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 117 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in Edinburgh, Scotland, eighty-four years ago.

FREDERICK WASHINGTON BENNET, 62 years old, head of a department of the Charles Williams Stores, died of pneumonia on Wednesday at his home, 503 3d Street, South Brooklyn.

THOMAS CADDOO, connected with the New York Board of Fire Underwriters, died in his thirty-sixth year on Thursday at his home, 505 Chestnut Street, Brooklyn. The funeral services will be held this evening at the home of his sister, 691 Tenth Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MADELEINE W. ALTMAN, widow of Joseph J. Altman and a granddaughter of Colonel Martin Rosienkiewicz, a distinguished Polish patriot, who was exiled to this country in 1827, died on Wednesday at her home, 2,067 57th Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM HENRY WELLBROCK, of the firm of Henry Wellbrock & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, died Thursday at his home, 435 Riverside Drive, at the age of 45 years.

WILLIAM C. ATKINSON, ("Uncle Billy,") 80 years old, who was a tailor helper for Andrew Johnson in the latter's tailor shop at Greenville, Tenn., is dead at his home at Russellville, Tenn.

GEORGE ALEXANDER HARPER, treasurer of the Cohoes Power and Light Corporation and a Trustee of the Cohoes Savings Institution, died yesterday at his home in Cohoes, N. Y.

Dr. EDWARD N. HYLAND, 60 years old, surgeon, died yesterday in Utica, N. Y.

Mrs. AGNES LAIDLAW VAUGHAN, wife of Dr. John Colin Vaughan, of 156 East Seventy-ninth Street, died yesterday morning at Roosevelt Hospital, of pneumonia, following an operation. Mrs. Vaughan was 43 years old.

CHARLES GOODALL, a carpenter and builder, died of pneumonia yesterday. Mr. Goodall was 60 years old and lived at 216 Eighth Avenue.

WILLIAM P. HICKFORD, who until a few years ago was for thirty years a buyer for a New York firm, died Wednesday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. V. Wolfenden of 14 Rodney Street, Glen Rock, N. J., at the age of 80.

JOHN B. MASON, 61 years old, for thirty-six years with the department store of Quackenbuss & Co. of Paterson, N. J., died Thursday night at his home there.

JOHN FRANCIS CROMBY, 60 years old, a retired building contractor, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur G. Clark, Port Chester, N. Y.

DIEDRICH KNABE, President of the Consumers' Brewing Company, died yesterday at his home, 863 West End Avenue, in his eightieth year. The funeral will be held Monday afternoon at Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, 100th Street, near Amsterdam Avenue.

Mrs. SARAH CLARK GOODMAN, wife of the Rev. Frederic W. Goodman and daughter of the late Albert H. and Caroline Alkin Wood, died yesterday, and the funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and Tenth Street.

FRANCIS S. GRAY, real estate dealer, who had offices at 37 Liberty Street, died yesterday. He made his home at the Marie Antoinette Hotel. He is survived by his wife.

Engaged.

COHEN—EISENBACH.—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Eisenbach of 490 West End Av., announce the engagement of their daughter, Marion Frances, to Mr. Joseph H. Cohen; at home Sunday, April 13, from 3 to 6.

Married.

GLUCKSMAN—LEVY.—Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Levy of Kingston, Jamaica, announce the marriage of their daughter, Winifred, to Mr. Emanuel Glucksman in New York City on Thursday afternoon, April 10.

HORTON — PARKER.—At St. Stephen's Church, N. Y. City, Friday, April 11, 1919, Charles Browning Horton to Laura Ighina Parker.

Anniversaries.

BLOOMBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron J. Bloomberg of 472 West End Av., celebrated their 50th wedding anniversary, April 11, 1919.

Died.

ALLEN.—On Wednesday, April 9, 1919, at her residence, 1,101 Westchester Av., Bronx, Ruth Stephens Allen. Funeral services will be held at her late home on Saturday, April 12, at 3 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

BALDWIN.—At St. Petersburg, Fla., William B. Baldwin, in his 80th year, formerly of Newark, N. J. Funeral service will be held at 944 Broad St., Newark, N. J., (Smith & Smith,) on Sunday, April 13, at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Interment in Mt. Pleasant Cemetery.

BASSLER.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Josephine, beloved wife of William Bassler, mother of W. A. Bassler and Elsie J. Clark. Eastern Star services Sunday, 8 P. M., at her late residence 2,288 Aqueduct Av., Bronx. Interment private.

BERNSTEIN.—Celia, beloved wife of Samuel, mother of Mrs. Fanny Nathan, Julius, Nicholas, Jacob, and Isadore.

BLAKE.—Mrs. Charles F., formerly of Lefferts Park, Brooklyn, at her residence, Westwood, N. J., April 10. Funeral at 3:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon.

BREITWIESER.—On Friday, April 11, 1919, John G. Breitwieser, in his 78th year. Services will be held on Sunday, April 13, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

BRYAN.—Lieutenant John Fraser, beloved son of Martha and the late David Bryan, in France of wounds received in action Oct. 25, 1918. Memorial services St. James's Church, 190th St. and Jerome Av., Bronx, Sunday, April 13, at 4 P. M.

BUCKLEY.—Mary A., (nee Heidelberger,) in her 44th year. Funeral private, from her late residence, 219 West 80th St.

COOPER.—Suddenly, in New York, Harry Beam Cooper, only son of the late Gilbert G. and Sarah Beam Cooper, aged 52. Funeral private.

CORSA.—Harriet L., on Friday, April 11, after a short illness. Funeral from her late residence, Madison Av., Queens, L. I., N. Y., Sunday, April 13, 2 P. M.

DAVIDSON.— At his residence, 108 St. James's Place, Brooklyn, April 10, Marshall Ten Broeck Davidson, son of the late Henry Davidson and Lavinia Livingston Ten Eyck. Funeral private. Interment in family plot at Hudson-on-Hudson. Kindly omit flowers.

DOUGLASS.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Frank Howard Douglass, beloved husband of Louise Hamblin. Friends are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 37 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 12, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

EDWARDS.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Friday, April 11, 1919, Matilda Stearns, wife of George B. Edwards. Funeral services at Trinity Church, Elizabeth, N. J., on Monday, April 14, 1919, at 3 P. M.

EMERY.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Annie M. Emery, formerly of Boston, Mass., in her 79th year, at the residence of her niece, Miss K. N. Dingley, Montclair, N. J.

FELSENBERG.—On Friday, April 11, 1919, Octave Felsenberg, aged 65 years. Interment on Sunday at Woodlawn Cemetery.

FISHEL.—At Denver, Col., on April 8, Henry Scott, husband of Eleanora Munroe Fishel and son of the late Leopold H. Fishel. Services at home of his brother, Gustave Fishel, at Babylon, L. I., Monday, April 14, at 3 P. M.

FORD.—On Wednesday, April 9, 1919, Eliza Jane, (nee Carmody,) at her residence, 107 West 69th St., beloved wife of James D. Ford. Funeral services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Saturday evening at 8:30 P. M. Interment Kensico at the convenience of the family. Baltimore, Washington, and Newark (N. J.) papers please copy.

GEWEHR.—On Friday, April 11, at his residence, 733 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, Florenz L., in his 34th year. Relatives, friends and members of Isabella Council, No. 873, K. of C., are invited to attend. Solemn mass of requiem at the Church of St. John the Baptist, Lewis and Willoughby Avs., on Monday, April 14, at 10 o'clock. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

GOODALL.—John. Lying in state, THE FUNERAL CHURCH, B'way, 66th St., Frank E. Campbell Building.

GOODMAN.—On Friday, April 11, Sarah Clark, loved wife of Rev. Frederic W. Goodman and daughter of the late Albert H. and Caroline Alkin Wood. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and Tenth St., at 2 P. M., Palm Sunday. Interment private.

GRAY.—On Friday, April 11, 1919, Francis S. Gray, beloved husband of Ella A. Gray. Funeral services at his late residence, Marie Antoinette Hotel, Broadway and 67th St., on Sunday, April 13, at 3 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

GREENEWALD.—David C., husband of Lina S. Greenewald, Bradford, Penn. Funeral Monday afternoon, Syracuse, N. Y.

HAINES.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, at her residence, 92 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Mary Chapman, widow of Josiah M. Haines, in her 71st year. Funeral services will be held at the Lefferts Place Chapel, 86 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 12, at 4 P. M. Interment at Portland, Me. Boston (Mass.) and Portland (Me.) papers please copy.

HENRY.—Alithea A., wife of Dr. Charles C. Henry, on Thursday, April 10, at her residence, 664 East 18th St., Brooklyn. Services Saturday, 2 P. M. Interment private.

ILSLEY.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Hannah L., wife of the late George F. Ilsley, in her 91st year. Funeral services at her late home, 377½ Gates Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

JUDSON.—At Jacksonville, Fla., April 10, 1919, Harriet Elmendorf, widow of Edward Barker Judson, Syracuse, N. Y., and daughter of the late Rev. Joachim Elmendorf. Funeral at her late home, 980 James St., Syracuse, N. Y., Monday, April 14, at 3 o'clock. Poughkeepsie and Albany papers please copy.

KAY.—At New York, on Friday, April 11, 1919, Margaret Dickson, sister of Colin Campbell Kay. Burial on Sunday at Lennoxville, Quebec, Canada.

KELLOGG.—On April 10, at his residence, 11 East 82d St., John Prentice, dear husband of Ethel T. and son of the late Charles and Ellen Kellogg, aged 41 years. Funeral services and interment private.

KENDALL.—Daniel S., on April 10, at his residence, 3,311 Broadway. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Saturday, April 12, at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Woodstock, Ont., Canada.

KIP.—Leanna, aged 93 years, on April 11. Funeral services Sunday afternoon, 4 o'clock, at the home of her daughter, Leanna Ewing, 1,078 Brook Av., Bronx. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

KNABE.—At his residence, 863 West End Av., after a short illness, on Friday, April 11, 1919, Diedrich Knabe, in his 80th year. Relatives and friends and the various societies of which the deceased was a member are respectfully invited to attend. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, 100th St., near Amsterdam Av., on Monday, April 14, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

LOGAN.—On April 10, 1919, Frank Jackson, beloved husband of Jessie Richards Logan and son of the late Farrell and Amelia Taylor Logan. Funeral services at his late residence, 285 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, at 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Albany (N. Y.) papers please copy.

MARCUS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday evening, April 8, at his residence, Long Beach, L. I., of cerebral hemorrhage, Julius Marcus, beloved husband of Esmeralda E. Marcus, and loving father of Athol Marcus and Mrs. Arthur McFarlane of Seattle, Wash. Funeral service at his late residence on Saturday at 12:30 P. M. Train from Pennsylvania Station at 11:05 A. M. Funeral private.

PHILIP.—Emma Sergeant, beloved wife of Paul Philip of Westfield, N. J. Funeral services will be held at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Westfield, N. J., on Saturday, April 12, 1919, at 12:15 P. M. Interment private.

ROBBINS.—On Thursday, April 10, Alfred A. Robbins, aged 83, beloved husband of Anna Barnes Robbins. Funeral services at his late residence, 937 Kent Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, Monday, April 14, at 2:30 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

ROBERTS.—Entered into rest on April 10, 1919, Margaret Walker Roberts, daughter of the late Alexander Walker of Edinburgh, Scotland, and widow of the Rev. Dr. J. J. Roberts, in the 91st year of her age. Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Trinity, 332 East 88th St., on Saturday, April 12, at 2 o'clock.

ROHDE.—On Wednesday, April 9, 1919, John Herman Rohde, in his 79th year, beloved father of Marie Kuhlmann, (nee Rohde.) Relatives and friends, also members of Mennelager Verein, New York Central Rifle Club, and West Side Taxpayers' Association, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 915 Castle Point Terrace, Hoboken, N. J., on Saturday, April 12, at 2 P. M.

ROY.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, at 10 A. M., Justice Robert H. Roy of 659 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services at the Central Congregational Church, Hancock St. near Franklin Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, April 12, at 2:30 P. M.

RUDIGER.—At her residence, 94 Manhattan Av., Jersey City, on Friday, April 11, 1919, Wilhelmina Rudiger, (nee Dillinger,) beloved wife of Bernhard W. Rudiger, age 26 years. Notice of funeral later.

RUSSELL.—Margaret M., (nee Farrell,) beloved wife of Harry V. Russell and devoted daughter of Thomas Farrell and the late Julia Kelly, April 10. Funeral on Saturday, April 12, at 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 889 Montgomery St., Jersey City, thence to St. Aloysius's Church on West Side Av., where a high requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Holy Name Cemetery.

SCHUYLER.—At Orange, N. J., April 10, 1919, Harriette Jarvis, wife of Frank H. Schuyler and daughter of the late William R. and Elizabeth J. Fosdick of Stamford, Conn. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 130 Hillside Av., Monday, April 14, at 11:45 A. M.

SCULLY.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, William Scully, beloved husband of the late Margaret Scully, (nee Frank.) Funeral from his late residence, 126 West 63d, on Monday, April 14, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Paulist Fathers Church, 59th St. and Columbus Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul, at 10 A. M. Interment in Calvary.

STEVENSON.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Dorothea Graham, beloved wife of Joseph Stevenson. Funeral service at her late residence, 294 Prospect St., Long Island City, on Saturday at 1:30 P. M.

SUSSMAN.—On Thursday, April 10, 1919, Louis, husband of Elizabeth Sussman, (nee Reich.) Relatives, friends, and members of Ancient Lodge, 724, F. and A. M.; Triune Chapter, 241, R. A. M., Double X Coterie Club, are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 289 State St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, April 13, at 4 P. M.

THOMPSON.—April 9, Virginia H. Thompson. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Saturday, 8 P. M.

TITSWORTH.—At Daytona, Fla., April 9, Judson Titsworth, son of Isaac and Hannah Ann Shepard Titsworth, aged 73 years. Interment at Milwaukee, Wis.

VAUGHAN.—On April 11, Agnes Laidlaw, wife of Dr. John Colin Vaughan and daughter of the late Henry B. and Elizabeth C. Laidlaw. Funeral services Saturday, April 12, 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at St. Agnes's Chapel, West 92d St.

WALL.—Suddenly, on Thursday, April 10, 1919, Thomas, husband of Mary C. Wall. Funeral services at his late residence, 319 West 30th St., Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock. Interment private.

WANNAGAT.—Marie, age 64, beloved mother of Otto, Carl, Edward Wannagat and Emilie Grohe. Funeral service Sunday, 2 P. M., at her late residence, Chamber St., near Warburton Av., Bayside, L. I.

WHITLEY.—April 11, 1919, Thomas Whitley, beloved father of Mary T. Whitley, aged 88 years. Services at his late residence, 548 Riverside Drive, Sunday afternoon, 4 o'clock. Interment private.

WILSON.—On Wednesday, April 9, at Renovo, Penn., Allston H. Wilson, only son of the late Allston and Almata Wilson. Services at Gardner's Funeral Parlors, 15 Greene Av., near Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Monday, April 14, 2:30 P. M.

WOOD.—Anna Maria Harper, daughter of the late David Wood and Sarah Bonsall of Newark, N. J., at Carbondale, Penn., on April 9, 1919. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Newark, Saturday afternoon on arrival of Lackawanna 3:25 train.

In Memoriam

BAINES — GRIFFITHS. — Rev. David. Memorial service Spuyten Duyvil Church, Sunday, April 13, 3 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central 2:10 P. M.

WALKER.—In sad and cherished memory of my dearly beloved husband, Alfred J. Walker, Jr., died April 12, 1917.

"Oh for the touch of a vanished hand,
And the sound of a voice that is still."

In Case of Death
Call "Columbus 8200"
FRANK E. CAMPBELL
"THE FUNERAL CHURCH"
(Non-Sectarian)
Broadway at 66th St.
Downtown Office, 23d St. & 8th Av.

Willis F. Mead Undertaker
The most comforting thought to a bereaved family is that "We did the best we could." To such Mead Service will be appreciated. 1939 Madison Ave. Phone 3715 Harlem. Day or night.

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332 East 86th St. Lenox 6652
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THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley
Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.
Lots of small size for sale.

FLORAL DESIGNS
a specialty; moderately priced at $1.00 and up. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

The Ehrich Galleries
707 Fifth Avenue, at 55th Street
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS
BY
MARTIN MOWER
Until April 19th

DUTTON'S
A large variety of cards peculiarly appropriate to the Easter Season
681 FIFTH AVENUE
Opposite St. Thomas' Church

JOHN WILLIS SLAUGHTER, Ph. D.
Subject:
"Thomas Jefferson's Message for Today"
(April 13 is Jefferson's 176th Birthday)
will speak
at the
Public Forum
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street
Sunday, April 13th, at 8 P. M.
The Public Is Invited.

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Avenue at Fifty-fifth Street, N. Y.
On Sunday, April 13th, at 11 Promptly
DR. KRASS
WILL LECTURE ON
"Wanted: A New Religion."
A feature: Questions submitted in writing will be answered by the lecturer from the pulpit.

Gimbel Brothers
32nd St.—Broadway—33rd St.
For Lenten and Easter Services
Books and Religious Articles
My Prayer Book, $1.25 to $4.50

A Prayer Book teaching happiness and goodness. Reflections, Counsels, Prayers and Devotions by Reverend Father F. X. Lasance, 702 pages, size 5⅝x3¾ inches.
Other Books by Father Lasance: The Catholic Girl's Guide, The New Missal, With God, and others.
Prayer and Hymnal Sets, $1.20 to $7.50 a set
Self Pronouncing Bibles, with Ideal Helps, $1.75
Crucifixes, hanging or standing, with rolled gold plate Corpus, $1.10 and up
Bead Rosaries
In attractive Celluloid Cases make appropriate Easter gifts. The Rosaries are of fine quality, imitation cut stone beads, mounted on a heavy gold plated chain. Stones are simulated emeralds, pearls, amethysts, garnets or crystals, complete, $1.59
Recent Arrivals in the Book Shop
The Collectors' Manual, $1.25
N. Hudson Moore
Author of "Old China," "Old Furniture," etc.
A very compact and valuable volume for those who are interested in all kinds of antiques. Profusely and beautifully illustrated.
The Mysteries of the Flowers $1.25
Herbert W. Faulkner
The story of Flowers—what they are like, how they live, how they distribute their seeds, told in thrilling language, with colored plates, illustrations and diagrams.
GIMBELS—BOOK SECTION—Main Floor

Vantine's
The Oriental Store.
Announce, beginning this morning, a
Sale of Men's Imported Japanese Silk Shirts
At $6 Ea.
An unusual opportunity to secure men's negligee shirts of Vantine quality Imported Japanese Silk at a price less than is usually asked for the silk alone.
These shirts are made especially to our order by an exclusive New York shirtmaker, from washable Japanese Silk, imported by us direct from the Orient, and include only this season's newest and most popular patterns, in all sizes from 14 to 16½.
Chinese Pongee Silk Shirts, $3.95
A new delivery of men's natural color Chinese Pongee Silk Shirts, also made for us in New York from imported Chinese Pongee Silk and featured by us regularly at $5.50.
Mail Orders postmarked April 12th filled until supply on sale is exhausted.
A·A·VANTINE·&·CO· Inc.
Fifth Avenue & 39th Street

McCutcheon's
New Gingham Dresses
For Girls 2 to 14 years
On Display beginnng To-day

WE are showing in our windows and on the second floor a new collection of Imported Gingham dresses, for little girls from 2 to 6 years and also for the larger girls up to 14 years of age. All are well tailored and many have fine hand stitching.
You will like the cool blue and white, and green and white checked material, and the girdle and trimming of wide blue or green velvet.
Domestic Gingham Bloomer Dresses from 2 to 12 years at popular prices.
Boys' Wash Suits 2 to 4 years—made of Linen with Dimity Waist, little smocked two-piece suit.
Rompers in Dimity and Gingham.
James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Ave., 34th and 33d Streets
Reg. Trade Mark

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 57th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30, REV. PAUL RADER
of Moody Church, Chicago.
12, SUNDAY SCHOOL AND ADULT BIBLE CLASS.
8, ZACCHEUS THE PUBLICAN: OR A RICH MAN WHO WAS SAVED.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av.
FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"Contributing to Christ's Victory."
8—Third Lenten lecture, with lantern pictures.
"THE CRUCIFIXION."

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
4 to 8 West 46th St.
Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN at 11.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M. Dr. E. H. Dutton, Leader Men's Class, 9:40. Mrs. Merrett, Leader Women's Class, 10.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.
PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.

11 A. M.—"THE FIRST PALM SUNDAY."

The Blindness of the Jews in rejecting their King made the Church possible. The blindness and infidelity of the professing Church are preparing the way for the rejection of the Church and the Coming of Christ to Jerusalem and to the Jews again. The Day of the Jew is at hand.

8 P. M.—"THE FINAL PALM SUNDAY." OUR LORD JESUS CHRIST IS COMING TO JERUSALEM TO OVERTHROW THE PROPHETIC LEAGUE OF NATIONS AND SET UP THE ONLY PEACE GOVERNMENT THAT CAN EXIST WITHOUT WAR.

Dr Haldeman will again protest on Bible ground against the entrance of the United States into the proposed League of Nations. Does a league of nations mean a league of war?

Preaching every night next week except Saturday. "The Ages of God." Illustrated by a Chart. 8 o'clock.

EVERY NIGHT NEXT WEEK EXCEPT SATURDAY!

April 14th to April 18th, 8 o'clock.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
Broadway and 79th Street.

DR. HALDEMAN

will deliver a series of expositions on "THE AGES OF GOD."

Illustrated by his PROPHETIC CHART. This Chart was designed by Dr. Haldeman and is about the first made in America.

Come hear what God has to say about the PAST, the PRESENT and the swift oncoming events of the FUTURE.

Please be present promptly at 8 o'clock.

JUDSON MEMORIAL, Washington Square. 11 A. M., A. Ray Petty, Pastor, Preaches. 8 P. M.—OPEN FORUM: David H. Knott, Sheriff, Manhattan County, "The Abolishing of Capital Punishment."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., CORNER 31ST ST.,
DR. CHARLES A. EATON, PASTOR.
WILL PREACH
AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M. SERVICES.
Eaton Class for Men 10 A. M.
Women's Bible Class 10 A. M.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
5th Av., between 126th and 127th Sts.
JOHN HERMAN RANDALL.
11 A. M.—"The Victory Campaign."
8 P. M.—"The British Labor Party's Program"—in series "Building the New World."

WADSWORTH AV. BAPTIST CHURCH,
179-180th Sts., Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY.
11—"THE TRIUMPH OF OUR KING."
8—"THE HEART-BREAKING DENIAL."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS CHURCH,
145th St. and Convent Av.
Rev. JAMES H. SPENCER, D. D.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES.
Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church—Central Park West & 96th St.
Second Church—Central Park West & 68th St.
Third Church—125th St. & Madison Av.
Fourth Church—178th St. & Ft. Wash. Av.
Fifth Church—Aeolian C. Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
Sixth Church—1,935 Anthony Av., Bronx.
Seventh Church—260 W. 83d St. 11 A. M. only.
Eighth Church—52 East 78th St.
Bedford Park Society—2,562 Briggs Av., on Sunday, 11 A. M. only.

Congregational

LAST SERMON
IN THE COURSE

"WHAT THE WAR HAS TAUGHT US,"

By
DR. JEFFERSON,

SUNDAY EVENING,
8 o'clock,

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.

Soldiers and Sailors
Especially Invited.

SPECIAL MUSIC.

Dr Jefferson
also preaches at 11 A. M.

HOLY WEEK.
Sermon by Dr. Jefferson
Every Evening (Except Saturday)
at 8:15.

MANHATTAN CHURCH,
Broadway, near 76th St.
Dr. McELVEEN at 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ
(Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH. 142 West 81st St. Dr. Finis Idleman, Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. 6 to 8 P. M.—Soldiers' Supper and Social.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE of New York. Founded 1876.
CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 64TH ST.
Sunday Morning, April 13, at 11 o'clock.
Speaker: DR. J. DUNCAN SPAETH of Princeton.
Subject: "AMERICA'S FOREIGN POLICY OF THE FUTURE."

Interdenominational

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Broadway at 120th St.
The Rev. C. Anderson Scott, M. A., D. D., late scholar of St. John's College, Cambridge, and Professor of New Testament Literature and Exegesis, Westminster College, Cambridge, will lecture on "What Happened at Pentecost," Tuesday, April 15, at 5 o'clock. The public is invited.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. CLARENCE AUGUSTUS BARBOUR, D. D., President of Rochester Theological Seminary.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH,
44TH ST. AND 8TH AV.
REV. A. B. SIMPSON, PASTOR.
Service at 10:30 A. M.
EVANGELIST E. W. KENYON,
of Spencer, Mass., will preach.
Topic: "LOVE."
Evening Service will be held in Carnegie Hall in connection with the Bible and Missionary Conference.

NATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE,
DON O. SHELTON, PRES.,
214 West 35th Street.
8:45 P. M., "KEEPING UP HEART."

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE,
Cor. Broadway and 104th St.
11 and 8, Rev. JOSEPH W. KEMP.

Jewish

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY AT 10:45 A. M.
DR. WISE:
"WHY JEW?"
THE NAME.
THE FAITH
THE PEOPLE.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANU-EL,
5th Av. and 43d St.
Saturday, 10:30 A. M., Dr. SILVERMAN on "How Can One Become Religious."
Sunday, 11:15 A. M., Dr. Silverman on "Americanism versus Bolshevism."
Daily Noon Service, 12:30.
All are welcome.

TEMPLE ISRAEL OF HARLEM,
120th St. at Lenox Av. Dr. M. H. Harris. Today—"The Great Sabbath." Tuesday, April 15—10 A. M., "Searching the Home." 6:30—Passover Seder. Friday, 8:15—"Orphans of France."

BETH-EL TEMPLE,
FIFTH AV., AT 76TH STREET.
REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN,
SATURDAY MORNING (Sermon) 10:15.
SUNDAY MORNING AT ELEVEN.
"ISRAEL'S EVENING AT HOME."

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. and 55th St.—Dr. KRASS lectures today, 10:00 A. M. Sunday, 11 promptly. Subject: "Wanted; a New Religion."

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT.
Broadway at 93d Street.
Rev. Augustus Steimle, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Confirmation Service.
Sermon Topic: "The Final Test."
8 P. M. and every evening during Holy Week at 8 o'clock, General Topic: "The Passion Stations according to St. Matthew. Holy Thursday Evening Service and Holy Communion. Good Friday Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF HOLY TRINITY,
65th St. and Central Park West.
11 and 8, Palm Sunday. Services Holy Week every evening at 8.
Good Friday, Dr. Smith preaches 11 A. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Ave. and 73d St.—Dr. Remensnyder at 11.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, West 104th, near Columbus.
11 A. M.—Dr. Harris, "The Parable of the Palms."
7.45—COUNT ILYA TOLSTOY of Russia, "Russia's Tragedy."
Russian motion pictures and music.

OLD JOHN STREET CHURCH.
Sunday, 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.
Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, 1 P. M. next Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, April 14 to 18.

MADISON AV. CHURCH, 60TH ST.
Rev. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Ph. D., Pastor.
11: Dr. FRANK MASON NORTH,
Pres. Federal Council Churches, America.
8: DR. GEORGE A. SHAHAN.
6-8: Social Tea. Prof. Edw. Lee Earps, Drew.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St. & 7th Av., Rev. JOSEPH W. CHASEY, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—BISHOP E. H. HUGHES, D. D., LL. D. 8 P. M.—Rev. E. L. WILLIAMS, D. D., of Chicago. Rev. W. H. ANDERSON, D. D., Anti-Saloon League.

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST CHURCH,
76th St., near Columbus Av.
11—Dr. ALLAN MacROSSIE.
8—COLONEL HENRY W. HODGE,
Chief of Engineers A. E. F.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Av. and 86th St.,
Rev. RAYMOND L. FORMAN, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Triumph Unsung."
Children's talk—"Semaphore."
8 P. M.—"Unhewn Stones."
10—Men's Bible Class. All Welcome.

UNION M. E. CHURCH,
48th Street, west of Broadway.
10 A. M.—Sunday School.
Preaching by Rev. HALFORD E. LUCCOCK.
11 A. M.—"The Royalty of Jesus."
8 P. M.—"The Things Which Belong to Peace."

New Church
(Swedenborgian)

NEW CHURCH,
35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.
Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor.
Sunday School, 10:15 A. M.
PALM SUNDAY Service, 11. Special. Music. The Pastor will preach. Subject: "THE VISITORS IN HEAVEN."
Special service on Good Friday at 8:30 P. M.

New Thought

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE,
222 WEST 72D STREET.
Sunday, 9:45 A. M.—Truth Sunday School.
11:15 A. M., "The Law and Grace."
Miss EDITH A. MARTIN.
8:30 P. M., "Business," Anna C. Nolle.
8 P.M., UNION NEW THOUGHT MEETING, Chalif Hall, 163-5 W. 57th St., opp. Carnegie. Miss Villa Faulkner Page, Miss Katharine Eggleston, Miss Julie M. Cooke, Mr. Ernest Shurtleff Holmes of Los Angeles.
Miss MARY ALLEN, Presiding.
Monday, 3 P. M., "Good Words Club."
ADDIELEEN STEVENS.
Monday, 8:15 P.M., "Healing," Miss Martin.
Tues., 3 P. M., Miss JULIE M. COOKE.
8:15 P. M., Mr. HARRY GAZE.
Wed., 3 P. M., Open Class, Mrs. Vance Cheney.
3 P. M., Healing, Mrs. CANNON.
8:15 P. M., Miss MARY ALLEN.
Fri., 10 A. M., All Day Service for World Peace. Song, Silence, Meditation, Thanksgiving.
EVERYBODY WELCOME.
Friday, 8:15 P. M., Dr. O. S. MARDEN.
Saturday, 8:15 P. M., SUCCESS FORUM.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S CHURCH,
(Church of Silent Demand.)
Hotel McAlpin (Grand Ballroom) 11:15.
THEODORE G. NORTHRUP,
The Business Man and Master Workman in Science.
HE DEMONSTRATES
It Is Not Theory and Talk With Him.
HE MAKES GOOD.
Sunday Morning,
"20TH CENTURY EQUIPMENT."
Sunday Evening, 8:15, (Room E,)
MRS. T. M. SEWARD.
Thursday Evening, 8:15, Healing Meeting.

FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE.
Tomorrow at 11 A. M.
Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria.
W. JOHN MURRAY, PASTOR.
Subject:
"THE FIRST PALM SUNDAY."
Bible Class Meeting at 9:30 instead of 10 A. M. on Palm Sunday only.

"THE FIRST CHURCH OF LIFE AND JOY."
HARRY GAZE, SPEAKER.
Gold Room of Chalif Studios.
Opposite Carnegie Hall, 163 West 57th St.
Sunday Morning at Eleven.
"DIVINE PSYCHO-ANALYSIS."
All welcome. Bring your friends.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Fellowship of the Life More Abundant.
Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Subject, April 13.
"AN UNEXPLORED TREASURE HOUSE."
MUSIC. ALL WELCOME.

MRS. CHAPIN.
Sunday Morning Services, 11 o'Clock.
THE COMMODORE,
42d St. and Pershing Sq.
"THE TRIUMPHANT LIFE."
Irving Jackson, soloist; also first violinist, Biltmore Orchestra. All welcome.

UNITY SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY,
163 West 57th, opp. Carnegie Hall.
Sunday, 4 P. M. Monday, 3 P. M.
Speaker: MR. ANDREWS of the Unity Society, Kansas City.

DR. AND MRS. JAMES PORTER MILLS hold meetings Sundays at 11, 305 Lexington Av., near 38th St. Subject "The Divine Birthright of Health and Intuitional Knowledge to be Realized Through a New Order of Meditation."

HOME STUDY CLASS, 439 WEST 123D.
Motto: Nothing Higher Than Truth.
Sunday, 8 P. M.—Subject, The Law of Karma. Addalene Menzel, speaker.

Presbyterian

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 57th St.,
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D.D., Pastor.
10 A. M.—Men's Bible Class.
11 A. M.—Rev. Wilton Merle-Smith, D. D.
4:30 P. M.—ROBERT SPEER, D. D.
SPECIAL HOLY-WEEK SERVICES
daily at 5 P. M., except Saturday.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St.
Rev. James Palmer, Ph.D., Associate Pastor.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. ALEXANDER MacCOLL, D. D.,
will preach at both services.
Offering for Home Missions Committee of New York Presbytery.
Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10.
Wednesday, at 8:15 P. M., Midweek Service in the Chapel.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Old First, University Place and Madison Square Foundation.
Fifth Av., 11th and 12th Sts.
11 A. M. Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick, D. D.
8 P. M. Rev. George Alexander, D. D.
SERVICES IN HOLY WEEK.
Tuesday, 5 P. M. Dr. Fosdick.
Wednesday, 5 P. M. Dr. Henry S. Coffin.
Wednesday, 8 P. M. Prayer Meeting.
Thursday, 5 P. M. Dr. Fosdick.
Friday, 5 P. M. Dr. Alexander.
Friday, 8 P. M. "The Crucifixion."

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh St.
Ministers. {William Pierson Merrill. / Theodore Ainsworth Greene.
Dr. MERRILL preaches at 11 and 4. Bible School at 9:40. Men's Bible Class at 10.
NOONDAY SERVICE daily at 12:30.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh St.
HOLY WEEK SERVICES.
Noon Service—12:30-12:50.
VESPER SERVICE every afternoon, except Saturday, at 5 o'clock, with organ recital at 4:30 by Clarence Dickinson.
Monday, Rev. H. Percy Silver, D. D.
Mr. Frank Croxton, Soloist.
Tuesday, Rev. John A. Marquis, D. D.
Mrs. Elizabeth Smythe, Soloist.
Wednesday, Rev. Robert E. Speer, D. D.
Miss Rose Bryant, Soloist.
Thursday, Rev. Wm. Pierson Merrill, D. D.
Miss Inez Barbour, Soloist.
Friday—Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick, D. D.
Mr. Lambert Murphy, Soloist.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 114th Street,
Rev. W. Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Communion at the morning service.

FORT WASHINGTON,
Broadway, at 174th St.
Daniel Hofman Martin, D. D., Minister.
11—Communion of Lord's Supper.
7:45—"How to Maintain the Christian Life."
GOOD FRIDAY SERVICE, 12 to 3.

GREENWICH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
13th St., Between 6th and 7th Avs.
WILLIAM H. MATTHEWS, D. D., Pastor.
SERVICES AT 11 AND 8.

HARLEM-NEW YORK. 11 and 8.
122d St. and Mount Morris Park West.
The Pastor, Rev. Frederick W. Evans, D. D., will preach at both services.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—The Lord's Supper.
8 P. M.—Favorite Hymn Service.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast Corner of 73d St.
HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
4:30 P. M.—REV. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D.
Good Friday Service—5 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
525 West 155th St.
11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Dr. Mackay.

PARK AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Park Av. and 85th St.
REV. HENRY VAN DYKE, D. D.,
will preach at 11 o'clock.
"PEACE ON EARTH BY RIGHTEOUSNESS."
(The League of Nations.)
Also April 20, "Peace and Immortality."
Rev. Tertius Van Dyke, Pastor, preaches at 8.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.,
The Pastor, Rev. DANIEL RUSSELL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
96th St. and Central Park West.
Dr. ROBERT WATSON, Minister.
Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN,
Amsterdam, cor. 105th.
A. Edwin Keigwin, D. D. 11: Palm Sunday sermon. 8: "Mutual Recognition in Future Life." Music, Hans Kronold, 'cellist.

WEST PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 86th St.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor.
Dr. EVANS will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Evening Subject: "THE VICTORIOUS LIFE."
The fourth and last in a series.
HOLY WEEK SERVICES AT 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
8 and 10 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, Dean Robbins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Herbert Shipman.
HOLY WEEK SERVICES.—7:30 A. M., (daily, except Friday;) 4:30 P. M., (daily.) MAUNDY THURSDAY, 10 A. M., (choral.) GOOD FRIDAY, 11 A. M., (preacher, Archdeacon Pott.)
DEVOTIONAL SERVICES at 5 P. M., (daily, except Saturday,) with ADDRESSES as follows: MONDAY, Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, Pastor of Fifth Avenue Baptist Church; TUESDAY, Rev. Chas. E. Jefferson, Pastor of Broadway Tabernacle; WEDNESDAY, Rev. Chas. L. Goodell of Methodist Episcopal Church; THURSDAY, Rev. Henry E. Cobb, Pastor of West End Collegiate Church; FRIDAY, Rev. Wm. P. Merrill, Pastor of Brick Presbyterian Church.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. De Lancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.
Holy Communion.......................8 A. M.
Morning Prayer & Sermon (Rector)..11 A. M.
Stainer's "Crucifixion"...................4 P. M.
HOLY WEEK SERVICES.
Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Sat.
Holy Communion.......................11 A. M.
Evening Prayer & Address (Rector). 5 P. M.
GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES.
Morning Prayer, Litany, and Sermon (Rector).......................11 A. M.
Stainer's "Crucifixion" by full choir.......................1:30 P. M.
Evening Prayer and Address..........5 P. M.

ASCENSION, 5th Av. and 10th St.
Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, Rector.
11—"Our Spiritual Construction," Rector
4—Music, Rossini's "Stabat Mater."
8—Forum: John Willis Slaughter, Ph. D.
"Thomas Jefferson's Message for Today."
(April 13 is Jefferson's 176th Birthday.)
GOOD FRIDAY, APRIL 18.
12-3 P. M.—"The Seven Sayings from the Cross." (Rector.)
8:15 P. M.—Bach's "Passion Music According to St. John."

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE,
89th St., near Madison Av.
Rev. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D. D., Rector. Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M. (Rector,) 4 P. M. Parker's Communion Service in E at 11. DUBOIS' CANTATA, "THE SEVEN LAST WORDS," at 4. Palm Sunday procession morning and afternoon. VIOLIN, 'CELLO, HARP, ORGAN. All welcome.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Ave. and 21st St.
The Rev. THEODORE SEDGWICK, Rector.
Holy Communion..........8:00 and 10:15 A. M.
Morning Prayer (Rector)..............11:00 A. M.
Organ Recital...............................7:30 P. M.
STAINER'S "CRUCIFIXION"....8:00 P. M.
Daily Holy Week Communion, 7:15 & 11:45 A. M.
Daily Services and Address 12:25 and 8:00 P. M.
Passion Service (Rector)..12:00 to 3:00 P. M.
Organ Recital...............................7:30 P. M.
Moore's "Darkest Hour"..............8:00 P. M.

CHRIST CHURCH. Founded 1793.
Broadway at 71st St.
The Rev. JOHN R. ATKINSON, Rector.
Services, 8:30 and 11 A. M., 7:45 and 9:15 P. M. 11 A. M.—Hon. James M. Beck.
"The Moral Basis of the Peace Problem."
7:45 P. M.—Stainer's "The Crucifixion."
9:15 P. M.—Rita Child Dorr, "The Roosevelt Memorial."

GRACE CHURCH,
Broadway and 10th Street,
Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES FOR HOLY WEEK.
PALM SUNDAY.
8:00—Holy Communion.
11:00—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector).
4:00—Confirmation (Bishop of New York).
8:00—Later Evensong (Rev. W. A. Smith).
MONDAY, TUESDAY, AND WEDNESDAY.
8:00—Holy Communion.
11:30—Morning Prayer.
12:30—Noonday Service and Address (Rector).
4:30—Evening Prayer and Address.
THURSDAY.
8:00 and 11:00—Holy Communion.
12:30—Noonday Service and Address (Rector).
4:30—Evening Prayer and Address.
8:00—Service and Address.
GOOD FRIDAY.
8:00—Holy Communion.
11:00—Morning Prayer and Sermon (Rector).
12:30—Noonday Service and Address (Rector).
1 to 3—Addresses (Bishop Stearly).
4:30—Evening Prayer and Address (Rector).
EASTER EVEN., (SATURDAY.)
8:00—Holy Communion.
11:30—Morning Prayer.
12:30—Noonday Service and Address (Rector).
4:30—Evening Prayer and Address (Rector).
The Rector's noonday addresses will be on "The Figures in Our Lord's Passion."

CHURCH OF THE HOLY APOSTLES,
9th Av. and 28th St.
Rev. Lucius A. Edelblute, M. A., Rector.
Services: 8, 11 A. M. Procession of Palms.
8 P. M. Rev. H. Percy Silver.
GOOD FRIDAY, April 18.
10:00 A. M. Morning Prayer and Address.
12 M. to 3 P. M. "Passion Service," Rev. K. L. Tiedemann, O. H. C.
8 P. M. Prayer and Gaul's "Passion Music."

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION,
Madison Av. and 35th St.
The Rev. HORACE PERCY SILVER, Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion. Sermon, (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Special Service, with sermon of the Loyal Legion.

CHAPEL OF THE INCARNATION,
East 31st St., bet. 2d and 3d Avs.
Rev. E. M. H. KNAPP, Vicar.
PALM SUNDAY SERVICES,
8 and 11 A. M. (Rev. Geo. MacKay), 4 P. M. (Italian), 8 P. M., MUSICAL SERVICE (Mr. Richard Donovan, Choir Master.)
Choir assisted by QUARTETTE and SOLOISTS FROM CATHEDRAL CHOIR.
HOLY WEEK SERVICES.
7:30 A. M. daily, 8 P. M. daily except Saturday. Thursday, 8 P. M., in Italian.
Address every evening.
GOOD FRIDAY SERVICES.
7:30 A. M., 10 A. M., and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
Fifth Av., above 45th St.
Rev. HERBERT SHIPMAN, Rector,
Lately SENIOR CHAPLAIN, FIRST ARMY,
Will preach at 11 o'clock service.
"A. D. 33—The Triumphal Entry—A. D. 1919."
Other services, 8 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
20th St. and 6th Av.
Always Open and Free to All.
8:00 A. M. Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M. Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
12:00 M. Holy Communion.
8:00 P. M. Preacher, Rev. Dr. Mottet.
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday.
7:45 A. M. Holy Communion.
12:00 M. Holy Communion.
12:30 P. M. Mid-day Service.
4:00 P. M. Children's Service.
8:00 P. M. Service and Sermon.
Maundy Thursday.
7:30 A. M. Holy Communion.
12:00 M. Holy Communion.
12:30 P. M. Mid-day Service.
4:00 P. M. Children's Service.
8:00 P. M. Holy Communion.
Good Friday.
7:45 A. M. Passion Service.
11:00 A. M. Service and Sermon.
12 M.-3 P.M. Passion Service.
4:00 P. M. Children's Service.
8:00 P. M. Litany and Passion Music.
Easter Even.
7:45 A. M. Holy Communion.
12:30 P. M. Mid-day Service.
4:00 P. M. Children's Service.

ST. ANDREW'S, (EPISCOPAL,)
Corner 5th Av. and 127th St.
REV. GEO. R. VAN DE WATER, D. D., RECTOR,
preaches 11 A. M. Stainer's "Crucifixion" rendered 4 P. M. Mission preaching 8:15 P. M. Large Chorus; Special Solos.
HOLY WEEK.
Daily, 10:30 and 8:15. Mission preaching. Holy Communion Thursday, 10:30 and 8:15. Good Friday—10:30, 12, 3 P. M. Rector. Bishop confirms 8:15 P. M.
EASTER.
7, 9:15, 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
PARK AV. AND 51ST ST.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
Dr. Leighton Parks will preach.
3 P. M.—Sunday School.
4:30 P. M.—Even. Song and Address.
(Rev. Paul G. Favor.)
5:45 P. M.—Rector's Confirmation Conference.

DAILY NOONDAY SERVICES
(except Saturday) during Holy Week.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH,
is on 16th St., East of 3d Av.
ALL SEATS ARE FREE.
Rev. KARL REILAND, D. D., Rector.
SUNDAY SERVICES,
8, 11 (Rector) and 8.
Confirmation Service, 8 P. M.
BISHOP BURCH, Preacher.

SAINT IGNATIUS,
West End Ave. & 87th St.
REV. WILLIAM PITT McCUNE, RECTOR.
Masses: 7, 8, 9:30, 11.
Vespers and Benediction: 4.
Preacher at 11: Father Gaven, S. S. J. E.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 71st St.
Rev. FRANK WARFIELD CROWDER, Rector.
8 A. M.; 11 A. M., (RECTOR); 4 P. M., Ven. J. H. Greig of Worcester, England. Good Friday, 10:30 A. M., (RECTOR); 12 to 3 P. M., (Rev. W. H. VAN ALLEN, D. D., Boston); 8:15 P. M., (ARCHDEACON GREIG.)

ST. JAMES, Jerome Av. and 190th St.
Rev. DEWITT L. PELTON, Ph. D., Rector.
Services, 8 A. M., 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST,
11th St. West of 7th Av.
Rev. John A. Wade, Rector.
Good Friday Union Service, 12 M. to 3 P. M. Seven minute addresses by representatives of the Baptist, Congregational, Episcopal, Dutch Reformed, Lutheran, Methodist, Presbyterian Churches, and also the Salvation Army.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH,
Convent Av. and West 141st St.
Rev. WM. T. WALSH, Rector.
11.—"Palms That Sheathe Swords."
8.—Cantata, "Message from Cross."

ST. MARK'S-IN-THE-BOUWERIE,
Tenth Street west of Second Avenue.
WILLIAM NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector.
11 A. M.—Sermon by the Rector:
"The Prayer for Union and Communion."
4 P. M.—CHARLES FERGUSON,
"Beating the Bolshevik by an Honest Finance." Interrogated by N. M. Redkinson and Urbain Ledoux.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass, Procession, and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 10:45. Evensong and Sermon, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 4. MAUNDY THURSDAY, Low Masses, 7, 7:30, 8:15, 9; Solemn High Mass, 10:45. GOOD FRIDAY, Pro-anaphora, 10:45; three-hour Service, (Rev. S. P. Delany, D. D.,) 12-3; Stations of the Cross and Sermon, (Rev. H. S. Whitehead,) 8. EASTER EVEN, Blessings of the Paschal Candle, 5:15 P. M.

ST. MARY'S, Lawrence St., (128th and Amsterdam.)—Rev. FREDERIC W. GOODMAN, Rector, 8 and 11 A. M., 7:30 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 28 W. 84th St.
Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, D. D., Rector.
Services, 8, 11, and 8.

ST. PAUL'S CHAPEL,
Broadway and Fulton Street.
8, 10:30, (Procession of Palms. Preacher, the Vicar.)
5 and 8 P. M. (ORATORIO AND SERMON. Preacher, Rev. Edward H. Schlueter.)

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th, near Broadway.
Rev. NATHAN A. SEAGLE, D. D., Rector.
SERVICES, 8, 11, and 4 o'clock.
HOLY WEEK—Daily, 11 and 5.
GOOD FRIDAY—12, 2, and 3.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
FIFTH AV. AND 53D ST.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D.D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:30 A. M.—Confirmation Service.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4—Handel's "Messiah," Lenten portion.
8 P. M.—Hour of organ music.
Daily Lenten Services, 12, 5, (Rector.)
Good Friday, 10, 12 to 3 (Rector), 5 P. M.

ST. THOMAS CHAPEL, 230 EAST 60TH ST.,
The Rev. JOHN S. HAIGHT, Vicar.
SERVICES FOR PALM SUNDAY:
8 o'clock, Holy Communion; 9:45, Sunday School; 11 o'clock, Morning Prayer and Sermon—Procession with Palms; 8 P. M., Stainer's "CRUCIFIXION."
Services Holy Week at 7:30 A. M. and 10 A. M. daily; Good Friday, Service 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION,
1 East 29th St.—DR. HOUGHTON, Rector.
Services—7, 8, 9, 10:30 A. M.; 4 and 8 P. M.
SERMON and CRUICKSHANK'S Mass, 10:30.
Preacher Palm Sunday: Morning and 8 P. M. and at Noon and 8 P. M. DAILY, Rev. FATHER HARVEY OFFICER, O. H. C., who will also preach the GOOD FRIDAY PASSION SERMONS, 12 to 3 P. M.
On Easter Even., 8 P. M.,
BLESSING OF Paschal Lights and DEDICATION of five MEMORIALS.

TRINITY CHURCH,
Broadway and Wall St.
7, 8, 9—Holy Communion.
10:20—Morning Prayer.
11:00—Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher: The Ven. John Harold Greig, D. D., Arch-Deacon of Worcester, England.
3:30—Choral Evensong and Sermon.
MID-DAY SERVICES,
April 14, 15, 16, 17 and the Three Hours' Service on Good Friday.
The Ven. John Harold Greig, D. D.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
West 25th St., near Broadway.
8 A. M.—The Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
4 P. M.—Evening Prayer.
4:45 P. M.—Service of Preparation for Easter Communion.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH,
H. P. NICHOLS, Rector.
Lenox Avenue at 122d Street.
"The Elijah," by Mendelssohn,
Quartette, chorus, forty voices, orchestra
Palm Sunday, 8 P. M. Lawrence J. Munson, Director.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rev. Frederick Burgess, Jr., B. D., Rector.
8, 11, (Rector;) 8 P. M., Stainer's Cantata, "The Crucifixion," will be sung by an augmented choir.
Thurs. Eve., 8:15, (Rev. Chas. N. Shepard, D.D.)
GOOD FRIDAY.
11 A. M., Ante-Communion, (Rev. H. M. Denslow, D. D.)
12 N.-3 P.M.—Service of the Passion (Rector)

Reformed

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

HAMILTON GRANGE, Convent and 149th, near Amsterdam Av.—Rev. John A. Dykstra, Minister, 11 and 7:45.
7:45—"What Good Is the Church?"

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM,
Lenox Av. and 123d St.
Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Palm Sunday services.

Reformed

COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF NEW YORK.

THE MIDDLE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. EDGAR FRANKLIN ROMIG, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Service on Good Friday, 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE CHURCH
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D.D., Minister, will preach.
11 A. M., "Hosanna to the Prince of Peace."
8 P. M., "An Honest Book."
Noonday meetings, Holy Week, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, 12 o'clock.
Dr. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS will preach. Musical Service Good Friday, 4 P. M.

THE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
MALCOLM JAMES MacLEOD, D. D., Minister.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Dr. MacLEOD will preach at both services.
Service on Good Friday at 11 A. M.

THE WEST END CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
At 4:30 P. M., Special Music.
Maunder's Cantata "Olivet to Calvary."
Holy Week, Evening Union Services. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday (Communion) and Friday, 8 o'clock. Rev. Drs. Russell McElveen, Goodell, and Cobb, respectively, and others.

THE FORT WASHINGTON CHURCH,
Fort Washington Av. and 181st St.
Rev. IRVING H. BERG, D.D., Minister.
Rev. THOMAS McBRIDE NICHOLS will preach at 11 A. M.
Dr. BERG at 8 P. M.
Evening subject: "Time and Money."
On Thursday evening, 8 o'clock,
Union Communion Service.
On Good Friday, 12 to 3, Union Service at Fort Washington Presbyterian Church.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., Manhattan; Lafayette & Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS. Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 15th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., B'klyn.

Spiritualist

CHURCH OF DIVINE INSPIRATION,
Genealogical Hall,
226 West 58th St.
Services—Sundays, at 8 P. M.
Fridays, at 2:30.
Speaker and message-bearer next Sunday, Mrs. S. HIBNER.

FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH,
Circle Studio Bldg., 5 Columbus Circle.
Sundays at Eight P. M. Sharp.
LEARN THAT SPIRIT COMMUNION IS TRUE.
Mrs. M. E. Williams, Inspirational Speaker, will lecture. Messages given.

Theosophy

AT HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,
Broadway, 67th St., Central Lodge, T. S.
Internat'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Sunday, April 13, 8:15 P. M.
Mrs. MAUDE LAMBART-TAYLOR.
"THE MYSTICS OF THE MIDDLE AGES."
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M., Class in "The Secret Doctrine." Friday, 8:15 P. M.:
"ESOTERIC CHRISTIANITY."
Public Cordially Invited.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, (Independent.)
25 West 45th St.—Public lecture Sunday evening, 8:15, "Death." Benoni B. Gattell.

Theosophy

AT 2,228 BROADWAY.
N. Y. LODGE, T. S., FOUNDED 1897,
Internat'l President, Mrs. ANNIE BESANT.
Sunday, April 13, 8:15 P. M.
DR. F. MILTON WILLIS,
"CHRISTIANITY IN ITS PURITY."
FREE PUBLIC CLASSES.
Public Cordially Invited. Lending Library.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH,
Park Av. and 34th St.
11 A. M.—JOHN HAYNES HOLMES
Series on "The Community Church."
(6) "CHURCH AND STATE—A SEPARATION TO BE ENDED."
4:30 P. M., Vesper Services, MR. HOLMES,
(6) "THE WAR'S GREAT CHARTER OF DEMOCRACY."
Special Music—Gounod's "Gallia."
8:15 P. M. Forum: Dr. Norman Thomas, Dr. Henry Neumann, Robert Morse Lovett,
"THE PRUSSIANIZATION OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS."

Holy Week: Noonday Service, 12-12:30.
Daily addresses by Dr. Holmes on "The Social Sins Which Killed Jesus."

ALL SOULS,
FOURTH AV. AT 20TH ST.
WM. L. SULLIVAN, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—"America at the Cross-Roads: Perils and Opportunities."
Last of Six "Sermons for the Time."
Next Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, at 5 P. M., Devotional Services; and Good Friday Service, with special music, at 5 P. M. on Friday.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
corner 121st St. and Lenox Av.
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, Minister.
10 A. M.—Lecture Conference: FRANK BAKER, "JOB AS LITERATURE."
11 A. M.—REV. R. ERNEST AKIN, Sermon: "WHAT'S IN A MAN."
8 P. M.—Forum: LEONARD ORTHWAITE, Bureau of Industrial Research, "LABOR AFTER THE WAR."

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR, (Unitarian,)
Pierrepont St. and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn.
11 A. M.—Rev. JOHN HOWLAND LATHROP

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY,
Central Park West and 76th St.
FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor,
will preach at 11 A. M.
"WHO ARE LIFE'S VICTORS?"
Special Music: Quartette and Choir.
Thursday, 8 P. M.—Communion Service.
Friday, 11 A. M.—Good Friday Service.

Y. M. C. A.

"THE CHALLENGE OF THE TIMES."
JAMES A. WHITMORE.
"The Palms" will be sung by Miss Pearcey.
FORMER GOV. CHAS. S. WHITMAN PRESIDING
West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 W. 57th St., 4 P. M. Men only.

WILLIAM H. HOWE, Sunday, April 13, 3:30 P. M., Bronx Union Branch Y. M. C. A., 470 East 161st St. "The New Thing in Christianity."

DR. FRANK CRANE.
"World Problems and Mine."
23d St. Y. M. C. A., Sun. 4 P. M. (Men only.)

Y. W. C. A.

CENTRAL BRANCH, Lexington Av., (53d St.)
4:30, MR. LESTER H. KLEE, Speaker.
7:30, CAPT. W. G. ISAACS, Speaker,
CHAPLAIN BROOKLYN NAVY YARD.

WEST SIDE BRANCH, 501 West 50th St.
5 P. M., MISS ISABELLE ESTEN, Speaker.

BRONX BRANCH, 329 East 176th St.
4:30, DR. A. A. PFANSTIEHL—Lecture on "Modern Reconstruction Problems."

Other Services

CARNEGIE HALL, 57TH ST. AND 7TH AV.,
TOMORROW AT 7:30 P. M.
ALSO MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY NIGHTS AT 7:30.
MUSIC BY
THE GREAT BILLY SUNDAY CHOIR.
Tali Esen Morgan, Director.
PROF. ARTHUR W. McKEE,
Chicago Soloist.
PAUL RADER, MOODY CHURCH, CHICAGO,
Will Speak at Each Meeting
DR. CORTLAND MYERS,
Tremont Temple, Boston.
BISHOP FRANK W. WARNE, INDIA.
Dr. S. M. Zweimer, Arabia, and other Eminent Speakers will take part.
Afternoon Sessions at 2:30
Mon., April 14, to Wed., April 16,
CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH,
57th St., near 7th Ave.
Mr. Rader will speak each noon, April 14th to 16th, at the Fulton Street Prayer Meeting, 113 Fulton St.
ADMISSION FREE. NO TICKETS
Bible and Missionary Conference.

To-morrow at 4 P. M.
"How to Capture Idea from the Infinite."
By MRS. GENEVIEVE BEHREND
(Only personal pupil of the late Judge Troward of London and India, the acknowledged Master Thinker in Mental Science.)
FREE
AT COHAN THEATRE
Broadway and 43d Street.
FREE INTERVIEWS
MON., TUES., WED., THURS.,
2 to 5 P. M.
Studio 122, Carnegie Hall.

LABOR TEMPLE,
14th St. and 2d Av.
OPEN FORUM—8 P. M.
"Brotherhood! Are You Radical Enough to Stand for It?"
Speaker, NOLAN R. BEST.
FELLOWSHIP CLASS—4 P. M.
"PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION,"
3—"God and Evolution."
Speaker, Prof. E. W. LYMAN.
LECTURE—5 P. M.
"Dostoevski,"
by Dr. Will Durant.

SEARS PHILOSOPHY
makes life livable here and hereafter.
Nothing like it anywhere.
Not better—Not worse—but *different*.
CRITERION THEATRE, Broadway at 44th.
Sunday 11 a. m., F. W. Sears, M. P., Orator.
Subject: "CHASING RAINBOWS."
A BIG lecture by a wonderful man.

ORDER OF CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.
DR. AND MRS. F. HOMER CURTISS,
Returned from their Southern tour.
Sun., 11 A. M.—"The Entry Into Jerusalem." Wed., 8 P. M.—"The Symbology of Good Friday." Healing service daily at noon, 298 W. End Av., cor. 74th. Hall for rent.

PASTOR E. E. FRANKE,
Broadhurst Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'way.
Sun Night, 8 o'clock. Doors open 7:15.
"Should Baptism Be Dispensed With to Aid Church Unity and to Gain Members?"
Seats free. Questions Answered.

JOHN McNEILL,
Famous Scotch Pastor-Evangelist,
Billy Sunday Choir—Tali Esen Morgan.
CARNEGIE HALL, APRIL 28, 8 P. M.
TICKETS EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE,
541 LEXINGTON AV.

"CHRIST'S RETURN NEAR; WORLD-WIDE WARNING EXPECTED; IS IT BEING GIVEN?" Prof. C. T. Everson, noted Bible Lecturer, Sun., 8 P. M., Casino Thr., 39th & B'way. Free. Largest Sunday night audience in city.

RESCUE SOCIETY.
Old Chinese Theatre. 5-7 Doyers St.
Inspiring Gospel Service nightly, 10 P. M.
T. J. NOONAN, Superintendent.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 50 WEST 67TH ST.
Founded by Swami Vivekananda.
Lecture by his disciple, Swami Bodhananda.
"Phychical Experiences," 3 P. M.

Other Services

"WHY DID JESUS DIE?"
Lecturer: I. F. HOSKINS.
Sunday, 3 P. M., Berean Bible Class.
CARNEGIE HALL, STUDIO 61,
154 West 57th St., New York City.
All welcome. Seats free. No collection.

A. A. LINDSAY, M. D., AUTHOR.
Vanderbilt Theatre, 8:30 P. M. Seats free.
"MASTERSHIP—LAWS AND FORMULAS."
25th year specialist in suggestion.
Residence, Hotel Ansonia.

BROOKLYN

Congregational

CENTRAL CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH,
Hancock Street, between Bedford and Franklin Avenues. (Take Fulton Street "L" or surface car to Franklin Avenue.)
Pastor, Rev. S. PARKES CADMAN, D. D., preaches at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS,
(Remsen and Henry Sts.,
near Borough Hall Subway.
Rev. Richard Roberts will speak at 11 A. M. 7:45 P. M., Home Time Service. Miss Lydia Holman will tell of her work among the mountaineers of North Carolina.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange Street.
Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Good Deeds—Memorable Forever."
7:45 P. M.—Addresses by Dr. Hillis on "If Not Germany, Who Is to Rebuild France and Belgium?"
By Mr. W. P. Hamilton, on "Constructive Work of Wall Street."
By Prof. Campbell, on "Making Aliens Out of Americans."

Ethical Culture

SOCIETY OF ETHICAL CULTURE,
Brooklyn Academy of Music, 11 A. M., Dr. HENRY NEUMANN, "Devils Old and New."

Presbyterian

LAFAYETTE AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner South Oxford St.
10:30—Dr. Robert E. Speer.
7:45—Dr. Nehemiah Boynton on "The Atonement in Life."
The Clinton Avenue Congregational Church uniting in the evening.

Protestant Episcopal

CHRIST CHURCH, Bedford Av., nr. Wms. Bridge.—Canon Chase, 7:45 P. M., "Will Gov. Smith Protect the Sabbath from Unnecessary Business?"

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN.
"The World's Greatest Possession."
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av.
Sunday, 3:30 P. M. Men only. Free.
Greatest Men's Meeting in Greater N. Y.

EUROPE'S FOOD PROBLEM.—A comprehensive story of how Europe's food problem is being solved appears in April CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company. Other big features are a directory of the Peace Congress, proceedings of the Peace Congress, speeches pro and con on the League of Nations, evidence before the U. S. Senate Committee on Bolshevism, and others as important. On news stands 25c.—Advt.

Our Hand, or Our Fist, For Lenine?

General Foch's first thought in the face of Hungary's surrender to Lenine seems to have been to meet the challenge with the sword, build an allied barrier against Bolshevism from the Baltic to the Black Sea and, in the words of Gen. Malleterre, "finish the job by a thunderstroke." President Wilson and Lloyd George, on the other hand, seem to have taken the position that military measures, however effective against the Bolshevik armies, would prove worse than useless against Bolshevism itself, which might break out with increased strength in the rear of an allied military cordon.

There is much divergent opinion on the proposal to recognize Lenine which the Washington *Post* characterizes as "one of the most sinister developments of these strange times," adding that the American people "are at war with Bolshevism and will not compromise with the enemy for any reason whatever."

Do not miss reading THE LITERARY DIGEST this week and especially this very searching article showing all phases of the menace. Other striking articles are:

What There Is In Germany's Threat to Go Bolshevik

Translations From German Papers Which Throw Light Upon Present Conditions

The Rival Claims to Danzig
The Fear of Article X
A Chinese Charge Against Japan
Wireless Direction-Finders
Our Food Resources
Trees That Engulf Rocks
Remembering Roosevelt
To Infuse Christianity Into the League of Nations
Roumania At the Peace Table
Best of the Current Poetry
The Injustice of Army Justice
Germany Well Able to Pay.
Poorer and Dearer Coal in Prospect
The Taste of Pin-pricks
Charge of the Tea Brigade
Pageantry For Returning Heroes
A Literary View of Prohibition
Good Words for the Y. M. C. A.
Two More Churches Talking Union
Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

SPECIAL—A Full Page Picture of America's Famous Cartoonists Who Helped Win the War, Caricatured by Themselves. Other Striking Illustrations Including Maps and Half-Tone Reproductions

The Digest a Real Home Magazine

Some men buy a magazine because they like it themselves, others because their families like it. The ideal magazine is one that *every member* of the home circle will find a source of pleasure and profit, that will find the wants and suit the taste not only of father and mother, but of big brother and sister, the boy or girl getting ready for college, and the youngsters who are still in school. Such an ideal publication is THE LITERARY DIGEST, greatest of news-magazines, which has something of interest in every number for each and every member of the household. It gives you the vital news of the world on all live topics, political, religious, social, scientific, etc., and does so without bias or special pleading. You get all sides of all questions faithfully reported and are left absolutely free to form your own judgments. Try this week's number to-day.

April 12th Number on Sale To-day—All News-dealers—10 Cents

'Tis a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

The Literary Digest

FUNK & WAGNALLS COMPANY (Publishers of the Famous NEW Standard Dictionary), NEW YORK

MAKE FINAL PLANS TO GREET THE 77TH

Free Entertainments for 31,000 Soldiers Will Be Given at Madison Square Garden.

TO MEET MEN DOWN THE BAY

City Boats Will Carry Relatives of Troops—Men Eager for Parade, Major Curran Says.

The details of the official reception of the 77th Division, New York's Own, were perfected yesterday at a conference between the executive committee of the Mayor's Committee of Welcome to Homecoming Troops and Lieutenant Colonel Douglas Campbell, head of the advance party sent by Major General Alexander to co-operate with local organizations. Rodman Wanamaker, chairman of the committee, presided. The advance party of the division will make its headquarters with the Mayor's Committee in the Hall of Records from now until the day of the review, according to a statement issued by Grover Whalen, secretary of the committee.

In discussing the reception plans Mr. Whalen said that the committee had acted upon a suggestion of Colonel Campbell to have the preliminary entertainments for the 31,000 men, at which the city will be the host, held in Madison Square Garden prior to the parade. Arrangements will be made to engage the Garden for two or three evenings, on which theatrical and athletic entertainments, to be followed by dancing and a buffet supper, will be given. The men of the division will require no tickets to attend the entertainments. Their uniforms, which bear the insignia of the division, will admit them. Each man will be privileged to bring his mother, sister or sweetheart.

Dinner for Division's Officers.

On the night before the review the officers of the Metropolitan Division will be the guests at a dinner to be given by the city. Invitations will be extended to representatives of the Federal and State governments to attend. A fleet of city boats will carry the relatives of the returning soldiers and representatives of the home auxiliaries down the bay on the days the various units arrive.

"We have no doubt that the program for the reception and official review of the division will be carried out on the largest possible scale," said Mr. Whalen after the meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday. "Our understanding is that the three big camps within the metropolitan district, which are capable of accommodating about 150,000 men, will be able to care for the 77th Division without congestion. The Mayor's Committee has its arrangements so made that the review and parade can occur within forty-eight hours after the division arrives.

"New York, of course, is proud of its own, and intends to do its share not only in its welcome to its soldiers, but also in meeting the National Government's expectation that our people here will subscribe close to two billion dollars to the forthcoming Victory Loan. Nothing should be done that will lessen by one jot the patriotism and support that we are anxious to have opportunity to display."

The Mayor's Committee has decided to continue the special illumination of Fifth Avenue, including the arch of jewels at Fifty-ninth Street, every evening from now until Memorial Day. The committee acted on the suggestion of Borough President Dowling, who said that he had received hundreds of appeals from citizens asking that the illumination be continued every night instead of three nights a week as heretofore.

Men Anxious to Parade.

The men of the 77th Division are keenly anticipating a parade up Fifth Avenue, according to Major Henry Curran of the 302d Ammunition Train, who has just returned from France. He said yesterday at the headquarters of the advance party in the Biltmore that great disappointment would be felt if they were not allowed to show themselves in fighting attire to their friends and relatives.

"I know that they would all like to parade," Major Curran said. "It is a natural feeling they have and ought, if possible, to be gratified."

Major Curran, who was formerly a city magistrate, told of the spendid physical condition of the 31,000 members of the division. The men were taking a lively interest in athletics, he said, and this helped them to pass away the leisure hours they now had.

Friends of the 77th are endeavoring to obtain entire new equipment for the men, to be kept by them when they are mustered out of the service. Most of the uniforms now being worn have seen hard service and for this reason it is hoped that the War Department will allow them to have new uniforms to wear in the parade.

The Welfare Association of the 306th Field Artillery of the 77th Division will hold a meeting on next Sunday night at 8 o'clock at De Witt Clinton High School, Fifty-ninth Street and Tenth Avenue. Important matters relative to the parade of the 77th Division will be discussed at this meeting. Colonel Winn and Major Duell of the 306th Field Artillery will speak.

PUSH PLANS FOR LEGION.

Governors of States Asked to Aid in Organization Work.

Lieut. Col. Eric Fisher Wood, Secretary of the temporary Organization Committee of the American Legion, yesterday made public a letter sent to the Governors of all the States asking their co-operation in the work of organizing the nationwide society of men who were in military service during the war. Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt is Chairman of the temporary committee and Lieut. Col. Bennett Clark, a son of Champ Clark, is Vice Chairman.

The letter asks that impetus be given to the movement for the caucus of the veterans to be held in St. Louis in May and for the convention to be held in Chicago in November. The letter also says that the committee intends to make the organization nonpartisan and nonpolitical, and explains that every soldier and sailor in the service during the war is eligible for admission.

"The temporary committee," wrote Colonel Wood, "feels that a national organizations of the veterans will prove of vital importance to the United States. Grave questions are coming up for decision within the next decade. In time of crisis a great body of men actuated by a spirit of profound patriotism and bound together by a patriotism born of mutual service might well prove an effective bulwark against the forces of disintergration and destruction. Nationwide recruitment made our army an absolutely representative cross section of the United States, and the American Legion will include in its membership all races and all ranks, every creed and every political party, and will represent all degrees of education, of social influence nd of personal ability.

"Its discussions and its expressions of opinion will therefore indicate the pulse of the general public and will serve as a check against extreme measures. The American Legion promises loyalty and unity as a balance against narrow class prejudice or petty party interests."

It has been suggested to the State committees that are to take up the organization of the American Legion that preliminary meetings of the men of units be held when intact companies or regiments are in the same town. Major Cornelius W. Wickersham, Secretary of the committee in this State, reported yesterday that he had received several telegrams from officers and men who favored the proposed organization. One was from Chaplain Francis A. Kelley of the Twenty-seventh Division.

At the headquarters of the temporary committee, at 19 West Forty-fourth Street, it was announced that reports upon organization in Texas, Colorado, Massachusetts and Connecticut already had been received. Colonel Henry D. Lindsley, head of the War Risk Insurance Bureau in Washington, has accepted the Chairmanship of the Texas Committee.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. For sentence.
US<John Savage. Same<V. Napoli. Same<P. Chambers.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DECISIONS.

Appellate Division—First Department.

Metal Shelter Co., applt., v. William I. T. Fosdick, impld., &c., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Hellmuth Gutmann, aplt. v. Jacques Bendien; respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Ben Gershel et al., respts., v. Hickson, Inc., et al., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Peter Doelger, respt., v. The Battery Park Nat. Bank, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

R. Henry Greaves, respt., v. American Institute for Scientific Research, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Eleuthera D. McCalmont, as exex. &c., respt., v. William Farson et al., aplt.—Order modified by striking out provision for payment of counsel fee and affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements to respondent. No opinion. Order filed.

Alexander R. Smith, respt., v. Harwood Palmer et al., impld., &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Edmund von Mach, respt., v. George P. Brett et al., impld., &c., aplts.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted with $10 costs. No opinion. Order filed.

John D. Williams, respt., v. Henry B. Warner, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Levitan Bros. & Zarkower, Inc., respt., v. Harld Feldman et al., aplts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles Weisbecker, (a corporation,) aplt., v. New York Edison Co., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Joseph Barkowsky, an infant, &c., aplt., v. Mineral Railroad and Mining Co., impld., &c., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Same, aplt., v. Susquehanna Coal Co., impld., &c., respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Frank M. Wells, as exr., &c., plff., v. Charles E. Jones et al., as exrs., aplts., impld. with Howard C. Taylor, as agent, &c., respt., and others, defts.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Jane Lee v. N. Y. Rys. Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Julius Oppenheimer, as adm., v. Harrisetta Holding Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs unless aplt. complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Harold C. Mathews v. 105 West 55th St., Inc.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Re Karlone E. King, deceased.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs unless aplt. complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Francis P. Sherwood, as trustee, &c., v. Theodore S. Holbrook et al.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless aplt. complies with terms stated in order. Order filed.

Martin Gallagher v. N. Y. Rys. Co.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Rockland Silk Co. v. Sigmund Lorenz et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs and stay vacated. Order signed.

Abraham Kleinman v. Thompson-Starrett Co.—Application granted. Order signed.

Louis Begun et al. v. David Silverstein et al.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

Oscar Kirsch v. Jacob Blumenthal.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

John J. Petry et al., as surviving Exrs., &c. v. Catherine Petry et al.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Beckie Cohen, as Admx., v. New York, Ontario & Western Ry. Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Matter of Caroline A. Brundage, deceased.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Francis Hughes, an infant, v. Susan Lawton.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Catherine F. Hughes v. Susan Lawton.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

People v. Ignatz Luft.—Motion granted. Order filed.

People v. Joseph Lilymold.—Motion granted.—Order filed.

People v. Max Brinkman.—Motion granted. Order filed.

Matter of Barney E. Jacobs Co.—Motion for stay granted pending appeal. Settle order on notice.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Ex-parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Wood<Wood et al—James O'Farrell. Matter of Checchia—Salvatore Cotillo. Matter of Callsher—Frank H Mills. Stromberg<Mullen—John J Glynn.

SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—Wedin<Frank W Wedin & Co—Enos S. Booth.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J. Ex parte business.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Rauch<Wenninger—Michael J Egan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department DECISIONS.

H. B. Ginnane, as administratrix, &c., respt., v. Union Ry., N. Y. C., aplt.—Motion denied.

G. Hormann, aplt., v. K. Ludwig et al., respts., and J. C. Goetz, deft.—Motion denied, without costs.

I. A. Hopkins, respt., v. Dald Realty Co. et al., defts., and A. Burling, aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied on condition, otherwise granted, with $10 costs.

In re intermediate settlement of the accounts of A. Baldwin, as trustee, &c., of A. Curtiss, dec'd.—Motion denied, without costs.

In re acquiring title by the C. N. Y. to certain lands, &c., bounded by Henry, Harrison, Baltic, and Clinton Sts., &c., for school purposes.—Motion granted.

In re probate of the alleged will of M. Conway, dec'd.—Motion to dismiss appeal from the decree of Surrogate's Court of Nov. 7, 1918, granted, with $10 costs.

In re application of the People's Surety Co. of N. Y. for a voluntary dissolution, Union Bank of Brooklyn, (Action 2.)—Motion granted.

In re petition of Public Service Commission for the First Dist., &c., for a writ of mandamus against the N. Y. & Richmond Gas Co., aplt.—Motion denied.

In re proving last will and testament of J. Wunsch, dec'd.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals for reargument denied. Order denying motion for a new trial denied, without costs.

The People, &c., respt., v. F. Nafie, aplt.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied on condition that case be placed on May calendar and that aplt. be ready for reargument when reached. Motion to dispense with printing the record granted.

P. B. Ruland, aplt., v. H. P. Tuthill, as County Treasurer of Suffolk County, and another, respts.—Motion denied, without costs.

J. C. Schriever, respt., v. A. Ceraso, and another, aplts.—Motion to dismiss appeal denied on condition that within ten days aplts. pay $10 costs, file their briefs, and serve same on respt.; otherwise motion granted with $10 costs.

S. Y. De Normandie, respt., v. Bay View Heights Land Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

G. A. Diack and others, aplts., v. C. N. Y., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

H. B. Ginnane, as admx., &c., of J. C. Ginnane, decd., respt., v. Union Ry. Co. of N. Y. C., aplt.—Order reversed and defendant's motion to change the place of trial to Bronx County granted, with $10 costs and disbursements.

F. Lyon, aplt., v. M. and N. Weil, respts.—Order of the County Court of Westchester County affirmed by default, with $10 costs and disbursements.

S. Minkow, respt., v. Bullion Realty Co., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

The Nagle Packing Co., aplt., v. P. M. Rosenblum et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Ins. Co., respt., v. C. V. Fordham and ano., defts., and W. O. Fordham, aplt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

P. B. Ruland, aplt., v. H. B. Tuthill, &c., and ano., respts.—Order reversed and motion denied, with $10 costs and disbursements.

L. Timmons, aplt., v. F. S. Russell, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

C. Wildenberger, aplt., v. Ridgewood National Bank, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

J. Zukas, respt., v. L. V. Coal Co., aplts.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial granted. Costs to abide the event.

MRS. WELLMAN DIVORCED.

Counsel for Lawyer's Wife, Now in France, Makes Announcement.

Announcement that Mrs. Katherine Gobere Wellman has obtained a divorce from Francis L. Wellman, lawyer, was made yesterday by William Travers Jerome, counsel for Mrs. Wellman, and by an associate of Mr. Wellman in the firm of Wellman, Smythe & Schofield. All details of the case were withheld. Mrs. Wellman went to France in July, 1917, as treasurer and worker in a children's hospital there.

Mrs. Wellman, who was a Miss Gobere, is a member of a prominent French family and spent her girlhood in Louisville, Ky., met Mr. Wellman in New York in 1911 and married him in Paris in August, 1912. He had been divorced a year previously by Emma Juch, a Viennese opera singer, who married him in 1894.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Progressive Connecticut manufacturing company desires to obtain manufacturing rights on high-grade mechanical specialties which can be built of small stampings and screw machine parts; prefer automobile accessories or similar articles which can be sold directly to manufacturers; only high-grade and fully developed propositions considered. Communicate, with definite statement of facts, with G. M. Co., Z 305 Times Annex.

Treasurership of $100,000 corporation manufacturing cotton textiles open to competent office executive investing, with services, at least $10,000 in preferred stock carrying bonus of common. K 393 Times.

Established seventeen years, well-paying dyeing and cleaning store, location Brooklyn; will be sold reasonably owing to death of proprietor. Apply Jacob I. Wiener, 1,482 Broadway, New York.

Leaseholds wanted; garages and auto salesrooms; nothing too small or too large; old stables considered; in or out of town; interested only in solid propositions. M. S., 94 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Christian young man, nine years' business training, would like to invest services and up to $2,000 in legitimate business standing thorough investigation. H 625 Times Downtown.

Young man with ability desires to invest with services in any good established business and arrange for other capital. G 736 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WITH PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE AND A THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF THE MANUFACTURING OF YOUNG MEN'S CLOTHES; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO OBTAIN SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST IN A GOOD BUSINESS PROPOSITION WITH SMALL INVESTMENT; ONLY ONE WITH ABOVE QUALIFICATIONS WILL BE CONSIDERED. ADDRESS OPPORTUNITY, BOX 48, LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted—One of New York State's oldest manufacturing corporations has opening for live-wire executive with capital and standing; an unusual opportunity for the right man. Z 355 Times Annex.

Wanted $120,000 for Panama cattle proposition, established two years; investment exempt from taxation; large returns fully explained by my detailed report; resident on land. Bogle, Hotel Wallick.

Wanted, young man, good character, with $3,000, to open store in very best location; manufacturer will co-operate. K 417 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Andrade Baptista & Co., Head Office Rua 15 de Novembro, Sao Paulo, Brazil.—House founded in 1904, and has branches in all the principal towns in the interior of the State of Sao Paulo; is open to do business in corn, coffee, sugar, leather, ironware, machinery, automobiles, oils, &c.; will also accept agencies for fire insurance companies, transport companies, and exporting houses. For references apply to the following banks: London and Brazilian Bank, Limited, British Bank of South Africa, National City Bank of New York, or any of the principal houses in Sao Paulo.

A well-known London agent with first-class connection in wholesale and shipping, with central offices and show room in the city, is open to represent large manufacturer in either ladies' or gentlemen's hosiery, underwear, stockinette knickers, &c.; highest references given. L 755 Times Downtown.

Desire connection with good, reliable investment proposition, preferably steel, auto mobile, tire, &c., concern; solid proposition and operating; have organization to produce from the start. D 6 Times.

Connection wanted by practical man in good paying theatrical poster, sign, and show card concern; will invest. C 341 Times.

Agency wanted for staple articles; will invest for merchandise. B 950 Times Harlem.

FOR SALE.

High-class ladies' ready-to-wear shop for sale; best location in prosperous New England city; naval base and centre of shipbuilding; business $1,500 to $3,300 monthly; rent $1,000 year; 5-year lease with option 5 more; owner has other business demanding all his time; will sell on inventory; no brokers. Address H. C. Roth, 114 East 28th St., City. Phone Madison Square 3225.

For sale, 16,000 acres sugar land, Panama; detailed report by Bogle; resident on land. Bogle, Hotel Wallick.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LATIN AMERICAN TRADE.—FOR HELP wanted, business opportunities, &c., try La Prensa, only Spanish N. Y. daily. 245 Canal St. Tel. Franklin 678.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Thos. P. Ford Company, previously postponed by consent, will be held at the office of the Company, 407 Broome Street, Monday, April 14th, 1919, at 12 M., to elect Directors and officers for the present year and to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
HENRY DUSENBERY, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of Guilland Bergman & Co., formerly in business at 149 Broadway, New York City, was dissolved by mutual consent on April 9, 1919.
GUILLAND BERGMAN & CO.

INFORMATION WANTED OF THE WHEREabouts of Walker Schwartz, formerly on 5th Av. in picture frame business. S. H., 102 Times Downtown.

CUNNINGTON, KATHRYN V.—TO PAY legacy; information desired as to her address. G. H. Brevillier, 32 Liberty St., N. Y.

FOR SALE.

Contents 3 rooms and kitchenette apartment, complete for housekeeping; desirable tenant could move right in; unusual opportunity; owner leaving city. 4,241 Broadway; Apt. 59.

Refrigerating Machine.—Capacity 10 tons refrigeration, absorption with condenser and receiver; also extra exchanger. Call Heineman Bros., 78 Barclay St.

ABANDONED OFFICE FURNITURE, Slightly Used—Bought and Sold—Cheap. 60 Cortlandt St. Phone Cortlandt 4699.

Furniture.

Beautiful set of dining room furniture, 10 pieces; French Renaissance design; chance to acquire artistic furniture at bargain; call night or Sunday. F. Steencken, 1,490 Hoe Av., Bronx. Tel. 1558 Intervale.

About 300 single iron beds, with springs and mattresses complete; also bedroom carpets. May be seen at 65 Park Av.

Purchase and Exchange.

Furniture wanted; pay full value, contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyv. 3793.

Wanted—Collection of old firearms and swords; must be reasonable; state full particulars with price. Z 274 Times Annex.

Plating outfit wanted, complete, with dynamo. Walden Butler Co., 281 Butler St., Brooklyn.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

HEARING ON FORM OF CONTRACT.

Notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing will be held at the office of the Public Service Commission for the First District, 49 Lafayette Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 28th day of April, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., upon the proposed terms and conditions of the form of contract for construction of second addition to shops at Lenox Avenue and 148th Street Yard (under Contract No. 3).

Copies of said draft of proposed contract may be obtained at the office of this Commission for $1.00 each.

Dated New York, April 10, 1919.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT
By Travis H. Whitney, Acting Chairman.
James B. Walker, Secretary.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Velours, heavy and lightweight, Yalama, gabardines, serges, plushes. Hochberg, 225 5th Av.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Also velours and silvertones, all shades; will pay cash. Been & Fried, 126 West 22d.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—110 Juilliards, all colors. Madison Square 2740.

BULLION CHEVRONS Wanted.—Cash for large quantities. J 124 Times.

BURELLA Wanted.—American 0310, shade 163 or similar. Feldman & Schwartz, 148 West 24th. Farragut 9542.

COATS Wanted.—Ladies', Fall, by large jobber looking for better grade. Call all day, 4th floor Kaye Bldg., Madison Av. and 30th St. (Use 30th St. entrance.)

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Leonard suiting and ramie cloth in khaki shade. Phone Spring 6387.

DIAGONALS Wanted.—All worsted, black only; quantities required. Phone Gramercy 5513.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job georgettes, taffetas, and figured georgettes for cash. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on sport dresses; bring samples. M. Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job of taffetas and georgettes. 20 West 27th, 4th floor.

KHAKI SERGE Wanted.—Call with samples. White Uniform Co., 1,562 Broadway.

LINENS Wanted.—French, all colors. Noah Levy, 135 West 29th.

OXFORD SUITING Wanted.—All wool, American 09070, navy; cash. Theodore Weiss, 25 West 27th.

POPLIN Wanted.—American and Stevens poplin, black and navy; also navy gabardine. Knobel & Bloom, 145 West 30th.

POPLIN Wanted.—American navy, black serges, 235, 0936, similar, cash. Greeley 1773.

SERGES Wanted.—87 or any other all wool, all widths; any quantity. Irving Finkelstein, Madison Square 2844.

SERGES Wanted.—W. F. N., 0609, 235, 09070. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

SERGES Wanted.—Stevens 3850, seven pieces black; will exchange for navy. W. Bass, 24 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted.—Will pay cash; 09070 or W. S. 235. Litty & McElroy, Farragut 4391.

SERGES Wanted.—7120, or similar; spot cash. Rutland Garment Co., Rutland, Vt.

SERGES Wanted.—780 Botany; will pay cash. Call Chelsea 2557.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 54292, all colors. Madison Square 2740.

SERGES Wanted.—White only. Quiterite Skirt Co., 37 West 28th.

SERGES, POPLINS Wanted.—09070, 936, 99, 2205-9, 090610, 06077. Farragut 9855.

SERGE Wanted.—Good mannish navy serge; open for quantity. Phone Farragut 4546.

SERGES Wanted.—235 or similar for cash. Chelsea 590.

SILK STRIPS Wanted.—Blumenthal's 3-inch, any quantity, for cash. Chelsea 9938.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Gray. Farragut 3641.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders all kinds silk suits, capes, coats. 31 West 31st, 4th floor.

SYLVETTE Wanted.—Haas Bros. or similar, overseas blue, light gray, and navy. Rushkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

VELOUR Wanted.—Stevens pekin, shade 547, tan shade, 530. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Tan, for cash. Chelsea 1858.

VELVETEENS AND VELVETS Wanted.—All colors. Tel. Gramercy 6694.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobs on crepe de chine and georgettes; quantity no object. Underselling Waist Co., 5th floor, 118 West 22d.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH in high shades for sale. Farragut 2657.

CAPES, Suits, Coats.—Immediate delivery, big reductions in price for quantity. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

CAPES, Capes, Capes, Capes, Flappers, girls', infants, immediate shipment. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

CAPES AND DOLMANS, 600, from $5.50 up. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

CAPES AND SUITS.—To close out. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6-14, $5 dozen up. Fazekas & Son, 104 5th Av.

COATS.—Children's, 2 to 6; colored; sacrifice. 6th floor, 38 West 18th.

DRESSES.—See our irresistible dress values; big jobs in poplins, $3.75; taffetas, $5.50; Georgettes, $8.50; crepe de chine, $6; biggest dress bargains in America; 5,000 dresses for immediate delivery. Meyer Bosniak, 20 West 27th.

DRESSES.—8,000 taffeta and satin on racks for immediate delivery; prices ranging from $5.50 to $6.75; also Susquehanna poplin dresses from $3.75 up. Pan American Waist and Dress, 12 West 21st. Chelsea 9984.

DRESSES.—1,000 stylish georgettes, satins, taffetas, crepe de chines, very, very cheap; must close entire stock immediately; extraordinary bargains. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette, beaded and flowered; also charmeuse dresses of the better kind, for immediate delivery. Bon Ray Dress Co., 510-512 6th Av.

DRESSES.—Georgette, beaded and printed taffetas and satines for immediate delivery. Cohen Polowan, 19 West 21st.

POPLINS.—Big lot 0326, pekin, tan, rookie, gray; immediate delivery; price $2.12½. C 360 Times.

POPLIN.—All wool, navy and black; $1.50 net. Chelsea 7545.

SERGES.—8200, 235, 09070, 787, 11433, 609, 519, navy and black, 774 poplin, U. S. tricotine. Grossman Bros., Mad. Sq. 4620.

SHOES.—Honest Western, made in large quantities and varieties for export. Elias Berlow, 110 Duane St. Phone 399 Worth.

SERGES, POPLINS, VELOURS.—Cutting-up trade; quick delivery. Evans Bros., 404 4th Av. Madison Square 292.

SERGES.—7501, 1464, 809, Gilbert's 9240. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

SERGES.—99, also 9, 54268, 0036, 8200, 8090; also tricotines. Mad. Sq. 3388.

SILVERTONES.—Cheap; tan, rookie. Madison Square 1520.

SUITS.—We have for immediate delivery tricotine velour checks and navy serge suits in the newest styles; prices are right; we have all sizes; why go elsewhere? Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SUITS of the better grades in all pre-falling materials; can be taken right from the racks. A. H. Gittelson, 39 West 29th.

SUITS.—150 suits to close out; serges and poplins; at a cheap price. Goldberg & Eisen, 118 West 22d St.

SUITS, capes, dolmans; newest models; immediate delivery. Potter & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

SUITS.—100 to close out; sacrificing prices. B. & L. Cloak, 151 West 25th.

TRICOTINES.—Andrews, Lorraine, Brightwood, U. S. navy, black, brown; cheap. Chelsea 3472.

TRICOTINES.—Closing out, cheap, good quality, navy, tan, taupe. Madison Square 1520.

VELOURS.—Saxonia 951, taupe, reindeer and rose taupe, 4281 henna, rookie, taupe; will sell cheap. Henlein & Greentree, 1333 Broadway. Greeley 5653.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, navy, brown, taupe, green, burgundy, plum; immediate delivery; prices reasonable. Max Stahl, Gramercy 3961.

VELOURS, heavyweights, lightweights, Fall shades. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4816.

WAISTS.—Crepes, satin stripe tubs, &c., 18 up. Hy-Grade Waist Co., Wilson Building, 1,270 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

COATS Wanted.—Contractors wanted on ladies' and misses' coats for Fall; must have up to date models; wonderful opportunity; bring samples. 245 7th Av., 4th floor.

CONTRACTORS on silk waists; steady work; good prices. Pansy Waist, 145 West 30th St.

Allied Industries.

PATTERNS.—Home patterns. The Home Pattern Co., Inc., 114 5th Av., New York, sole manufacturers of patterns for The Ladies' Home Journal. Telephone 4216 Chelsea.

Situations Wanted.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian; books audited, supervised; small concern's kept entirely; reasonable. G 746 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by experienced ready-to-wear salesman, on strictly commission basis, for Missouri, Kansas, or Illinois, line of shirtwaists, hosiery, or dresses good enough to stand strongest competition; unless line is good don't waste time answering; can deliver large sales on good line. Z 370 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, (32,) present traveling for wholesale liquor house, desires immediate change for other line; commission basis. X 207 Times Annex.

WINDOW TRIMMER.—Young man wishes position with cloak and suit house as window trimmer and floorman; city or out of town. L 24 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....5½ per cent. for the best names
Thursday.....5½ per cent for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Big Profit on Blankets.

While many stories have gone the rounds concerning profits made on war business, one of the most lucrative deals put through, according to a woolen man, happened just before the armistice in the case of blankets. Mackinaw cloths selling at $1.25 a yard were cut up into blanket lengths of two yards, bound with stitching, and sold for anywhere from $6 to $7. This yielded the operators just about 150 per cent. on their investment.

⁂

Ostrich Conimg Back.

Ostrich, used in a variety of ways, is gradually coming back into favor, and before long dealers expect to see a very good volume of business on this long dormant article. Plumes, it is said, will be more extensively used, and other outlets, such as trimmings and neckpieces, are yielding better returns. There seems to be no prospect of prices softening, although the first shipment in some time has reached the market.

⁂

Fall Silks Heavily Bought.

The transactions in Fall silks have come as a surprise to the manufacturers, owing to the heavy nature of the demand and its unusually early appearance. One house stated that in the last five days more business has been taken in for the Fall than in that many weeks last year at this time. The actual buying in quantity was not expected until after Easter. Satins lead in the orders placed, and the various makes of crêpes come next.

⁂

Heavy Yardage Expected.

Factors in the dress goods trade believe that another circumstance that will lead to a heavy yardage for Fall will be the styles in suits for that period. The suit manufacturers are predicting that the popular modes will embody pleats and draped effects instead of plain designs. With the sold-up condition of many mills at the present time, the mill agents are puzzling over the proposition of how the situation is going to be met.

⁂

Brisk Buying of Cloakings.

Cloakings are finding a brisk demand for this early period in Fall operations. The cloak manufacturers seem to know what they want, and are placing good orders. Mention was made at one cloaking house that over 14,000 pieces of goods had been taken in during the last three weeks. Kerseys in high colors are leading in the orders placed so far, and there are good amounts placed to the credit of silvertones and velours. A sprinkling of business has gone to broadcloths.

⁂

Has New Silk Printing Process.

A new process which makes possible "the printing on silks, voiles, velvets, plushes, linens, calicos, and rigbons, of any work of art or design in an artistic manner without chemical manipulation" has been invented by a Frenchman, according to an advance copy of the April issue of The Silkworm, the official bulletin of the Silk Association of America. The inventor is M. Lucien Bossert, 48 Rue de Paris, Pantin, Seine, France, and, according to the publication in question, he is anxious to get in touch with an American manufacturer who may be interested in the new method.

⁂

Suggests Testing Bureau.

In place of paying a premium for trademarked goods in order to get guaranteed quality, a mill man suggested yesterday that it would be a paying investment for manufacturers and retailers to maintain their own testing laboratories. While this has been done in some instances, he said, the great majority of buyers let their judgment rest on the salesman's say-so or the advertising claim. Such a laboratory, he added, would soon pay for itself over and over again through increased satisfaction and the freedom from ordinary losses incurred through payment of claims for faulty merchandise.

⁂

"Fishtails" Still Going Fast.

"Fishtails" continue to dominate the duplicate Spring business in women's fancy sweaters that is coming to this market. These effects are popular both in fibre silks and lightweight zephyrs, and in the grades that can be retailed at from $5 to $10. Next to "fishtails" in popularity are tuxedos, with the fancier stitches wanted in both varieties of goods. The leading shares are set down as turquoise, peacock, coral, American Beauty, and puff. Preparations are now under way for the Fall season. The inquiry from the jobbers for next season's goods has been so active of late that most of the salesmen will be out with Fall samples by the early part of next month. This is said to be the latest start on record of a Fall season in this line.

⁂

Surprised at Dumping Charge.

Not a little surprise was occasioned in the export end of the local dry goods trade yesterday by the cabled dispatches from London saying that American cottons were being sold more cheaply in England than in this country, and that steps were being taken there to overcome "dumping" of this kind. The manager of one of the leading export departments in the trade said that he did not see how this was possible, in view of the British Government's restrictions on imports of this kind. He further said that his firm had an office in a leading English city, but that, even with a representative on the ground, it was impossible to get any of his goods into England. "If it is being done," he concluded, "I should certainly like to find out how."

⁂

Gray Goods Prices Still Rising.

Continued active trading and higher prices marked yesterday in the local market for gray goods. Most of the printcloth sales made were for delivery through the remainder of this month and next. They included 39-inch 80 squares at 13¾ cents, though late in the afternoon most of the mills were insisting on 16 cents. Similar conditions were true of 39-inch 68-72s, though in this case the selling and asking figures were, respectively, 11¾ and 12 cents. Nothing better than 10½ cents could be done on 38½-inch 64-60s in the afternoon, though in the morning some of these cloths moved at an eighth less. For 38½-inch 60-48s 8¾ cents was the price. Sheetings were fairly active, with prices strong, on the basis of 12 cents for 36-inch 56-60 four-yard goods. No marked change in demand was noted in the other cloths.

GOOD DAY AT FUR SALE.

Mink and Skunk Pelts Feature Sales, Totaling $1,000,000.

Mink and skunk shared the honors at the fur auction yesterday, when, for the third day this week, the sales total reached $1,000,000. This brought the grand total for the five days to $4,250,000.

The morning session opened with the mink that was left over from Thursday. Bidding for these pelts was very active, and the best dark skins sold up to $15.30. Kolinsky, badger, leopard, marmot, civet cat, flying squirrel, Japanese marten, Japanese fox, and Japanese mink also were sold during the morning at prices that were considered generally good. The top price reached on Japanese marten, $6, was said to be high for that type of fur, and probably was due to the popularity of all kinds of marten at the present time.

The entire afternoon was devoted to the selling of skunk. Opinions varied among the buyers as to just how strong this fur is at the present time. It is said to be an essentially Fall and Winter article, and this was held partly responsible for the fact that the prices paid for it did not show advances over the February averages. Rumors were current that some dealers were buying skunk heavily for shipment to Europe after the signing of peace, which is expected to bring about a general renaissance in the fur business on the other side of the Atlantic. While these rumors could not be definitely confirmed, it was a fact that the dealers showed greater interest in skunk during the day than the manufacturers did. The best price paid for this fur was $8.

Shortly after the beginning of the afternoon session Auctioneer Noakes, who has been hampered by a bad cold all the week, suffered a temporary loss of voice and had to retire. He was succeeded by Dan Collyer, son of the well-known actor of that name, who is now dead, and at the end of the selling he was applauded by the buyers for the good work he did in filling the gap.

This table shows the high and low prices paid for the furs sold yesterday, together with the percentage advances shown by the prices got for them over those paid at the sale here in February:

	High Price.	Low Price.	Per Cent. Advance.
Mink	$15.30	$3.50	Northern, 35 Southw'n, 30
Kolinsky	2.70	1.00	20
Badger	2.60	90	30
Leopard	10.50	6.00	†
Marmot	1.20	27	None
Civet cat	74	52	10
Flying squirrel	90	40	10
Japanese marten	6.60	3.75	35
Japanese fox	7.10	3.30	10
Japanese mink	1.36	*	..
Skunk	8.00	1.20	None

*Only one lot sold. †No comparison made.

The sale will conclude today. Muskrat, the final offering, is expected to bring out some of the most active bidding of the week. Nearly 560,000 of these pelts are scheduled for disposal, of which about 35,000 are blacks. The other skins to be sold today include 292,823 mole, 60,888 ermine, 59,140 nutria, 32,793 house cat, and varying quantities of black, brown, grizzly, and polar bears.

Keen Bidding at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, April 11.—Nine thousand bales were offered at the wool auction sales. It was a fine selection and the demand was keen at firm prices. New South Wales scoured brought 5s 7d and Victorian greasy ranged from 3s 8¼d to 4s 6½d.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CARRIN AUTO BODY COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bazel E. Carrin, trading as the Carrin Auto Body Company, dealer in convertible auto bodies at 1,926 Broadway, by these creditors: W. H. De Vere, $400; Morris Rothstein, $200, and John Roberts, $70.

ABRAHAM KOMMEL, of 138 East Seventy-eighth Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $27,878 and no assets. Among the creditors are Weil & Mayer, $21,977, deficiency judgment; People's Bank, $1,432, and Sophie Cohen, $1,200.

BAYONNE CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC., 21 Park Row and Bayonne, N. J.—Judge A. N. Hand has appointed Arthur Y. Dalziel receiver. Liabilities are $30,000, and the assets consist of real estate and plant, $5,000, mortgaged for $5,000, and it has leased its entire assets and machinery to the Minerva Chemical Company, Inc., for $225 a month. The Anthony-Hammond Chemical Works, Inc., transferred all its assets to the Bayonne Chemical Company, Inc., which agreed to assume its liabilities.

ROBICHEK COMPANY, INC., art lamp shades, at 479 First Avenue.—Judge A. N. Hand has granted a motion permitting the sale of the assets to Charles Ganz, who has offered to pay creditors 30 cents on the dollar, 10 cents cash and 20 cents in notes, on liabilities of $37,447.

HENRY MALKAN, bookseller, of 42 Broadway.—Judge A. N. Hand has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Dec. 24. All the assets are to be transferred to a company known as Henry Malkan, Inc.

Weekly Failure Report.

Bradstreet's reports 116 failures in the United States during the week, against 96 for the previous week and 179, 251, 297, and 379 for the corresponding weeks of 1918, 1917, 1916, and 1915. Canada had 11, against 14 for the preceding week. About 87 per cent. of the total failures had less than $5,000 capital, and 7.7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital. New England States had 8, Middle States 25, Western 27, Northwestern 15, Southern 27, and Far Western 14.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Amounts of $100 and over.

Barra, Caesar B. F.—E. K. Frank	$297.81
Broadway-Ninety-fourth St. Realty Co.—B. Abert et al	128.10
Bleecker Machine and Tool Corp.—Duke Steel Co.	910.44
Bailey, Louis E., and Charlessetta Bailey, exrs.—J. A. Miller	1,033.50
Bohny, Charles—B. Bohny	167.41
Chestnut Upholstering and Decorating Co.—M. Cohen et al	149.56
City of N. Y.—C. Leopold	925.05
Same—L. T. Jennings	889.10
Denecke, John—Brenack Stevedoring Co.	1,057.20
Everwear Mfg. Corp.—Ntl. Thread Co.	1,211.90
Feldman, Joseph—C. Wiener et al	105.80
Green, May, and Harry Katz—People, &c.	$300.00
Hughes, Ethel—F. H. Hellprin	456.15
Koehler, Theresa—M. Mone	1,104.48
Little, Jennie B.—E. A. Bogue	616.20
Leo, Morris—S. Morris et al	435.50
Longo, Joseph—L. Kamalky; costs	110.20
Maddien, Anna S—M. Baxter, costs	110.43
Miller & Moran Chemical Co.—L. Weilkson	216.93
M. S. Bierer & Co.—H. Cooper et al	1,679.59
Moran, George—People, &c.	100.00
Morse, Chas. W.—Chemung Canal Trust Co.	50,830.59
Miller, Benjamin H.—W. S. Philipot	363.81
Moskovitz, Adolf—U. De Stefano	284.46
Massachusetts Bonding and Ins. Co.—International Cloak Mfg. Co.	2,135.42
N. Y. Rys. Co.—J. J. McCue	243.73
N. Y. Rys. Co.—L. Poirer	1,475.00
O'Rourke, Timothy B.—City of N. Y., costs	112.96
Pisciotta, Mary—I. Reich et al	118.95
Pisani, Luigi—Sohn Bros. Co.	612.07
Post & McCord, Inc.—N. Y. Municipal Ry. Corp., costs	443.25
Peters, Otto—Rialto Security Corp	163.70
Reynolds, Katherine and Morris Cohen—People, &c	509.00
Rabbe, Dora—D. Schlaefer	1,372.42
Rosenberg, Max—D. Newmen et al	199.92
Schuessler, Joseph—E. Lindemann	130.55
Same—A. T. Riedinger et al	144.95
Same—H. N. Richter	107.50
Same—N. Y. Title & Mtg. Co.	132.60
Stephens, Melvin—Lawyers Title & Trust Co.	281.32
Steiner, Eugene and Aldney L. Kohn—I. Frankfort	580.16
Solomon, Morris—J. Weissman	225.00
Same—I. Cohen	225.00
Tumble In. Co.—O. J. Gude Co., N. Y.	213.56
Waxenbaum, Syma—E. W. Stevens et al	2,356.64
Willner, Annie—Crescent Star Realty Co., costs	108.96
Wiener, John—N Kalischer	676.14
Weisberg, Abraham—D. Alsofrom	524.40
Yarosze, Stanley and Fidelity Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c	2,000.00
Zatkowsky, Louis, gdn.—City of N. Y., costs	117.00
Zweig, Isidore, and Yetta—C. Milich	302.80

In Bronx County.

Denerstein, Harris—W. C. Jordan	152.72
Janefsky, Herman—Wool Novelty Co., Inc.	433.23
Reilly, Marc V.—P. Booth et al	207.34
Stillman, Rubin—F. Ellinger	4,012.03
Shapiro, Barnet—S. Gershman	68.95
Sexauer & Lemke—Sherwin & Berman, Inc.	488.22

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Cassel, Josephine, adm.—City of N. Y.; July 25, 1918	$141.88
Cregan, Laura A.—P. M. Hughes; March 5, 1919	480.20
Bishop Sons & Co., Ltd.—I. Adelman; April 3, 1919	1,898.59
Macaluso, Tony, and Michese Nese—People, &c.; March 20, 1919 (vacated)	500.00
U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—City of N. Y.; March 24, 1919	571.07
Schroeder, Christina—J. Hirsh; Oct. 2, 1918	1,050.28
Smith, Alfred J.—Beaton & Cadwell Mfg. Co.; Aug. 7, 1917	880.56
Rosenberg, Joseph, and Jacob Dessauer—S. Rosenberg; Aug. 28, 1918	611.91
Story, Robert K.—Beckus Water Motor Co.; June 29, 1901	114.83
Solomon, Samuel, and Rose—Bowery Bank of N. Y.; May 25, 1911	318.41
Van Cleef, Elliott E.—S. W. Shipway; Jan. 28, 1913	713.39
Holtzendorff, S. Tilden—J. Axelrod; March 19, 1919 (vacated)	5,268.91
Hudson View Const. Co.—Fort Masonry Co.; Feb. 18, 1918 (vacated)	1,685.07
Files, Daniel—A. Cowen et al.; Oct. 23, 1906	131.17
Mackenzie, Mary H.—T. F. Kuper; Nov. 10, 1915	290.24
Norton, Sheridan S.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Jan. 5, 1911	350.40
Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corp., Ltd.—J. S. Melcher; April 10, 1919	288.94
German Fire Insurance Co. of Peoria—Adder Machine Co.; Feb. 25, 1916	1,791.90
Same—Adder Machine Co.; Jan 30, 1917	104.20
Same—Same; March 22, 1919	120.60
Olinsky, Benjamin—S. Pottish; March 2, 1919	759.92

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Rise in Those of Foodstuffs Was a Feature of the Week.

The preponderance of advances in foodstuffs over the declines shown in similar articles was the feature of wholesale commodities price changes this week, according to Dun's list. There were more than the usual number of variations, 82 of the 313 items in the general list showing new levels, as compared with 61 last week. This week there were 42 advances and 40 declines, against last week's showing of 33 and 28, respectively. The foodstuff revisions contained seven advances for every decline and, excepting for the best butter, none of the really important foods went down.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and for the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year. Ago.
Apples, com., bbl	$6.00	$6.00	$3.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs	11.50	10.75	14.50
Butter, cream, ex., lb	.65	.67	.42
Butter, S. D., c. to f., lb	.48	.48	.34
Cabbage, per bbl	4.00	4.00	2.50
Cheese, w. m., spl., lb	.38	.36½	.25
Codfish, G'ges, 100 lb	11.00	11.00	11.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb	.16¼	.16¼	.09½
Coffee, Santos, No. 4, lb	.21¼	.21¼	.11⅛
Eggs, nearby, f., doz	.52	.51	.38
Eggs, West., lsts, doz	.41½	.41	.33½
Flour, Spring, 196 lbs	11.60	11.45	10.75
Onions, bag	2.00	1.50	.30
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs	[illegible]	[illegible]	12.00
Potatoes, 100 lb	2.50	2.50	2.25
Rice, fancy head, lb	.10¼	.10¼	.09½
Sugar, fine gr., 100 lbs	9.00	9.00	7.45
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb	.23½	.23½	.28
Tea, Japan, best, lb	[illegible]	[illegible]	.40
Bacon, 140s down, lb	.27¼	.26⅝	.25¾
Beef, live, 100 lb	10.60	10.00	10.35
Hams, big., in tcs., lb	.31	.30	.26½
Hogs, live, 100 lbs	20.15	19.95	17.45
Lard, Mid. W., 100 lbs	29.60	29.30	26.30
Pork, mess, bbl	51.00	49.00	51.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs	12.25	12.25	12.65
Barley, malt., bu	1.21	1.20	2.00
Corn, No. 3 yell., bu	1.75	1.78½	1.90½
Hay, pr. tim., 100 lbs	1.75	1.75	1.60
Oats, No. 3 white, bu	.76½	.77	1.03½
Rye, No. 2, bu	1.79	1.82	..
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu	*2.37½	*2.37½	*2.27
Aluminium, pig, lb	.29	.29	.32
Copper, electro., lb	.15⅝	.15⅝	.23½
Iron, pig, No. 2X, ton	31.90	31.90	*34.25
Lead, lb	.05	.05¼	.07
Spelter, lb	.06.4	.06½	.07
Steel billets, Bess., ton	38.50	38.50	47.50
Tin, lb	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
Brown sheet., st'd., yd	.16½	.16½	.27
Cloths, pr., 64x60, yd	.10¾	.09¾	.18½
Hides, No. 1, lb	.30	.28	.25½
Hides, cows, lb	.26	.25½	.22
Leath, h'lock s., t.r., lb	.40	.40	.43
Leath., un. bks., t.r., lb	.68	.68	.50
Rubber, up-riv., fine, lb	.56	.56	.61
Silk, China, st fil., 1st, lb	6.85	6.80	7.00

*Government maximums.

In the local market for eatables there was a rise of 15 cents a barrel in the price of Spring 100 per cent. flour. The Winter grade of the same quality advanced 40 cents a barrel. Excepting for live beef and live sheep, which did not change, the major provisions at Chicago all went up. Bacon and hams also advanced here.

The only break in dairy products prices was a drop of 2 cents a pound in the quotation on the best creamery butter. The other grades of butter listed were firm at the recent advances. The best cheese went up a little, and there were also slight advances in nearby fancy and the best Western eggs. The former went up a cent a dozen to a point 14 cents a dozen higher than at this time last year. The Western eggs are 8 cents a dozen over the corresponding 1918 price.

The vegetables list was bare of declines for the first time in several weeks, but onions recovered 50 cents a bag from their break of last week. Higher prices were also got for rutabaga turnips and for choice marrow, medium, pea, and red kidney beans. None of the listed fresh fruits showed a change, but in the dried ones advances took place in cleaned currants and in lemon and orange peel. Neither the teas nor the coffees were changed from last week's figures, but in the spices further breaks occurred in the Zanzibar cloves and black Singapore pepper.

The revisions in the grains consisted of declines in corn, oats, and rye, and an advance in malting barley. Metals were more unsettled than for some time, though the fluctuations in this part of the list were confined principally to the minor items. Lake copper went up again, but prices were lower for antimony, spelter, and lead, as well as for prompt shipment furnace and foundry coke. While the quoted leathers were no higher than last week, a general rise in hide prices took place. Every grade listed, including calfskins, shared in the rise.

Marked weakness was displayed by the combined list for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs, and oils. Of the twenty-three changes listed only three were advances, and all of these were confined to the oils. Prominent among the declines in drugs was the break of $4.50 a pound in jobbing lots of opium, due to the receipt of direct shipments from Turkey. This opiate is now quoted at $18 a pound, against $25 at this time a year ago. Several of the soda products broke in price during the week.

Considerable weakness was shown in tobacco, six of the varieties quoted on having dropped. Raw silk advanced, as did tallow, but a lower price was quoted on hemp. In the naval stores turpentine advanced and rosin declined.

Better buying of burlaps, aided by the reduced manufacturing schedule now in operation in Calcutta, produced higher prices for both light and heavyweight goods during the week. Prices for cotton goods were for the most part steady to firmer, several of the unfinished cloths having moved up under the stimulus of more active buying and the soldup condition of many of the mills.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—L. C. Jelenk; art goods, china, glassware; Commodore.
BALTIMORE—I. Robinson; mfr's capes; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Polan, Katz & Co.; C. Katz, umbrellas, parasols; 1,270 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; G. Sauber, waists, dress materials; McAlpin.
BEAUMONT, Tex.—Nicholson, Watson Co.; W. N. Stewart, clothing, furn. goods; Imperial.
BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; P. M. Ginsburg, millinery; Gregorian.
BOSTON—C. A. Browning Co.; J. J. Crowley, hats; Continental.
BOSTON—Eastern Mfg. Co.; L. Kaplan, dry goods; B'way Central.
BOSTON—Leopold Morse Co.; M. J. Marks, children's, boys' clothing; Breslin.
BOSTON—S. T. Shapiro Mfg. Co.; M. E. Shapiro, mfr's silk waists; Breslin.
BOSTON—Crawford, Plummer, Inc.; A. J. Crawford, ready-to-wear; 12 W. 31st; Park Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. Wile Co.; H. H. Wile, mfr's clothing; 200 5th Av.
CANTON, Ohio—Klein & Heffelman Co.; C. J. Schaub, carpets, draperies; McAlpin.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; F. H. Smith, glassware; 209 6th Av.
CHICAGO—P. Epstein; furniture, carpets; B'way Central.
CHICAGO—Evans Bros.; H. Evans, men's furn. goods, hats, shoes; Commodore.
CHICAGO—A. H. Lewis; men's furn. goods, hats, shoes; Penn.
DELHI, N. Y.—W. B. Thompson Co.; W. B. Thompson, clothing; Continental.
DEROIT—Crowley, Milner Co.; Miss B. Kreuck, art needlework; Miss A. G. Anderson, silk, muslin underwear; 116 W. 32d.
DETROIT—Garton, Fisher, Willis Co.; D. Willis, flowers, feathers, hats; Belmont.
FLINT, Mich.—H. N. Bush; L. A. Allen, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Barnhart Overall Co.; A. W. Barnhart, mfr's overalls, pants, shirts; Breslin.
HARTFORD, Conn.—C. S. Hills & Co.; C. S. Hills, dry goods, Manhattan.
HOUSTON, Tex.—The Toggery Shop; H. M. Garrett men's furn. goods; McAlpin.
KANSAS CITY.—Alfred Hart Wholesale D. G. Co.; A. Hart, dry goods; Penn.
MONTICELLO, N. Y.—Hammond & Cooke; J. A. Cooke, dry goods, carpets, rugs; Herald Square.
MONTREAL, Can.—The Redmond Co., Ltd.; R. S. Colbert, furs; Penn.
PHILADELPHIA—J. & R. Rapp; R. M. Rapp, dry goods, gen'l mdse.; Breslin.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Dannenbaum & Sons Co.; A. W. Dannenbaum, ribbons; 285 4th Av.
PITTSBURG—A. L. Klopfer Co.; H. Davis, clothing, furn. goods, women's ready-to-wear; Commodore.
POTTSVILLE, Penn.—Britton-Hoffman Co.; C. P. Hoffman, furniture, bedding, stoves; Imperial.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Bros. & Co.; J. J. Bakrow, piece goods; 200 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO.—The Emporium; Miss M. Russell, women's dresses; Mrs. Gaskill, women's suits; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Hynes Weaver Shirt Co.; J. J. Hynes, men's furn. goods; McAlpin.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; A. Steedman, linens, white goods, hdkf's; 56 Worth.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bro.; J. J. Erwig, upholstery goods, rugs; 6 W. 32d; Breslin.

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Auctions.

E. T. NEWELL & COMPANY, Auctioneers, will sell for account of whom it may concern, on the premises, Bodkin Creek, (near Baltimore,) on Monday, April 21st, 1919, the following machinery and equipment, formerly used in the reduction of garbage:

6 200 H. P. return tubular boilers, Coatesville Boiler Works, 100 lbs. steam pressure.
72 4½"x20' 0" tubes.
2 batteries of 3 boilers each.
1 8' 0" diameter steel stack 120' 0" high.
2 14"x7"x12" fire pumps, Smith Vaile, Dayton, Ohio, 500 gals. per minute, 70 strokes per minute, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
2 10"x6"x12" boiler feed pumps, Stilwell-Bierce & Smith Vaile Company, 4" discharge, 5" suction, 2" steam, 2½" exhaust, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
1 No. 2 feed water heater, Stilwell-Bierce & Smith Vaile Company, 6" inlet, 5" outlet, 6" atmospheric exhaust.
1 50 H. P. 16"x16" horizontal steam engine, with 4' 0"x20" pulley, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
2 30 H. P. 8"x9" vertical steam engines with pulleys, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
1 40 H. P. 8"x12" horizontal steam engine, high speed, with two flywheels, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
1 18" centrifugal pump, 8" suction, 5" discharge, direct connected to a 6"x7" vertical steam engine, 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
2 screw presses, Boomer & Boschert Press Company, Syracuse, N. Y.
28 closed steel tanks, 5' 9" diameter and 16' 0" long, capacity 3,250 gals. each.
2 closed steel tanks, 4' 8" diameter and 12' 0" long, capacity 1,550 gals. each.
1 closed steel tank, 8' 0" diameter and 12' 0" long, capacity 4,500 gals.
1 closed steel tank, 5' 0" diameter and 8' 0" long, capacity 1,175 gals.
1 closed steel tank, 5' 0" diameter and 14' 0" long, capacity 2,100 gals.
1 closed steel tank, 5' 0" diameter and 4' 0" long, capacity 600 gals.
1 open end steel tank, 5' 6" diameter and 6' 6" long, capacity 1,155 gals.
All closed tanks for 100 lbs. working steam pressure.
28 12" flanged gate valves, stationary spindle, with handwheels.
14 8" angle globe valves, Jenkins.
1 8" globe valve, Jenkins.
24 3" globe valves.
5 8" screwed gate valves, rising spindle.
Lot of small brass valves.
Lot of 6-8-12" steam piping.
Lot of cast iron, 7 presses, drums, gears, plates, etc.
Lot of steel hoppers, plates, etc.
Lot of shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
Lot of conveyor aprons, chains.
Lot of small piping.
Lot of brass.
Lot of belting.

The tug ("City of Baltimore") will leave foot of Calvert St., Baltimore, Md., at 9 o'clock A. M. day of sale, arriving at Bodkin Creek in time for sale.

Terms of sale, cash. All material to be removed at the risk and expense of purchaser and suitable bond will be required of the purchaser for prompt and careful removal.

For further information, apply to the auctioneers.

E. T. NEWELL & COMPANY,
Auctioneers,
519 N. Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

PAINTINGS
AUCTION SALE TO-DAY
At Salesroom of
SMITH & JAFFE,
PHILIP SMITH, Auct'r,
68 W. 45th St.
TO-DAY AT 11 A. M.
Oriental and Antique Rugs, Gothic and Spanish Statuary, Bronzes, Statuary, Antique Furniture.
TO-DAY AT 2:30 P. M.
Engravings, Prints
PAINTINGS AND
WATER COLORS
Monks' Refectory, by Justa Tominz; H. B. Northcote (2), Gilbert Stuart, William M. Chase, Carlton Wiggins (8), William N. Howe (8), J. G. Brown, Jervis McEntee, B. M. Carter, Nicholas Grutzner, A. Drummond (3), Chas. D. Curran (8), Meyer Von Bremen, Gall, F. C. Williams, Dalbey, P. Wentworth, Richkowsky, Chas. Warren Eaton (5), B. B. Snell (80), Roswell D. Hill.
A rare painting of THE HOLY FAMILY, of the Flemish School.
And other Paintings by well known Foreign and American Artists.
BY ORDER OF
Estate of CORDELIA E. YVELIN,
Equitable Trust Co. of New York,
Lillian A. Morris, Executors.
Messrs. Murray, Prentice & Howland, Attorneys.
Estate of GARDNER G. YVELIN,
Gardinia G. Gardner,
Administratrix, C. T. A.
Arthur Knox, Esq., Attorney.
Estate of EDWARD MARX, FANNY MEYERS and others.
Also for the account of
MODESTO ALVAREZ.

SAMUEL T. FREEMAN & COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS,
1519-21 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
PEREMPTORY SALE
Surplus Machinery & Equipment of
THE INTERNATIONAL METAL CO.
642 W. PRATT STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
TO BE SOLD
Monday, April 21, 1919, at 11 A. M.
On the premises.
Comprising 4 E. W. Bliss No. 75½ Power Stamping Presses, Gas Heating Ovens, Electric Motors, Auto Starters and Compensators, Yale Triple Chain Blocks, E. W. Bliss Power Rumblers, Casting Machines, Slug Moulds, Crane Metal Spouts, Shafting, Belting, Cable Reels, etc.
Full particulars in catalogue.
Samuel T. Freeman & Co., Auctioneers,
1519-21 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MACHINERY AND
MOTOR TRUCKS
at Public Auction. Stock worth about $10,000. Sale at Bushman's Storage Warehouse, 63 Boudenes Street, Long Island City, near 59th Street Bridge, on Monday, April 14th, at 10:30 A. M.
E. SCHIELDS, Auctioneer.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of COLWELL LEAD COMPANY, Bankrupt.

An offer having been made by HERMAN LOEB to purchase all the assets of the above named bankrupt, consisting of certain contracts for the sale of certain parcels of real estate situated at Elizabeth, N. J., and Westfield, N. J., outstanding accounts, equities in outstanding accounts, certificates of stock, etc., for a sum sufficient to pay all creditors six and one-half per cent. (6½%) in cash of their claims, besides the payment of priority claims, cost of administration, etc., and a petition having been filed by Albert F. Ward, Esq., Trustee herein, praying for a meeting of creditors for the purpose of considering and acting upon said offer, together with any other offers which may be made for the aforesaid assets, you will therefore

Please take notice that such offer will be considered at a meeting to be held at the office of HON. HAROLD P. COFFIN, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of April, 1919, at 2:00 P. M.

Any person desiring to make a bid for said assets may do so at said meeting; and offer so made must be accompanied by a certified check for at least ten per cent. (10%) of the amount of said offer.

HAROLD P. COFFIN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

For further information, apply to Albert F. Ward, Trustee, 5 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York,
—or—
ROBERT B. HONEYMAN, Attorney for Trustee, 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

A-H-B

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Confused Movements of Stocks Reflect Speculative Uncertainty—Great Grain Exports.

Stocks had a strong or weak appearance yesterday, according to which issues, or groups of issues, were considered, which is to say that a great deal of irregularity was in evidence throughout the session. Running parallel with heavy offerings of some of the shares which had risen rapidly during the week were large and insistent purchases of stocks in smaller supply. At no time did there appear to be a dominant influence at work to affect quotations, and the "spotty" price list at the close indicated that traders were considerably unsettled in their opinion in respect to the immediate future. Until the last half hour of business partisans of the downward side had the better of it in point of the number of stocks whose quotations had lost ground, but a late rally worked to even up the market front, in part. To a degree the quality of dealings represented pretty well the uncertain interpretations which speculators were forced to make of occurrences at Washington and of news coming from the seat of the Peace Conference. The turnover was the second largest in size of the year to date.

The meagre dispatches received during the day about the conference between bankers and the railroad authorities were of a sort to lend more confusion than ever to study of the railway situation. The strong intimations that an early return of the carriers to their owners was the prime subject of discussion supplied one more complication which neither traders nor investors in railroad securities were able to catalogue properly among the numerous factors affecting the railroad future. The surrender of the roads by the Government as soon as a clear way was found has been forecast for some time, but the increase of the size of the debt and the operating deficit has persuaded the Street that considerable time must elapse after Congress met before the financial tangle could be straightened out. Also, the decision of the Railroad Administration on Thursday to allow an increase of $65,000,000 in wages appeared to bring forward an additional difficulty in the way of a reversion to profitable private operation without another rise of freight rates, and wonder was expressed yesterday whether the roads could easily secure an advance of tariffs if stockholders assumed control before an increase was granted. The attitude of the stock market was, of course, directed chiefly by conjecture, as the result of the conference did not become public during the business day. Railroad stocks were inclined to sag, with dealings on a much smaller scale than among the nidustrials. Followers of the steel shares evidently possessed divergent views of the appeal to President Wilson to settle the price controversy, as was evidenced by the strength of one or two issues, while others were weak at times.

Reports from mercantile agencies showed that the distribution of numerous lines of goods had made further progress during the week, although it was noted that a great deal of irregularity existed. The demand for articles lately under the influence of war restrictions appears to be steadily increasing, and building operations are displaying improvement. The exportation of grain, especially wheat, is continuing on a vast scale, which promises well for a later demand of large proportions on the crops to be harvested this year. Bradstreet's reported exports of 8,558,570 bushels of wheat in the week ended April 10, an increase of more than 1,200,000 bushels over the preceding week and of about 5,600,000 bushels over the corresponding period last year.

Preparations are being completed rapidly for the distribution of the Victory Loan, the terms of which are expected to be before the public early next week. As the time draws near, it is significant that all signs point toward as intensive a campaign as any of the Liberty Loans produced, and the allotments by Federal Reserve districts indicate a minimum offering of $6,000,000,000.

Prices Steady on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, April 11.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 62 francs 20 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 28 francs. Five per cent. loan, 89 francs 15 centimes. The dollar ranged from 5 francs 97 centimes to 6 francs 4 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6¼
Low	6	Low	6¼
Renewals	6	Renewals	6½
Last	6	Last	6½

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS	
Sixty days	5½	Sixty days	5¾
Ninety days	5½	Ninety days	5¾
Four months	5½	Four months	5¾
Five months	5½	Five months	5¾
Six months	5½	Six months	5¾

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4⅛@4¼

Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4⅜@4⅛

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days.....5¼

4 to 6 months.....5½

Other Names.

4 to 6 months.....5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.64⅝	$4.64¼	$4.64⅝	+.00⅜
Cables	4.65¾	4.65⅜	4.65¾	+.00⅜
Francs—				
Demand	6.01	6.01	6.01	..
Cables	5.99	5.99	5.99	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8663	London	$4.64⅝	$4.65¾
5.1813	Paris	6.01	5.99
5.1813	Belgium	6.32	6.30
	China—		
	Hongkong	78.00	78.10
	Peking	122.50	122.75
	Shanghai	113.50	113.75
40.20	Holland	40.25	40.375
19.30	Greece	19.25	19.30
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.73	*35.78
	Calcutta	35.73	*35.78
5.1813	Italy	7.35	7.33
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.125	
	Yokohama	51.125	51.25
19.30	Spain	20.10	51.25
50.00	Philippine Islands—		20.20
	Manila	49.65	49.75
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	26.70	26.90
	Copenhagen	24.90	25.10
	Christiania	25.70	25.90
	South America—		
42.84	Buenos Aires	44.00	
44.42	Rio	26.125	44.125
5.1813	Switzerland	5.01	26.25
51.46	Russia, (currency)—	Bid.	4.97
	100 rubles	14.10	Asked.
	500 rubles	14.00	14.25
			14.15

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.61	$4.59¼

*Federal Reserve Bank selling rate for imports.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $733,697,481; balances, $66,570,481; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $396,434; Federal Reserve credit balance, $49,111,951.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $26.25 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 15-16d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$6,220,561	$128,260,007
Internal revenue, income and excess profit taxes	64,717,938	1,953,495,585
Miscellaneous	59,030,315	973,288,308
Miscellaneous revenue	16,253,041	354,986,224
Total receipts	$146,221,857	$3,410,030,125
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	46,647,922	9,079,487,532
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	384,250,912	420,653,815
Expenditures	192,869,779	12,489,517,658

Savings Deposits
Go on Interest Last Day of Each Month
Last Dividend 4%
Largest Savings Department in New England
Deposits Received by Mail
Exchange Trust Co.
124 BOYLSTON ST.
BOSTON, MASS.

Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway 'Phone 7662 Rector

Fisk Rubber Stocks
MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.
PHILADELPHIA LAND TITLE BUILDING Tel Spruce 381
NEW YORK EQUITABLE BUILDING Tel Rector 5334

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	1,308,641	215,902	500,175
Year to date	54,987,680	85,267,647	55,557,735

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
32¼	32¾	800	Advance Rumely	32½	32¾	32½	32½	...
66¼	66¾	700	Advance Rumely pf.	66¾	66¾	66	66	−¼
78	79	7,200	Ajax Rubber	77	79⅜	77	78	+2
3½	3¾	12,200	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	4	3½	3½	−⅛
2⅛	2¼	9,800	Alaska Juneau	2¼	2⅜	2⅛	2¼	+⅛
37½	38	2,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅞	...
108⅝	108¾	1,500	Am. Agricul. Chem.	108	108¾	107⅞	108⅝	...
75¼	75¾	2,900	Am. Beet Sugar xd.	75	75⅝	74⅝	75⅜	+¼
50¼	50⅝	14,900	Am. Can	50¼	50½	49½	50⅝	−⅛
93⅝	93⅞	3,500	Am. Car & Fdry.	93⅞	93⅞	93	93½	+⅜
49	49½	1,100	Am. Cotton Oil	49	49½	49	49⅞	+⅜
13¼	13½	900	Am. Druggists	13¼	13½	13¼	13¼	−¼
21⅛	21⅝	2,600	Am. H. & Leather	21⅞	22⅛	21¼	21⅛	−½
100½	101	2,400	Am. H. & L. pf.	100¼	100⅜	100⅛	100⅜	+⅜
46⅞	47	3,700	Am. Ice	49	49	46¾	47	−⅝
63¾	64	1,300	Am. Ice pf.	64¼	64⅜	64	64	...
81⅜	81½	57,500	Am. International	82	83⅜	80⅝	81⅝	−2⅞
51¼	51½	13,300	Am. Linseed	49¾	51½	49½	51¼	+1⅝
91	91½	600	Am. Linseed pf.	91½	91⅝	91	91¼	+⅛
66	66¼	2,200	Am. Locomotive	66	66⅜	66	66	+½
103	104	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	103	103	103	103	−1
1⅜	1½	500	Am. Malting	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	−⅛
52	53	800	Am. M. 1st pf. c. of d. s.	53	53	52	52	−1½
70⅝	71	4,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	70¾	71¼	70	70⅞	−⅛
104½	105	300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	105	105	105	105	...
81¼	82	600	Am. Steel F'dries	82	82½	81¾	81¾	−¼
129½	129¾	2,700	Am. Sugar Ref.	127	129½	127	129½	−1¼
117¼	117½	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	117¼	117½	117⅛	117½	+⅜
110½	111	3,400	Am. Sumatra Tob.	112¼	112½	109¾	110⅜	−1⅜
104½	104¾	1,400	Am. Tel. & Tel.	104⅝	105⅛	104⅝	104¾	−¼
206½	207½	100	Am. Tobacco	207⅞	207⅞	207⅛	207⅛	−⅛
58½	59	4,000	Am. Woolen	57¾	59	57¾	59	+1
41¼	41½	1,400	Am. Writing P. pf.	42	42	41¼	41½	−¼
43¼	45	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	44¼	44½	44½	44½	−½
62	62¼	4,800	Anaconda Copper	62⅝	62⅝	61⅝	62	...
36	36½	2,800	Asso. Dry Goods	36	36¾	35⅜	36½	+1
75	79½	300	Asso. Oil	80¼	80⅝	79	79	−1
91½	93	600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	92	92	92	92	−¾
97	97½	200	Atlantic Coast Line	97	97	97	97	+⅜
129¼	129½	21,700	At., Gulf & West I.	127¾	130	127⅛	129⅛	+2⅛
69	72	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	69	69	69	69	+1
91	91¼	42,600	Baldwin Loco.	90⅛	91⅞	89½	91⅛	+⅞
47¾	48	600	Baltimore & Ohio	48	48	48	48	−½
54	54½	200	Baltimore & O. pf.	55	55	54½	54½	−½
..	..	50	Bank of Commerce	215	215	215	215	...
131	132	800	Barrett Co.	133	133	130	130	−1½
114½	115	100	Barrett Co. pf.	115	115	115	115	...
1¾	1⅞	2,900	Batopilas Mining	1½	1⅞	1½	1⅞	+⅜
73	76	2,200	Bethlehem Steel	73⅛	74	73⅛	74	+⅞
75⅞	76	112,200	Beth. Steel, class B	73¼	76	73	76	+3⅜
107	107½	364	Beth. Steel 8% pf.	107½	107½	107½	107½	−½
19⅝	20	200	Booth Fisheries	20	20	19⅞	19⅞	−⅛
21¾	21⅞	800	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	22	22	21¾	22	...
21⅛	22½	100	Do. cfs. of dep.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	...
78	80	300	Brown Shoe	79	79	79	79	−1
163¼	163½	3,600	Burns Brothers	162½	164	161⅛	163½	+½
7½	7¾	400	Butte Cop. & Zinc	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7⅞	−½
21½	21¾	800	Butte & Superior	21¾	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	+¼
23½	24	100	Butterick Co.	23½	23½	23½	23½	−½
61⅝	62	1,400	California Packing	62	62¼	61½	61⅞	−⅛
25½	26	300	California Petrol.	25⅜	25⅞	25⅝	25¾	−½
69¾	70¼	400	California Pet. pf.	70	70	69⅝	69¾	...
60½	..	400	Calumet & Arizona	59⅛	61½	59⅛	61½	+1½
159	159¾	900	Canadian Pacific	160	160	159⅜	159½	−½
76	76⅝	7,700	Central Leather Co.	76	77	75⅝	76⅛	−⅝
42⅜	42½	8,400	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	42⅝	43⅜	41¾	42⅛	−¼
140½	141	2,200	Chandler Motor	139	143¼	139	141	+2
6	8	100	Chi. & Alton	7	7	7	7	−½
7½	7⅞	200	Chi. Great Western	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅞	...
37	37¼	8,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	38	38	36⅝	37	−1¼
68⅞	69	1,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	69	69	68⅛	69	−¼
94½	96	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	94½	94½	94½	94½	...
23¾	24	800	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	24	24	23½	23⅝	−⅝
76½	77	100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	77	77	77	77	...
65¾	66	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	−¼
65	70	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	70	70	70	70	−2½
23⅜	23½	4,100	Chile Copper	23½	23¾	23¼	23⅜	−⅛
36¾	37¼	500	Chino Copper	36¾	37	36¾	37	−¼
42½	43	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	43¼	43¼	42½	42½	−⅝
23½	25	300	Col. & Southern	24¾	24¾	24	24	−¾
52	53½	200	Col. & South. 1st pf.	53½	53½	53	53	−½
45¼	45½	1,400	Columbia Gas & El.	45½	46	45¼	45¼	+⅛
46¼	47½	200	Comput. Tab. Rec.	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	+¼
95½	96	500	Consolidated Gas	96	96	96	96	+⅛
5¾	6	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	6	6	6	6	...
77½	78	1,600	Continental Can	77⅞	79	77⅝	77⅝	−⅜
68	70	100	Continental Insur.	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	+1⅛
59	59⅛	32,700	Corn Products Ref.	57¼	59⅛	57¼	59⅛	+1⅝
104½	105	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	−⅛
67⅛	67½	9,000	Crucible Steel	67¼	67¾	66⅝	66⅞	...
93⅜	94½	100	Crucible Steel pf.	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	−⅛
25¾	26	3,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	26	26⅜	25¾	26	+½
75⅛	76	700	Cuba Cane S. pf.	76¼	76¼	76	76	−½
103	106	100	Cuban-Am. Sug. pf.	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	+5⅛
4	5	200	Den. & Rio Grande	4⅞	4⅞	4½	4½	−¼
7	7¼	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf.	7	7	7	7	−¼
14¼	14⅜	10,000	Dome Mines	12¾	14¾	12¾	14¼	+1¾
16	16¼	400	Erie	16	16	16	16	−⅛
27	27¼	100	Erie 1st pf.	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	...
11	13½	500	Federal Min. & S.	11½	13	11½	13	+2
38½	40	1,200	Federal M. & S. pf.	38¾	40¾	38¾	39	−¼
57½	59	4,150	Fisher Body	55⅛	59	55⅛	57½	+2½
100	101	700	Fisher Body pf.	95¼	100	95¼	100	+7
29¾	30	1,500	Gaston, W. & W.	30	30¼	29¾	30	−½
57¾	58	800	General Cigar	58⅛	58⅞	57¾	57⅞	−⅛
160	162	1,300	General Electric	161¼	161½	158½	160	−1½
176⅞	177¼	16,300	General Motors	177¾	177¾	175¼	177	...
91¼	93	300	General Motors pf.	92⅞	92¼	92⅛	92¼	+¼
91	91½	900	General Motors deb.	91	91½	91	91	...
66½	67½	1,300	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	67	67½	66½	67	...
91⅞	92	800	Great Northern pf.	92⅛	92⅛	92	92	−⅛
41¼	41½	2,200	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	42	42	41⅛	41⅛	−⅞
42	43	4,100	Greene-Can. Cop.	43⅝	43⅝	41¾	42⅜	−1½
49¾	49⅞	700	Haskell & Barker	48½	49¾	48½	49¾	+1¼
99	99⅞	200	Illinois Central	99⅝	99⅝	99¼	99¼	−½
50¼	50½	2,800	Inspiration Cop. x d.	50⅝	50½	49⅞	50⅝	...
4	4⅛	700	Interboro Consol.	4	4	4	4	−⅛
13¾	14	900	Interboro Con. pf.	14¼	14¼	13¾	14	−¾
20½	21	400	Int. Agricultural	20⅝	21	20½	20½	...
72½	74	1,000	Int. Agricultural pf.	74	74	73	73	−1
31⅛	31⅜	66,600	Int. Mer. Marine	29	31½	29	31¼	+2¾
114⅛	114¼	33,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	114¼	114⅛	112¾	114⅛	+¾
26⅞	27	5,300	Int. Nickel	26⅞	27	26¼	27	+½
45¼	45¾	600	Int. Paper	45½	45¾	45	45	−½
72½	73¼	400	Int. Paper pf., sta.	73⅛	73⅛	73	73	...
42½	43	1,700	Jewel Tea	44¼	44½	42¾	42¾	+¼
87	90	70	Jewel Tea pf.	88	88	88	88	...
126½	126¾	9,100	Kelly Springf. Tire	127	127¾	125¼	126¾	−¼
32	32⅛	4,000	Kennecott Copper	32⅛	32¼	31⅞	32⅛	−⅛
97⅝	98	7,000	Keystone Tire & R.	99	99	96	97⅝	...
118	..	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	118	118	118	118	+1½
70½	70¾	1,100	Lackawanna Steel	70⅛	70¾	70¼	70¼	−½
6½	7½	100	Lake Erie & West.	7	7	7	7	...
27	27¼	1,000	Lee Rubber & Tire	28⅛	28⅛	27¼	27¼	−¼
54⅛	54¼	1,800	Lehigh Valley	54½	54½	54	54⅛	−⅜
47	47¾	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	48¼	48¾	48¼	48¼	+¼
74	76	210	Manhattan Elev.	75	75	75	75	+1
38¾	39	200	Maxwell Motors	38⅞	39⅛	38⅞	39⅛	+⅛
67	67¾	2,200	Max. Motors 1st pf.	66⅞	68	66½	67¾	+⅞
31	31½	200	Max. Motors 2d pf.	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	−½
181¾	182½	26,460	Mexican Petroleum	183¼	184	181¼	181¾	−½
23⅝	23⅞	400	Miami Copper	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	−⅝
47¼	47⅞	22,400	Midvale Steel	46½	47¼	46	47¼	+1⅛
89	92	10	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	...
23¾	24	1,900	Missouri Pacific	23⅝	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	−⅛
51	51½	100	Missouri Pacific pf.	51	51	51	51	+¼
71	74	100	Montana Power	71	71	71	71	−2
38⅜	38½	1,909	Nat. Acme	37½	38½	37½	38½	+½
17⅞	18	400	Nat. Cond. & Cable	18⅝	18⅞	17¾	18	...
56¼	56½	2,000	Nat. Enam. & St.	56⅝	56⅞	56	56¼	−¼
69¼	70¼	300	Nat. Lead	70	70	70	70	−½
16⅝	17	400	Nevada Con. Cop.	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+⅛
28½	30	100	N. O., Tex. & Mex.	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	...
110	111	100	N. Y. Air Brake	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	−1
73⅝	74	1,400	N. Y. Central	73⅞	74	73½	73¾	−¼
20	21	300	N. Y. Dock	20½	21	20½	21	−1
29	30	1,000	N. Y., N. H. & H.	29⅝	29⅝	28¾	29	−½
104½	105½	500	Norfolk & Western	105	105	104¼	104½	−1½
50	52	100	North American	52	52	52	52	+1½
91½	92	1,100	Nor. Pacific x d.	92½	92½	92	92	−⅛
41¼	41⅜	44,300	Ohio Cities Gas	41⅛	42½	41	41¼	+⅜
..	..	2,600	Ontario Mining	7	7⅜	7	7	+⅝
10½	10⅝	79,900	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	10¼	11	10¼	10⅝	+½
32½	34¾	100	Pacific Mail	34½	34½	34½	34½	+½
82	82½	14,000	Pan-Am. P. & T.	82½	83½	81⅜	82⅛	−⅝
44	44⅛	3,900	Penn. R. R.	44⅛	44⅛	44	44	−⅛
29	30	1,000	Penn. Seab. Steel	30¼	30¼	30	30	−4
48½	49	200	People's Gas, Chi.	48½	48½	48½	48½	+⅜
13	13½	600	Pere Marquette	13	13¼	13	13¼	+¼
35½	36	300	Philadelphia Co.	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	+¼
50	50¼	17,700	Pierce-Arrow	50	50⅝	49½	50	...
103¼	104½	200	Pierce-Arrow pf.	103½	103½	103⅜	103⅜	−⅝
20	20¼	10,300	Pierce Oil	20⅛	20½	20	20⅛	−⅛
48⅞	49	1,000	Pittsburgh Coal	49	49	48¾	49	...
93	94	200	Pittsburgh Steel pf.	92½	93	92⅛	93	...
35½	35¾	1,300	Pitts. & West Va.	35½	35¾	35⅜	35½	−⅜
82	82⅛	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	82	82	82	82	−⅛
70⅞	71½	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	71½	71½	70⅞	70⅞	−⅛
120	120½	350	Pullman Co.	121	121	120⅛	120⅛	−⅞
52⅞	53	200	Punta Alegre Sugar	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	+¼
79½	80	1,400	Railway Steel Sp.	80½	80½	79¼	79⅜	−1⅛
21	21¼	1,400	Ray Con. Copper	21	21⅛	21	21	−¼
83⅞	84½	6,500	Reading	84¼	84⅝	83⅞	84⅜	−¼
82⅜	83	1,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	82½	82⅞	82½	82⅞	+⅛
102	102⅝	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
92	92¼	4,500	Royal D., Am. shs.	92¾	93	91¾	92	−1½
89⅞	90	15,100	Do., N. Y. shs.	89	90⅞	89	89⅞	−1⅛
60	60½	500	Savage Arms	61	61	60⅛	61	−¼
7⅝	7⅞	600	Saxon Motor	7⅞	8	7⅝	8	+¼
117½	120	10	Sears, R. & Co. pf.	120	120	120	120	...
12½	13	100	Shattuck-Arizona	12⅛	12½	12½	12½	−½
49⅛	49½	95,500	Sinclair Oil Refin.	46	50⅛	45⅝	49½	+3½
52	53	100	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	53	53	53	53	−1
103½	103¾	21,100	Southern Pacific	104	104⅛	103¼	103⅜	−⅜
140	160	100	So. Porto Rico Sug.	145	145	145	145	−2
27⅞	28	1,700	Southern Railway	28	28	27⅞	28	−⅛
140	147	100	Standard Milling	140	140	140	140	−6¾
40¼	40¾	2,400	Strom. Carburetor	39½	40¾	39½	40⅛	+1⅛
66¾	67	9,900	Studebaker Co.	66½	67⅞	65⅝	66¾	+½
97½	99	300	Studebaker Co. pf.	97½	98½	97½	98½	+1½
56½	56¾	2,800	Stutz Motor	56½	57¼	55¾	56½	−½
40	40½	200	Superior Steel	40¼	40½	40¼	40½	+½
13¾	14	800	Tenn. C. & C.	13¾	13¾	13⅜	13¾	+⅞
213½	214	6,100	Texas Co.	212¾	215¾	211⅝	213½	+1¼
31½	31¾	4,500	Texas & Pacific	32	32	31¼	31⅝	−½
90⅞	91	2,200	Tobacco Products	91½	91½	90¾	91	...
44½	45	300	Transue & Wms.	45	45⅛	45	45⅛	+¼
129	129¼	1,100	Union Pacific	128⅝	129	128⅝	128⅞	−⅞
73	73½	100	Union Pacific pf.	73	73	73	73	...
42⅝	43	800	United Alloy Steel	43	43	42⅞	42⅞	−⅛
134	[illegible]	8,500	United Cigar Stores	134½	135⅝	134	134¼	+⅜
119	[illegible]	200	United Drug	120	120	120	120	[illegible]
117	[illegible]	100	United Drug 2d pf.	118	118	118	[illegible]	[illegible]
9¾	10	600	United Ry. Invest.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
22¾	23¼	2,400	U. S. C. I. P.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
59	60	300	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
66⅝	66¾	8,700	U. S. Food Prod.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
154	154¼	22,500	U. S. Indus. Alcohol	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
35½	36½	600	U. S. R. & Imp.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
86¾	87	11,400	U. S. Rubber	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
111¾	112¼	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
48½	49½	1,600	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
98⅛	98¼	160,100	U. S. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
116⅝	116⅞	400	U. S. Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
74½	75	3,700	Utah Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
60¼	60½	2,700	Va.-Car. Chem.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
112	113	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8⅛	8½	100	Wabash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
32½	33	767	Wabash pf. A.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
20	21½	100	Wabash pf. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10⅛	10½	400	Western Maryland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
53½	54½	300	Western Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
86½	86⅝	300	Western Union Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Continued at Bottom of Adjoining Column.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Preceding Column.

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
46⅝	46¾	3,500	Westingh. E. & M.	46½	47	46⅝	46⅝	−¼
8	8¼	300	Wheeling & L. E.	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	−⅛
56	56¼	1,700	White Motors	56	56½	55⅝	56	+½
84	84½	6,900	Wilson & Co.	83⅞	85⅞	83½	84½	+¾
100	110	100	Wilson & Co. pf.	100	100	100	100	...
29⅞	30	7,000	Willys-Overland	29¾	30	29½	30	...
93	94½	300	Willys-Overland pf.	93⅜	93⅜	92⅞	92⅞	−⅞
116	117	400	Woolworth pf.	116	116	116	116	...
67	67½	1,600	Worthington Pump.	68¾	68¾	66⅝	66¾	−1⅛
72⅞	74	100	Worth. Pump pf. B.	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	72⅞	−⅛

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Liberty Bonds at Parity.

Reiteration of the conversion privilege of the 4 per cent. Liberty bonds by Secretary Glass caused the First 4s, First 4¼s, and Third 4¼s to come together, while the Second 4s and the Second 4¼s sold at parity one with the other. The first group closed at 95.60, while the second group closed at 93.66. This is the first time, so far as the records show, that this situation has obtained. It is hardly likely to obtain again, for the bonds are of varying maturities, and to sell "in line," that is, at approximately the same income yield, they must of necessity sell at varying market figures.

* * *

Foreign Trade Credits.

According to bankers in close touch with the foreign trade situation, it is likely that very little, if anything, will be done in the way of creating new foreign trade credits until after the peace treaty is signed. It is the belief of most of the representative bankers that no foreign group would enjoy any notable success in negotiating credits now, and for this reason they are inclined to cast doubt on the many reports of activity in foreign trade circles. The whole matter is dormant, they say, and will remain so until the Paris conference has closed. What happens after that, it may well be, will be quite a different story.

* * *

Awaiting Developments.

Steel manufacturers are disinclined to discuss the controversy which has arisen between the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce and the Railroad Administration over the fixing of a minimum price for steel products. There is no denying the fact, however, that the steel men are puzzled by the situation. When co-operation was first proposed to the steel industry by George N. Peek, Chairman of the Industrial Board, it was the opinion that the Government was willing in all departments to lend its aid to the so-called Redfield plan of stabilization. The one certainty seems to be that the steel men will not make any further reduction in prices for the simple reason that they are overburdened by high costs, which even at the present price levels, seriously threaten earnings. Both of the governmental departments appealed to President Wilson for a decision. In the meantime the steel manufacturers are doing practically no business. The stabilization which had been partially attained before the Redfield plan became operative has been shattered because buyers have been scared away from the market by the Washington controversy. There is some skepticism as to whether the steel price schedule, should it be indorsed by President Wilson, will serve the purpose of restoring confidence. The announcement of minimum prices brought a decided buying demand, but the belief is general that the stand of the Railroad Administration has undermined the industrial situation and that buyers will be wary for some time.

* * *

Strike Deep Oil Sand.

In drilling a well in the Big Muddy field of Wyoming the Merritt Oil Company, controlled by the Midwest Refining Company, has penetrated the deepest strata of oil bearing sand ever discovered in this country, according to announcement yesterday. The well is being drilled to the Second Wall Creek sand and has already cut through 265 feet of what is known as the First Wall Creek Sand. The deepest sand which has heretofore been discovered was said yesterday to be about 110 feet.

* * *

Bethlehem Steel Gains.

While the controversy over the steel price schedule at Washington was construed as being far from favorable for the majority of steel stocks, whatever significance it may have had, was lost sight of in the case of the Bethlehem Steel B shares. This stock was in high favor during the morning and continued to advance during the afternoon. The gain of more than 3 points with the close at the high for the day was indicative of a more spirited rally than any of the steel shares have known for some time. What caused the advance in Bethlehem was something of a mystery. It was reported during the day that officials of the Bethlehem company were conferring with the Railroad Administration, the assumption being that Bethlehem was preparing to sell rails, a course which might at once bring about an open market. This rumor, which came from Washington, was emphatically denied by the Bethlehem company.

* * *

General Motors Employes.

A plan has been worked out by the General Motors Corporation whereby the employes can become stockholders in the company on a partial payment basis. In carrying this out the corporation will establish an employes' saving fund, to which any employe can contribute not to exceed 10 per cent. of his salary each year. An investment fund will also be established in which the corporation will duplicate, dollar for dollar, the employes' savings. The two funds will be divided into yearly classes, with a new class to be formed each year, the classes maturing five years from the date of formation. The corporation will invest the investment fund in common stock of the General Motors Corporation. At the maturity of each class the employe will be entitled to withdraw cash or securities.

* * *

Rate Increases Talked Of.

Following the announcement of the additional $65,000,000 wage advance to train crews by the Director General of Railroads, there was a revival yesterday in the financial district, both in banking and railroad circles, of the suggestion that this, in company with other advances granted in the latter part of last year, may more than be taken care of by another advance in freight rates. In some quarters this suggestion is looked upon with favor but in more conservative circles both the railroad operators and bankers realize that rates are high as it is, and that there is some question whether shippers would be able to stand a further increase, even if they were willing that one be made. The railroad shares reflected the increase in wages by turning dull and selling off from fractions to more than 1 point. They were not under heavy pressure, however, and the volume of business done was small.

* * *

Converting Ships to Burn Oil.

Local shipping circles displayed considerable interest yesterday in the report that the United States Shipping Board had issued an order to convert 100 vessels built on the Great Lakes from coal to oil burners, and that engineers had been sent to various Great Lakes shipyards to supervise the change. The average tonnage of the ships built for the Shipping Board on the Great Lakes is 3,400, and it was reported locally that it was the plan of the board to use some of these vessels to fill in the gaps in the Atlantic food fleet. It was also reported that the Government would probably ask for bids on fuel oil contracts for these ships, as the recent contracts made were for vessels plying between Gulf and Atlantic ports.

* * *

Thirty Wooden Ships Chartered.

Information has been received in shipping circles that thirty of the Government's wooden ships have been chartered to transport railroad ties from Oregon and Washington to the Atlantic Coast, where they will be shipped to Eastern railroads, which need them badly. The question of whether the boats will have to return to the Pacific Coast empty or not has attracted wide attention, and it is reported that bids have been sent to the Shipping Board to charter them as coal carriers on their westward voyages. It was reported that the charter on several of the boats for the eastern trips was at $16 per 1,000 board feet. Each vessel will carry in the neighborhood of 1,250,000 feet of ties. Total orders for Douglas fir ties placed with Oregon and Washington sawmills are said to aggregate approximately 175,000,000 feet.

* * *

A Big Advance.

Texas & Pacific Coal and Oil stock was reported yesterday to have sold at 1,925 in the open market. This was an advance of 120 points over the previous closing quotation and more than a 300-point advance from the bid price for the stock in last week's market. The rise was attributed to the report of the bringing in of a 10,000 barrel a day oil well in the Ranger field in Texas, in which the company has a 50 per cent. interest. The shareholders of the company will meet April 16 to vote on an increase in capital stock from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000. In preceding stock increases shareholders have had the privilege of subscribing to the new issues at $100, which has made the "rights" worth a tidy sum.

* * *

Government Surplus Materials.

The Government is making every endeavor to establish a plan for the disposal of its surplus stocks of raw material in a manner which will disturb as little as possible general market conditions. Not long ago an agreement was entered into with the copper producers for the marketing of Government metal over a period of more than a year. It is understood that a similar plan will be instituted with regard to iron and steel supplies. Apparently most of the Government stocks have been overestimated. The supply of copper was supposed to be 100,000,000 pounds, whereas the most recent estimate places it at 85,000,000 pounds. The amount of shell steel was judged to be 1,000,000 tons in early estimates. Now all of the iron and steel which the Government holds is considered to be not more than half this amount.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	$10,899,000	$3,590,500	$4,955,000
Year to date	901,397,339	361,391,500	329,098,300

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47
18....99.12
137....99.10
28....99.14
5....99.12
84....99.10
2....99.12

$224,000
1st conv 4s, 1932-1947
30....95.90
3....95.80
5....95.86
1....95.80
2....95.60

$41,000
2d 4s, 1927-'42
30....93.68
5....93.66
19....93.68
1....93.66
5....93.70
5....93.68
30....93.70
1....93.66
4....93.70
15....93.68
8....93.66
5....93.70
6....93.66
60....93.68
3....93.66
5....93.68
1....93.64
28....93.66

$226,000
1st conv 4¼s, 1932-1947
25....95.90
10....95.88
9....95.90
20....95.86
51....95.84
26....95.80
1....95.72
1....95.80
6....95.60

$139,000
2d conv 4¼s, 1927-1942
92....93.68
38....93.66
1....93.70
7....93.66
40....93.68
51....93.70
30....93.68
12....93.66
334....93.68
90....93.66
99....93.64
10....93.66
22....93.68
5....93.66

$631,000
3d 4¼s, 1928
3....95.62
80....95.60
72....95.62
377....95.66
50....95.64
1....95.60
50....95.64
277....95.60
2....95.58
17....95.60
49....95.64
9....95.60
13....95.66
193....95.64
32....95.62
65....95.66
3....95.62
85....95.64
17....95.60
1....95.64
8....95.62
1....95.60
127....95.64
37....95.62
5....95.66
7....95.62
2....95.64
6....95.62
5½....95.66
90....95.66
50....95.62
65....95.64
5....95.60
75....95.64
9....95.62
42....95.60
25....95.62
10....95.64
14....95.60
5....95.62
6....95.60
45....95.64
195....95.60
50....95.62
1....95.58
10....95.60
25....95.62
25....95.64
2....95.60
190....95.64
21....95.62
10....95.60
75....95.64
75....95.66
22....95.62
35....95.60
5....95.56
50....95.60

$2,781,500
4th 4¼s, 1933-'38
13....93.60
10....93.58
205....93.60
244....93.62
120....93.64
461....93.66
502....93.62
326....93.64
4....93.60
60....93.62
65....93.64
6....93.66
126....93.62
180....93.64
100....93.62
3....93.60
34....93.62
129....93.64
113....93.62
100....93.60
100....93.64
124....93.62
362....93.64
3....93.62
1....93.66
50....93.64
6....93.62
1....93.66
276....93.64
93....93.62
61....93.60
11....93.62
50....93.64
7....93.66
215....93.64
39....93.62
350....93.64
29....93.62
6....93.60
35....93.62
150....93.64
112....93.62
143....93.60
87....93.62

$5,122,000

US 4s, coupon
1....106
Am For Sec 5s
1....99⅝
1....99¾
17....99⅝
Ang-Fr 5s
2....96½
43....96⅝
5....96⅝
½....96¾
13....96⅝
1....96½
1....96⅝
1....96⅝
½....96⅞
1....96⅝
50....96⅝
C of Lyons 6s
5....99¼
2....99½
C of Paris 6s
8....97½
16....97⅝
1....97¾
C of Tokio 5s
2....82
9....81¾
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
3....98
2....97⅞
1926
5....97
1931
4....97
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan 2d series
2....91
German [illegible]
4....85¼
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
1....98⅝
Un King of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1919
10....99¼
10....99⅜
5½s, 1921
16....98¾
6....98½
2....98⅜
5½s, 1937
61....98⅝
40....99
Va 6s defd Brown Bros & Co cfs.
5....69½
N Y City 4½s May, 1957
7....101
Nov, 1957
1....100⅝
Alaska Gold M conv deb 6s, Ser A
30....25
Ser B
1....26⅜
Am H & L 6s
10....100
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
4....90⅜
1....90¼
Am Tel & Tel col tr 5s
2....90¼
9....90
12....90¼
1....90⅜
conv 6s
4....103
12....102¼
16....102⅜
Am Wr Pa 5s Tr Co ctfs
5....90¼
Arm & Co 4½s
2....88
2....87½
1....87
At, Top & S F gen 4s
5....81½
1....81¼
1....81¾
Cal Ariz 1st & ref 4½s
5....85
Atl & Char A L 4½s
2....87½
Balt & Ohio conv 4½s
5....75½
14....75¼
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s
1....89
pur mon 5s
5....83
Bklyn R T 7s, 1921
1....81¼
Cent Leath 5s
5....96
1....95⅞
1....96
1....95⅞
Cen Pac gtd 4s
7....78¼
2....79
gtd 3½s
4....83
Ches&O con5s
1....99
gen 4½s
1....77¼
1....77½
conv 4½s
1....79⅜
3....79¾
conv 5s
5....85½
5....85¾
Chi, Bur & Qy joint 4s
21....95¼
12....95⅜
2....95¼
Iowa div 4s
1....99
Chi Gt Wn 4s
1....59½
14....59
4....59¼
8....59½
2....59⅞
Chi, M & St P Dub 6s
1....99¾
Chi, M & St P gen 4½s
1....80½
ref 4½s
1....69⅜
2....69½
conv 4½s
1....77½
Chi & N Wn gen 5s
6....98⅝
StL,P&NW5s
6....98
C, R I & P gen 4s
1....77
ref 4s
4....72
2....72¼
Chi Union Sta 4½s, Ser A
5....85½
Chile Cop 7s
4....117
col tr 6s
½....87
½....87
14....86
2....86⅝
9....86½
1....86⅝
cv 6s, rcts p p ext
1....87
9....87¼
C, C, C & StL gen 4s
2....67½
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
1....78¼
Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s
1....84
Con Gas cv 6s
2....101½
1....101⅜
22....101¼
5....101⅜
5....101½
Cumb Tel 5s
9....93¼
Det United Ry con 4½s
1....76
Erie 1st con 4s
2....65¼
cv 4s, Ser B
9....46⅝
cv 4s, Ser D
11....48¾
Genes River s f 6s
3....97¾
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s
2....81
GreenBay & W deb cfs B
2....7¼
Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
31....55¼
Ill Cent ref 4s
1....79¼
Inter-Met 4½s
30....33¼
11....32⅞
20....32½
Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s
15....69¼
8....69⅜
IntM-M s f 6s
1....97⅝
9....97⅜
20....97½
5....97¾
27....97½
IowaC ref 4s
13....43¾
1....43
2....43¼
K&M 2d 5s
1....89
KC,FS&M 4s
1....68
KanC Ter 4s
5....76
LackStl 5s, '23
15....96½
LS&MS 4s, 1928
8....86⅞
4....87
1....87½
1931
5....86¼
LehVal coal tr 6s, tem rcts
2....102
conv 4½s
1....85
Lig&Mey 7s
1....111¼
L Isl N S 5s
2....90¼
L & N & M 4½s
1....87½
MichCen 3½s
3....70¼
MidStl c tr 5s
5....88
5....88¼
15....88⅛
M&StL cv 5s
5....76
Pac Ext 6s
2....97¼
M,K&T 1st 4s
1....62⅛
MoPac gen 4s
1....58¾
1....58¾
1....58½
10....58⅝
½....58⅝
½....59
Mont Pow 5s, Ser A
1....91¼
Natl Tube 5s
9....95¼
NYCent deb 6s
11....97⅝
1....97⅝
deb 4s, 1934
10....82¼
ref&im4½s, Ser A
1....84
L S col 3½s
5....64½
NY,L&W term & imp 4s
1....92¼
NYRys ref 4s
1....41
10....40
5....40½
adj 5s
25....12½
NYTel 4½s
25....88
Nor&So1st ref 5s, Ser A
1....69½
Nor&W con4s
10....83¼
8....83
cv6s, sub rcts, full paid
15....106¼
5....106¼
2....106¼
10....106
P,C&C 4s
2....84¾
NorPac 3s
1....58½
5....58¼
ref&imp 4½s
2....87
Ore&Cal 1st 5s
1....97¼
OreSL1st cv5s
2....97¼
O-W R R & N 1st & ref 4s
4....76
PCoast 1st 5s
1....85
PG&El 5s
1....86
Penn gtd 4½s
7....97¾
PRR gen 4½s
13....86
11....86¼
gen5s, t ctfs
1....94½
43....94⅝
Pierce Oil cv 6s, 1920
23....107¾
1924
4....98¼
9....98
4....98½
1....98¼
7....98
Poc C C s f5s
1....87⅜
PubSC s f 5s
3....76¼
5....77
RioGW 1st 4s
1....64
St L, I M & S Riv & G 4s
1....74½
St L & San F prior lien 4s, Ser A
1....59¾
1....60
prior lien 5s, Ser B
1....75¾
adj 6s
9....63½
St L So Wn 1st Term 5s
9....59
2....59¾
SanAn&AP 4s
1....64¾
SeabAL adj 5s
3....48¼
7....48⅛
1....48
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
2....93
Sinclair O & R 1st s f 7s
9....97
25....97¼
with warr
8....105
2....105¼
1....105¼
4....105½
4....106
1....105⅝
5....107⅞
2....107
5....107¾
So Pac cv 4s
16....83¾
6....83⅞
19....83¾
2....83⅞
conv 5s
5....104¼
1....104¼
20....104
30....104¼
30....104¼
2....103⅞
23....104
1st ref 4s
2....79⅝
10....80
So Ry 1st 5s
4....93
gen 4s
1....68¼
5....68¾
Tex & P 1st 5s
2....89⅝
3d Av ref 4s
1....50½
adj 5s
7....27
Union Pac 6s
2....104
1st 4s
1....87
1st & ref 4s
13....79¼
United R R of San F 4s Eq tr cfs of d
7....3⅞
U S R&Imp 5s
2....73¼
U S Rub 7s
1....103¾
1st & ref 5s
9....87¾
20....87¼
US Sm,R & M cv 6% notes
4....99¼
1....99¾
U S Steel Cp s f 5s
3....100¼
18....100¼
9....100¼
1s1f....100
6....100¼
Va-Car Chem cv deb 6s
10....101⅝
1....101⅛
Va Ry 1st 5s
3....89¼
Wabash 1st 5s
1....93⅜
1....94
West Elec 5s
2....97¼
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
5....99¼
3....99⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. For. Sec. 5s	99⅝	99¾
Anglo-French 5s	96½	96⅞
Argentine 5s	84	85
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97⅞	98
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	96⅞	97
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	97	97⅛
Chinese Government 5s	70	71
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	98⅝	99
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	91⅛	93½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	82¾	84¼
Dominican Republic 5s	91	..
City of Bordeaux 6s	99¼	99½
City of Lyons 6s	99¼	99½
City of Marseilles 6s	99¼	99½
City of Paris 6s	99¼	99½
Japanese 4½s	97⅝	97¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	91	92¼
Japanese 4s	91	92¼
City of Tokio 5s	75⅞	77¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1919	99⅜	99½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	98⅜	98½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	98⅞	99
United States of Mexico 5s	65	74
United States of Mexico 4s	55	58
Russian Government 4s, 1894	23	..

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	98½	99
2s, c, 1930	98½	99
3s, r, 1946	89	92
3s, c, 1946	89	92
4s, r, 1925	105½	106½
4s, c, 1925	105½	106½
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98¼	99
Pan 2s, c, 1936	98¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98¼	99
Pan 2s, c, 1938	98¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	87	92
Pan 3s, c, 1961	87	92
P I 4s, '34	90	96
P I 4s, '35	90	96
P I 4s, '36	90	96
Dist of C 3-65s	97	100

STOCKS.

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	35	37½
Alb & Sus.	..	185
Allis-Ch pf	90½	91
Am Ag Ch pf.	100	100⅝
Am B N	37	40
Do pf.	45½	47
Am B Sug pf.	92	92½
Am C pf.	101	101½
Am C & F pf.	115¾	117
Am Coal.	45	..
Am Cot O pf.	91	93
Am Exp.	89	90
Am M 1st pf ctfs.	50	53
Am Shiph.	..	142
Am Sm pf. A	92	93½
Am Snuff.	110	115
Do pf.	94	100
Am S Tob pf.	91	95
Am T & C.	56	65
Am Tob pf	100	101
Am W pf.	99	99¾
Am Zinc.	14	14½
Assets R.	1¼	2
Asso D G 1st pf.	65	75
Do 2d pf.	65	..
A. T & S F. pf.	86	86½
A. B & A.	5½	7
Bald Lo pf.	103¾	105½
B'ch Creek	29¾	..
Beth S 7% pf.	95	96
B'klyn Ed.	97½	100
B U Gas.	80	85
Brown Sh pf.	100	102
Bruns Ter.	8¾	9¾
B, R & P.	60	70
Do pf.	90	100
Burns Bros pf.	110	115
Bush Ter.	80	97
Cal P pf.	109¾	113
Can So.	45	48½
Case (J I) pf.	98	99
Cent Fdy.	13	21
Cent L pf.	109⅛	109½
C R R of N J.	203	230
C & S A Tel	109	114
C'tain-teed	32	35
Do 1st pf	84	95
C & A pf.	..	14
Chi Gt Wn pf.	24⅝	25½
C & N W pf.	129	132
Chi Pn T.	67½	..
Chi, St P, M & Om.	104	115
C, C C & St L.	33	34
Do pf.	64	68
Cl & Pitts.	67½	80
Do spec.	38	..
Clu-Peab.	63½	64¼
Do pf.	104	105½
Col F pf.	105	125
C & S 2d pf.	43	48
Cont C pf.	108	110
Crex Carp.	44	59
C-Am Sug.	175	180
D & Co pf.	96½	98½
Del & H.	105¾	109
D, L & W.	176	180
Det Ed.	111	116
Det & M.	..	85
Det U Ry.	90	97
D, S S & A.	2½	3½
Do pf.	5¼	7
Elec S B.	60	70
Elk H C.	26	28½
Do pf.	..	47
Erie 2d pf.	18	19
Erie & P.	..	70
Gen Chem.	173	179
Do pf.	102½	104
Gen Cig pf	104	106
G'drich pf.	107	108
Granby C.	66	68
G, M & N.	8	9
Do pf.	31	34½
Gulf S S.	53	55
Do 1st pf	92¾	98½
Hartman.	65	67
Homestake	98	101
Ill C l l.	63	..
Int Harv.	127¼	127½
Do pf.	116	..
Int N pf.	96¼	..
Int P pf.	90	100
Int Salt.	..	54
Iowa Cent.	2¾	4
K C, Ft S & M pf.	59	65
Kan C So.	19	20
Do pf.	52½	54
Kayser (J)	105	106
Do 1st pf	105	120
Kelly S T pf.	94	96
Kelsey Wh.	33	37
Do pf.	91	93
K & D M.	2	3
Do pf.	..	48
Kresge (SS) pf.	105	115
Kress (S H)	65¼	66
Do pf.	105½	..
Lacl Gas.	68	70
L E & W pf.	16½	18
Ligg & M.	201	215
Do pf.	110	112
L-W B 1st pf.	100	102
Do 2d pf.	107	110
Lorill'd Co.	149	152
Do pf.	105	109
Louis & N.	115½	118
M'Kay Cos.	72	75
Do pf.	64	65
Man B'ch.	¼	2½
Man Shirt.	67	78
Marlin R.	..	70
Math Alk.	31	36
M Dep Sts.	74	76
Do pf.	107	109
Mex P pf.	103¼	106
Mich Cent.	85¼	90
M & St L.	10	10½
M, St P & S S M pf.	103	110
Do l l.	62	70
M, K & T.	6	6¼
Do pf.	11	12½
Mo Pac pf	51	51¼
Mon P pf.	105	..
Mor & Es.	71	89
N, C & St L.	114	117¼
Nat Bisc.	120	122
Do pf.	115	118
Nat C & S.	74	77½
Do pf.	104	106
Nat En pf.	100	102
Nat L pf.	108	110
Nat Ry of M 1st pf.	12	..
Do 2d pf.	9	9¾
N Y, C & St L.	25¼	25½
Do 1st pf	63	70
Do 2d pf.	45	46
N Y Dock pf.	44½	47
N Y, L & West	92	98
N Y, O & West	19	20
Norf So.	15¼	18½
Norf & W pf.	73	83
Nor Cent.	67	78
Nova Sc S.	47	..
Ohio F S.	45	46
Owens B M	52¼	53
Do pf.	100	104
Pac Coast.	41	50
Do 1st pf	68	100
Do 2d pf.	50	80
P T & Tel.	25	25¼
Do pf.	87	92
Pan-Am P & T pf.	143	148
Peo & E.	4¾	5½
Pere M pr pf.	60	63
Do pf.	39	43
Pett-Mull.	25	45
Do 1st pf	96	102
P, C, C & St L.	40	50
Pitts C pf.	86	87
P, F W & C.	132¼	137½
Pond C C.	14¾	17
Pr Stl Car pf.	99¾	102
P S, N J.	83	85
R R Sec, I C stk cfs	..	75
Ry Stl Sp. pf.	106	107
Rdg 1st pf.	37½	38½
Do 2d pf.	37	38½
St L S F.	12	12½
Do pf.	22	24
St L S W.	16	17
Do pf.	30	32
Seab A L.	7½	7¾
Do pf.	17	18
Sears-R.	179	182½
S-S S & I pf.	84	88
So P R S pf.	107	110
So Ry pf.	68	69
St'd M pf.	90	91
Sup Stl 1st pf.	97½	98½
T P L Tr.	200	300
Third Av.	14	16
Tide W O.	210	215
Tob P pf.	100	101
T, St L & West	..	6
Do ctfs.	..	6
Do pf.	9	18
Do pf c.	9	11
T C R T.	45	48
Do pf.	81	124
Und Type.	145	150
Do pf.	111	121
U B & P.	80	83
Un Cig Sts pf.	111	117
U D 1st pf.	55½	56
Un Dyew'd.	58½	61
Do pf.	..	98
Un Fruit.	170	173
U Rys Inv pf.	25	28
U S Exp.	21	22
U S Ind A pf.	106½	107
U S Sm pf.	45½	47½
Utah Sec.	16	17
Va I, C & Coke	54	57
Va R & P.	..	48
Wells F.	57½	60
W Md 2d pf.	15	25
West Pac.	17	18
W E & M 1st pf.	63	65
W & L E pf.	17	20
Wis Cent.	32	36
Woolworth	123	125
Wor Pump pf. A.	92	93

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PROTEST TO LANSING ON CABLE HOLDUP

Censorship Aids British, Says Manager Prentiss of Foreign Relations Council.

SEVEN TO 30 DAYS' DELAY

He Tells of Cases Where English Firms Have Beaten Out Americans, Owing to Restrictions.

A protest against a continuation of the censorship on commercial cable messages was cabled to Secretary of State Lansing in Paris yesterday by the Council on Foreign Relations at 165 Broadway. In announcing this, Mark O. Prentiss, Manager of the council, said the censorship on commercial cable messages now was by no means a war measure, and was only hurting American business men and aiding the British.

Postmaster General Burleson, according to Mr. Prentiss, has been doing his best to aid the committee in the matter of having the censorship lifted, as have Secretary of Commerce Redfield and Secretary of the Navy Daniels. Mr. Burleson has also cabled President Wilson in Paris recommending the lifting of the censorship. The following letter from the Postmaster General has been received by Mr. Prentiss:

Mr. M. O. Prentiss,
Council on Foregin Relations,
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

My dear Mr. Prentiss:—I have received your letter of the 9th instant setting forth your cablegram to Secretary Lansing in Paris, urging the importance of terminating our cable censorship. I am in hearty sympathy with the views therein expressed, and have sent a cablegram to the President urgently recommending that the cable censorship be terminated at once if it is possible to do so. With personal regards,

A. S. BURLESON,
Postmaster General.

The Message to Lansing.

This is the message that the Council cabled to Secretary Lansing:

> **Lansing**, American Embassy, Paris:
> Council on Foreign Relations whose Governing Board includes former Ambassadors Gerard, Straus, Elkus and Morgenthau, also Richard Washburn Child, Lindsay Russell, F. Kingsbury Curtis, Frank Doubleday, George W. Wickersham, Frank Vanderlip, Guy Tripp, Paul Warburg and Alexander J. Hemphill, enters energetic protest against continuation censorship, especially commercial cable messages. We emphasize our patriotic desire not to embarrass our Government, but insist that censorship now working serious handicap to commercial and social relations. Our agreement with England, France and Italy does not embrace joint censorship over South American and Pacific cables. We cannot understand how free use of these cables could possibly aid our enemies. Will you not order immediate and complete relaxation there? Business organizations receiving thousands of complaints that censors seriously handicapping our nationals and benefitting others. Respectfully urge immediate consideration and reply.
>
> MARK O. PRENTISS,
> Communications Committee.

The Council on Foreign Relations began to investigate the proposition of [illegible] the cable censorship shortly after the armistice was signed last November. A committee of representative men was appointed and Mr. Prentiss was made chairman of that committee.

The facts could not be disputed, said Mr. Prentiss yesterday, that England was the nation benefitting by the censorship. The other two nations, France and Italy, who were parties with Great Britain and the United States to the censorship agreement, had agreed to the demands of American business men that the regulations should be abolished.

"In sending this cablegram to Secretary Lansing," said Mr. Prentiss, "we have tried to impress upon him our patriotic desire to submit to any handicaps or hardships necessitated by war, and we desire at all times to co-operate closely and enthusiastically in everything the Government desires in the reestablishment of peace; but we are unable to comprehend how the continued censorship as exercised now can possibly benefit this country or serve the general good of the world, or, on the other hand, how it can possibly be of any useful operation against our enemies. Evidence is not lacking, in fact the volume of it is becoming appalling, that while the censorship is proving most handicapping to our nationals, it is proving to be most benefitting to British trade only."

Mr. Prentiss told of cases he had investigated where business had been lost through the holding up of the cables by the censors.

"They hold them up from seven to thirty days," he said. "I could give you any number of instances where the cable has finally reached the home office reading: 'Information received too late; contract lost.' The other day, the American Steel Export Company lost a huge contract in Milan, Italy, worth $750,000. After a score or more cables urging the home office to hurry up the information, the final one told the story of how the bids and specifications had come too late and that the contract had gone to Harmsworth and somebody or other in Manchester, England.

"One thing that I would like to emphasize further regarding our negotiations on this subject with Government officials," continued Mr. Prentiss, "I have received the most splendid cooperation from Postmaster General Burleson and Secretaries Redfield and Daniels, and I know that they have done everything in their power to have this censorship lifted.

"There is one phase of this subject that is not fully understood, or appreciated by the vast majority of people. When we entered the war we made an agreement with England, France, and Italy to the effect that we would operate a cable and mail and wireless censorships over certain lines and areas; this censorship to run concurrently with the joint blockade of the enemy.

"For some reason which I do not understand our agreement did not provide that this same censorship should be exercised over transpacific nor the South American cables, although the censorship has existed there just the same. After the armistice, when we began making protests on this subject to our Government, our Government took the matter up and it developed that Italy, having a very slight interest in the subject at all, was first to agree, and then France, partly out of courtesy, I imagine, but largely through ideals of freedom of speech, readily agreed to our proposal to cease all censorship.

"Great Britain has repeatedly refused, and I was told in the British Embassy in Washington that it would be their policy to maintain this same world-wide censorship until all belligerent countries shall have ratified the peace treaty.

"This is our reason for sending this cable to Secretary Lansing, and our reason for making it public at this time is our desire that our business people particularly have a better understanding of this complicated situation, and also, I personally believe that if commercial organizations and business houses who are large users of the cables and foreign mail service will supplement our cable by others and if they will communicate their ideas to, and file their protests with Secretary Redfield and Postmaster General Burleson, I can almost promise them relief in the immediate future."

WILL PRESS PROTEST OF CABLE CENSOR

Government to Act on Representations by Americans Business Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Strong representations made by American business men that their trade is being seriously hampered by the present foreign cable censorship will be taken up directly by the American representatives abroad, it was learned today in official quarters. The Post Office Department is so interested in having the cable agreement made with the British and French Governments altered that it is possible that President Wilson, himself, will be asked to use his influence personally and to conduct negotiations directly in Paris. It was even asserted today that cables had already been sent to the President, but this could not be absolutely confirmed.

On the other hand, a report reaching Washington from New York to the effect that the censorship would be lifted within a few days, was not verified by the American officials, who said, with evident regret, that the outlook did not seem any brighter in that direction than it had for some time.

Lord Reading, the British Ambassador, issued an official denial today that Great Britain had been collecting American business information through access to the cable censorship. The official statement reads:

"Lord Reading, the British Ambassador, emphatically denies the truth of the suggestions contained in the message from Paris, published in some of this morning's newspapers, to the effect that the censorship of commercial cables has been, or is being, used to promote British at the expense of American trade.

"Lord Reading adds that every complaint of this character received by the British authorities has been fully investigated and in no instance has it been found that the complaint had any foundation in fact.

"Lord Reading is ready to have inquiry immediately into any further complaints, and will give them every attention."

The statement was called forth by a press association dispatch from Paris which said, in part:

"European censorship of mails and cables to European neutrals continues in full force. Complaints backed by evidence are constantly being received in Paris. These are to the effect that the censorship is being utilized not alone for the legitimate purpose of preventing or hampering trade with Germany, but also to give the nationals of the country exercising the censorship an unfair advantage over American competitors through information extracted from business correspondence.

"The assertion that all important business information from American mail was being registered, tabulated, and studied for the benefit of British trade was constantly made in Scandinavia before and after the entry of the United States into the war."

Departmental officials said that all countries seemed to be suffering from the present cable censorship which forbids code messages. American business men are suffering under the two disadvantages of high-message cost and cable congestion, both due to the prohibition of code cablegrams. It was said today that delay on the single cable across the Pacific Ocean, which is now six days behind in its work, could be reduced to one-third if codes were allowed. Magnifiers have been installed on a particularly slow portion of the cable, and it has already been improved to an extent.

As it is, the cables are packed to their limit. Not only business messages go over the Pacific cable, for instance, but all governmental matters dealing with the Philippines and Hawaii, Australia, and the Orient. So frequent is cable delay all over the world that in addition to the messages which cause the first congestion hundreds of service messages are sent asking if the first communications have been received. These later messages pack the cables still more. Some relief has been obtained in that the United States Government has been able to persuade the other nations concerned that only one, instead of a censorship on each side of the ocean, is necessary.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.04	61.72	61.83	—.36
25 industrials	93.38	92.05	92.79	+.10
50 stocks	77.71	76.88	77.31	—.13

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
April 10	78.37	77.29	77.44	—.48
April 9	78.43	77.40	77.92	+.29
April 8	78.14	77.20	77.63	+.24
April 7	77.84	76.99	77.39	+.35
April 5	77.52	76.89	77.04	—.05
April 4	77.18	76.24	77.09	+.72

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

April.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	78.43	Apr. 9	76.14	Apr. 4	77.31
1918	69.19	Apr. 22	66.22	Apr. 11	67.56
1917	85.56	Apr. 3	79.57	Apr. 23	81.29
1916	88.78	Apr. 6	80.91	Apr. 22	85.43
1915	73.36	Apr. 26	64.54	Apr. 1	72.60

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	78.43	Apr. 9	69.74	Jan. 21	77.31
†1918	70.95	Feb. 19	64.12	Jan. 15	66.79
Full Years.					
1918	80.16	Nov. 13	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916	101.52	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	76.82	—.03	—.75	+.91

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Apr. 10	76.85	—.06	Apr. 3	76.90	+.04
Apr. 9	76.91	—.01	Apr. 2	76.86	+.13
Apr. 8	76.92	+.10	Apr. 1	76.73	+.13
Apr. 7	76.85	—.13	Mar. 31	76.60	—.08
Apr. 5	76.95	+.08	Mar. 29	76.68	+.08
Apr. 4	76.88	—.02	Mar. 28	76.65	—.05

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1919	79.01	Jan. 3	76.60	Mar. 31	76.82
†1918	77.43	Jan. 31	75.77	Apr. 9	75.91
Full Years.					
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48	Jan. 29	74.24	Dec. 20	74.54
1916	89.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Airplane	1½	2	Homa Oil	38	39
Am Oil	7	7½	La Rose	26	30
Bay S G	5	7	Iron Blos	35	40
Bost Ariz	..	1¼	Iron Cap	11	13
Bost Ely	1¼	1⅜	Jerome V	63	65
Bost Mon	62	65	Majestic	9	10
Bohemia	75	90	Mex Met	19	20
Begole	25	50	Mojave T	5	8
Butte & L	12	15	New Balt	1	1¼
Calaveras	1	2	N L & Z	8	11
Champ, old	2	3	Nixon Nev	30	31
Chief Cons	3⅛	3¼	Nev Doug	12	15
Con Ariz	1⅛	1¼	Oneco	20	40
Con Copper	5	5¼	Onondaga	12	18
Cortez	12	18	Pilgrim	35	40
Crystal	30	31	Rainier	70	80
Crown Res	35	45	Seven Met	38	40
Denbigh	20	21	S W M f p	1½	1¾
Earl Eagle	..	3	Texana	60	62
E & B B	2⅞	2⅝	Truro	25	75
Fortuna	2	2½	U V Exten	35½	36
Gold Lake	..	5	Victoria	..	1⅛
Houghton	20	50	Yukon	75	100

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	5.90	5.55
Buff., R. & P.	1919-'33	4½, 5, 6	5.90	5.60
Can. Northern	1919-'29	4½, 5, 6	6.38	6.12
Can. Pacific	1919-'28	4½	6.00	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½	6.10	5.65
Chicago & N. W.	1919-'23	4½	5.60	5.25
C., R. I. & P.	1919-'27	4½@5	6.35	5.85
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5	5.85	5.37
Chickasaw Refin.	1919-'21	6	7.60	5.90
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5	6.30	5.70
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.85	5.50
Erie Railroad	1919-'27	4½@5	6.37	5.80
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½@5	5.65	5.30
Louisv. & Nash	1919-'23	5	6.00	5.50
Mich. Central	1919-'32	5 @6	6.05	5.75
Minn. & St. L.	1919-'27	5	6.40	5.90
Mo., Kan. & T.	1919-'23	5	7.25	7.00
Mo. Pacific	1919-'22	5	7.25	7.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'26	4½@5	6.30	5.80
N. Y. C. Lines	1919-'28	4½@5	5.95	5.55
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'32	4½	6.12	5.75
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½	5.65	5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½, 5, 6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1919-'23	4 @4½	5.60	5.25
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½	5.70	5.45
Seaboard A. L.	1919-'26	5 @6	6.55	6.00
Sinclair Refin.	1919-'21	6	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific	1919-'26	4½	5.70	5.40
Southern Railway	1919-'24	4½@5	6.05	5.65
Union Tank	1919-'20	5	6.20	5.60

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	..	5.00	..	5.00
Spelter	6.40	6.60	6.40	6.60
Antimony	6.75	7.00	6.62½	6.87½
Quicksilver	$72.00	..	$70.00	..
Aluminum	29.00	31.00	29.00	31.00
Iron, No. 2X silicon	..	31.90	..	31.90

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15c bid; on the Metal Exchange at 15c bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	76	10	0	77	5	0
Copper, futures	76	10	0	77	5	0
Tin, spot	225	10	0	227	0	0
Tin, futures	223	15	0	225	0	0
Spelter, spot	36	10	0	36	10	0
Spelter, futures	36	0	0	36	0	0
Lead, spot	24	10	0	25	0	0
Lead, futures	24	0	0	24	0	0

REDFIELD OR HINES LIKELY TO RESIGN

Washington Believes Deadlock on Steel Price Will End in One Leaving the Service.

AWAIT PRESIDENT'S VIEWS

Secretary Redfield Defends Position on Prices—Hines Denies Peek's "Monopoly" Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The controversy between the Railroad Administration and the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce over prices which should be paid for steel, and other reconstruction problems, reached a point today where reports were heard in many quarters that either Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce or Director General Hines of the Railroad Administration probably would feel called upon to resign after President Wilson has ruled as to which is in the right.

Secretary Redfield stood firmly today behind Chairman Peek and the other members of the Industrial Board, who declare that the schedule published recently was as low as could be safely put into effect.

Mr. Hines issued another statement in which he asserted in effect that Mr. Redfield and the board had strayed from their original course and were placing the Government on record in favor of unfair price levels.

Long cable messages were sent to President Wilson in Paris by both Secretary Redfield and Mr. Hines, and neither gave way an inch. Mr. Redfield said he had asked the President to decide whether the Industrial Board should disband or remain quiescent until the President returns from Europe. The nature of the cable message sent by Mr. Hines was not made known.

The controversy now in progress has brought about the most serious split in the President's Cabinet since the Summer of 1917, when Secretary Lane of the Interior Department clashed with Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Secretary of War Baker over the prices which the Government should pay for coal. The Fuel Administration in that instance was created to determine upon fuel prices, and there were no Cabinet resignations.

Secretary Redfield this morning quoted a letter he wrote to Mr. Glass on April 3, in which he said that Mr. Hines was "apparently seeking to underbuy the public," thus creating a situation where prices would be higher to the public than otherwise. He said that on March 27 he cabled to President Wilson, and that a cable also had been sent by Fuel Administrator Garfield, backing up the Industrial Board. Mr. Redfield held that the position taken by Mr. Hines in attempting to knock down prices to rock bottom was a "social and patriotic error."

Director General Hines issued this statement tonight in support of his position, replying to yesterday's remarks of Chairman Peek of the Industrial Board:

"Mr. Peek says that the Government has set up an industrial policy with one hand and torn it down with the other. The policy which was authorized by the Government was the policy of establishing a committee which would endeavor to bring Government purchasing agencies, including the Railroad Administration and producers of certain commodities, together by voluntary action on reduced prices at which the Government purchasing agencies, including the Railroad Administration, would be justified in buying freely.

"Mr. Peek, instead of attempting to carry out this specific policy, entered, despite the Railroad Administration's notification that it would not agree to buy at the prices proposed, upon a very different policy of fixing prices, with a virtual insistence that the Railroad Administration must buy at those prices regardless of its judgment. Further than this, his committee even proposed the prices as being prices below which the general public ought not to expect to buy during the rest of this calendar year.

"Mr. Peek also professes great alarm at the consequence that will result from the steel interests of the country being subjected to the monopolistic buying power of the Railroad Administration. If I am not mistaken, one of the gravest causes of concern to the people of this country, for many years, has been the persistent suspicion that the country was subjected to the menace of a monopolistic selling power on the part of the steel interests, and therefore I do not believe the country will share Mr. Peek's alarm.

"I have already made it clear that the Railroad Administration will make purchases on the best terms obtainable. The carrying out of this policy will not justify 'reductions in wages,' as Mr. Peek indicates, nor 'increasing prices to the public.' The Railroad Administration is vitally interested in prices on steel articles generally which will encourage a revival of industry.

"In the conferences of Messrs. Lovett and Walters (who are members of the Railroad Administration's Advisory Committee on Purchases and who have represented the Railroad Administration in this matter) with the Industrial Board and afterward with representatives of the steel interests, Messrs. Lovett and Walters have constantly stressed the interest of the Railroad Administration in steel prices generally.

"After all is said, the matter comes down to the question shall the Railroad Administration give official approval to a scale of steel prices which it believes are excessive, and I have had to decide that question in the negative."

The Industrial Board today made public this letter from E. H. Gary on April 9, reference to which was made in the statement issued last night by Chairman Peek:

"Answering your inquiry as to the cost of direct labor as applied to the average of all steel products manufactured by our companies for the period immediately preceding the war and the present our books show that for 1913 the cost of direct labor from ore, coal and stone through to the finished product, inclusive, but exclusive of the cost of labor in transportation, was $15.13 per ton, and at present, on the basis of March wage scales, it is $34.61, or an increase of $19.48 per ton.

"E. H. GARY, Chairman."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.59¼	$1.56¼	$1.58	$1.56⅝	$1.27¾
July	1.52	1.48¼	1.50	1.49⅛	1.54⅛
Sept.	1.45⅞	1.43¼	1.44	1.43⅝	..

OATS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	68½	67	67¼	67½	85¾
July	67¼	65¾	66¼	66¼	..
Sept.	64½	62½	62¾	63	..

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 77½c; No. 2 white, 77½c; No. 3 white, 76¼@77c; No. 4 white, 76@76½c; ordinary clipped, 76¼@78c.

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	29.47	29.05	29.45	29.05	25.67
July	28.60	28.15	28.52	28.12	26.02
Ribs—					
May	27.57	27.55	27.55	27.02	24.20
July	25.60	25.10	25.50	25.07	24.70
Pork—					
May	49.80	49.50	49.75	49.25	47.85
July	47.10	46.55	46.87	46.55	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.	Prev. Close.
March	..	..	14.49	14.37
May	16.00	15.85	15.90	15.80
July	15.55	15.25	15.48	15.24
September	14.95	14.76	14.88	14.73
December	14.53	14.33	14.47	14.35

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Last.
May	1.71	1.68⅛	1.70
July	1.66	1.63½	1.63¼

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Packard Motor Car	2	Q	Apr. 30	Apr. 15
Sapulpa Ref.	2½	Q	May 1	Apr. 19
Tob. Products	*$1.50	Q	May 1	Apr. 30

*Payable in scrip.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅝	99¼	6.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅝	99¾	5.50
Gov. of N. F.	6	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	5.50
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¾	100¼	5.85
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99	5.50
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	61½	63	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	120	125	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	52½	54	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99	99¼	5.50
Company Issues.					
A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan.,'20-22	99¼	100¼	6.65
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99¼	99¾	5.50
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100¼	100½	5.75
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	96	9.00
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.75
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99¼	99¾	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100¼	100⅞	5.25
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1920	101⅜	102¼	5.40
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	102⅝	103¼	5.90
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1923	103½	103⅞	5.95
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	7.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	99½	99¾	6.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'19	100⅛	100½	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'20	101⅛	101½	5.95
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'21	101⅜	101⅝	6.40
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	101¼	101⅝	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'23	101¼	101½	6.30
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅛	100⅞	5.80
Cen. Arg. Rys.	6	Feb., 1927	87½	89	7.90
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98¼	99¼	6.20
Chi. B. & Q.	4	July 19,'21	95½	95¾	5.85
C., R.I. & P. R.	6	Feb., 1922	98	98⅛	6.55
Con.G&P.Balt.	7	Aug. 1922	100¼	101	6.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100⅜	5.60
Cud'hy P. Co.	7	July 15,'23	101⅞	102¼	6.40
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1920	98⅝	99	5.80
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	98	98¾	6.50
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99¼	5.75
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1919	100¼	100⅛	5.20
Gen. Electric	6	July, 1920	100½	100¾	..
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	99	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98⅝	98⅞	5.90
Hocking Val. R. R. Co.	6	Mar., 1924	97	97¾	6.50
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	98½	99¼	7.50
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	86	87½	9.25
Met. Edison	6	Dec., 1920	92	97¼	7.75
N. Y. Central	5	Sep., 1919	99⅜	99¾	5.50
Okla. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	100	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L. 1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	88	91	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97	97¼	5.75
Phil. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96	96⅝	7.40
Pitts.& S.R.R.	6	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	5.90
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¼	101⅝	5.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	101⅜	102¼	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	102½	103¼	5.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103¼	104	5.80
Pub. S. Corp.	7	Mar., 1922	96½	97½	7.55
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing. W.	6	Dec., 1919	103½	104¼	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99¼	99¾	6.15
Stude. Corp.	7	*Jan., 1921	100	100⅝	6.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	97	97½	7.25
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	7.25
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.38
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	91	93	8.35
W. E. & M.	6	Feb. 19,'20	99¾	100⅛	5.90

ALIENS IN EXODUS TAKE BILLIONS FROM HERE

Bankers See in Bolshevist Propaganda a Cause for Heavy Tide of Emigration.

The Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association, in urging its members to greater efforts in the spreading of thrift propaganda, says that more than 1,300,000 foreign born residents of this country either have gone back or are preparing to go back to the land of their nativity, and that they will take with them approximately $4,000,000,000. This statement is contained in a letter that the Savings Bank Section is mailing to all of its members.

"Due to Bolshevist propaganda, an alarming proportion of the 14,000,000 foreign born aliens are drawing their money from the banks," says the letter, "selling their Liberty bonds and houses and returning to Europe. The New York Custom House authorities announce that those now sailing from this port carry with them from $2,000 to $15,000 each in United States currency.

"It is estimated that about 1,300,000 cannot be stopped from going and that they will carry with them nearly $4,000,000,000, or an amount equal to four-fifths of the total currency in circulation and in reserve in the United States before the war.

"It is estimated that unless vigorous action is taken more than 6,000,000 of these aliens may be lured abroad by this vicious propaganda, taking with them an amount of cash equal to the total of the present currency resources of the United States. This is certainly serious."

COSTS CUT COPPER PROFITS.

Inspiration Consolidated Reports Earnings of $6.96 Per Share.

The Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company shows in the pamphlet report for 1918 that with a greater output of metal than the year before, a lower selling price and higher costs resulted in considerably lower profits. As a result the management was forced to draw upon surplus to the extent of $1,226,573 in order to pay dividends of $8 per share of stock. The profit of $8,229,163 was $2,751,568 less than in 1917, and equal to $6.96 per share of stock. At the end of the year the surplus was $12,784,432.

The output of copper was 98,540,041 pounds, an increase of 17,973,059 pounds, and the production cost was 11.2 cents per pound. Copper sales brought in $17,516,323, compared with $21,242,217 in 1917, and at the end of the year the company had on hand $2,978,009 worth of the metal, figured at cost. Total current assets as shown by the balance sheet were $19,352,943, of which cash and cash assets were $13,928,171, which compared with $19,161,429 and $12,495,735 cash in the preceding year. This bears out reports which have been current for some time that the company's cash position was strong. In his report to stockholders Cornelius F. Kelley, president of the company, said in part:

"On account of the necessity for protecting the fuel oil supply, upon which the operations of the company depend, it was deemed advisable to purchase jointly with the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, owner of the International Smelting Company, a tract of 160 acres of oil-producing land in the Bakersfield district of California.

"A corporation known as the Arizona Oil Company was formed and title to the company was conveyed to it. The oil company has an authorized capital of $2,500,000, of which 16,320 shares, having a par value of $100 each, have been issued. Your company and the Anaconda Copper Mining Company each owns one-half of the issued stock. The net investment of your company in this stock amounts to $794,668. The transaction was consummated on the 21st day of May, 1918, since which date 329,622 barrels of oil were produced to December 31, 1918."

Cigar Stores Increases Stock.

The United Cigar Stores Company yesterday authorized a $30,000,000 increase in common stock, bringing the total of the common up to $60,000,000. The retiring directors were re-elected.

STORM NEWS HITS COTTON.

Market Goes Up, Then Down, on Weather Bureau Reports.

The weather played an unusually important part in yesterday's cotton market. Early in the day a report of a bad storm over Florida, Georgia, and Alabama sent prices up 35 to 40 points above Thursday's closing levels, and in the afternoon when the Weather Bureau reported that the storm was past and that warm and dry weather might be expected, the market went down all the way from its early high ground to a level 20 to 30 points below Thursday's closing. Thus was the power of the weather man vindicated and the market reminded that from now on the map will bear close study.

The early bulge, which was quite a pleasing affair while it lasted, was not entirely due to reports of the storm, for the rebuying of some big operators who had got out of their long cotton early in the week had more than a little to do with it. Some of the Wall Street houses also bought on balance in the forenoon, but most of their purchases were not long held, for a considerable quantity of selling orders appeared from this source in the afternoon.

A firm Liverpool market and some good buying from that quarter, together with reassuring advices about the political situation abroad, also contributed to the early strength. Liverpool remained firm throughout and this, as events turned out in the afternoon, was one of the few bright spots to remain bright.

The selling late in the day started with ring traders, who apparently were merely on the edge of the market and had gone long for a quick turn in the morning. Their selling, coming at a time when demand had fallen off, caught the market at a weak moment and seemed to upset the plans of the bulls. The market, though, refused to stay down and at the close had come back for net gains on the day, ranging from 10 to 15 points over Thursday's closing.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

OLD CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	24.80	24.95	24.25	24.55@24.65	24.30
July	23.60	23.75	23.45	23.65@23.75	23.48
Sept.	...	...	...	22.45	22.50
Oct.	...	22.37	22.30	22.10@22.70	22.15
Dec.	...	...	...	27.00	22.00

NEW CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	26.30	26.35	25.85	26.15@26.18	25.95
July	24.30	24.49	23.90	24.27@24.32	24.14
Oct.	22.65	22.83	22.21	22.57@22.60	22.46
Dec.	22.34	22.40	21.79	22.14	22.00
Jan.	22.18	22.24	21.65	21.95	21.82
Mar.	21.95	21.95	21.90	21.75	21.60

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 5 points lower, at 28.45c for middling upland; sales, none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 27.10c; New Orleans, 26.25c; Savannah, 26.50c; Augusta, 26.25c; Memphis, 26.50c; Houston, 26.75c; Little Rock, 26.25c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	40,409	28,834	18,120
Exports	29,300	21,821	26,095
Exports, season	3,692,512	3,529,790	3,092,238
New York stocks	79,370	96,226	146,603
Port stocks	1,246,013	1,266,677	1,050,968
N. Y. arrivals	1,790	2,483	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 16.88d for middling, and 19.68d for good middling. Sales, 3,000 bales, of which 2,000 were American. Imports, 7,000 bales, of which 5,000 were American. Futures opened steady, 3 up to 2 lower, and closed steady, 12 to 25 points up on the day. Prices: April, 17.40d; May, 15.76d; June, 15.50d; July, 15.26d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were active.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Forecast:
N. C.—Fair Sat.; fair and warmer Sun.
S. C.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Ga.—Fair and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Ala. and Miss.—Fair and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Mich.—Cloudy and warmer Sat.; fair Sun.
Ohio.—Fair Sat. and Sun.

DENIES JAPANESE DEAL.

J. P. Morgan Disclaims Financial Interest in Steamship Project.

J. P. Morgan yesterday emphatically denied the report from Seattle that he has agreed to join Japanese financial interests in the organization of a Japanese-American stemship corporation. "There is no truth whatever in the statement," said Mr. Morgan. "I know nothing of any such proposition."

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

The trade reports for the week say that business is improving steadily but slowly, and that while all lines are feeling the stimulus of the reported excellent condition of the Winter wheat crop, consumptive demand apparently is singling out those products which heretofore have been held back because of the war.

Dun's Review says:

> Some features are so encouraging, indeed, as to overshadow those elements which seem doubtful, and confidence, in spite of every adverse influence, maintains a distinct advance. The phenomenal status of the Winter wheat crop, which should run far beyond all precedent in both size and value, not only produces a buoyant feeling in agricultural circles, but also strengthens trade sentiment the country over and affords a tangible basis for healthy national prosperity. That business, while still subject to various delays and inconveniences, is passing through the readjustment period without serious unsettlement, the first quarter's statistics have plainly demonstrated.
>
> Most of the leading cities in the United States continue to report much larger bank clearings than for any previous corresponding period, the total this week, $6,065,531,007, showing an increase of 18.7 per cent. over this week last year and of 23.2 per cent. as compared with the same week in 1917.

Bradstreet's says:

> Ordinary distributive trade stimulated by Spring influences, perfect Winter wheat crop conditions, extraordinary prices present and prospective for farm produce, past excellent industrial and agricultural earnings, and the return of hundreds of thousands of soldiers to private life with money in their pockets, shows further expansion. Despite inclement weather and bad roads in some sections, buying from wholesalers for Fall is rather more confident, and, while there are evidences of conservatism due to price reduction talk, the reductions so far made are not up to expectations. As for some time past, consumptive demand seems to single out lines which have been under the ban of war necessity.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bonbright & Co. are offering at 99 and interest, to yield more than 8 per cent., a new issue of $300,000 Pacific Gas and Electric Company of Arizona, one-year 7 per cent. gold notes due April 15, 1920. The proceeds are to be used to build a transmission line to obtain power from the Arizona Power Company and for other improvements.

Stone, Prosser & Doty are offering 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Hartford Automotive Parts Company, which has been incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. The stock is being sold at $50.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co. have issued a circular on the equity position of Bethlehem Steel common stock.

Pearl & Co. will open a branch office at Briarcliff Lodge, Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., on Saturday, April 19, 1919.

Hellwig & Reutter are distributing a book describing the properties of the Island Oil & Transport Corporation.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street

Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue

At Forty-first Street

New York

London Paris

Foreign Exchange

Administrator Guardian

Member Federal Reserve Bank and New York Clearing House

St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1919.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

United Railways of St. Louis First General Mortgage Four Per Cent Gold Bonds, Due 1934

The United Railways Company of St. Louis today admitted insolvency and joined in the application to have a Receiver appointed at once, which will no doubt be done immediately.

The undersigned two Committees, formed for the protection of the United Railways Company of St. Louis First General Mortgage four per cent. Gold Bonds due 1934, will hereafter work together in the interest of these bonds only.

It is to the interest of every bondholder to deposit his bonds at once, and we earnestly urge that they be deposited without further delay.

Any of the depositaries named below will accept bonds and issue negotiable receipts therefor.

COMMITTEES

BRECKINRIDGE JONES, Chairman President Mississippi Valley Trust Co., St. Louis.	N. A. McMILLAN, Chairman, Chairman of Board, St. Louis Union Trust Co., St. Louis.
DAVID R. FRANCIS, JR., Francis, Bro. & Co., St. Louis.	EDWIN G. MERRILL, President, Central Union Trust Co., New York.
A. G. HOYT, National City Company, New York.	EDWARD MALLINCKRODT, Pres. Mallinckrodt Chemical Works, St. Louis.
A. H. S. POST, President Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co., Baltimore.	J. HERNDON SMITH, Smith, Moore & Co., St. Louis.
F. H. ECKER, Treasurer, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., New York.	M. KOTANY, St. Louis.

Counsel—BRYAN WILLIAMS & CAVE, St. Louis.

DEPOSITARIES

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.
ST. LOUIS UNION TRUST COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.
CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK.
FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK.
GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA.
MERCANTILE TRUST & DEPOSIT COMPANY, BALTIMORE.

Established 1893
Clarence Hodson & Co.
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Investment Bonds
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Experienced Executive Seeks Broader Field

Here is a brief recital of his business career, leaving it to you to judge the qualities that have entered into it and how they may serve you and your business.

He began selling at fifteen. He earned the greater part of his way through college. He took a course in law as an additional business preparation. He did not enter its practice.

During the past twelve years in the employ of the same corporation, a national organization with nine offices and operating the entire country [illegible] general manager. During this period, which [illegible] regular dividends in excess of twelve per cent have been paid. He has [illegible] year.

Believes in and practices the square deal and the highest type of salesmanship. Aggressive, sane, safe, industrious, temperate, and loyal. [illegible] mentally alert and [illegible] forward progress of [illegible] the business interests that have him in employment. [illegible] is not seeking an increment.

His reason for leaving the present position is that, while it offers unlimited tenure under present conditions, it offers no considerable opportunity for advancement. [illegible]

Replies held absolutely confidential.

Manager, Post Office Box 461, Chicago

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Stockholders of the Overman Cushion Tire Company, Inc.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Directors duly adopted at a meeting held on April [illegible], 1919, a Special Meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 250 West 54th Street, Manhattan, on April [illegible], 1919, at 11 A. M., to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the Company from One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($150,000), consisting of [illegible] of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each, of which [illegible] shares is [illegible] (500) shares [illegible] Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($250,000), composed of [illegible] of the par value of One Hundred Dollars ($100) each, of which [illegible] shares shall be [illegible] thousand (1000) [illegible] said new [illegible] hundred [illegible] Hundred [illegible] authorized and [illegible] five hundred [illegible] already [illegible] preferred stock [illegible] in part [illegible] of the [illegible] and outstanding [illegible] retired, and [illegible] shares [illegible] known as [illegible] Directors [illegible] at which [illegible] stock shall [illegible] which the [illegible] exercise [illegible] proportion [illegible] for the [illegible] in connection [illegible]

M. C. OVERMAN, President.
L. L. AMBERG, Secretary.

Illinois Central Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be legally brought before the meeting, will be held at the General Office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, the 16th day of April, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

DAVID R. BURBANK, Secretary.
New York, April 5, 1919.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of WILSON WELDER & METALS COMPANY, INC., will be held on the 21st day of April, 1919, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Company's office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from $100,000 to $500,000 [illegible] par value of $100.00 each [illegible]

H. F. BERTINE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN COAL AND IRON COMPANY, DUE MAY 1, 1951.

Notice is hereby given that fifteen (15) bonds of the above described issue of the face value of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) each, bearing the following numbers:

54	207	291	579	655
141	280	363	634	752
162	284	563	[illegible]	[illegible]

have been drawn by lot for redemption from the Sinking Fund, and will be redeemed and paid at the rate of [illegible] and accrued interest on the first day of May, 1919, at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on which date interest on said bonds shall cease.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.
Dated New York, March 27, 1919.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Washington Utilities Company

The undersigned as Trustee under Trust Indenture, dated June 1st, 1917, of the Washington Utilities Company, [illegible] Collateral Trust Gold Notes, [illegible] Washington Utilities Company [illegible] $11,935.29 [illegible]

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
60 Wall Street, New York,
Trustee.
Dated, March 26, 1919.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, located at Plant City, in the State of Florida, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

H. M. McKINNEY, Cashier.
Feb. 4th, 1919.

REFUSES TO MEET B. R. T. UNIONISTS

Garrison Tells Mayor He Is Ready to See Workers, but Not an Outside Committee.

WOULD FILL STRIKERS' JOBS

Denies Any Trouble Except That Caused by Attempt of Union to Obtain Recognition.

Replying to Mayor Hylan's request that he receive the Grievance Committee of those B. R. T. employes who are members of the Car Men's Union, Lindley M. Garrison, receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, declined yesterday to treat with the committee and threatened with discharge any employes who attempt to force recognition of the union by a strike.

Just what action the Executive Committee of Division 867 of the Car Men's Union would take as the next step to enforce recognition of their organization by the receiver and officers of the company was not made public last night, but at the headquarters of the union in the Hotel Continental the union leaders, who include P. J. O'Brien, Vice President of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes; T. F. Shine, also a Vice President of this organization, and William Collins, an organizer of the American Federation of Labor, were in conference.

Mr. Garrison's letter, sent to the Mayor yesterday afternoon, is as follows:

April 11, 1919.

The Hon. John F. Hylan, Mayor of the City of New York, City Hall, New York City.

My Dear Mr. Mayor: I received yesterday your letter dated April 9, in which you inform me that a committee composed of William Riley, Adam Kopman, and Arnold Willer called on you and requested aid in bringing about an amicable settlement between the employes and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit; that such committee stated to you that I had refused to see and confer with them on adjusting their working conditions, and, further, that they are desirous of having an opportunity to confer with me, to the end that their conditions of employment may be improved, and concluding by urging me to grant their request for a hearing.

Willing to Meet Employes.

It is not the fact that the committee which waited upon you ever waited upon me and that I refused to see them.

No one of the three men whose names are stated by you as composing the committee is an employe of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit System, and it is therefore out of the question for me to see and confer with them about their working conditions, to the end that their conditions of employment may be improved. I presume that they are acting on behalf of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America.

The Brooklyn Rapid Transit System has about 13,000 employes. I am, and always have been, willing to meet at any time with committees selected by these employes and representative of them. I am not willing to, and will not, deal with or meet committees selected, not by the body of the employes but only by such as are members of the Amalgamated. In this question the great body of our employes is not concerned. They have appointed no committees, presented no demands, and have not, in fact, participated in them. The minority, which does not represent even one-half of the employes, is attempting to create differences with the management of the system and to force the management to deal with this outside organization.

In your letter you refer to an "amicable settlement of the difficulties between the employes and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit." There is no difficulty of which I have any knowledge, excepting such as arises out of the attempt by the Amalgamated Association to secure recognition.

The propriety of the position of the management in refusing to permit itself to be forced to do this is too clear to require elaboration.

It would be a most wanton and inexcusable thing if this organization, under the circumstances, should attempt to compel the yielding to its demands for recognition by means of a strike.

The immediate effect on the men involved would be to cause each of them to lose his position. It is not my intention to attempt to fill temporarily the positions of any men who thus leave the employ of the company by the employment of strikebreakers or other temporary employes, but it is my intention to fill permanently each vacancy occasioned by any employe who leaves the company upon this issue.

Refuses Mayor's Request.

The effects upon the public and the tremendous loss which will be caused to those whose necessities require them to use the road are too obvious to require more than statement.

I regret that under the circumstances I am not able to acquiesce in the matter of the reception of a committee representing the Amalgamated Association. Sincerely yours,

(Signed) LINDLEY M. GARRISON, Receiver.

A meeting of the Divisional Executive Committee had been called for tonight at Arcadia Hall, in Halsey Street, Brooklyn, and it was learned last night that the only topic of discussion to come before the committee will be Mr. Garrison's letter. Union leaders declined to discuss the receiver's reply to the Mayor last night because they had not been officially informed as to its contents. The Mayor, it was said, would communicate with James Sheridan, Chairman of the Divisional Executive Committee today and Sheridan, in turn, would report the result of the Mayor's effort at the meeting tonight.

P. J. O'Brien declared several days ago that the Amalgamated had organized up to 85 per cent. of the B. R. T. employes. Later it was said that the union claimed 7,000 out of 15,000 potential union members.

Irving Haft, a guard on the Broadway elevated line of the B. R. T. who was discharged by the company recently, was arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons when he called at the offices of the company ostensibly to demand reinstatement yesterday. When arraigned before Magistrate Dodd in the Gates Avenue Court, Haft demanded an examination, and was held in $1,000 bail for a hearing on April 15. It was his intention to demand his reinstatement from Howard Eagan, Division Superintendent, Haft said. According to Eagan information had reached the Division Superintendent that a recently discharged employe had threatened him with violence. Haft, he said, answered the man's description.

IN TRANSPORTATION LEAGUE

Bankers, Manufacturers, and Others Join Amster's Association.

After a conference of bankers, manufacturers, professional men, and railroad security owners yesterday, which was called by Nathan L. Amster, Executive Chairman of the board of the Rock Island Railroad and President of the Investors' Protective Association of America, an All-American League for Unified Transportation was decided upon, with an initial membership of 1,000,000 persons.

The conference adopted a special appeal, which will be presented to President Wilson and Congress, asking that there be an immediate settlement of the transportation problem of the country, as it is one of the most vital reconstruction necessities.

The conference went on record as in favor of Mr. Amster's plan for the solution of the railroad problem, and urged in its appeal that this plan be adopted and shaped into a law immediately. Mr. Amster's plan was presented to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce at recent hearings, along with numerous plans devised by other individuals and associations.

ASSAILS RAIL SITUATION.

Sisson, at Industrial Conference, Calls the Problem Vital.

Problems of industrial management, foreign trade, labor, post-war financial problem, and the stabilization of prices and values were discussed yesterday at the Industrial Conference of the New York Business Publishers' Association in the Hotel Astor. The speakers were John Calder, consulting engineer; G. A. O'Reilly, foreign trade expert of the Irving National Bank; V. Everit Macy, Chairman of the Wage Adjustment Board of the United States Shipping Board; Dr. Charles A. Eaton, Francis H. Sisson, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company; O. P. Austin, chief statistician of the National City Bank; Charles P. Steinmetz of the General Electric Company, and Professor Irving Fisher of Yale University.

Mr. Sisson, speaking upon the financial problems of the country, said that one of the most vital problems was "the precarious financial condition of the railroads." He said that the railroad situation was becoming more acute because to a deficit of more than $200,000,000 in 1918 had ben added $70,000,000 in the first two months of 1919, and "yet rates are 25 per cent. higher and the service poorer than ever before. To meet the losses in operation and capital requirements of the roads, Mr. Sisson continued, "a sum aggregating more than $1,000,000,000 for the period covering Government control has already been required in Government funds to be raised from tax resources. The country was promised, by those responsible for this debt, that vast economy in operation would be effected, which would show convincingly the wisdom of their plan. Experience has proved that the economies effected have been negligible in comparison with the expense added; and that, on the whole, less efficient service—less satisfactory to the public, and less promising for future needs—has been rendered at a largely increased cost to the shipper and the taxpayer."

DEALINGS IN RARE BOOKS.

Rare books wanted or for sale are advertised regularly in the Book Exchange of The New York Times Review of Books every Sunday. Best medium for locating old volumes, valuable manuscripts, autographs, &c.—Advt.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.			Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100¾	101	100¾	3½s Nov.,	1955	81½	..	81½
4½s June,	1965	100¾	101	100¾	3½s Nov.,	1954	81½	82¾	81½
4½s Mar.,	1963	100¾	101⅛	100¾	3½s May,	1954	81½	..	81½
4½s Nov.,	1957	100¾	101	100¾	The following are quoted on a percentage basis:				
4½s Mar.,	1957	100¾	101	100¾					
4¼s Mar.,	1960-30	96	96½	96	4¼s	1924-1931	4.70	..	4.70
4¼s Mar.,	1964	96	96½	96	4¼s	1921-1923	4.70	..	4.70
4¼s Mar.,	1962	96	96⅝	96	4¼s	1919-1920	4.70	..	4.70
4¼s Apr.,	1966	96	96⅝	96	4½s	1919-1923	4.70	4.50	4.70
4¼s Sept.,	1960	96	96⅝	96	4½s	1924-1932	4.70	4.50	4.70
4s May,	1959	91	91⅝	91	3½s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s Nov.,	1958	91	91⅝	91	3½s	1930-1939	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s Nov.,	1957	91	91⅝	91	3½s	1922-1929	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s Nov.,	1956	90¼	91	90¼	3½s	1919-1921	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s Nov.,	1955	90¼	91	90¼	3s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
4s Nov.,	1936	91⅝	98½	91⅝	3s	1919-1925	4.70	4.50	4.70
4s May,	1919	99½	..	99½	3s	1926-1930	4.70	4.60	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,366	Cities Service	360	356	357	359
1,896	Cities Service pf	79⅝	79⅜	79⅜	79⅝
$139,500	Cities Service deb. B 7s	129¼	128¾	128⅝	129¼
265,500	Cities Service deb. C 7s	102½	102	102	102½

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	13	15	Miss River Power	10	12
Adiron Elec Power pf	72	74	Miss River Power pf	40	44¼
Am Gas & Electric	132	135	Northern Ohio Electric	17	20
Am Gas & Electric pf	42	44	Northern Ohio Elec pf	55	58
Am Light & Traction	232	235	Northern Ont L & P	11	15
Am Light & Trac pf	97½	99	Nor Ont Lt & Pow pf	55	60
Am Power & Light	55	59	Northern States Power	70	72
Am Power & Light pf	72	78	Northern States Pow pf	90	92
Am Public Utilities	10	15	Northern Texas Elec	49	54
Am Public Utilities pf	32	37	Northern Tex Elec pf	70	75
Am W W & Electric	5¼	5¾	Pacific Gas & Electric	55	58
Am W W & E 1st pf	60	64	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	88	90
Am W W & E partic	10	12	Puget Sd Trac, Lt & P	16	18
Carolina Power & L	32	35	Puget Sd T, L & P pf	67½	69
Colorado Power	22	24½	Ry & Light Secur pf	80	..
Colorado Power pf	97	100	Republic Ry & Light	21½	23
Columbus Electric pf	70	75	Republic Ry & L pf	59	61
Com Pow, Ry & Lt	22½	24	Southern Cal Edison	89	90
Com Pow, Ry & L pf	46½	48	Southern Cal Edison pf	99	103
Conn Power pf	73	..	Standard Gas & Elec	31	32
Consumers' Power pf	80	83	Standard Gas & Elec pf	42½	44½
Eastern Texas Electric	55	60	Tampa Electric	110	114
Eastern Texas Elec pf	75	78	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	5	5½
El Paso Electric	85	90	Tenn Ry, L & Pow pf	21½	23
Electric B & S pf	93	96	United Light & Rys	40	41
Empire Dist Elec pf	70	75	Un Light & Rys pf	71½	73
Federal Light & Trac	10	12	Western Power	17	18
Federal Light & Tr pf	46	48	Western Power pf	64½	66
Galveston-Houston Elec	17	..	West, Church & Kerr	62	65
Galveston-Hous El pf	57	..	West, Church & K pf	81	86

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am W W & E col 5s	65½	68	Middle West U 6s, '25	86	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s	69	71	Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	77	79
Arizona Power 6s, 1933	84	88	Nor Ont L & Power 6s	75	81
Central P & L 6s, '46	90	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	92½	95½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	91	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	87½	89½
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99	100	Pac Gas & El 6s, 1931	88	95
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	78	82	Puget Sd Tr, Lt & P 7s	98½	99¾
Col Power 5s, 1953	87	89	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	92
Conn Power 5s, 1963	85	90	S W Power 5s, 1943	80	85
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	89	92½	Twin S G & E 5s, '53	73	76
East Tex Elec col 5s	85	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	84½	87½
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	98	98	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	87	93
El Paso Elec col 5s	83	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43	78	87
Empire Gas & F 6s	97¼	98¼	U S Pub Svc 6s, 1927	84	94
Empire Refining 6s	93	97	Utah Securities 6s, 1922	91	92½
Gt West Power 5s, '46	84	85	Wash-Idaho W,Lt&P 6s	90	94
Gt West Power 6s, '25	87	92			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
35	Con Coal	82	81½	81½	110	Davison	36	35¾	35¾
25	Con Power	104	104	104	25	Fidel & Dep	128	128	128
23	Cont Trust	157	157	157	40	Hous Oil pf	83	83	83
500	Celestine	105	105	105	50	Mt Vern pf	74½	74½	74½
938	Cosden	9⅜	8¼	8½	9	New Amster	23	23	23
170	Do pf	4⅛	4½	4½	301	Penn Water	82	81½	82

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Balt C, 1960	94½	94½	94½	$3,000	Elkhorn 6s	98½	98¼	98¼
1,000	Cos 6s, A	91¾	91¾	91¾	2,000	H O div 6s	102½	102½	102½
13,000	Do 6s, B	92	91¾	91¾	1,000	Kirb Lum 6s	98¾	98¾	98¾
5,000	Con Pow 6s	97½	97½	97½	1,000	No Balt 5s	100	100	100
2,000	Do 7s	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	4,000	Un R inc 4s	51½	51½	51½
2,000	Con Coal 5s	88½	88½	88½	3,000	W, B & A 5s	82	82	82

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	75c	75c	75c	315	Isle Royale	26½	26¼	26¼
7	Ahmeek	75	74½	74½	35	Lake Cop	4¼	4	4
430	Alaska	4	3⅝	3⅞	210	Mayflower	3⅞	3⅜	3½
14	Anaconda	62½	61⅝	61⅝	100	Michigan	3½	3½	3½
218	Ariz Com'l	12	11⅝	12	15	*Mohawk	56½	56¼	56¼
22	Cal & Ariz	60¼	60¼	60¼	150	New Cornelia	17	16⅝	16⅝
11	Cal & Hecla	410	410	410	110	North Butte	11½	11⅛	11⅛
10	Cop Range	43¼	43¼	43¼	10	Shannon	2¼	2¼	2¼
125	Davis-Daly	5½	5½	5½	105	U S Smelt	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
245	East Butte	8½	8¼	8¼	100	Do pf	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
10	Granby	69	69	69	250	Utah Metal	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
30	Inspiration	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	20	Winona	80c	80c	80c
296	Island Creek	43	43	43					

Railroads

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
204	Bos & Alb	138½	138	138	10	Fitchburg pf	54	53	54
235	Bos Elev	75½	75	75	6	Maine Cent	80	80	80
14	Do pf	94	94	94	43	NY, NH & H	30	28½	28⅝
6	Chi Junc pf	88½	88½	88½	1	West End	46¼	46¼	46¼
25	Bos & Me	30	30	30	5	Do pf	55	55	55

Miscellaneous.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am Ag Ch	108¾	108¼	108¼	34	Mass Gas	83	83	83
112	Do pf	100½	100	100	60	Do pf	68	68	68
22	Am Bosch	65¼	65¼	65¼	60	McEl 1st pf	96	95⅝	96
125	Amoskeag	84	83½	83½	5	Pullman	121¼	121¼	121¼
2	Am Pn Svc 2d pf	2½	2½	2½	5	N E Tel	93½	93½	93½
60	Am Sugar	127⅞	127⅞	127⅞	75	Punta Sug	52½	52¼	52¼
10	Do pf	117¼	117¼	117¼	20	Reece But	15	15	15
176	Am T & T	105	104⅝	104⅞	1,135	Stewart	40⅝	39⅝	39⅞
10	Am Wool	58	58	58	190	Swift	139⅞	139	139
95	Do pf	99⅝	99	99⅝	387	Swift Int	60	59¼	59¼
20	A, G & W I	127⅞	127⅞	127⅞	44	Torrington	60	59½	60
12	Do pf	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	10	Un Drug	119½	119½	119½
125	Art Metal	21	21	21	10	Do 1st pf	56	56	56
10	Booth	19⅝	19½	19½	90	Do 2d pf	118½	118	118½
115	Cent Steel	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	20	Un Fruit	172	171½	172
100	East S S	8	7⅝	7⅝	270	Un Shoe	51⅝	51	51¼
6	Do pf	40	39	40	15	Do pf	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
30	Edison	166½	166½	166½	1,220	U S Steel	98⅞	97⅝	98
50	Gorton	28¼	28	28¼	50	Ventura	10¼	10¼	10¼
1	Int Prod	37	37	37	70	Walworth	19⅛	19⅛	19½
90	Island Oil	8⅛	8	8	225	Warren	32	27	31
82	Libby	29⅝	29⅝	29½	170	Do 1st pf	66	64	66
					78	Do 2d pf	65	65	65

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am T & T 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼	$1,000	Chi Jct 5s	92	92	92
9,000	A, G W I 5s	80	80	80	1,000	Swift 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
630	Armour pf	101⅞	101¼	101⅞	155	Ill Brick	66	65	66
80	Booth Fish	20	19¾	20	2,553	Libby	29⅞	29⅛	29¼
100	Bucyrus	19½	19½	19½	1,280	Lindsay	18⅛	17½	17½
150	Chi City & C Ry pf	8	8	8	10	M Ward pf	111	111	111
840	Chi Pneu T	69¾	67½	69½	403	Mid Util pf	55	53	55
170	Chi Ry, S 2	5¼	5¼	5¼	80	Sears-Roe	180	180	180
90	Cudahy	112	111	112	496	S Warner	92½	91½	91½
55	Com Edison	115	115	115	3,026	Swift Int	60	59⅛	59½
65	Deere pf	98	97½	98	1,581	Swift & Co	140	139½	140
35	Dia Match	115	115	115	3,536	Un Carbide	69½	68½	69
25	H, S & M	78½	78½	78½	215	West Stone	5	5	5
25	Hartman Cp	66	66	66	100	Wilson	84½	84	84
					10	Do pf	100	100	100

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Morris 1st 4½s	85¼	85¼	85¼
48,000	Swift 1st 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Gas	65	65	65	1,621	Pennsylvania	44¼	44	44
50	Am Smelt	70⅞	70¼	70¼	10	Penna Salt	81½	81½	81½
120	Brill	37	36	37	121	Ph Co cum pf	34¼	34	34
10	Corn Ex Bk	375	375	375	490	Phila Elec	25⅝	25¼	25¼
155	Elec Storage	70	69¼	69¼	350	Phila R T	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝
10	Gen Asphalt	65⅝	65⅝	65⅝	100	Reading	84¼	84¼	84¼
70	Do pf	98⅛	97½	98⅛	100	Steu, T & L	66½	66½	66½
213	Ins Co N A	29	28⅝	29	700	Ton Belmont	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Key Tel pf	48	47	47	300	Ton Mining	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
415	Lake Super	20⅛	19¾	20	24	Un Gas Imp	69¼	69	69
10	Lehigh Nav	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	50	U C N J	189	189	189
862	Lehigh Val	54⅝	54	54	1,705	U S Steel	98⅞	97⅜	98¼
75	L V Tr pf	25	25	25	10	Western Md	10½	10½	10½
26	Minehill	51	51	51	124	War'k I & S	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	Midvale	46½	46½	46½	220	W Cramp	94	93	93
57	North Cent	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜	100	York Ry	7½	7½	7½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A G & E 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	$1,000	Penn Co con 4½s	94	94	94
4,000	City 4s, '39	96½	96½	96½	3,000	Ph El 1st 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
2,000	Do 1938	96	96	96	2,000	P, B & W 4s	96½	96½	96½
5,000	Do 1946	96½	96½	96½	1,000	U S Steel 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
2,000	El & Peo 4s	69	69	69	1,000	Un R inv 5s	70	70	70
2,000	L V Coal 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼					

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
185	Am Sewer P	19⅛	19	19⅛	65	Ohio Fu Sup	46	45⅞	45⅞
100	Assoc'd D G	37	37	37	470	Okla Gas	32	31⅝	32
40	Am W G Ma	83⅛	83½	83½	405	Okla Prod	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝
10	Do pf	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	30	Pit Brew pf	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
10	H Walk pf	99	99	99	600	Pitts Jerome	18c.	18c.	18c.
20	Ind Brew'g	3¼	3¼	3¼	485	Pitts O & G	11½	11⅜	11⅜
250	Lone S Gas	230	222	229	2,000	Pit MtShasta	34c.	33c.	34c.
60	Mfrs L & H	50¼	50¼	50¼	25	Union Gas	125	125	125
2,660	Nat Firepfg	8½	8	8	340	U S Steel	98⅝	98	98
475	Do pf	16	15⅞	16	110	Westing A B	98⅝	98	98⅝
874	Ohio Fu Oil	20¼	19⅝	20	25	Westing El	46½	46½	46½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil	20	20⅛	19	Penn-Mex Fuel	52	56	52
Atlantic Refining	1255	1275	1240	Prairie Oil & Gas	660	670	645
Borne-Scrymser	490	515	490	Prairie Pipe Line	263	268	263
Buckeye Pipe Line	97	99	97	Solar Refining	359	370	359
Chesebrough Mfg	315	340	315	Southern Pipe Line	163	168	163
Continental Oil	540	560	540	South Penn Oil	290	295	290
Crescent Pipe Line	36	39	36	S W Penn	97	104	97
Cumberland P L	190	200	190	Stand Oil of Cal	268	278	270
Eureka Pipe Line	165	*170	170	Stand Oil of Ind	770	780	770
Galena Signal Oil	104	106	104	Stand Oil of Kan	570	590	560
Do pf, new	103	110	103	Stand Oil of Ky	390	405	390
Do pf, old	125	150	125	Stand Oil of Neb	525	540	525
Illinois Pipe Line	180	185	180	Stand Oil of N J	675	680	675
Indiana Pipe Line	108	110	104	Stand Oil of N Y	348	352	350
Int Pet Co. Ltd	30	31	31	Stand Oil of Ohio	520	550	520
National Transit	21½	22½	21¼	Swan & Finch	95	100	95
N Y Transit	185	200	185	Union Tank	114	116	116
Northern Pipe Line	108	115	108	Vacuum Oil	410	415	410
Ohio Oil	340	345	338	Washington Oil	35	40	35

*Ex dividend.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

There was a steadier and more improved tone to prices at the close of an active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Despite frequent and sharp reactions and irregularity in movement, closing quotations in a majority of issues showed gains which offset losses in the remainder of the list. Railroad shares were more active than usual and fractionally lower. Speculative activity, however, centred in the industrials and certain specialties.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Ajax Rubber	78¼	78¼	78¼	40	Interb C pf	14¼	13⅞	14¼
40	Alaska Gold	4	3⅞	3⅞	60	Kelly S Tire	127	125¼	126⅝
200	Alaska-J	2¼	2¼	2¼	660	Key R & T	97⅞	95⅝	97½
170	Allis-Chal	37⅝	36⅞	37¼	10	Lee R & T	28¼	28¼	28¼
190	Am B Sugar	76	74½	76	20	Lehigh Val	54¼	54¼	54¼
420	Am Can	50½	49⅝	50⅜	20	Max Motor	39½	39	39½
50	Am Car & F	95¼	92¾	92¾	3,030	Mexican Pet	184¼	181½	181⅝
40	Am Drug'sts	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	370	Midvale S'l	47¼	46¼	47¼
30	Am H & L	22	21⅝	21⅝	70	Mo Pacific	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
50	Do pf	100⅝	100	100	290	Nat Conduit	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝
70	Am Ice	49	47	47	40	N Y Cent	73⅞	73⅝	73⅞
3,520	Am Intern'l	83½	80⅝	81¼	70	N Y, N H & H	29	28⅝	28⅝
350	Am Linseed	51⅝	50¼	51⅝	30	North Pac	92⅝	92¼	92¼
30	Am Loco	66	65⅝	65⅝	1,745	Ohio C Gas	42⅝	41⅛	41⅛
390	Am S & Ref	71	69⅞	70⅛	10	Ontario Sil	7	7	7
40	Am Sugar	127⅝	127¼	127⅝	2,890	Okla Oil	10⅜	10¼	10¼
1,030	Am S Tob	112¼	109⅞	110⅝	340	P A P & T	83½	81⅝	82
20	Am Tel & T	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	10	Pennsylvania	44¼	44¼	44¼
150	Am Woolen	58⅝	58	58⅝	10	People's Gas	48⅝	48⅝	48⅝
610	Ana Copper	62¼	61½	61½	330	Pierce-A	50¼	49½	50¼
50	Asso Dry G	36	36	36	440	Pierce Oil	20⅝	19⅞	20¼
360	A, G & W I	130	121½	130	90	P & W Va	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
3,380	Bald Loco	91¾	89½	90⅞	45	Ry Steel S	80⅛	79⅝	79⅝
30	Balt & Ohio	48⅛	47⅝	47⅝	380	Reading	84⅝	83¾	84¼
300	Bat Mining	1⅝	1½	1⅝	40	Rep I & S	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
5,260	Beth Steel B	75⅞	73⅞	75⅞	150	Roy D, N Y	90⅝	89	90¼
50	Brook R T	22	22	22	3,795	Sinclair Oil	50⅝	46⅛	50
10	Butte & Sup	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	675	South Pac	104	103	104
50	Cal Packing	62¼	62¼	62¼	20	Southern Ry	28	27⅝	28
140	Cal Pet	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	700	Studeb'r	67¼	65½	66½
20	Can Pacific	159⅝	159⅝	159⅝	30	Tenn Copper	14	14	14
850	Cent Leath	77	75⅝	75⅝	10	Texas Co	213¼	213¼	213¼
70	Cerro de P	43¼	42	42	350	Texas & Pac	32	31⅛	31½
755	C, M & St P	38	36¾	37¼	80	Tob Prod	91½	91	91
20	Do pf	69	69	69	165	Union Pac	129	128⅝	129
50	Chile Copper	23⅝	23¼	23⅝	220	Un Cigar S	135⅞	134¼	134½
75	Columbia G	46¼	46¼	46¼	805	U S Food P	67⅞	66	66¼
20	Col F & I	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	780	U S Ind A	155	152¼	153⅝
850	Corn Prod	59⅝	57¼	59	1,280	U S Rubber	88½	86	87¼
440	Cru Steel	67¼	66⅝	67	22,550	U S Steel	99	97¼	98¼
40	Cuba Cane S	26¼	25⅝	26	270	Utah Copper	75¼	74½	74½
115	Dome Mines	14	13⅝	14	220	West Elec	46⅝	46½	46½
10	Erie 1st pf	27¼	27¼	27¼	210	Wilson & Co	86¼	83⅝	83⅝
170	G W & W	30	29⅝	29⅝	320	Willys-O	30¼	29½	29⅞
545	Gen Motors	177⅞	175¼	176¼		*LIBERTY BONDS.			
60	Goodrich Co	67¼	67	67	$1,700	Lib 3½s	100.12	100.10	100.10
285	Gt North O	42¼	41¼	41¼	1,150	1st 4s	97.02	96.98	97.02
10	Greene-C	42	42	42	3,650	2d 4s	95.18	95.14	95.14
170	Insp Copper	50¼	50	50¼	1,250	1st 4¼s	97.12	97.06	97.12
1,560	Int Mer Mar	31¼	29	31¼	2,600	3d 4¼s	95.88	95.80	95.88
1,970	Do pf	114⅞	112⅝	114¼	3,950	4th 4¼s	95.78	95.60	95.60
160	Int Nickel	26⅝	26½	26½					
10	Int Paper	45¼	45¼	45¼					

*Prices include interest.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	‡Aetna Expl	9⅛	8⅝	9	500	Marc of Am	4½	4⅜	4½
8,000	‡Am Road M	52	41	52	1,000	‡Nat A & Ch	*27	26	26½
500	‡Am W P	6⅝	6¼	6¼	700	‡Nat C & I	65¼	63	63
300	B-AmTob,cp	23⅝	23½	23½	5,000	‡Nat Cond	87½	87½	87½
6,000	‡Bucyrus Co	21½	17½	21	1,000	N Am P & P	4¾	4½	4½
4,500	‡Chalm M	10	9½	9½	300	‡Pac G & E	57	56	56
1,500	‡Cities Serv, B T shares	36⅝	36⅜	36½	800	‡Pearson C	3¼	3	3¼
6,300	Clai&AnnapF	15⅝	13½	14	1,000	Peer Tr & M	24	23½	24
90	‡Col Graph	245	242	245	4,000	‡PhilipMorris	13¼	12½	12⅝
100	EndicottJ,wi	52	52	52	2,800	‡Rem Type	48	45	48¼
1,000	Do pf, w i	100	100	100	5,000	‡Stew Mfg	40½	40	40
25	‡FiskRT2dpf	140	140	140	1,200	‡Stand G & E	32½	31¼	31¼
6,500	‡ Do w i	36½	34⅜	34⅜	1,500	Submar Bt, v t ctfs	15⅝	15¼	15⅝
100	‡FreeTexSul	41¼	41¼	41¼	4,500	‡Swift Inter	60⅝	59	59⅝
100	‡Gen Asph	65	65	65	500	‡ThemelisBro	11½	11	11¼
100	‡ Do pf	99	99	99	400	‡Un Motors	46¼	46⅛	46½
380	‡Gillette S R	148	146	147	1,000	‡Un Carbide	69⅞	69	69
2,000	Hupp M Car	8⅝	8½	8⅝	10,000	Un Prof Sh	1⅝	1⅜	1½
8,500	Intercon Rub	21½	20¾	21	5,000	U S St'ship	3	2⅝	2⅝
1,000	‡Lack Co C	31⅞	30	30¼	1,500	Wayne Coal	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
3,000	‡Lib,McN&L	30	29½	29¾					

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6,800	‡Ang-Am Oil	20½	19⅝	20¼	10	‡Un Tank L	116	116	116
10	‡St O, Cal	269	269	269	10	‡Vacu'm Oil	414	414	414
10	‡St O, N J	675	675	675					

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	‡Allen Oil	2⅝	2½	2⅝	25,000	‡M P of Me, w i	3¼	2⅞	3
900	‡Alli O & R	5	4½	5	7,000	‡Nat Oil	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛
1,500	‡Barn O & G	⅛	3-16	3-16	8,000	†‡N W Oil	55	53	55
3,900	‡Boone Oil	6	5⅝	6	1,000	‡Ok & Tex	5½	5	5¼
30,000	†‡Bost-Wyo	39	37	38	25,000	†Omar O & G	46	44	45
100	‡Caddo Oil	15½	15½	15½	1,100	‡Orient O & G	2⅛	2	2
2,500	‡Com P, w i	45	43	43	4,000	‡Pennok Oil	15⅛	14⅞	15½
12,600	‡Cos & Co	9½	9⅛	9⅝	14,000	†‡Queen Oil	19	17	19
900	‡Crystal Oil	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	18,000	†‡Range't O	99	96	98
900	‡Elk B Pet	7⅛	7	7⅛	9,000	†‡R-H O, (a pros)	42	40	42
5,000	‡Esmer Oil	5½	5	5	600	‡Rick T Co	11	10	10
7,000	‡Federal Oil	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	1,000	†‡Rock Oil, (a pros)	53	53	53
9,500	‡Glenrock Oil	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	2,000	‡Salt C Prod	40½	40	40¼
700	‡Hercul Pet, Class A	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	1,500	‡Sap O & R	7⅝	7	7⅛
600	‡Home O R, w i	18	16	16	12,000	‡Sin G Corp	47½	44⅞	47½
5,500	‡Hudson Oil	2⅝	2¼	2½	55	‡Do oil w	90	83	90
300	‡Houston Oil	81	80	81	100	‡S O & Tran	3	3	3
7,000	‡Inter Pet	32	29¼	30	2,300	†S W Oil	44	43	44
30,000	‡Isl'd O & T	8⅝	8	8¼	1,500	‡Stanton Oil	¾	¾	¾
100000	†‡ Do rights	13	8	13	8,370	‡Ster O & R	6¾	6½	6⅝
8,000	†‡Kenova Oil	6	6	6	2,700	‡T-R P & R	2½	2	2¼
4,600	‡Marland Ref	7	6½	7	34,000	†‡Tex O & R	68	48	65
13,000	‡Merritt Oil	31½	30⅛	31¼	600	‡Victoria Oil, new stock	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
4,000	Met Petrol	3⅛	3	3⅛	900	‡West States Oil & L	42	39½	42
500	‡Midw Oil	1⅝	1½	1⅝					
650	‡Midw Ref	168	166	167					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3,400	†A-B Col M	40	39	40	4,700	†‡Jim Butler	39	38	39
6,500	†‡A M & M, (a pros)	32	31	32	3,700	†Jumbo Ext	15	14	14
7,400	†‡Allied Gold	69	68	69	2,000	†‡Kewanas	6	5	5
350	‡Am Mines	1	1	1	200	La Rose Ltd	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
400	‡Arizona B	43	40	40	1,000	La Con	⅜	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,500	†‡Atlanta	6	5½	5¼	3,500	†‡Lone Star	10½	10	10
3,500	Big Ledge	[illegible]	[illegible]	⅝	2,000	†‡Magma C	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,200	†‡Booth	30	29	29	14,600	†‡Mang M of Am, p	1¾	1½	1¾
40,000	†Bos & Mon	63	58	60	70,000	†‡MacN Min	77	71	77
2,800	†Butte Det't	5	4	5	2,000	†‡Marsh Min	6½	6¼	6¼
200	Butte-N Y	½	½	½	5,200	Mason Val	3	2⅛	2⅝
2,500	†‡Caledonia	39	37	38	1,000	†‡Mother L	38	38	38
1,700	‡Cal & Jer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	2,000	‡Nat Tin	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
2,000	Canada Cop	1 11-16	1 11-16	1 11-16	7,000	†‡Nev Div, p	22	20	23
7,800	†‡Can Silver	66	62	66	300	‡OonondagaM	3⅛	3	3⅛
3,700	†Cashboy	11½	11	11	400	‡Ray Herc M	2¼	2⅛	2⅛
500	‡C S M & M	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	2,700	†Roch Mines	21	20	25
500	Con Ariz S	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	6,000	†‡Seven M M	40	39	40
800	Cresson C G	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	37,000	†‡Sil K Div	28	22	26
21,000	†‡Divide Syn	13	11	12	1,500	†‡Sil Pick	10	9	9
1,000	El Sal Silver	2⅝	2½	2⅝	70,000	†‡Suth'ld Div	36	33	34
8,750	‡E C M Co	2	2	2	600	Stand Sil-L	[illegible]	¼	[illegible]
1,400	†‡Florence S	78	75	77	3,500	†Stewart	17	16	17
18,000	†‡Fortuna C	50	46	50	4,500	‡Tono Div	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞
1,800	‡Gadsden C	3⅝	3½	3⅝	200	Tono Ext	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
21,000	†‡Gold Z D	97	87	95	600	‡Un Copper	⅝	½	⅝
600	†‡G Rule M	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1,700	†‡U S Con M	12	11	11
500	†Goldf'd Con	18	18	18	2,400	Un Gold M	6⅝	6¼	6¼
2,000	‡Golden G'e	3⅝	3¼	3⅝	2,500	†‡WardM&M	35	34	35
1,000	†‡Gt Bend	6	6	6	1,300	†West E Con	1⅝	1 11-16	1 11-16
47,500	†‡Hasb Div	35	28	33	15,700	†White C M	28	23	26
1,650	Hecla Min	5¼	5	5	100	‡WhiteKCpf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	‡Am T & T 6s	99½	99⅜	99⅜	26,000	‡Lig&M6s'21	100¼	100⅛	100¼
1,000	‡Anacon 6s	98⅜	98¼	98⅜	51,000	‡N Y T C 6s	100	99⅞	100
1,000	‡Ar&Co6s'23	101	101	101	1,000	‡Phila 6s	96	96	96
1,000	‡BethS7%'20	101¼	101¼	101¼	3,000	‡Rus G 5½s	54	54	54
5,000	‡Beth S 7%, 1922	101¼	101¼	101¼	15,000	‡Rus G 6½s	60	59¼	59½
11,000	‡Can Gov 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	35,000	‡Sinc Gulf 6s	98½	98	98½
5,000	‡Fed F L 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	10,000	‡Wilson & Co conv 6%	96	95⅞	96
5,000	‡Int R T 7s	88½	88⅜	88½	5,000	‡Lac Gas L 7s,n,wi,'29	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
11,000	‡Ill Cen 5½s	96⅞	96⅝	96⅞					

*Odd Lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—Yesterday low sale in Anglo should read *17⅝.

⁂

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Thursday:

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Thursday Ask.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.	Thursday Ask.
Am Bosch M.	65	66	65	66	Man Transit	½	⅝	½	⅝
Am-Br Mfg	2	3½	2	3½	Nat A & C pf	87	88	87½	88½
Am Malt & G.	38	39	38	39	Nat Firepfg	8	8½	8	8½
Brill Car Co.	33	35½	33	35½	NatFirepfg pf	15	16	15	16
Brit-Am Tob., registered	22⅝	23	22⅝	23	Nat Motors	15	20	15	20
Car, L & Pow	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	N Y Shipbldg	34	36	34	36
Chev Motor	195	210	195	210	N Y Transp	16	18¼	16	18¼
Clevel'd Auto	80	120	80	120	Perfect T & R	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
Cramp Ship	83	85	83	85	Pearson Coal	3	3½	3	3½
Emerson Pho.	3	4	3	4	Republic M T	41	42½	41	42½
Fairbanks	57¼	58	57¼	58	St Joseph L	11	12	11	12
Famous Play.	65	68	65	68	Steel Alloys	7½	8¼	7¼	8¼
Hock V Prod	10	10½	10	10½	Stand Motors	8⅝	9¼	8⅝	9¼
Inter Prod	36¼	37	36¼	37	U S L & H	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
ImpTob,GtB	16⅝	17	16⅝	17	U S L & H pf	3	3½	3	3½
Inter Motors	27	29	27	29	World Film	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Lake T Boat	1⅝	2	1⅝	2	Wright-M	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞
L Val Coal S	80	85	80	85	Wright-M pf	66	71	66	71

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Brass	210	213	210	Do debs pf	93	95	93
Atlas Powder	142	146	142	Hercules	215	220	215
Do pf	88½	91	88½	Do pf	106	109	106
Babcock & Wilcox	111	114	111	Ingersoll-Rand Co	168	173	168
Bliss	250	350	250	Do pf	100	103	100
Do pf	60	80	60	Niles-Bem't-Pond	104	106	104
Colt's Arms	46	49	46	Do pf	95	100	95
Columbia Graph	244	248	244	Scovill Mfg	345	360	345
Do pf	93½	94½	93	Standard Screw	305	320	305
Du Pont	257	265	257	Yale & Towne	205	215	205

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.		Yesterday Bid.	Yesterday Ask.	Thursday Bid.
Am Cigar	128	132	128	MacA & Forbes pf	90	100	90
Do pf	83	88	83	P R-Am Tobacco	140	150	139
Conley Foil	205	226	205	R J Reynolds, A	390	420	390
Geo W Helme Co	165	170	165	Do B	350	375	350
Do pf	109½	111	109½	Do pf	111	113	111
J S Young	125	145	125	Weyman-Bruton	170	175	170
Do pf	98	105	98	Do pf	103	108	103
MacA & Forbes	200	210	200				

NO SIGN OF CHEAPER MEAT.

Packers Say High Prices Will Last Until Europe Resumes Production.

CHICAGO, April 11.—The American Meat Packers' Association in a statement issued today declares that lower prices for meat may not be expected until the war-stricken countries of Europe are enabled to resume their quota of production. The statement reads in part:

"High prices will continue for a long time. Each day that brings final peace nearer means a greater call on this country for meat. The supply of meat is dependent first of all on the supply of live stock. European herds have been reduced by war. To that extent, world production of live stock is crippled.

"Live stock on farms in the United States at the beginning of this year exceeded the number at the beginning of 1918, by 1,036,000 cattle, 4,213,000 hogs, and 963,000 sheep.

"But the armistice, instead of having reduced the demand for meat, has given us more than 200,000,000 additional mouths to feed, either wholly or in part. As shipping becomes available, an increasing number of hungry nations will be accessible for provisioning.

"Statistics now available as to the effect of war on foreign herds indicate that swine in Italy have decreased from 2,508,000 in 1908, to 1,670,000 in 1918; in France from 7,037,000 in 1913, to 4,168,000 in 1917; in Germany from 25,592,000 in 1913, to 12,000,000 in 1918; in the United Kingdom, from 3,940,000 in 1914, to 2,448,000 in 1918; in Denmark from 2,497,000 in 1914, to 513,000 in 1918, and in the Netherlands from 1,350,000 in 1913, to 1,185,000 in 1917.

"The numbers of liberated peoples who were inaccessible before hostilities ceased, but who the United States now will help to feed, include, according to a very recent statement by Mr. Hoover, nearly 7,500,000 in Belgium, 20,000,000 in Poland, 13,000,000 in Czechoslovakia, 13,000,000 in Rumania, 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 in Greater Siberia, and 20,000,000 in Finland, Armenia, and other countries.

"This takes no account of the food being sent into the Central Empires in order to avert anarchy and governmental insolvency.

"Low meat prices must wait until European production is in good swing again. Meanwhile, American farmers and packers can only continue their strenuous efforts and full co-operation with governmental agencies, to keep production at the maximum and prices at the minimum possible."

Argentine Merchants Elect Officers.

The Argentine-American Chamber of Commerce, for which a working fund of $10,000 has been contributed by ten founder members, held a meeting at the Bankers' Club yesterday, at which these officers were elected: Charles H. Sanford, President; Daniel G. Wing, Vice President; John F. Fowler, Second Vice President; James H. Carter, Treasurer; Dr. Enrique Gil, Managing Secretary, and Dr. Harry E. Bard, Secretary. A museum of Argentine export products will shortly be opened by the chamber in the Bush Terminal Building, space having been donated by Irving T. Bush.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Mexican	.20
Andes	.12	Occidental	.40
Best & Belcher	.05	Ophir	.54
Bullion	.02	Overman	.01
Caledonia	.15	Potosi	.03
Chollar	.03	Savage	.07
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Virginia	.65	Sierra Nevada	.14
Exchequer	.01	Union Con.	.13
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½
Jacket	.05		

TONOPAH.		Tonopah Divide	9.75
Allied Divide	.15	Tonopah Dividend	.41
Alto	.29	Tonopah Exten.	2.30
Ben Hur	.15	Tonopah 76	.10
Brougher	1.75	Verdi	.40
Cash Boy	.10	Victory	.35
Divide Annex	.11	West End	1.70
Divide Cons.	.37	West Tonopah	.23
Divide Exten.	.83	GOLDFIELD.	
East Divide	.25	Atlanta	.07
Gold Reef	.06	Blue Bell	.03
Gold Wedge	.14	Booth	.31
Gold Zone	.05	Cod	.04
Halifax	.18	Crackerjack	.05
Hasbrouck	.54	Florence	.37
High Divide	.17	Goldfield Cons.	.17
Jim Butler	.40	Goldfield Merger	.05
Junior	.11	Great Bend	.03
McNamara	.74	Jumbo Exten.	.13
Midway	.48	Kewanas	.05
Mizpah	.09	Lone Star	.10
Mohawk	.24	Red Hills	.05
Monarch Pitts	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Montana	.20	Spearhead	.13
North Divide	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.08	Manhattan Cons.	.07
Rescue	.10	Mayflower	.09
Reno	.15	Nevada Hills	.03
Revert	.19	Packard	.20
Rosetta	.31	Rochester	.20
Silver Divide	.20	Round Mountain	.39
Silver King	.23	Union Amal.	.02
Syndicate	.15	White Caps	.24

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	5	Isabella	5	5⅜
Dr. J'pot	4¼	5	McKinney	6	9
Elkton	5⅝	6½	Portland	99	100
El Paso	15	30	U. Gold M.	20	21
Golden C.	190¼	191¼	Vindicator	38	41
Granite	14	..	Rose Nicol	9½	13½

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 3, 1919.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY will be held on Wednesday, the seventh day of May, 1919, at nine o'clock A. M., Standard Time, at the principal office of the Company in the Marshall Building, Cleveland, Ohio, for the purpose of electing Fifteen Directors, for the consideration of the acts of the officers and directors of the Company taken during the past year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The polls will continue open for one hour. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. D. TURNER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

The Midwest Refining Company

Denver, Colo., April 3, 1919.

DIVIDEND NO. 18.

A quarterly dividend of $1.00 per share and extra dividend No. 1 of 50 cents per share have been declared payable May 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 15, 1919.

The transfer books do not close. All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to C. E. Titus, secretary The Midwest Refining Company, P. O. Box 240, Denver, Colorado, not later than April 15, 1919.

CLARENCE E. TITUS, Secretary.

Cosden & Company

Common Dividend

No. 7

The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of 2½% on the Common Stock, payable May 1, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 15, 1919. Transfer books will not be closed.

Baltimore, Md., April 8, 1919.

J. E. WHITNEY, Assistant Treasurer.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.

N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, March 12, 1919.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two per cent., ($1 per share,) payable April 15, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 31, 1919. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

SAPULPA REFINING COMPANY.

New York, April 11, 1919.

A dividend of 2½% on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable May 1st, 1919. Transfer Books close April 19, 1919, and open on May 2nd, 1919.

L. N. OPPENHEIMER, Secretary.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES

Boston, Mass.

DIVIDENDS NOS. 92 and 93.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared payable on June 1, 1919, to shareholders of record April 16, 1919.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF CHEMICAL PLANT EQUIPMENT AND CHEMICALS.—Edgewood Arsenal, Chemical Warfare Service, Headquarters McCoy Hall, Baltimore, Md.—Chemical plant of Edgewood Arsenal and stock of chemicals located at Bound Brook, N. J., will be sold at public auction at site of plant, adjacent to Frank Hemingway, Inc., plant, Bound Brook, N. J., 10 A. M. April 21, 1919. Plant consists of buildings, complete boiler installation, refrigerating system, electric motors, air compressors, gas pumps, caustic and drying towers, iron tanks, gas holders, lead piping, stores of pipe fittings, valves, gauges, supplies, etc., and office equipment. Chemicals consist of aqua ammonia, calcium chloride, sulphuric acid, sodium silicate, bone char, coke, fuel oil, muriatic acid, asbestos fibre and crushed bone. Terms of Sale: Successful bidder in any sale will deposit cash or its equivalent for 20% of amount of his purchase at time of sale, and balance in cash within 48 hours thereafter. Successful purchaser must remove material or supplies purchased within 60 days. For full particulars and information, apply Commanding Officer, Edgewood Arsenal, Bound Brook, N. J.

CLARK ST. TUNNEL TESTED.

Trainload of Officials Makes Trip Via New Under-River Route.

A special train, carrying officials of the Public Service Commission and of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, ran through the new Clark Street tunnel yesterday. The trip, taken as a tryout of the tracks and safety appliances by order of the company, was pronounced a success, and the statement was made that service would be ready for the public at one minute after midnight on Tuesday morning. In the meantime other trains will be run through the tube to enable trainmen to become familiar with the route.

A statement by the Interborough company said the "tuning up" process was under way and that the new service connecting the Wall and William Street stations in Manhattan on the west side subway with the new Borough Hall station in Brooklyn would supply a pressing public demand. The running time between Times Square and the Atlantic Avenue station in Brooklyn will be twenty-two minutes, and from Atlantic Avenue to Wall and William Street ten minutes, to Fourteenth Street eighteen minutes, and to the Pennsylvania Station twenty and one-half minutes.

"The Times Square station," the statement says, "being in the heart of the theatre district, this opening brings to Brooklyn riders a service that promises to be very attractive."

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 11.—Fifty new corporations with an aggregate capitalization of $1,293,200 were chartered today. They include:

Randall & Biddulph, Inc., Manhattan, rotogravure machinery, $10,000; C. C. Randall, H. Biddulph, B. Epstein, 799 Greenwich St.

Graphic Newspapers, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; F. Lawton, Jr., H. Orlean, R. S. Spitaleri, 450 Fourth Av.

Malloy & Liss, Inc., Brooklyn, confectionery and toys, $5,000; J. W. Berliner, A. Liss, A. Malloy, 2,519 Surf Av., Brooklyn.

Weaver Street Realty Co., Mamaroneck, $5,000; J. J. and S. V. Carroll, E. McCabe, Mamaroneck.

S. E. Murray Co., Manhattan, commission merchants in butter, eggs, and cheese, $50,000; S. E. and M. D. Murray, F. L. Holt, 165 Broadway.

U-Need Ice Co., Manhattan, $50,000; F. D. Allessandro, L. Disanto, P. Sariello, 246 West 146th St.

Portional Apartment Corp., "A," Manhattan, realty, $25,000; E. L. Harmon, L. Keever, J. F. Downes, 627 Av. J, Brooklyn.

National New York Packing and Shipping Co., Manhattan, $20,000; W. M. Thompson, M. Blau, E. Sturz, 154 Nassau St.

Wilson Stores Inc., Manhattan, storage and warehousing, $20,000; G. A. Teitelbaum, L. B. Siegel, H. Taussig, 309 Broadway.

Skloot & Lax Poultry Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; P. Skloot, S. Lax, S. Hoffman, 366 Broadway.

Fashion Shoe Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; D. Lipshitz, B. Gutman, S. Switzky, 2,311 Crotona Av.

Puritan Mfg. Corp., Brooklyn, auto horns, $100,000; G. Marsico, J. Caligiuri, A. Trubiano, 141 Montrose Av., Brooklyn.

Lawrence Park Building Supply Co., Bronxville, $20,000; A. W. and D. B. Lawrence, W. S. Swallow, Bronxville.

MacGraw Building and Const. Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; J. I. Frankel, L. and A. Black, 847 East 19th St.

M. C. Silbee Co., Avoca, beekeepers' supplies, $15,000; C. H. Bennett, W. J. and M. C. Silbee, Avoca.

Rumanian Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $9,000; B. Leibowitz, R. Moscowitz, H. Greenberg, 110 Rivington St.

General Photogravure Co., Manhattan, $50,000; L. Yaeger, J. Klein, M. M. Leavy, 198 Broadway.

Carmody Service Station, Inc., Manhattan, auto service, $10,000; J. A. Carmody, J. C. Hazle, E. B. Rich, 854 West 181st St.

Argos Mercantile Corp., Manhattan, operate mines, $100,000; A. Foulds, Jr., W. F. Ashley, Jr.; J. S. Galland, 15 John St.

Great Harbors Stevedoring Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; W. J. Ellison, C. Cuneen, J. N. Conte, 50 West 8th St.

Signal Transmission Co., Manhattan, $6,000; J. S. Timmons, J. and M. Norden, 311 West 40th St.

Goldberg & Kaplan, Inc., Manhattan, millinery, $10,000; H. Kaplan, S. L. and J. Goldberg, 2,014 Bryant Av.

Marabou Trading Co., Manhattan, candy, foodstuffs, and beverages, $25,000; E. Hammer, F. and D. Sandberg, 244 Madison Av.

Adler & Mehlman, Inc., Manhattan, grocery and delicatessen, $5,000; I. Mehlman, S. Adler, M. Tanenbaum, 1,641 Washington Av.

Kolmer-Marcus Clothes Shop, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Marcus, M. and W. Kolmer, 105 West 112th St.

Far Eastern Supply Co., Manhattan, deal in merchandise, $25,000; M. J. and A. H. Karp, J. J. Robbins, 317 West 93d St.

235 West 60th Street, Inc., Manhattan, realty, $40,000; F. B. Robert, A. S. Mortimer, C. L. Sweet, 27 West 88th St.

Kaplan-Glick Building Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. and H. Kaplan, H. Goldberg, 86 Newport Av., Brooklyn.

Bay Ridge Security Corp., Brooklyn, realty and construction, $25,000; D. J. Lynch, C. C. and L. Stecher, 4,516 6th Av., Brooklyn.

Dooley Exchange, Inc., Syracuse, motion pictures, $160,000; H. V. Kennedy, J. W. Crosby, T. W. Dooley, Syracuse.

Norcanners, Ltd., Manhattan, canned goods, $100,000; T. Hortdahl, R. W. Sutherland, H. C. Evans, 27 William St.

Rhoda Realty Co., Brooklyn, auto and garage business, $10,000; B. Waltman, J. Klein, B. Blumenstock, 172 Bay 31st St., Brooklyn.

Samuel Chadburn's Sons, Inc., Yonkers, motors, engines, and vehicles; $6,000; C. and J. R. and A. B. Chadburn, Yonkers.

Hein-Weber Lumber Company, Brooklyn; $20,000; J. Weber, A. and W. J. Hein, 823 Quincy, Brooklyn.

W. G. W. Hat Mfg. Company, Manhattan; $10,000; M. Wenger, D. Greenberg, E. L. Rockmore, 1,607 Forty-fifth St., Brooklyn.

Jefferson Hat Company, Manhattan; $20,000; L. Reinken, S. Geiman, J. Samnick, 1,476 Bryant Avenue, Bronx.

American Jewish Youth Company, Manhattan; Print and publish magazine; $20,000; N. Brilliant, M. and A. Kreeger, 66 West 111th Street.

Riggs, Inc., Manhattan; millinery; $20,000; R. and I. Greenfeld, P. W. Russ, 578 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn.

247-249 West Seventy-second Street Realty Company, Manhattan; $35,000; O. M. Travis, L. P. Dowdney, K. M. Spence, 320 West Seventy-fifth Street.

Uneeda Paper Box Company, Manhattan; $5,000; S. Goldstein, M. and M. Bookspan, 77 Columbia Street.

St. John Building Corporation, Manhattan; $5,000; P. Feldman, F. and J. Kaplan, the Bronx.

Crowninshield Mill, Inc., Cato, Cayuga County; $20,000; E. H. Crowninshield, G. A. Cooper, A. G. Carrier, Cato.

Monticello Const. Company, Monticello; $15,000; H. F. Bishop, V. and G. N. Hembdt, Monticello.

Newton Motor Car Company, Chittenango, Madison County; $40,000; W. J. and M. I. and F. H. Newton, Chittenango.

Chester Hill Homes Const. Company, Mt. Vernon; $10,000; A. Stolz, J. H. Samuels, E. W. Fiske, Mt. Vernon.

A. Harry Moore & Co., Manhattan; stocks, bonds and securities; $20,000; J. F. Cleaveland, F. W. Dennis, J. M. Britt, 149 Broadway.

Capital Increases.

Latham Litho and Printing Co., Brooklyn, $50,000 to $100,000.

Bankograph Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $35,000.

Lipp Paper Box Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Sun Baking Co., Auburn, $40,000 to $50,000.

Plaza Motor Renting Co., Manhattan, $500 to $20,000.

B. and R. Transportation Co., Brooklyn, $3,000 to $30,000.

Change of Name.

The A. S. White Hardware Co., Rome, to Rome Hardware and Implement Company, Inc.

National Mourning Goods Co., Manhattan, to National Black Goods Co.

Associated Mutual Agencies, Inc., Manhattan, to B. J. Alley, Inc.

Gas Engine and Power Co., Manhattan, to Charles L. Seabury & Co., Consolidated.

Meltzer-Herzog Mfg. Co., Manhattan, to Liberty Shirt Co.

Authorizations.

Logue Transp. Co., Del., 100 shares common stock, no par value, active capital 60 shares; representative, H. H. Logue, 52 Wall St.

Acme Packing Co., Ill., $10,000; representative, W. R. McKee, 261 Broadway.

Barnsdale Corp., Del., bonds and mortgages, $2,500,000; representative, E. O. Bartlett, 21 East 40th St.

Commonwealth Steamship Corp. of Del., $10,000; representative, I. C. Fellеman, 11 Broadway.

Curtis Miller & Co., Va., goods, wares and merchandise, $20,000; representative, H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

Dissolutions.

McClure-Fenlon Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., April 11.—Charters filed:

Savold Tire Corp., $5,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

The Bemno Oil Co., $1,500,000; W. F. O'Keefe, E. E. Aberlee, J. H. Dowdell of Wilmington.

Eject-o-File Corp., to manufacture filing cabinets, &c., $1,500,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy of Wilmington.

United Products Co., securities of all kinds, $1,000,000; A. J. Kingsbury, Harry McDaniel of Dover.

Star of the West Mining Co., $1,000,000; John Francis Claperson, N. Y.; L. L. Griffith, Long Branch; Robert E. Todd, Reno, Nev.

The Hannevig Motor Co., $700,000; H. L. Maris, E. P. Maris, M. J. Robinson, all of Philadelphia.

Ohio Federal Bakers Co., $600,000; T. L. Croteau, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew of Wilmington.

Italy Trading Co., import and exporting business, $500,000; A. J. Kingsbury, Harry McDaniel, Jr., of Dover.

United States Provision Export Corp., $300,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy, of Wilmington.

The Panther Valley Mining, $300,000; Joseph McMannan, Francis McMannan, Silas A. Henry, Nesquehoning, Penn.

Cleveland Radiator Co., $250,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy, of Wilmington.

General Products Shipping and Trading Corp., $200,000; T. L. Croteau, M. M. Clancy, P. B. Drew, of Wilmington.

Commercial Syndicate, to conduct researches and engage in development work, $150,000; A. J. Kingsbury, Harry McDaniel, Jr., of Dover.

F. W. Childronald Stewart Co., import and export business, $150,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Paul S. Smith, all of New York City.

Glover Machine and Tool Co., $100,000; W. L. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Charles H. Jones, of Dover.

B.-R.-Tank Line Co., $100,000; W. F. O'Keefe, E. E. Aberlee, J. H. Dowdell, of Wilmington.

Utility Products Co., chemicals, preparations, $50,000; A. D. Suess, Arthur M. Brody, Chicago, Ill.; L. B. Phillips, Dover, Del.

Franklin Paper Bag Co., $20,000; T. L. Croteau, P. B. Drew, M. M. Clancy, of Wilmington.

Pennsylvania Electric Arc Welding Co., $10,000; Clayton R. Plunkett, Albert Schroeder, George H. Beck, of Philadelphia.

Increase in Capital.

The U. G. I. Cont. Co., from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Standard Kid Mfg. Co. of Delware, from $21,000 to $150,000.

Phonograph Motors Co., Chicago, Ill., from $200,000 to $400,000.

TO-DAY—EXCELLENT LUNCHEONS
TRY OUR SPECIAL LENTEN DISHES
Janssen wants to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.50
With Elaborate Entertainment Changed Nightly.
TO-NIGHT—FAVOR NIGHT—DON'T MISS IT!

ANNOUNCEMENT
The Hotel Wellington, situated just off Columbus Circle, at 55th St. and Seventh Ave. (new 7th Ave. Subway Station at door) is very desirous of renting a certain number of its rooms to permanent guests.
The Management is willing to make special rates for Spring and Summer occupancy, and can offer at very attractive prices single rooms with bath, double rooms with bath, and suites of almost any size.
Please call and inspect our rooms and hear our rates.
HOTEL WELLINGTON,
55th St. & 7th Ave.
Under Knott Management
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Leases Are Not Required
—BUT—
REFERENCES ARE.
Newly Furnished Suites
Of Two, Three, Four, Five, and Six Rooms
FROM $75 TO $180 A MONTH
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In the heart of the best residential section of New York City.
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HOTEL HAMILTON
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bet. Col. Ave. and Broadway
An ideal family hotel situated in a refined section, catering to a select clientele. All the comforts of a private home without housekeeping cares. Apartments Available for Immediate or Fall Rental.

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Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner.
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons.
Room and Private Bath, $3 to $5 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath, $5 to $8 Per Day
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES

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HALL'S
CENTERPORT—LONG ISLAND
OPEN AGAIN UNDER LICENSE
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Famous for Sea Food and Shore Dinners.
—A LA CARTE—
"Large enough to be excellent"
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45 WEST 47TH STREET
Franco-Italian.
Dining Room Service a la carte.
Neapolitan Specialties.
Exclusive Surroundings—Fine Food.

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14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.
Phone 3924 Riverside.

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GEDNEY FARM HOTEL
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
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Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Capacity 150. Phone 1165 White Plains.

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Five minutes from depot. Easy commutation via D., L. & W. and Hudson Tubes. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn.
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Occupying entire block of ocean front, in the fashionable Chelsea section; 500 bed chambers with private baths, (fresh and sea water.) High class orchestra; cafe, grill, &c. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year.
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"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
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No Dust. No Dirt. Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
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Eleven stories of real comfort with an environment of distinct refinement without extravagance
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MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of National Lead Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., on Thursday, April 17, 1919, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors in place of those whose terms then expire, and for such other business as may come before the meeting. By order of Board of Directors,

CHARLES DAVISON, Secretary.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Operators monopolized the realty market yesterday, the largest transaction being closed by Isaac Portman. From the Gray Estate he purchased, through Wardell & Martin, the seven-story Latham apartment house, on the northeast corner of Morningside Avenue and 122d Street, held at $300,000. The structure occupies a plot 100 by 100 and shows a gross rental of $40,000. Mr. Portman also purchased, through M. Salmon, from a client of Mandelbaum Brothers, attorneys, the six-story elevator apartment house at 229-231 West 111th Street, on a plot 50 by 100, held at $75,000.

To Siegel & Sokeloff Mr. Portman resold the two five-story new-law apartment houses at 133 to 139 Nagle Avenue, in the Dyckman section, each on a plot 50 by 100. The houses were held at $135,000.

Brown in Three Deals.

Frederick Brown bought from the Manhattan Life Insurance Company the seven-story loft building, 25 by 92, at 21 West Nineteenth Street, renting for $8,000, through Julian T. Saxe and H. C. Forbes; from May S. Coxson he purchased six three-story stucco dwellings, at 2400, 2412, 2416 and 2418 Webb Avenue, and 2438 Devoe Terrace, opposite Devoe Park, each 35 by 100, through McLernon Brothers, and from the Deed Realty Company Mr. Brown bought, through J. S. Maxwell, 60 West 128th Street, a six-story tenement, 37.6 by 100, rented for $7,500.

Leases Aggregating $1,000,000 Closed.

Edward West Browning yesterday closed leases on ten of his holdings aggregating close to $1,000,000. To Harry S. Proctor he leased for a term of twenty-one years nine five-story apartment houses on a combined plot, 201.10 by 100, at 101 West 103d Street, 102 West 104th Street, and 432 to 438 Central Park West. The thirteen-story apartment hotel, known as The Thelma, at 31 West Seventy-first Street, owned by Mr. Browning, was not sold, as recently reported, but was subleased by Edward Spiegel to Frank Joyce and Clifford A. Storm.

Christian Alliance Buys Hotel on West Forty-fourth Street.

The Christian and Missionary Alliance has purchased the six-story Alliance Hotel at 258 and 260 West Forty-fourth Street, abutting its large building at 690 and 692 Eighth Avenue. The old hotel measures 50 by 50.2 feet and forms an "L" with the Gospel Tabernacle, owned and occupied by the alliance, around the southeast corner of Eighth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street. Extensive alterations are planned to the hotel building.

New Synagogue for Washington Heights

The Congregation Sheerith-Judah, Harris Rogers President, now worshipping on West 145th Street near Broadway, bought from Harry Aronson four dwellings, on plot 67 by 100, at 552 to 558 West 149th Street, 200 feet east of Broadway, as a site for a modern synagogue and community centre. Lurie & Feinberg, attorneys, represented the seller, Rogers & Rogers the buyers, and Simon Meyers was the broker.

Private Dwellings.

Mrs. William H. Folsom sold her house at 57 East Fifty-second Street to a client of Worthington Whitehouse for occupancy.

E. B. Meyrowitz sold the five-story American basement dwelling, 22 by 102.2, at 322 West Eightieth Street, to a client of Pease & Elliman, who will occupy the premises.

Grace B. Ely sold the four-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 55 by 102.2, at 107 West Seventy-fourth Street, to a client of Slawson & Hobbs, who will occupy the house.

Mrs. Max Goldfrank sold the four-story and basement dwelling, 20.3 by 102.2, held at $60,000, at 12 East Eighty-first Street, to a client of Pease & Elliman.

Frederick Dessar sold the three-story dwelling, 20 by 100, at 234 East Sixty-first Street, through Douglas Gibbons.

Judge Joseph I. Green sold the three-story and basement residence, 20 by 100.2, at 178 East Seventy-ninth Street, to Irving McKesson, of McKesson & Robbins.

Mrs. C. P. Ralli sold her residence at 167 West Eighty-eighth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 17.2 by 100.8, east of Amsterdam Avenue.

Garage Site Sold.

Harry N. Hempstead, former President of the Giants, sold a plot 50 by 100 on the south side of West 144th Street, 310 feet east of Lenox Avenue, to a purchaser who is erecting a garage on the site, having recently leased the plot for a twenty-five year term through Shaw & Co., who also negotiated the present deal.

Tenement Deals.

The trustees of Henry C. Drayton sold the two five-story tenements, 50 by 90, at 533 and 535 East Sixth Street, through the Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company.

Charles Galewski sold to Samuel Gagolowitz 2,075 Eighth Avenue, a five-story flat, 25 by 100, rented for $5,000 and held at $35,000. Edward N. Crosby & Co. were the brokers.

Sidney I. Moll purchased 26 East 118th Street, a five-story apartment house, 27 by 110. Mr. Moll was represented by Herman R. Elias.

Louis Elliger sold 273 West 131st Street, a five-story flat, 24 by 100, northeast corner of Eighth Avenue and 131st Street.

Jerome A. Kohn sold to Lillian H. Dean the house, 37.6 by 100, held at $40,000, at the southwest corner of 137th Street and Seventh Avenue, through B. W. Smith.

The Bronx Market.

Virginia S. Atwater sold the six-story tenement, 40 by 100, at 480 St. Paul Place, southeast corner of Washington Avenue, to a client of Quinlan & Leland.

The Amer Realty Company, Inc., J.E. Mautner, President, sold the property at 624 East 163d Street to an investing client of S. Friedenberg. Max Monfried acted as attorney for the seller.

The City Real Estate Company sold to the Grand Concourse Realty Company the triangular plot at the junction of Featherbed Lane and Macomb's Road, about three and one-half lots, with a street frontage of 170 feet, assessed for $13,000. Negotiations are pending for a resale to a builder for improvement with a five-story apartment.

The Isear Realty Corporation purchased from Henry Brown three five-story apartment houses, renting for $22,000 and held at $225,000, at the notheast corner of Bathgate Avenue and 174th Street, including two houses at 491 and 497 East 174th Street, covering a plot 110 by 100. The properties were sold through J. Pollack and Louis Weitzer.

Dr. Charles Stein purchased from a client of Max Silverstein 1,034 Freeman Street, a six-story apartment, on plot 50 by 100.

Heller & Sussman sold to an investor 1,072 Forest Avenue, a five-story apartment, on plot 50 by 100, for $52,000.

Joseph Shenk sold to a client of Albert B. Phelps 2,526 to 2,530 Grand Concourse, two five-story, 50-foot apartment houses, held at $150,000. The George Goldblatt Company was associate broker.

The Benenson Realty Company purchased the northeast corner of Bathgate Avenue and 181st Street, a five-story apartment with eight stores, rented for $14,000. H. H. Jackson was the broker. Another deal by the Benenson Company involves the resale of the one-story brick taxpayer containing six stores and measuring 50 by 100, at the southwest corner of Webster Avenue and 195th Street, to the 195th Street Realty Company. The property rents for about $4,500 annually.

William H. Mehlich, Inc., bought the four six-story apartment houses, each covering a 40-foot plot and held at $33,000, at 1,230 to 1,242 Morris Avenue, near 168th Street.

Tessie K. Scharps sold to M. Horowitz the three-story brick dwelling on lot 17 by 100, held at $7,000, at 490 East 140th Street, through S. H. Frankenstein.

The Crimmins Operating Company sold the vacant plot, 26 by 120, at the northwest corner of Gunhill Road and Bainbridge Avenue, through George Goldblatt Company.

Brooklyn.

Realty Associates sold for improvement the vacant plot at the southeast corner of Riverdale and Hopkinson Avenues, 140 by 100, to the Tile Real Estate Company; also the vacant plot, 110 by 100, on the west side of Bristol Street, 150 feet south of Riverdale Avenue, to Charles Heidenreich.

Captain John Horni sold the three-story and basement private dwelling at 272 Jefferson Avenue, the southeast corner of Marcy Avenue, held at $18,000, to Peter J. Dulligan, through Frank A. Walker. The same broker sold the apartment house on lot 25 by 100, held at $28,500, at 289 Lewis Avenue, northeast corner of Putnam Avenue to a client of James H. Lamb & Brother.

A. Gensior sold to R. Weckstein the one-family cottage on plot 37.6 by 100 on the north side of Fifty-second Street, east of Sixteenth Avenue, known as 1635 Fifty-second Street, through I. Salzberg.

Meister Builders, Inc., bought from Fuld Brothers the four-story apartment house on plot 50.9 by 100, held at $65,000 and renting for $7,808, at 2,105 Beverly Road and East Twenty-first Street, Flatbush.

Queens Borough Sales.

The Kew Gardens Corporation sold three improved plots in Kew Gardens—a plot, 60 by 100, on the north side of Pembroke Place, east of Austin Street, to V. Page; a plot, 66 by 100, on the south side of Audley Street, west of Abingdon Road, to C. De Sola, and a plot, 60 by 100, on the north side of Audley Street, west of Abingdon Road, to M. Driscoll.

B. Bermel sold to J. Schwartz a plot, 180 by 190, on the south side of the Old South Road, west of Horward's Landing, Jamaica.

A. De Reisthal sold to Wheeler Brothers a plot, 72 by 127, at the southwest corner of the Smith Addition, Jamaica South.

A. Schneider sold a plot, 75 by 200, to J. Stojan, on the north side of First Avenue, east of Third Street, College Point.

Suburban Sales.

Arthur Johnson sold his residence, on plot 200 by 125, on North Columbus Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y., to A. H. Zeeman, through the Anderson Realty Company. The same broker sold for Frank W. Hills the dwelling, on plot 100 by 134, at 268 Summit Avenue, Mount Vernon, to George L. Close.

Peter Juley bought the Bunt bungalow, on Miles Square Road, in Nepperhan Heights, Yonkers, N. Y., through the Robert E. Farley Organization.

The North Shore Building Company sold a dwelling in Marathon Park, Great Neck, L. I., through F. H. Reeve.

William Weise bought a plot on the New York Post Road, Murray Hill, Scarsdale, N. Y., from the Scarsdale Estate, through Griffen, Prince & Ripley. The plot adjoins a recent purchase made by the same buyer.

A dwelling and five acres of land at the corner of Woodrow Road and Huguenot Street, Huguenot Park, S. I., formerly known as the Mersereau property, were sold to a Mr. Zittle, for improvement, through P. G. Ullman, Jr.

Mrs. L. E. Roth sold her house in Larchmont Woods, N. Y., to Mrs. J. Salmon, through Mrs. C. M. Murdoch and Louis P. Miller

The residence of Judge Marsh, on the Narrows, adjoining the Quarantine Station, has been sold to James H. Clark, Chief Engineer of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who, after making extensive repairs, will use the property as his own residence. The Cornell Real Estate and Auction Company, Inc., Stapleton, S. I., effected the sale.

Commercial Leases.

The Stanley Food Corporation leased the store and basement at 198 Broadway for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of approximately $400,000 from Bing & Bing through Albert B. Ashforth, Inc.

The National Life Insurance Company leased the entire second floor in the Crouch & Fitzgerald Building at 177 Broadway through Pease & Elliman.

I. H. Golden leased the entire building at 231 West Fifty-first Street through I. H. Golden for a term of years.

Brown's Buffet Lunch, Inc., leased for a long term of years from Leon J. Neuman and Louis M. Evan the ground floor at 12 East Thirty-second Street. Abraham J. Halprin represented the lessees.

Margaret V. Kieley leased the entire five-story 20-foot building at 141 West Forty-seventh Street to Toney & Bestry, Inc., for a term of years at an aggregate rental of approximately $30,000. Pease & Elliman negotiated the lease.

Pease & Elliman have leased the entire building at 24 Beaver Street to L. H. Bigelow & Co., Inc., for a long term of years.

Realty Notes.

Brooks & Momand placed a first mortgage loan of $400,000 on the fifteen-story apartment house at the northeast corner of Sixty-first Street and Park Avenue, owned by the 535 Park Avenue Company.

Plans for the remodeling of the five-story flat at 171 West Eightieth Street into studio apartments are being prepared by Zipkes, Wolff & Kudroff, architects.

The Turner Construction Company has been awarded the contract by the Bristol Myers Company for a group of four buildings, consisting of one manufacturing building of concrete, five stories and basement, 80 by 300; one administration building, two stories, 50 by 50; one extension to chemical building, 95 by 75, one story; one boiler house, 94 by 44, to be built at Hillside Township, Union County, N. J.

J. S. Maxwell was the broker in the sale to Frederick Brown of the nine-story apartment house, 16 East Fifty-eighth Street, reported recently.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

117th St, s s, 300 ft e of 8th Av; for a five-story tenement, 100x100.11; Samwill Construction Co, 103 West 116th St, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost $110,000.

5th Av, n e cor 72d St; for a grandstand, 74x50; Hudson Investing Co, Inc, 299 Madison Av, owner; Fred F. French Co, 299 Madison Av, architects; cost $3,000.

17th St, 433 and 435 West; for a one-story lumber yard, 37.6x92; Robert Lloyd Lumber Co, 452 West 15th St, owner; J. S. Maher, 431 West 14th St, architect; cost $5,000.

5th Av, s e cor 92d St; for a reviewing stand, 12x58; E. B. Close, 2 East 92d St, owner; Carrere & Hastings, 52 Vanderbilt Av, architect; cost $600.

42d St, 536 to 546 West; for a one-story garage, 117.6x94; G. W. Brown and S. K. W. Sellar, 55 Liberty St, owners; L. A. Sheinart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost $30,000.

176th St, n s, 270.11 ft e of Marmion Av; five-story brick tenement, 75x118; James H. Miles, 54 Maiden Lane, owner; Irving Margon, 355 East 149th St, architect; cost $85,000.

Courtlandt Av, w s, 125 ft n of 162d St; one-story brick garage, 25x139.4; Marcus Goodman, 37 East 149th St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr, 529 Courtlandt Av, architect; cost $7,000.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

Clark St, 22 and 24; to a two-story warehouse, &c; Aborn Steel Co, premises, owner; J. L. Hernon, 14 Wall St, architect; cost $16,000.

78th St, 108 West; a three-story dwelling; W. H. Corbitt, premises, owner; A. C. Nash, 345 5th Av, architect; cost $7,000.

Washington Square, 100, and Washington Place, 23 to 29; to a ten-story college, &c; N. Y. University, 32 Waverley Place, owner; W. S. Gregory, 40 West 32d St, architect; cost $15,000.

104th St, 71 West; to a five-story tenement; M. Wilson, 742 St. Nicholas Av, owner; C. B. Brun, 216 West 34th St, architect; cost $4,500.

3d Av, 2,268 and 2,270; to a three-story store; Robert I. Brown Estate, 20 Nassau St, owner; Bruno W. Berger & Son, 121 Bible House, architect; cost $4,000.

Lenox Av, 146, to a five-story tenement and store; R. and B. Investing Co., 44 West 28th St, owner; Carner-Lang, 110 West 34th St, architects; $8,000.

Murray St, 81, to a five-story loft; J. T. E. Cannon, 21 Liberty St, owner; M. M. O'Brien, 49 East 90th St, architect; $3,000.

6th Av, 217, to a four-story store &c.; C. A. Mitchell, 201 5th Av, owner; B. H. and C. N. Whinston, 2 Columbus Circle, architects; $3,000.

Av A, n e corner of 4th St, to a four-story tenement and store; Deutsch Bros., premises, owner; E. Roth, 119 West 40th St, architect; $22,000.

24th St, n s, 89 ft e of 13th Av, to a one-story warehouse; Empire Carting Co., 245 West 18th St, owner; F. Savignano, 6,006 14th Av, Brooklyn, owner; $10,000.

74th St, 160 East, to a four-story dwelling; C. W. Bowring, 160 East 74th St, owner; G. Atterbury and S. Philips, architects; $10,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Brooklyn—18th Av, 8,680, n w corner of Benson Av, 25x96.8, two-story building and store; trustee's sale; to Abraham Cohen for $5,975.

123d St, 417 East, n s, 199.6 ft e of 1st Av, 19x100.11, three-story tenement; K. H. Baum against Peter De Lucca et al.; Myron Sulzberger, attorney; due, $1,752.99; taxes, &c., $107.63; first mtgs, $1,965; to the plaintiff for $2,815.

Brooklyn—Bath Av, s w corner of 16th Av, 27.5x140 x irregular, vacant; trustee's sale; to A. R. Fritz for $3,000.

Commonwealth Av, 1,530, e s, 213.4 ft s of Tremont Av, 25x95, two-story dwelling; trustees' sale; to H. Waters for $5,200.

Cruger Av, e s, 175 ft n of Burke Av, 50x100, vacant; trustees' sale; to Joseph A. Marcia for $1,800.

Matthews Av, s e corner of 205th St, 76.4x40 x irregular; trustee's sale; to C. N. Williams for $500.

Olinville Av, n w corner of Twaites Pl., 186x118x173x32, vacant; trustee's sale; to B. Corrigan for $4,500.

Olinville Av, n e corner of Thwaites Pl, 106x50 x irregular, vacant; trustee's sale; to C. N. Williams for $700.

Webster Av, 3,343, w s, 352 ft s of Gun Hill Rd, 25x100, three-story dwelling; trustees' sale; to William Peters & Co. for $5,050.

White Plains Rd, w s, 220 ft n of Morris Park Av, 75x100, vacant; trustees' sale; to L. E. French for $5,000.

242d St, East, n s, 50 ft e of Murdock Av, 50x107 x irregular, vacant; trustee's sale; to William C. Burne for $1,200.

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx County.

NELSON AV, s e s, 310 ft n e of 174th St, 97.3x113.5; Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans J. T. Construction Co., Inc., to erect one five-story apartment (14 payments)..$43,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 65th St, 100.5x125; Helen K. Edwards to Fred. T. Ley & Co., Inc., 499 Main St., Springfield, Mass., mtg $675,000; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway...$1

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 65th St, 100.5x125; Fifty Central Park West Corp. to Helen K. Edwards, 2 West 67th St, all liens, March 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.........$100

COLUMBIA ST, e s, 300 ft n of Rivington St, 25x100; Grace D. Thorne and another, executors, to Grace D. Thorne, New Rochelle, N. Y., ½ part, April 3; attorney, George E. Gartland, 11 Wall St......$8,500

EDGECOMBE AV, 335 and 337, w s, 149.11 ft s of 150th St, 79.11 to centre line of 149th St x100; William T. Doyle to Mina Realty Corp., 619 9th Av, mtg $69,000, all liens; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

FRONT ST, 88, n s, 23x88.8; Edw. Blacker et al to E. C. W. Realty Co., 95 Front St, mtg $30,000, all liens, b. and s., March 20; attorney, E. P. Foster, 132 Nasau St...$100

GOERCK ST, 125, w s, 21x100, (foreclosure, March 25;) Edward D. Dowling, referee, to Central Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, April 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..............$4,500

LENOX AV, s e corner of 119th St, 100.11x85; Chester Court Corporation to Morris Weinstein, 45 West 110th St, mtg $100,000, April 5; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway $100

LIBERTY ST, 23, n s, 66.1 ft w of William St, 24.8x38.4x24.4x37.1; Cortlandt F. Bishop and another, individually and as executors, to Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 15 Nassau St, March 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$76,350

MADISON AV, w s, 25.5 ft s of 65th St, 75x95; Sconset Realty Corp. to Alliance Realty Corp., 115 Broadway, mtg $130,000, April 2; attorneys, Babbage & S., 111 Broadway.$100

MADISON AV, n w corner of 99th St, 100x120; Baron de Hirsch Fund to Lester Realty Co., 148 St. Nicholas Av., b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, April 1; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.......$100

SOUTH ST, 242, n s, 26 ft e of Pike St, 27x60; Alfred W. Kiddle, trustee, will of Elizabeth G. Dunham, to Abraham Levine, 34 Moore St, Brooklyn, and Hy. G. Dale, 4 Carnegie Av, East Orange, N. J., b. and s., April 8; attorney, Simon Berg, 714 Broadway, Brooklyn $13,250

WLILETT ST, 52, e s, 16.8x100, all title to 10 ft strip; Pearl Niles to Alice Codling, Northport, L. I., April 10; attorneys, Bayliss & Sanborn, 141 Broadway.............$1

3D AV, 1,057, e s, $47,000; 1st Av, 851.3, w s, $28,000; 50th St, 343-9 East, n s, $45,000; 2d Av, 871, w s, $10,000; 44th St, 212 East, s s, $12,000; 1st Av, 835, w s, $12,000; 58th St, 330-4 East, s s, $55,000; 56th St, 226 East, s s, $12,500; 50th St, 307 East, n s, $8,000; 79th St, 302-4 East, s s, $28,000; 1st Av, 817-21, s w corner of 46th St, $50,000; 63d St, 415-19 East, s s, $26,000; 45th St, 313 East, n s, $11,000; 63d St, 421 East, n s, $9,000; 45th St, 319-23 East, n s, $31,000; 1st Av, 795, w s, $12,000; 45th St, 318-20 East, s s, $24,000; 14th St, 613 East, n s, $5,000; 1st Av, 699, s w corner of 40th St, $8,000; 44th St, 206 East, s s, $12,000, and 67th St, 21 East, n s, $45,000, partition sale, Dec. 11, 1918; McDougall Hawkes, referee, to Marne Realty Corp., 141 Broadway; (in the foregoing 21 deeds the property and amount of consideration in each case are given;) attorneys, Strook & Strook, 141 Broadway.

3D AV, w s, 75 ft s of 117th St, 25x100; Robert P. Breese to Eloise L. Breese Norrie, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., b. and s., Dec. 2, 1910; J. S. Mackay, 38 East 23d St..........$1

3D ST, 416 East, s s, 40.4 ft to e s of Mangin St x 68x40x62.11, and 3d St, 418 East, s s, 40.4x68x40x62.11; Katie Spitz to Samuel Strauss, 5,407 15th Av, Brooklyn, ¼ part, all liens; attorneys, Grauer & R., 140 Nassau St..............$250

SAME PROPERTY; Wolf and Ben Cohen to same, 2-8 parts, all liens, April 9; attorneys, same....................$100

7TH AV, 2,328, w s, 59.4 ft s of 137th St, 27x100; Leybuck Co. to Pocomo Realty Corp., 68 Broad St., b. and s., April 9; attorney, G. D. Gregory, 68 Broad St......$1

17TH ST, n s, 103 ft w of 8th Av, 25x22x irregular; John W. Howe, executor, to James Mathison, 547 Broome St, mtg $2,000, all liens, March 25; attorneys, Dayton & B., 84 William St..............$11,000

67TH ST, 21 East, n s, 50 ft w of Manhattan Av, 22x100.5; Marne Realty Corp. to Wm. L. Fawcett, at Baldwin, L. I., April 3, b. and s., c. a. g.; attorneys, Morgan, C. & B., 60 Wall St.............$1

73D ST, n s, 265 ft w of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Beaverkill Corp. to Jay Gould, Lakewood, N. J., mtg $20,000, April 9; attorneys, Taylor, K. & K., 165 Broadway...........$100

102D ST, 310 East, s s, 25x100.11, foreclosure, April 9, 1919, Edward Kaufmann, referee, to West Side Savings Bank, 110 6th Av.; attorneys, Harrison, E. & B., 59 Wall St $18,500

113TH ST, 322 West, s , 16.8x100.11; Michael Quinlivan to Esther Quinlivan, his wife, on the premises, April 10; attorney, Irving Katz, 11 Wall St.................$1

117TH ST, 416 East, s s, 25x100.10; Nathan Abrahams to Jessie David, 1,245 Madison Av, a. t. q. c., April 11; attorney, Leon Forst, 135 Broadway.................Gift

124TH ST, 327 East, n s, 290 ft e of 2d Av, 20x100.11; Peter Dahl to Jas. L. Van Sant, White Plains, N. Y., mtg $3,750, April 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

132D ST, 7 East, n s, 25.1x99.11, foreclosure April 9; James A. Beha, referee, to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square, April 11; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St...............$9,000

137TH ST, n s, 321 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Guardian Life Ins. Co. of America to John P. Leo, 529 West 142d St, April 9; attorneys, Dulon & Roe, 4 Park Row........$100

SAME PROPERTY; John P. Leo to Francis E. Jones, 527 Lenox Av, p m., mtg $7,500, all liens; attorneys, same...............$100

157TH ST, 502 West, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11; Birdie and Jacob H. Citron to Congregation Ahawath Israel of Washington Heights, 2,018 Amsterdam Av, mtg $11,500; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..................$1

165TH ST, 470 and 472 West, s s, 56.6x49.4x irregular; Lambert Suydam, executor, to Elsie B. Smith, 400 Convent Av, April 10; attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St $100

Bronx.

AV C, w s, 100 ft n of Cedar St, 25x100; Trinity Av, w s, 525 ft s of 161st St, 25x50; Louise M. Kunst to Kiester Realty Company, 960 Prospect Av, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $100

BATHGATE AV, e s, 26.6 ft n of 181st, 26.4x100; Julius H. Giese to Mary Arenta, 2,156 Bathgate Av, mtg $4,500, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..................$100

BANCROFT AV, s s, 100 ft e of Hoe Av, 40x109; Leah Weinstein to Stella S. Epstein, 1,421 Crotona Av, meg $36,500, April 7; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

BURNSIDE AV, n s corner of 178th St, 128.9x80x irregular; Conesus Realty Corp. to Bronx Borough Bank, 440 East Tremont Av, mtg $90,000, March 10; attorney, C. P. Hallock, 999 East 180th St..............$100

DAWSON ST, 856, e s, 40.7x100, Nineteen Realty Co. to Reines Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, mtg $25,000, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

FOX ST, 1,063-7, w s, 75x100, Harris Schwartz to Reines Realty Corp., 309 Broadway, mtg $60,000, March 20; attorney, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway......$1

SAME PROPERTY, Reines Realty Corp. to Ira Feit, 318 East 122d St, mtg $60,000, April 1; attorney, same $1

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,938, e s, 33.5x104.6x32x116; Benenson Realty Co. to Isidore Benenson, 1,938 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, mtg $10,000, April 9; attorney, I. Benenson, 509 Willis Av..$100

GRAY ST, w s, 200 ft n of McGraw Av, 25x125; Caroline W. Bersin to Dora Frank, 2 West 120th St, April 10; attorney, I. Levison, 258 East 138th St...............$1

HAVILAND AV, n s, 241.1, e of Pugsley Av, 25x103, Mink Constr. Co. to Anna D. Wengert, 966 Trinity Av, mtg $3,600, April 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......................$100

HOUGHTON AV, 2,220, s s, 25x103; Charles E. Greene to Josephine Thesen, 1,465 St. Lawrence Av, and another, mtg $3,500, April 10; attorney, J. Thiesen, 1,465 St. Lawrence Av.......................$100

LONGFELLOW AV, 1,475, w s, 75x160; Stafford Const. Co. to John O'Leary, 2,218 University Av, mtg $47,500, Dec. 31, 1918; attorney, John O'Leary, 2,218 University Av...............................$1

LOTS 607 and 608, map of Lohbauer Park; Louis Humbert to Herman Stumpfrock, 2,314 Lyon Av, mtg $2,500, April 10; attorneys, A. & C. E. Hally, 2,069 Westchester Av $100

LOTS 433, 434, 469 and 470, map of B. Johnson; H. Scharf and another to H. Scharf, 2,307 Tiebout Av, mtg —, March 10; attorney, H. Scharf, 2,307 Tiebout Av....$1

LOTS 18 and 19, Block 29, map of Morris Park; Tiebout Av. Co. to Hedwig Schwentner, 2,656 Decatur Av, mtg $1,200, April 9; attorney, H. G. Loew, 299 Broadway..$100

LOTS 28 to 30, block 69a, map of Morris Park; Adolph Freedman to Esplanade Realty Co., 43 Exchange Place, Feb. 10; attorney, Esplanade Realty Company, 43 Exchange Place $1

MORRIS AV, 1,230-43, e s, 158.2x100; O. J. Schwarzler Company to William H. M. Elich, Inc, 99 Nassau St, mtg $84,000; attorney, A. H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St....$100

MORRIS AV, 1,980, e s, 20x100; L. Josephine Van Deusen to Mary E. McKernan, 2,634 8th Av, April 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $1

MORRIS AV, 2,020, e s, 25x100, Benj. Feigel to Sarah Jacobs, 744 Rugby Rd, Brooklyn, April 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.................$100

SAME PROPERTY; Bronx Borough Bank to Pennant Realty Co., 320 Broadway, subject to a P. M. mtg of $127,500, April 10; attorney, same $100

SAME PROPERTY; Pennant Realty Co. to Harris Mandelbaum, 12 West 87th St, and another, mtg $127,500, April 10; attorneys, Elsman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway......$1

MORRIS AV, 1,262, e s, 39.6x100; Alotto Realties, Inc., to Bessie Timmermann, 310 East 163d, mtg $23,750, April 1; attorney, E. J. Krugg, 150 Nassau St..........$1

PROSPECT AV, 730-2, e s, 50x88.11; Cornucopia Realty Company to Arrow Holding Corporation, 217 Broadway, mtg $30,000, April 4; attorney, J. H. Zieser, 217 Broadway $100

TELLER AV, n w s, 233.10 ft n e of 169th St, 25x100; Mary B. Hooker to Lucy A. Hoolahan, 1,329 Teller Av, mtg $5,500, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway..............$100

VYSE AV, 2,121, w s, 25x100; Pocome Realty Corp. to Adolph Hollander, 400 Lexington Av, Lakewood, N. J., mtg $7,000, April 10; attorneys, Schlesinger & L., 10 Wall St $100

VYSE AV, s e corner of 173d St, 35x100; Catherine Hayne to John D. Kroog, 1,496 Vyse Av, mtg $27,500, April 10; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 2,804 3d Av.

SAME PROPERTY; John D. Krovy to Emma C. Goetz, 1,754 Topping Av, mtg $27,500, April 10; attorney same...........$100

WEBSTER AV, s s, 25 ft w of 204th St, 100x100; James H. Grace to Mary T. Grace, 2,550 Grand Av, April 9; attorney, M. T. Grace, 2,500 Grand Av..............$100

WHITLOCK AV, w s, 100 ft s of Longwood Av, 50x100; Agency Realty and Mortgage Co. to Diedrich Wendelken, 1,420 Crotona Av, mtg $3,500, March 24; attorney, William F. Gossner, 505 Tremont Av..........$1

WATSON AV, e s, at n e s of 177th St, 15x33.5x35.2x30; Hedwig Schwentner to Tiebout Av. Co., 1,419 Parker St, April 10; attorney, Tiebout Av. Co., 1,419 Parker St $1

148TH ST, 377 East, n s, 25x105.1; William Kiesling et al. to James O'Flaherty, 2,240 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, mtg $11,000, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..................$100

187TH ST, s s, 60.2 ft e of Prospect Av, 34.3x70; Netova Holding Corporation to Frangesco Giganti, 292 East 150th St, mtg $15,000, April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway...$100

238TH ST, n s, lots 95 and 96, map 163 lots; Mary J. Radway, Hayman Eckinan to Forrest Company, 7 Wall St, mtg $2,000, April 9; attorney, R. H. Kolpilr, 7 Wall St...............................$1

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner 50th St, store on 50th St, 14x15, adjoining corner store; Schulte Realty Co to Geo. Visvikis, 316 West 39th St, and another, from April 15, 1919, to April 30, 1924..........................$3,500

BROOME ST, 279, 1st store from Eldridge St; Harris Rothbaum to Harris Bellos, 136 Eldridge St, 2 years from May 1, 1919, 2-year renewal; attorney, Samuel M. Shack, 25 Pine St..........................$840

DELANCEY ST, 334, all; Mangin St, 62, machinery in rear; Mangin Holding Co to Sam Sinitar, 403 East 3d St, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorneys, Zodikor & W., 309 Broadway $3,000

MACDOUGAL ST, 13, south store; W. H. Schmohl to Carmine A. Figliolino, 108 Bay 50th St, Brooklyn, 3 years from May 1, 1919..........................$420

1ST AV, 2,219, s w corner 114th St, corner store and north basement; Carmela Palladino to Gamanos & Booskos, 12 Monroe St, 5 years from April 30, 1924; W. F. Welch, 120 Broadway $1,860

3D AV, 199, store and basement; Arthur Blue to Hy. Huebner, 196 3d Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1918; address, Henry Huebner, 199 3d Av $1,500

7TH AV, 329, store and cellar; Lina Butt to Geo. Singer Fur Co., 329 7th Av, 2 years from Oct. 1, 1918..........................$1,200

7TH AV, 535, s e corner 39th St, store and part basement; Carol Schilo to Toby L. Kaplan, 331 West 27th St, 7 years from May 1, 1919 ....$4,500

42D ST, 550, store and basement; Leon Levy to John Ayyas and another, 108 West 39th St, 3 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1919; address, 550 West 42d St..........................$420

Bronx.

JEROME AV, 2,900, s e corner of Minerva Place, 25.8x134.2x47.6x163.1, all; Rachel Goodman to Albert Mendelsohn, 2,900 Jerome Av, 1 11-12 years from Nov. 1, 1918; attorney, L. M. White, 7 Beekman St..$900

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of Barretto St, store No. 6; A. M. Realty Co. to Sam Green, 875 Hunts Point Av, 3 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Jos. Krimsky, 320 Broadway $480

132D ST, 549 East, two-story building; William Hallesy to Charles W. Foster, 551 East 132d, 3 years from April 1, 1919, 2 years renewal; attorney, J. Trattner, 458 East 138th St..........................$420

166TH ST, 442 East, all; William E. Ritchie Corporation to Rapid Fire Proof Door Co., 440 and 442 East 166th St, 5 years from May 1, 1919; attorney, Rapid Fire Proof Door Co., 440 and 442 East 166th St..$1,200

175TH ST, 450 to 458 East, all; Simon Levy and another to Bernard Krause, 2,791 8th Av, 5 years from July 1, 1918; attorney, B. Krause, 2,791 8th Av..........................$9,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BRIDGE ST, n s, 75.10 ft e of Whitehall St, 125.1x30.6x irreg; Bridge St, n s, 106.5 ft e of Whitehall St, 56.3x29.11x irreg; Bridge St, 23, n s, 136.4 ft e of Whitehall, St, 40.4x30.9x irreg, P. M., April 10; Bowling Green Realty Corporation to United States Trust Company, 45 Wall St, trustee, due April 1, 1924; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St..........................$175,000

CENTRAL PARK WEST, s w corner of 65th St, 100.5x125, P M, March 1; Helen R. Edwards to Republic of Panama, 10 years, 4½ p. c.; mtg $30,000; attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St..........................$645,000

SAME PROPERTY, P M, March 1; same to same, three years 4½ p. c.; co-ordinates with interest, $645,000; attorneys, same $30,000

EDGECOMBE AV, 335 and 337, w s, 149.11 ft s of 150th St, 79.11 ft to centre line 149th St x 100, P. M., April 10; Mina Realty Corporation to Wm. T. Doyle, 1,328 East 17th St., Brooklyn, due Feb. 1, 1927, 6 p. c. prior mtg, $69,000; attorneys, Reeves & Todd, 165 Broadway $27,250

LENOX AV, s e corner of 119th St, 100.11x85, P. M., April 10; Morris Weinstein to Alfred V. Barnes, 100 Washington Square, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway..........................$47,[illegible]

SAME PROPERTY, P. M. April 10; same to Marks Rosenberg, 680 West End Av, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $147,500; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ....$[illegible]

LEXINGTON AV, 1,413, e s, 100.8 ft n of 92d St, 20x70, April 10; Mary A. Wynne to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, five years; party of second part holds prior mtg. $7,000; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. and D., 40 Wall St..........................$1,000

MADISON AV, e s, 50.11 ft n of 102d St, 50x100, one-sixth part, April 2; Selma A. and Elias J. Hirsch to Isidor H. Bandler 8,724 North 19th St., Philadelphia, Penn.; due and int. as per bond; attorneys, Kornbluth & Hutter, 154 Nassau St..........$6,000

MADISON AV, n w corner of 99th St, 100.11 x120, P. M., April 1; Lester Realty Co. to Baron de Hirsch Fund, 80 Maiden Lane, 5 years; attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs, 52 William St..........................$170,000

SAME PROPERTY, April 10; same to H. Mendlowitz, 271 Berry St, Brooklyn, installments, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $170,000; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $16,500

NAGLE AV, s s, 500 ft e of Elwood St, 50x105, P. M., April 1; Union Chemical Glassware Co. to Nagle Avenue Construction Co., 149 Church St, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway......$50,000

NAGLE AV, s s, 550 ft e of Elwood St, 50x105, P. M., April 1; same to same, 5 years, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $37,000; attorney, same..........................$13,000

SOUTH ST, 242, n s, 26 ft e of Pike St, 27x60, P. M., April 10; Abraham Levine and Harry G. Dale to the Prudential Savings Bank, at Broadway, Vernon and Stuyvesant Avs., Brooklyn, 3 years; attorneys, Francis B. Mullin & Bro., 192 State St., Brooklyn. $10,000

WASHINGTON ST., 211; Greenwich St., 214, lease recorded July 17, 1918, as collateral for notes Mar 29; St. Alban Lunch to Isidore Goldberg, 434 E. 34th St., Brooklyn, due and interest as per bond; address, George Tonkonagy, 1765 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn $9,500

15TH ST, 30-32 West, s s, 50x110.10x51.4x99.2 s s, April 3; Stars and Stripes Realty Co. to Louis Markel, 924 West End Av, due as bond, 6 p. c., prior mtg $231,000; attorney, Joseph E. Greenberg, 299 Broadway $20,000

54TH ST, n s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.5, March 24; Alexander F. Dickson to Ethel D. Ritter, 132 Park Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., due April —, 1922; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$5,000

70TH ST., W, 141, n s, 17.11x100.5, P. M., Ap 10; Ella B. Borden to Charles H. Paddock, 149 West 72d St, exr., [illegible] yrs; attorneys, Edwards M. & M., 26 Liberty St $19,500

75TH ST, n s, 179 ft e of Columbus Av, 21x102.2, April 11; Walther Luttgen to Emile Thiele, 374 Madison Av, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $25,000

77TH ST, 219 East, n s, 25x102.2, April 10; Emma C. Goetz to John D. Kroog, 1,496 Vyse Av, 3 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg. $10,000; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 2,804 3d Av..........................$3,000

94TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of Central Park West, 50x100.8, April 11; Frederick Hambrock to Hannah Rosenberg, 54 Fort Washington Av, due April 15, 1921, 6 p. c., prior mtg. $50,000; attorney, Albert Gross, 132 Nassau St..........................$3,000

119TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 125x100.11, April 1; Jules Realty Co. to Ira Realty Company, installments $1,500 quarterly, 6%, principal, interest, $185,000; attorney, Isidore Hershfield, 99 Nassau St $10,000

123D ST, 327 East, n s, 20x100.4, P. M. April 9; Peter Dahl to New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 6 p c..........................$3,750

152D ST, 448 to 452 West, s s, 2 lots, each 50x99.11, 2 P. M. mtgs $8,000 each, May 31; Malox Realty Corporation to Louis Silverstein, Hotel St. Andrew, New York City, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway $16,000

135TH ST, 254 West, s s, 18.5x99.11, P. M., April 11; Charles Slavin to William Goldstone, 140 West 69th St, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg. $4,000; attorneys, Myers & S., 299 Broadway $1,950

137TH ST, n s, 371 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11, P. M., April 9; Francis E. Jones to John P. Lee, 529 West 142d St, due and interest as per bonds; attorneys, Dulon & Roe, 41 Park Row $7,500

SAME PROPERTY, P. M. April 10; same to Israel Leibsohn, 627 Wales Av, 5 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $33,000; attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St..........................$10,000

157TH ST, 502 West, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x99.11 ft, April 8; Congregation Ahawath Israel of Washington Heights to Birdie Citron, 501 West 143d St, due Nov. 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; prior mtg $11,500; attorneys, Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,000

165TH ST, 470-72 West, s s, 56.6x49.4 x irregular, April 10; Elsie B. Smith to William Rankin, 119 West 77th St, 5 years, 5¼ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........................$33,000

Bronx.

AVENUE C, w s, 100 ft n of Cedar St, 25x100; Trinity Av, w s, 525 ft s of 161st St, 25x50; Kusler Realty Co. to Louise M. Kunst, 213 East 55th St, April 10, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. $2,500

BATHGATE AV, e s, 26.6 ft n of 181st St, 26.4x100; Mary Arena to Julius H. Grese, 2,158 Bathgate Av, prior mtg $4,500, April 10, due Nov. 1, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

BURNSIDE AV, n e cor, 178th, 128.9x80 x inrregular; Pennant Realty Company to Bronx Borough Bank, 440 East Tremont Av, April 10; attorney, C. Hallock, 999 East 180th $127,500

FOX ST, 106-3-7, w s, 2 lots each, 37.6x100; Ida Feit to Reines Realty Corporation, 309 Broadway, 2 prior mtgs $30,000 each, April 1, five years; attorneys, Krakower and P., 309 Broadway; 2 mtgs each, $5,250, $10,500

HAVILAND AV, n s, 241.4 ft e of Pugsley Av, 25x103; Anna D. Wengert to Mink Construction Company, 2,025 Haviland Av, April 11, due Oct. 11, 1920, 6 p. c....$600

HOE AV, s w corner of 165th St, 110x76.1; 627 Fox Street Corp. to Barclay Holding Corp., 217 Broadway, prior mtg $164,000, April 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Strasbourger & S., 74 Broadway..........................$39,000

HOUGHTON AV, 2,220, s s, 25x100; Josephine Thiesen and another to Charles E. Greene, 2,214 Starling Av, April 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. B. McHugh, 2,215 Westchester Av..........................$1,950

LOTS 199 and 200, map Century Investing Company; J. T. Construction Company to Manhattan Mortgage Company, 200 Broadway, April 11, due Dec. 1, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $43,000

LOTS 607 and 608, map Lohbauer Park; Herman Stumpfrock to Louis Herbert, on Fairfax Av, prior mtg $2,500, April 10, due, &c., as per bond; attorneys, A. & C. E. Hally, 2,069 Westchester Av..........................$2,400

MINERVA PLACE, w s, 180.4 ft s of Jerome Av, 25x129.2x50x160.5; Lillie Haas to Jos. G. Weidman, 160 East 48th St, April 1, due April 5, 1972; attorney, Z. M. White, 7 Beekman St. $300

MORRIS AV, 1,242, e s, 39.7x100; William H. M. Ehlich, Inc., to A. J. Schwarzler Co., 1,100 Brook Av, April 1, due Jan. 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. S. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St..........................$3,200

MORRIS AV, 1,234, e s, 2 lots, each 39.7x100, 2 mtgs, each $2,700; Wm. H. M. Ehlich, Inc., to A. J. Schwarzler Co., 1,100 Brook Av, April 1, due July 1, 1921, 6 p c.; attorney, E. S. Krug, Jr., 150 Nasau St....$5,400

MORRIS AV, 1,230, e s, 39.5x100; Wm. H. M. Ehlich, Inc., to A. J. Schwarzler Co., 1,100 Brook Av, April 1, due Jan. 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St... $2,200

MORRIS AV, 1,980, e s, 120x100; Mary E. McKernan to L. Josephine Van Deusen, 25 Marion Place, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., April 10, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co..........................$8,000

MORRIS AV, 2,020, e s, 25x100; Sarah Jacobs to Benjamin Fiegel, 2,020 Morris Av, April 11, five years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway $5,000

TOWNSEND AV, e s, 100 ft n of Belmont St, 15x100x143x93.10; Rudolph T. Procario to Anthony Paladino, 217 East 115th St, April 10, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Leo Schafrau, 51 Chambers St..........................$2,000

VYSE AV, s e corner of 173d St, 35x100; Emma C. Goetz to John D. Kroog, 1,496 Vyse Av, prior mtg $27,500, April 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, R. H. Bergman, 2,804 3d Av..........................$2,500

WATSON AV, e s, at n e s of 177th St, 15x33.5x35.2x39; Tiebout Avenue Co. to Hedwig Schwentner, 2,656 Decatur Av, April 10, due July 1, 1922, 6 p. c.; atttorney, H. G. Loew, 299 Broadway..........................$4,200

ASSIGNMENTS OF MORTGAGES.

Manhattan.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, n w corner of 98th St; Louise J. Rapelye to Fredk. W. Loew and Julia A. Loew et al., executors, &c., to Romar Realty Co., 148th St, Michigan Av; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; two assignments, $5,000

EAST END AV, e s, 76.8 ft s of 84th St, mtg $8,500, ½ part; Marie Hermes to Henry Staats, 2,538 Grand Av, Bronx; attorney, Henry P. Botty, 302 Broadway......$4,308

MADISON ST, 275½ and 277, mtg $3,850; Absar Realty Co. and another to Esther Seligman, 495 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn; attorney, Jacob Shapiro, 261 Broadway..$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 42; Harry L. Brown to Jos. H. Claffy, 41 Park Row; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1,750

8TH AV, 2,173, mtg $3,000; Alice A. Crandall to Emily S. Crow, 101 West 78th St; attorney, George A. Nagle, 375 Fulton St, Jamaica, Borough of Queens..........$8,000

36TH ST, 131 East, mtg $28,000; Bankers Trust Co., guardian, to Seamen's Bank for Savings, 76 Wall St; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St..........$20,000

62D ST, 365 East; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. to Bella Schulz, Hicksville, L. I.; address, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $3,000

75TH ST, 167 East; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to John G. Agar, 12 East 63d St, trustee; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St..........$9,000

79TH ST, 249 West; Mary C. Moore and another, trustees, to Mary C. Moore, Greenwich, Conn.; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St..........$19,000

86TH ST, n s, 50.6 ft e of Columbus A, mtg $3,500; Little Streets Co. to Quillen Morgan Co., 14 West 40th St; attorney, Brison Howie, 128 Broadway..........$1

93D ST, 4-6 West, mtg now $900; Kath. Sweeney to Jos. Friedman, 1,431 5th Av; attorney, H. B. Davis, 52 Broadway....$1

103D ST, 154 East; Lawyers Mortgage Co. to Trustees of the Synod of N. Y. of the Presbyterian Church, Middletown, N. Y.; address 59 Liberty St..........$9,000

127TH ST, 121 West; N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co. to Lena Price, 3,875 Broadway; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $4,000

136TH ST, 303 West; Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S. to Celia K. Fuller, Livingston St, Forest Hills, B. of Q.; attorney, Benj. T. Hock, 26 Court St, Brooklyn $8,000

140TH ST, 226 West; Robt. F. Hubbard to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn..........$32,500

156TH ST, 512-22 West; 157th St, 515 West, four mtgs, $4,000 each; Malex Realty Corp. to Abel King, 148 East 65th St, and another; attorney, Fred Lese, 35 Nassau St; three assignments, each..........$1

165TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of Amsterdam Av; John Rankin to Lambert Suydam, Jr, 43 East 58th St; attorneys, Quackenbush & Adams, 25 Broad St..........$10,000

165TH ST, s s, 200.1 ft e of Amsterdam Av; John W. Brice to Lambert Suydam, Jr, 43 East 58th St; attorneys, Quackenbush & Adams, 25 Broad St..........$5,000

Bronx.

BOSCOBEL AV., 1,421; Farmers Loan and Trust Company to Frederick Schulmerich, 1,294 Intervale Av; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Company, 160 Broadway $4,500

BRYANT AV, 1,429; Benenson Realty Co. to Henry Hahnenfeld, 433 East 143d St; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway $5,000

ELTON AV., 673; Catherine K. Kensler to Gottfried F. Hilgermann, 418 Mott Av.; attorney, William P. Thomas, 277 Broadway $1

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, e s, 208.7 ft n of Fordham Road, 50x100; James F. Walker to Alex Walker, 205 West 89th St; attorneys, Babbage & S., 111 Broadway $15,000

JACKSON AV, 758; Louisa J. Madden, executrix, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St; attorney, Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St..........$6,000

JEROME AV, s e corner of 179th St, 50x100; Millie Hellinger to Fannie Levy, 148 East 77th St; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway $100

MELROSE AV, 762-4; Dollar Savings Bank to Wilhelmina Haffen, 562 West End Av; attorneys, Frees & D., 3,029 3d Av..$4,000

UNION AV, 1,093; Matilda Lahm to Mary Kiss, 112 Bloomfield, Hoboken, N. J.; attorney, Charles A. Furchman, 3d Av. and 148th St..........$5,000

141ST ST., 615 E.; Diedrich Eggers to Diedrich Realty Company, 415 E 237th St.; attorney, John Eggers, 2,073 Perry St....$100

235TH ST., 669 E.; Annie Mann to John Malzacher, 327 E 158th St.; attorney, Frees & D., 3,029, 3d Av..........$2,800

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 184th St, 37.8x103x irregular; Broadway, e s, 37.8 ft s of 184th St, 37.11x97.11x irregular; Paul Jones Realty Co., Inc., against Howard B. Wood et al.; action to set aside deed; attorney, L. Boehm.

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 899.6 ft n of 150th St, 179x75.10; A. G. Horn Co. against Colonial Parkway Corp. et al.; action to foreclose mechanic's lien; attorney, E. D. Newman.

139TH ST, s s, 208.4 ft e of Lenox Av, 41.8x99.11; Central Union Trust Co. of N. Y., trustee, against Hunterdon Realty and Construction Co. et al.; foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Parkin & Perry.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

23D ST, 215 East; Walter S. Heagy against James D. and Robert B. Powell, owners; Max Becher and Fred T. Powell, contractors $3,107

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

28TH ST, 202 and 204 West; Peyton M. Hughes against Laura A. Cregan et al.; Jan. 30, 1919..........$450

Two Exceptional Hotel Sites

BROADWAY
40th & 41st Streets
31,600 Square Feet

BROADWAY
6th Ave. & 36th St.
23,000 Square Feet

Horace S. Ely & Company, 21 Liberty Street. Telephone John 222

New York will soon be in dire need of more high-class hotels, centrally situated.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Clients having from $10,000 to $200,000 cash will buy City Real Estate. Forward particulars to White-Goodman, 872 Broadway. Stuy. 218.

Factory Wanted.

Approximately 25,000 sq. ft. floor space. Railroad siding preferred in or near New York City. B. F. Natkins, 35 Gold St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ALTERING OLD BUILDINGS TO INCREASE INCOME

WE are expert in this work and we will be glad to examine and give guarantee cost of alteration.

GILLIES-CAMPBELL CO.,
101 PARK AVE., N. Y.
Telephones 1788-1789 Murray Hill.

Investors. 10% net.
Business property.
Growing neighborhood.
Leased net 21 years to one tenant.
Tenant pays taxes and all expenses.
Lease amply secured.

J. Clarence Davies
149th St. & 3rd Avenue.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
Managing Flatbush Apartment HOUSES; SATISFACTORY RESULTS GUARANTEED.
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.,
Headquarters for Flatbush Realty,
685 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BAY RIDGE

New 1-Family Semi-Detached Brick 76th Street, between Colonial Road and Narrows Avenue.
Price $8,750

Brick garage. The best built and equipped houses offered for sale in Bay Ridge. Open Sunday for inspection.

YOU NEED A HOME

Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; glass and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 8 minutes from Beaches. 5c. fare.

ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

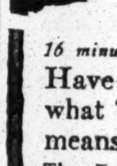
The Place to Live

At Bay 37th St., near Benson Ave., 3 minutes' walk from the bay, 5 minutes' ride from the ocean, yet only a half-hour from Manhattan; 7 room new stucco dwellings, with garages; open for inspection every day. Take West End subway to Bay Parkway Station. The Vaughn Properties Corp. Tel. 5754 Bath Beach.

INVESTMENT—BARGAINS

I have for sale 14 six-family brick apartments, Brooklyn, fully rented; large waiting list; near Subway; thickly populated district.
These apartments will net 10% to 15%.
Absolutely safe. I need Money.
Address Silsby, 217 B'way. Barclay 4535.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



Kew Gardens

Long Island
16 minutes from Penn. Station

Have you considered what "nothing to rent" means to you this fall?

The Kew Gardens Construction Co. solves the housing problem for a limited number of families, and is now

building houses

of a high standard of construction at Kew Gardens. Vital economies are effected by quantity buying, cost saving in every detail and the best architectural services.

Edgeworth Smith
Sales Manager
One West 34th St., N. Y.
Phone Greeley 5250
Office at Kew Gardens Station
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WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Choice of Three Houses

High grade homes in every particular. One of 8 rooms, one of 9 rooms, and one of 12 rooms. Each with 3 baths.
Send for booklets.
GEDNEY FARM CO.
ROBERT E. FARLEY, Pres.
12 E. 44th St., New York. & Depot Sq., White Plains

ALONG THE SOUND FURNISHED HOUSES

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

White Plains

Modern home, twelve rooms, three baths, laundry, sleeping porch, hot-water heat, gas and electricity; copper screened throughout. Plot 80x160. Fine location. Exceptional view. Owner-tenant. 126 Fisher Ave. Phone 664 White Plains.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER, NEARBY CONNECTICUT AND NORTH SHORE, L. I., PROPERTIES—INSURANCE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

We Have It

A Home: In Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
EDWIN W. FISKE REALTY CO.,
14 DEPOT PLACE, MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

COLONIAL HOUSE FOR SALE

AT SYOSSET.

English Colonial House, designed by well known architect, containing four family bedrooms, with two dressing rooms and three baths, three servants' bedrooms, one servant's bath.

Garage for two cars, chauffeur's room, shower and toilet.

This place is well adapted for all year round residence and is located on the west side of Split Rock road, about half a mile north of Syosset depot; house is placed well back from the road, in centre of lawns and well planted grounds of about seven acres; gardener on premises. For price and terms address HENRY W. WARNER, 15 Wall St., N. Y.

New Brick Colonial, Overlooking Sound

25 Minutes from Herald Square

Attractive centre-hall home of 10 spacious rooms and three tiled baths, hot water heating; tapestry brick upon Natco hollow tile construction. Grounds beautifully landscaped and situated within restricted shore front residence park, owning private golf links, tennis courts, marine dock and bathing beach. Convenient to station, stores, schools and churches. Owner, Box C 408 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE

BALDWIN, L. I., pleasant house, seven rooms, bath, sun parlor, screens, screened porch, gas, electricity, open fireplace; plot 50x240; fruit and shade trees; 10 min. from station, 50 min. from New York. Immediate possession. Quick buyer wanted. Phone 1350-J Bedford. Address 526 Macon St., Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FARM FOR REAL PROFIT

330 acres. Great farm opportunity. Will sell surprising sacrifice. Somerset County; 45 miles New York; State road; 290 acres tillable. Very well watered; main house 15 rooms, large outbuildings. Farmer's house, 13 rooms. Beautiful pasture meadow. First class land, highly maintained. 70 acres wheat. Delightful district. No mosquitoes. Include all hay, grain, horses, herd of cows, hogs, $1,600 tractor and very complete machinery and implements for $27,000. Best going proposition. Dont' delay.

ALLABOUGH & SON Now 135 Broadway. Phone 4069 Cort.

SUMMER HOMES.
Allenhurst, Asbury Park, Deal
NOW RENTING.
Also Hotels and Boarding Houses. Send for booklet.
ALBERT ROBBINS, INC.,
Asbury Park, N. J. (Op. depots.) Allenhurst, N. J.

VERMONT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

To Let—Northern Vermont

June 1 to Oct. 1. Large, furnished manor house, modern improvements, electric lights, fireplaces, extensive private grounds; 5 minutes to churches and Postoffice; stable, garage; B. M. R. R.; four miles to large lake; good fishing; unexcelled for children. Price $1,000. Write for further particulars. References exchanged. E. P. BALL, DERBY LINE, Vt.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

395-7-9 BROADWAY
Southwest Corner Walker St.
Modern 15-Story Office Bldg.
ENTIRE FIFTH FLOOR
ABOUT 6,000 SQ. FEET
Desirable Seventh floor space
Other Offices $360 and $2.500
LIGHT 6 ELEVATORS HEAT
Superintendent on Premises
JOHN J. HALLERON,
252 West 138th Street.
'Phone Audubon—1998, 1008.

SOME DESIRABLE OFFICES TO RENT IN THE
Mohawk Building
5th Ave. & 21st St.
Apply to
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 LIBERTY STREET
OR ON THE PREMISES.
Or to E. H. Van Ingen & Co.

Offices to Rent
in WATSON BUILDING, 256 Church St., cor. Franklin St. Apply Room 36.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

READY MAY 1
Now Open for Inspection
300 Central Park West
Corner 90th St.
1-2-3 ROOMS
Furnished and Unfurnished
Restaurant on Premises
Apply on Bremises or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

Rare bargains, private houses; also apartment houses, various locations, $5,000 upward required; large selection. Barnett, 11 E. 125th St.

House, furnished, small, modern, well equipped, excellent style; near West 96th St. subway; April to November or longer. J 123 Times.

Good bargain for alteration, modern private 4-story house, finely located, west side, $13,000. Barnett Co., 11 East 125th.

Assessed value $44,000; price $32,000; dwelling between 5th and Madison, 78th St.; bargain. Charles E. Moore, 115 Broadway.

Private houses, slight alterations, make two family houses, giving income, beating rent profiteering, $2,000 up. Barnett, 11 E. 125th.

Bronx.

S. E. Corner 176th St., Prospect Av.—Beautiful 10-room residence; electric light, parquet floors, garage for 7 cars, for sale or to let; garage can be sublet. Clement H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av.

Two-family house, 12 rooms; open plumbing. Box 518, 1,464 3d Av.

Brooklyn.

Two-family brick corner; garage space; all improvements; almost new; near Nostrand Av. Subway Station; price $6,750. Plum, 166 Martense St., near Flatbush Av.

GEO. E. JANTZER,
FLATBUSH PROPERTY,
1,382 FLATBUSH AV., AT AV. F.
KENMORE 764.

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Brooklyn.

4-story and basement brownstone house, 171 Prospect Place, Park Slope, Brooklyn; lot 20x131; fine location; near subway; 14 rooms and billiard room; price $12,500. G. W. Barnard, 300 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

$13,500, SOUTH MIDWOOD RESIDENCE. Eleven rooms, all improvements; beautiful section.
GEORGE E. JANTZER,
1,382 Flatbush Av. at Av. F.

Queens.

For Sale.—Elegant 8-room, one-family dwelling in Richmond Hill, with garage; must be seen to be appreciated; $9,000; paved street; all improvements; parquet floors throughout. For particulars phone Richmond Hill 2621 or write owner. No brokers. C 458 Times Downtown.

A few select houses in good location, Jamaica, Hollis, and Queens; prices $6,500 to $15,000. W. V. Champlin, Hillside and Grand Avs., Jamaica, N. Y. Telephone Jamaica 1039.

City Houses Wanted.

Unfurnished House Wanted.—Five good master bedrooms, about six servants' rooms; elevator; if possible, five bathrooms; house to be modern in every way; location between Park and Fifth Avenues, and 60th and 85th Streets. Write only, Apartment 6C, 780 Madison Av.

Four-story, Riverside to Central Park; about $1,800 yearly. C 862 Times Annex.

COUNTRY HOUSES—Sale or To Let.

Westchester County.

Will lease for Summer, well located, handsomely furnished house, seven bedrooms, three baths, garage; $350 month, or unfurnished house, six bedrooms, three baths, garage, at $1,600 per year; both fine order; modern style, near Scarsdale station. Owner, J. P. Allen. Phone 249W Scarsdale.

For Sale, Westchester County.—For $6,500, house at Harrison, N. Y., 45 minutes Grand Central, near station; grounds 100x100; 7 rooms and bath, pantry, attic, gas, electricity; short ride to Rye Beach. E. J. Emelin, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

For Sale.—Beautiful, cosy house, 7 rooms, bath, garage, nice grounds; convenient schools, churches, station; bargain, $7,500, terms. Apply Owner. Telephone 3941 New Rochelle.

For Rent.—At Pleasantville, N. Y., seven-room house, unfurnished; 1½ acres, partly planted with roses; large barn; eight minutes from station; $50 monthly. Apply E. G. Horton, Agent, Pleasantville.

Long Island.

For sale at Flushing, $13,000 proposition for $8,500 to quick buyer; modern house; unoccupied now; nine rooms and two finished off in attic; location finest in Flushing; large plot, 50x200; two street frontages; near churches, schools, trolleys; 16 minutes electric train service to city; investigate, satisfy yourself. Particulars, Box 103 Flushing, L. I.
Phone 1961 Flushing.

Floral Park.—New, modern house; Colonial design; materials specially selected by owner; seven large rooms, bath, foyer hall, open fireplace; very attractive; all improvements; large plot, 80x100 ft.; 2 blocks trolley; short walk to station; 35 minutes New York or Brooklyn; electric trains; $8,000; terms. Goldsmith. Phone 9J, Floral Park, L. I.

Flushing.—Eight-room house, all improvements; plot 35 by 180; fruit trees, room for garage, fine view; fine electric train service, 20 minutes to Penn. Station; price $4,750, $1,000 down. Phone Owner, 2345-R Flushing, or write or call 161 Chestnut St.

I have several houses for sale on the South Shore of Long Island, within commuting distance of the city; prices ranging from $4,000 to $15,000; also 2 furnished houses on the water. C. M. Van Tassel, Baldwin Harbor, L. I.

COUNTRY HOMES.
$5,000 UPWARD, EASY TERMS.
Building plan and descriptive folder free.
HYDE & BAXTER,
Port Washington, L. I.

Long Beach West.—Five-room cottage; plumbing, electricity; near ocean and boardwalk; $1,500; $500 cash. Call weekdays on Thos. Walsh. Phone Decatur 343.

For Sale.—New eight-room house, thirty minutes from Pennsylvania Station; beautiful location and yard; price $12,000; bargain. 83 Pine, Manhasset.

New York State.

House and 10 acres, in the beautiful Ramapo Mountains; 9 rooms; good barn and outbuildings; abundance of fruit; 2 miles from Suffern R. R. station; commuter's opportunity; a genuine bargain at $6,500; $1,000 cash, balance on mortgage. Address Samuel McKenney, R. F. D. 34, Suffern, N. Y.

New Jersey.

HOMES FOR SALE.
At Ridgewood, N. J.; several desirable homes in Ridgewood, one of New York's finest suburban home towns; no manufacturing; all homes; full particulars, including photographs, &c., at either office.
S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. Rector 7718.
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

BEAUTIFUL NEW HOME FOR SALE. Below value; 2½ stories, 7 rooms, bath, gas, electric lights, hardwood floors, steam heat, perfect condition, plot 100x225, all in shrubs, flowers, garden and orchard with 50 trees; 20 miles out on Northern Branch Erie; worth $12,000; price $9,500; terms. Address Owner, Room 21, 60 Beaver St.

Atlantic Hightlands, N. J.—One hour from New York on Sandy Hook boats, Summer residence, twelve rooms; highest, coolest part; breeze all the time; magnificent view; five minutes from station; attractive price and easy terms. F. Pinkus, 157 Cedar St. Phone Rector 5990.

Commuter's home, 7-room house, modern appliances; lawn, garden, fruit; dry, healthful location; lot 100x126, at Rochelle Park, N. J.; bargain. S. H. Moore, (owner,) 590 West 174th St., New York.

Fanwood.—New house, 6 rooms and sleeping porch; garage; lot 100x150; wonderful location for health; change of business compels sacrifice at $5,300; easy terms. Betts, Fanwood, N. J.

Business change necessitates sale nine-room East Orange house; two baths; wonderful lot, 86x290; steam heat; modern interior; $10,000, $1,250 down; balance terms. S 349 Times.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.
Attractive 6 and 7 room modern homes; prices reasonable; terms easy; 30-minute ride; 8c commutation. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. C. Tel. John 5047.

Mountain Lakes, N. J. — Completed modern residence, furnished or unfurnished, for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, New York.

Country Houses Wanted.

Eight-room house wanted, furnished or unfurnished, in suburbs, with lot large enough for chicken run; fifty minutes from lower Manhattan; if suitable might purchase; write full particulars. S 335 Times.

Wanted.—Modern house 6-7 rooms, within easy commuting distance New York; state particulars. G 76 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Furnished 9-room, modern stucco bungalow; garage; 1½ acres; spring and city water; large screened porch; hour out, Long Island; bathing. Phone Schuyler 5366.

For Rent—July and August, highly desirable furnished home; $900. 1,141 Forest Av., Far Rockaway. Phone 2125J.

Beautiful modern home, furnished, large garage, $1,000 Summer; $1,400 year. Phone Academy 51. Mr. Zeckendorf, 300 West 107th.

At Great Neck on Sound, medium size house, furnished; all improvements; near water. C. H. Ellard, 217 Broadway.

Westchester County.

Attractively furnished house from June 1 to Oct. 1, Chester Hill section; seven rooms, two baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch; garage; $125 month. Geo. E. Taylor, 310 E. Sidney Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Lake Mahopac.—Shore front, with beautiful large trees; attractive, furnished cottage; 5 master's rooms, bath; maids' rooms, bath.
WILLIAM H. MILLS, 7 East 42d St.

New Jersey.

Owner desires lease Summer residence for season; Elberon, N. J.; twelve rooms, three baths, garage; choice, convenient location; photo mailed. Telephone N. C. Johnson, Stuyvesant 7690.

Locust Point, Near Navesink.—Furnished house on high land; ocean view; six master's, three servants' rooms, three baths. R., 113 East 55th St.

Deal, N. J.—Fifteen rooms, garage, two baths; well located; Summer rental $1,500. Phone Asbury 618R. Somers & Somers.

Connecticut.

Attractive Colonial house, white, green blinds; wonderful trees, flower and vegetable gardens; abundant fruit; 2 acres; six minutes' walk to station; eight to Sound and yacht club; golf clubs convenient; thirteen rooms, three baths, hot water heat, electricity, open fireplaces; delightful all-year home; hour from New York; yearly rate, furnished, $200 monthly; Summer season, $400 monthly; garage; would let unfurnished. J. S. Montgomery, Riverside, Conn.

Maine.

A seven-room cottage on coast of Maine, near Bar Harbor. For particulars address Mrs. N. W. Paton, 32 Boston Terrace, Bridgeport, Conn.

3 P. M.

Want advertisements for the Sunday edition of The New York Times must be received in The Times Building before 3 P. M. today.

Advertisements for the daily edition of The Times must be received before 6:30 P. M. day previous to publication.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New York State.

Blue Mountain Lake, Adirondacks.—Elevation 2,000 feet; 2 bungalows, furnished; 5 rooms each; fireplace, bath, running water, ice, wood, garage; season each $275. Morrison, Apt. 42, 605 West 115th.

New eight rooms; modern conveniences; garage, garden; Greenwood Lake, N. Y. Telephone Columbus 931.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

Wanted a furnished house, May 1 to October; location within one hour motor ride of New York City; not over three sleeping rooms; house, furnishings, and location must be desirable in every way; prefer Long Island, Connecticut, or Westchester, (not New Jersey;) full particulars. J 65 Times.

Wanted for months June, July, and August furnished house in Montclair or Bloomfield, N. J., near trolley line; family consists of woman with child 3 years old; husband U. S. Army officer overseas. Communicate by letter, Tipton, 305 West 98th St., N. Y. C.

Wanted.—Furnished house in country, 6-8 rooms, for Summer; reasonable. Carson, 142 East 18th St.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—86th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Av., 20-foot, four-story and basement private house; first-class condition; good light rear; price $40,000; mortgages at 4½ per cent. can be renewed for three or five years; brokers protected. H 660 Times Downtown.

KINGSBRIDGE.
For Sale.—2 family masonry house; all modern improvements; near Van Cortlandt Park; B'way Subway, 231st St.; University Av. car passes door. Pepe, Washington Sq.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Edgemere.—Beautiful 12-room house, 2 baths, electric lights; five minutes to station, 10 minutes to beach; fine section; price $6,500, will take $750 down, balance like season rent. Rose 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

At Elmhurst, best section; beautiful 7-room Queen Anne garden cottage with garage; need $2,000 cash; balance on terms; act quick. Biedenkapp, 25th St. and Subway, Elmhurst.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH SHORE FOR RENT.
Magnificent waterfront estate; 30 acres, with furnished home of 14 rooms; all improvements; extra cottage; large garage and outbuildings; rose gardens; rare and beautiful shrubbery; tall shade trees; vegetable garden, &c.; private beach; high elevation; wonderful views; rent $1,200 to responsible party only. M. Bache, 220 Broadway. Cortlandt 4665.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale.—High-class, all-year residence, 14 rooms, 3 baths, garage; corner plot, 250 ft. front; 35 minutes Grand Central Depot; situated Yonkers; unobstructed river view; 2 minutes to station; convenient golf, boat clubs; very best surroundings. Write Harrington, 33 Old Broadway, or phone Morningside 3483.

SCARSDALE
This house must be sold. Owner going West. Six rooms, 50x100; worth $6,000; will take $5,000, $2,000 cash. Steam heat, electric light, sewer, bath, large closets, garden planted. Possession at once. Inspect right away. ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y. Telephone Scarsdale, 300. Not open Sundays.

Pelham.—On account of leaving for the West will sell attractive 7-room house with garage; all latest improvements; corner, 125x100, highly cultivated vegetable and flower garden, fruit trees, and large lawn; $8,000. E. Ericson, telephone Pelham 1524-R or Madison Square 1295.

House on ¼ acre lot; fruit, shrubbery, garden; Hudson River view; has 7 large rooms, bath, attic suitable for 2 more rooms, hardwood trim, hot water heat, fireplace; every convenience; price $10,500. Inquire W. E. Holdren, 6 Sheldon Place, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y.

NEW STUCCO HOUSE AND GARAGE, 7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; LOT 83x160; PRICE $12,750; CASH REQUIRED $4,000. SONN, 53 PINE BROOK DRIVE, LARCHMONT N. Y. FIVE BLOCKS FROM STATION.

Nine-room house; first story stone; ample grounds; 300 feet elevator; commuting distance; $7,500. Owner, H. A. Kelly, 20 Mile Square Road, Nepperhan, Yonkers.

If you can pay $400 down you can build a nice bungalow at Hastings-on-Hudson; monthly payments. Write Edwards, 11 West 45th St.

$500 cash, balance monthly buys nice cottage, high ground, large plot, above Yonkers. Rose 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2729.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

7-room house, all improvements, nicely located on Long Island, 30 minutes from New York; good train service; room for garage. No agents. Room 1,616, 20 Broad St., New York.

For Sale—Beautiful 34-acre plot, 13 minutes' walk from Great Neck, L. I.; elegant residential location; will divide into 3 to 5 acre plots. Room 4852, 70 East 45th St.

Broadway, Flushing, and Bayside, for sale; desirable homes, 7 and 8 rooms with bath; near station; immediate possession. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6896.

For sale dirt cheap, clear, vacant, 12 lots at Patchogue, L. I., and 5 lots at Port Jefferson; will accept Liberty Bonds, or what have you? Brandstatter, S 319 Times.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

For Rent or Sale.—Fully equipped brickyard on Hudson River; was operated last season; present capacity 11,000,000 a year, which can be increased under good management; abundant supply of clay and sand. Z 342 Times Annex.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Old English stucco house on Palisades, every up-to-date convenience; 6 magnificent rooms, space for more; screened, glassed porches, balcony overlooking Riverside, 110th St. Manhattan Garden Garage; quick direct sale under cost just before war; photographs. Telephone Cliffside 42-M, Box 106, Grantwood, N. J.

Leonia—Charming house of 7 rooms, reception hall, bath; all improvements; large inclosed sun parlor; plot 100x125; in hill section; hedge, trees, & shrubbery; fully improved street; price only $8,000; ground alone is worth half of that.; convenient terms. Bowles & Co., Broad & Central Avs., Leonia.

Attractive house, nine rooms and bath, at 133 High St., West Nutley, for sale, $5,100; lot 50 by 120; fruit and shade trees; sun parlor; all improvements; hot air furnace; price $5,100; easy terms. Inquire W. H. Parry, 578 Summer Av. Telephone Branch Brook 5449.

For sale, gentleman's estate at Englewood, N. J.; fine modern dwelling; grounds beautifully laid out; flowers, shrubbery, &c.; would make substantial sacrifice for prompt sale. Address B. L. B., Room 1530, 120 Broadway, New York.

ALLENHURST, FOR SALE OR TO LET.—CORNER PROPRETY, VIEW OF OCEAN; PLOT 150x200; TWENTY ROOMS, SIX BATHS AND WASHROOMS; FRUIT AND SHADE TREES; PRICE REASONABLE. BOX 405, TIMES, 2 RECTOR ST.

East Orange.—Bargain, two-family house, all modern improvements; one block from Ampere Station; price $9,500; easy terms. Owner, 325 North 18th St., East Orange.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—Bargain; 10 large rooms overlooking lake; $15,000; easy terms. E. Callan, 17 Battery Place, New York.

Caldwell.—Large building plot. Particulars, Owner, 39 Forest St., Montclair, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

CONNECTICUT SHORE.
Superbly situated Colonial house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, 2 extra toilets; 2-car garage; man's quarters; gas, electricity; private bathing, tennis, near golf; 5 minutes from Stamford; will rent with option to purchase. T. J. Good, 18 East 41st. Tel. 9326 Murray Hill.

For Sale.—An island just off Short Beach, Conn., with a six-room bungalow (furnished) and a 28-foot motorboat with tender; just the place you were wishing for this Summer. H. Ross Clark, 15 Court St., White Plains, N. Y., owner.

Country Houses Wanted.

Want to rent small house or floor, unfurnished; easy commuting; reasonable; Long Island, Westchester; not temporary; particulars, terms. J 52 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Leaseholds wanted, garages and auto sales rooms; nothing too small or too large; old stables considered; in or out of town; interested only in solid propositions. D. M., 130 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Have $200,000 to invest for client in first-class income properties Manhattan, Bronx, or Brooklyn; owners only. Address B. H. Irving, 150 Nassau St., City.

Wanted to lease, apartment or tenement houses; securities; excellent references. Box C 437 Times Downtown.

CASH FOR YOUR BROOKLYN PROPERTY. Send full details. F. M. McCurdy, 189 Montague, Brooklyn.

Wanted, country roadhouse, Albany Post or Boston Road; notify Restaurant Operating Co., 109 West 45th.

We have quick buyers; write location, price, monthly rent, also telephone number. J 120 Times.

Wanted to rent small hotel or lodge on lake site, Adirondacks preferred, accommodating about forty persons. T 380 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES.—ENTIRE 11TH FLOOR OF GOOD OFFICE BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL FOR RENT; 10,000 SQUARE FEET; RENT $14,000, 4 YEARS' LEASE. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

LARGE OFFICE TO SUBLEASE, 10,000 SQ. FT., IN GOOD BUILDING IN MIDTOWN SECTION; 11TH FLOOR; 4-YEAR TERM; RENT $14,000 PER ANNUM. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

25 Howard St.—Loft, 25x100, steam heat, power hoist; rent $60 monthly. 69 Gold St.—About 23x29, no improvements; rent $30 monthly.
Jacob Klein, 110 West 37th St.

ONE-STORY BUILDINGS,
all light, high ceilings, suit anything; various sizes; immediate possession. Harlem Roofing, 17 East 137th. Tel. 1920 Harlem.

Hotel 100 rooms; fully furnished; block front; splendid Harlem location; reasonable rent; unusual opportunity. Barnett, 11 East 125th.

ENTIRE BUILDING. 25,000 FEET.
Modern built; splendid light; elevator 17x7, 4,000 lbs. capacity. Apply on premises. Gordon, 410-412 West 52d. Columbus 514.

Part of loft to let on Broadway for manufacturing or stock; light; low rate insurance. C O 803 Times Downtown.

Physician's office, very large and bright, to share waiting room with ethical dentist. 451 West End Av. Schuyler 6420.

Mail privileges, $3; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Loft to rent; 5,000 sq. feet, 9,000 sq. feet, 14,000 sq. feet; with or without power. Phone Columbus 1662.

Desk space or part of office. 429 Marbridge Bldg., 1,328 Broadway.

Desk room, stenography and telephone service; west store. 248 West 41st St.

Part store to let; convenient all business; no manufacturing. 25 West 30th.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted factory, one, two stories, or loft, about 50x100, 15 miles of New York, with or without machinery, May 1. L 733 Times Downtown.

Wanted, sublease, three rooms, financial district; will buy furniture or will share large office responsible concern. Cortlandt 2567.

Commission agent; desk or desk space in woolen, textile house. K 423 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., (8th floor, southeast corner.)—Two large rooms and bath; grand piano; unusually attractive, home apartment. Murray Hill 8514.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals; $27 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals; $22 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

36TH ST., 14 EAST.—APARTMENTS AND ROOMS WITH BATH.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
Attractively furnished one, two, and three room apartment, by month or year; meals if desired.

53D, 5 EAST.—Beautiful two room, bath, kitchenette apartment; lease Oct. Lawton.

55TH, 116 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—High-class six-room furnished apartment; rent $250 per month; can be seen after 2 P. M.

56TH, (Near Park.)—Attractive 2-room; kitchenette, bath; till October; by appointment. Telephone Plaza 6638 mornings, after 9 o'clock.

61ST ST., 26 EAST.
Handsomely furnished 3 extra large rooms, bath, and kitchen, in select, well-kept house; complete; convenient; one apartment only on floor. Apply Williams, or Superintendent.

66TH AND LEXINGTON, (Corner.)—Attractively furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath, kitchen, from May 1 to October, or 3 months' lease, $200 monthly. Phone Perrin, Plaza 5501.

69TH, 20 EAST.—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, well furnished; $100. Murray Hill 9363 or Superintendent.

72D ST., 150 EAST.—Delightfully cool Summer apartment, 10th floor; unusually furnished; 5 rooms, 2 baths; $200, May 1 to Oct. 1; seen by appointment. Telephone 808 Rhinelander.

75TH, 103 EAST.—7-room, 2-bath duplex apartment; $175; May 15 to Sept. 15; references required; seen by appointment. Telephone Rhinelander 3693.

87TH, 71 EAST.—To sublet, light apartment, 8 rooms and bath; convenient to subway; May 1 to Oct. 1.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west side; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTENTION! — APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 34 East 32d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 27th St.

Several handsomely furnished apartments to rent. Ella M. O'Kane, 219 Plaza.

SIX rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished, until October; $225 month. Telephone Lenox 5137.

SOUTHERN exposure, 3 outside rooms, bath; private apartment; exclusive elevator; furniture handsome. Phone Murray Hill 875. Apt. 23.

WASHINGTON MEWS.—To sublet two furnished houses, also three, four, 6-room apartments. Supt. Girard, 24 East 8th.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 59 WEST.—Attractively furnished housekeeping apartment, 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; sublet to Sept. 15 or longer; $58. Apply Janitor.

23D ST. WEST, (The Chelsea.)—Stockholder's apartment, southern exposure, 4 large rooms, bath and kitchenette; Summer or year; rent $1,500 per year. Telephone owner, 1056 Broad.

42D ST., 228 WEST.—Luxuriously furnished parlor, bedroom and bath; $30 per week; full hotel service.

43D ST., 26 WEST.—Two rooms, bath. Telephone Madison Square 4976, 1131.

45TH, 341 WEST.—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, shower; tiled kitchens, kitchenette; no questionable applicants; highest references; $55-$100 monthly. Tel. Bryant 6255.

45TH, 137 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, with piano; 2-room private bath apartment;; hotel service; everything.

50TH.—Attractive two-room apartment, elevator building, 5th floor, $110. Phone Columbus 1277.

51ST, 318 WEST.—Expensively furnished modern apartment, suitable for family of 3 $150; call after 1 P. M., Apt. 9.

52D, 29 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apt., 2 rooms, bath; all modern conveniences.

54TH, 29 WEST, (Near 5th Av. and University Club.)—Handsome one and two room sunny suites; private baths.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apt. Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

57TH, 200 WEST, (Opposite Carnegie.)—4-room apartment, handsomely furnished, all south, 14th floor; real kitchen; refrigeration; maid service; $200 a month, until Fall. Mrs. Prescott, 3560 Circle.

57TH, 200 WEST.—Four-room apartment to sublet from May to October, furnished or unfurnished; $250 monthly furnished; east, west, and southern exposures; 12th floor. Call between 12 and 1, R. West.

59TH, 36 WEST.—Artistically furnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette; 4th floor; southern exposure; restaurant in building; immediate possession. Phone Brown, Plaza 6180.

69TH, 245 WEST, (The New West End.)—Three-room apartments, $90; latest improvements; completely furnished.

71ST, 115 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath.

72D, 124 WEST.—Elegantly furnished 4-room elevator apartment, in new building, all modern conveniences; silver, linen, Sonora machine, all furnishings new, $160 from May to October. Apt. 602, or see Superintendent.

72D to 116TH.—Handsomely furnished sublet apartments; choice buildings. Particulars. Vanderbilt 1450.

72D, 42 WEST.—2 rooms and bath until October, maid service included; rent $100. Apply management. Apt. 41.

72D, 116 WEST.—Room and bath from June 1-Oct. 1. Apt. 3C.

73D, 170 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, 5 rooms, 1 large master bedroom, April 15 to Oct. 15; can be seen any time. Apartment 7B.

74TH, 103 WEST.—Furnished suite with kitchen and bath, also single room.

77TH, WEST.—Owner will sell lease and exquisite furniture, bachelor apartment, $1,200; rent $100. Telephone Sunday or evenings 1362 Schuyler, or write J 122 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

77TH, 66 WEST.—Small housekeeping apartment, beautifully furnished; sublet to October; $125.

79TH, 150 WEST.—Attractive apartment, nicely furnished, to sublet from May 1 to Oct. 1; 11 rooms and 3 baths; reasonable. Apply to Superintendent.

80TH-RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Beautiful newly and completely furnished nine rooms, three baths; rent $200. Phone Columbus 1278.

81ST, 204 WEST.—4 rooms, bath; furnished; rent to September. Apt. 2B, Levi.

85TH, 349 WEST.—Bargain, $250 for $160, high-class, newly decorated, handsomely furnished 7 rooms; grand piano, Oriental rugs.

86TH, 140 WEST.—Large rooms, unusually well furnished, in handsome residence; references required.

86TH, 200 WEST.—Sunny, artistically furnished 5-room front apartment, 7th floor.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Four-room housekeeping apartment, beautifully furnished, for rent from June to October. Apply Kay Andersen before April 17 and after 24th. Telephone appointment Schuyler 4178.

88TH, (near Riverside.)—Two beautiful apartments; sacrifice; $110; $75. Telephone 483 Riverside.

90TH.—Seven-room elevator apartment, never rented before; $125 monthly. Phone Columbus 1278.

91ST ST., 27 WEST.—High-class furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath, maid service; $85.

98TH ST., 307-311 WEST, (Hotel Schuyler Arms.)—Subway to 96th, two blocks up and one block west; leases are not required, but references are; newly furnished suites of two, three, four, five, and six rooms, from $75 to $180 a month; with or without kitchens; maid service, gas, electricity, kitchen equipment, &c., included; in the heart of the best residential section of New York City; restaurant of quality.

99TH ST., (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive, furnished 7-room elevator apartment; large rooms, 2 baths, southern exposure; $175 per month, May 1 to Oct. 1 and year following; unfurnished if desired. Address Walter N. Walker, 170 Broadway.

106TH, 315 WEST.—Beautiful two-room apartment, high class. Phone Academy 4680.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Handsome residence floors, 3 spacious rooms, bath; overlooking Riverside; service; electricity; $150-$200, or unfurnished. Collette.

110TH, 131 WEST.—High-class four-room apartment, furnished; overlooking Park; May to October. Call 12 to 2, 6 to 8. Cathedral 9160. Apt. 6 E.

111TH, 504 WEST.—Beautifully, newly furnished 5-room front apartment, complete, off Broadway, high-class apartment, $150 month. Apt. 26.

113TH, 544 WEST.—High-class apartment, 2 rooms, bath; nicely furnished; rent $70; dining room in building. Cathedral 7715.

114TH, 611 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $65 month. Apartment 22.

116TH.—Handsomely furnished 4 rooms, 2 bedrooms; $100; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

116TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE.—Sublet 6 rooms, sunny apartment, excellent neighborhood, if you purchase beautiful furniture. Telephone Morningside 388.

117TH, 353 WEST.—Five rooms, completely, elegantly furnished except table silver; lease to Oct. 31, $80 per month; possession at once. Apartment 27. Morningside 2203.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Will sublet my apt., 6 rooms, bath, completely furnished, near Columbia University; May 1 to Oct. 1.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $75 monthly.

123D, 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Elevator apartments 5, 6 rooms, bath; $55-$70. Rose.

124TH, 507 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 5-room elevator apartment. Apply Apt. 12A.

130TH, 420 WEST.—Comfortably furnished 5-room elevator apartment, May to October; reasonable to responsible party; Apt. 47. Morningside 8500.

156TH, 601 WEST.—Leaving city, sublet 7 exceptionally furnished rooms, elevator apt. Telephone Audubon 8961, Apt. 64.

168TH, 601 WEST.—Small and large, corner apartments; overlooking Hudson; subway. Ellsworth.

172D, 590 WEST.—3 exceptionally attractive rooms, handsomely furnished; southern exposure; lease.

APTS. OF UNUSUAL CLEANLINESS.
2 and 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; 3 and 4 rooms, 2 baths and kitchenette; $60 to $110 monthly; comfortably furnished; telephone; elevator service; maid service optional; no objectionable or questionable tenants; references essential.
THE WILSONIA,
223-229 WEST 69TH ST.

APARTMENT SEEKING SIMPLIFIED.—For Spring and Summer bargain opportunities consult Wickliffe Gray, Apartment Specialist, 269 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

Attractive living room, bedrooms, furnished, business person. Morningside 8500. Apt. 2G.

BROADWAY, (corner apartment, 240 West 104th St.)—Sublet furnished to Oct. 1, 7 rooms, 3 rented, leaving living room, dining room, two bedrooms; net rent $33. Phone Academy 2560. Higgins's apartment.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 88, (69th.)—Facing park; 7 rooms, bath; handsomely furnished; Steinway grand; six months. Columbus 4733.

CLAREMONT AV., 180.—Modern, well-furnished five-room, all-light corner apartment; three minutes subway, bus, green and red Broadway cars, Columbia Heights section and Riverside Drive; elevator; cool, airy; Summer rate. Telephone 4773 Morningside.

CLAREMONT AV., 25, (near 116th St.)—Sublet, furnished, from middle of June to October, 8 rooms, 3 baths; cool, bargain; can be seen between 4 and 6. Underwood.

COMFORTABLY furnished 4-room elevator apartment, Washington Heights; $90. Telephone 2365 Audubon.

COMPLETE HOME, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; might sell furniture. 54 West 39th St.

EDGECOMBE AV., 68, Corner 138th.—Five light and airy rooms, nicely furnished; other modern improvements; in excellent location; rent $100 monthly. Apply Leon Sobel, 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 38, (160th St.)—Attractively furnished three-room apartment, living room, bed room, kitchen and bath, silver, linen, &c. Call after 11, Saturday or Sunday at Apart. 1.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., (171st.)—Nicely furnished 4-room elevator apartment, living room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, silver, linen, &c. Apt. 54, Phone 8081 Audubon.

Furnished four-room apartment, May-November; $65; 192d St. and Creston Av.; near subway. Phone 5270 Fordham. Remington.

GENTLEMAN going West for several months will rent desirable, well-furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchen. Call Circle 4849, between 8-9 P. M., for appointment.

MANHATTAN AV., 215, (Alcazar,) 1710 Acad. Capitol, 107 West 109th. 1611 Academy.—2 and 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, beautifully furnished; elevator; all modern improvements; rent $50-$65 per month.

MANHATTAN AV., 375, (116th.)—4-room elevator apartment, May-November. Apt. 9.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 114.—Four-room apartment, facing park; quiet, cool for Summer; furnishings new and refined. Tel. Morningside 320.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished 9 rooms, 3 baths; Chickering piano, Victrola; sublet completely furnished; superb river view. Mrs. Coyle, telephone 4995 Plaza.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (corner 119th St.) Furnished apartment; five rooms; to sublet for Summer; three rooms facing Drive. Apply at Apartment 1 or manager.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 67.—Exceptional northwest corner apartment; 6 large outside rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished; May-Oct.; $185.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—7 rooms, overlooking Hudson; immediate possession; $150. Phone Riverside 3766.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 593, (corner 136th.)—Six or seven rooms, beautifully furnished, two bath rooms, linen, silver. Apartment 3A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 64, (79th.)—1-2 room suites; private baths; kitchenette.

SEVEN rooms, from April 15 or May 1; all light, outside rooms; silver, linen, etc.; delightful apartment for Summer; three bedrooms. Apply David Lamb, 400 West End Av. Schuyler 9376.

THE REGAL APARTMENTS.
55th St. and 7th Av. New fireproof apartment house; elaborately furnished suites of 1 room and bath, $75; 2 rooms, bath, $100 to $150; every modern improvement, including maid service; references required.

TO SUBLET,
completely furnished elevator apartment, six bright rooms. 3 and 5 West 104th.

WADSWORTH AV., 354, (Apartment 34.)—Four delightfully cool, light rooms and bath; $75. Telephone St. Nicholas 8666.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 82.—Completely furnished, seven-room all sunny apartment; Greenwich Village section.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 123.—To let furnished, four rooms, with bath; May to October; references required. Apply Apt. 4-A.

WEST END AV., 782, (corner 98th St.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, all outside, 11th floor; fully furnished; May 1 to Sept. 21, $150 a month; Apt. 111. Telephone Haines, 4040 Col.

WEST END AV., 575.—Six large rooms, two baths, handsomely and completely furnished; wide view of Hudson; immediate occupancy. Phone Schuyler 6342 for appointment.

Furnished—Bronx.

LOWER floor, private house; electric light; block from subway-station. Melrose 9001.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

FOSTER AV., 2,121, (Brooklyn.)—Four-room apartment, nicely furnished; player-piano. Horne.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—Westchester County.

SOUTH YONKERS.—To sublet, desirable suburban five-room elevator apartment; handsomely furnished. Apt. D6, 1 Leighton Av.

Furnished—New Jersey.

BOARDWALK APARTMENT, attractively furnished, 4 rooms; salt and fresh water baths; porch overlooking ocean. M. E. Wilson, Vermont Apartments, Atlantic City, N.J.

Unfurnished—East Side.

50'S.—In the 50's, near Park Av., two rooms and bath; $75 to $80; large living rooms. Payson McL. Merrill Co., 9 East 44th. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

87TH, 51 EAST.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; $65; May 1.

89TH, 407 EAST.—Living room, 15x30, 6 large windows, south and east exposure; kitchenette, bath; 1st floor.

LEXINGTON AV., 324, (38th St.)—Parlor floor, private house; electricity; doctor or dentist.

MADISON AV., 167, (33d.)—Sublet front apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $75. Grant.

Unfurnished—West Side.

44 WEST 57TH ST.
Three large rooms,
with kitchen, bath, anteroom.
Unusual Opportunity.
Inquire janitress after 10:30 A. M.

58TH, 57 WEST.—Desirable 5-room apartment, unfurnished; reduction until October. Apply Superintendent.

63D ST., 28 WEST.—Studio, 2 rooms, bath; $60-$75. Superintendent, premises.

72D, 42 WEST.—Beautiful cool apartment, two rooms and bath, facing Central Park; references. 42 West 72d.

75TH, 24 WEST.—Three large sunny rooms, bath, kitchenette; two rooms $65.

82ND, 308 WEST.—Very attractive, two rooms, bath; apartment hotel, $65. Apartment 111, Schuyler—8120.

95TH ST, 317 WEST.—Four-room apartment, occupancy May 1, $65. Anthony, Riverside 4650.

100TH, 313 WEST.—Newly decorated one and two rooms, kitchenette, and bath apartments.

118TH, 401 WEST.—S. E. corner apartment; eight rooms, all outside, two baths; sublet from May 1st, $1,500. Apt. 21.

149TH, 450 WEST, (Corner Convent Av.)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; outside; $65.

178TH ST., 825 WEST.—Two and four-room apartment; elevator house; rent $36 and $60.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 333 (corner 93d St.).—The Turin, highest type apartment building. Six, 7, 8, 9, rooms and 2 and 3 baths, rent $1,800 to $2,700. Apply owner, on premises. Telephone Riverside—3521.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 480.—High-class elevator apt., 5 rooms and bath; all improvements; $75 monthly.

FOUR ROOMS facing Riverside Drive; rent $85. Inquire office Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st. Telephone Audubon 4657.

MANHATTAN AV., 508, (Cor. 121st.)—7 large outside rooms; newly renovated; $60.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—To sublet, five beautiful rooms in a strictly fireproof building one block from subway; $85 per month; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. Odell, Audubon, 5,400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 440, (N. E. corner 116th St.)—The Paterno, seven-room apartment and two baths; (facing the Drive); will sublet or lease. Telephone Morningside 8449.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, (CORNER 119TH.)—EIGHT ROOMS; CORNER APARTMENT; HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 260.—7 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR; $2,100.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 930.—Five large outside rooms, overlooking park; elevator; $70.

TWO ROOMS, bath and kitchenette; moderate. Particulars of Levitt, 2036 Fifth Ave.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 82.—Seven all sunny, high-class apartment. Washington Square section.

WAVERLY PLACE, 130.—Vacant; four rooms, housekeeping, steam, electricity. Spring 3257. Gorget.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

Three adults desire six-room apartment or part of private residence. Phone Flatbush 7491 W.

Small apartment below 70th St. Telephone Mrs. Hookes, Farragut 395.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side

15TH ST., 105 EAST.—Handsomely furnished suite; piano; opposite Union Square Hotel. Call or phone Stuyvesant 120. Apartment 72.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Rooms, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $10 weekly up; including elegant meals, $16 weekly; front rooms, with running water, $18 weekly; with bath, $23 weekly; refined women. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 124 EAST.—Two elegant connecting rooms, bath, telephone; suite or divided; select.

31ST, 114 EAST.—Large, attractively, newly furnished; private bath, phone, electricity.

3[illegible]TH, 126 EAST.—Murray Hill section; newly furnished, electric light, steam heat.

80TH, 155 EAST.—Elegant large room, all conveniences, for one or two gentlemen; near subway; private house; references.

83D, 100 EAST.—Nice, large, airy front room, if desired with nice bedroom; all conveniences. Perger.

85TH, 9 EAST.—Elegant large parlor, suitable for business; all improvements; telephone.

86TH ST., 58 EAST.—Large, desirable front room, suitable for couple; permanent; preferred.

89TH, 154 EAST.—Large room, adjoining private bath; suitable 1-2 gentlemen only.

LEXINGTON AV., 324, (38th St.)—Two adjoining rooms; heat, electricity.

MADISON AV., 785.—Attractive parlor floor, two rooms, bath, parquet floors; large front rooms, running water, electricity; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 735, (cor. 64th.)—Newly decorated large rooms, private bath, $12 week; single room, $5. Ed. Krehl.

MADISON AV., 1,427.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; references. Apt. 5 A.

PARK AV., (near 83d St.)—Large, southern exposure, high-class, private family; no children; $15 week. Phone Lenox 6858.

West Side.

56TH ST, 201 WEST.—Large comfortable room, centrally located; conveniences. Circle 3993.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive room for gentleman; must see to appreciate; reference.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Cheerful medium room, with private bath, hot water, electricity.

73D, 139 WEST.—Beautifully furnished front room, suitable 2 gentlemen; electricity, telephone, conveniences; $12.

74TH, 303 WEST.—Appointed for comfort, very light, large back parlor; absolutely first-class.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Attractive sunny room; lavatory; private family; gentleman; references. Wheeler.

75TH, 327 WEST, (at Drive.)—Large room, bath, with or without kitchenette privileges.

75TH, 55 WEST.—Elegant, spacious room, conveniences, baths, electricity, telephone; pleasant skylight room.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished bedroom and sitting room; running water.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Large room, private bath; southern exposure. Phone 7323 Schuyler.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Large room, 1 flight; $10.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large front room, southern exposure; also small room; gentlemen.

77TH, 128 WEST.—Nicely furnished double room in private home; gentlemen preferred.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; room, private bath, electricity; convenient location; $12.

78TH, 150 WEST.—Attractive parlor, connecting dressing room; running water; large closets, electricity; refined.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Cheerful large room; bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4093.

79TH, 216 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Attractive large room, running water; gentleman preferred.

81ST, 29 WEST, (overlooking park.)—Exceptionally large, beautiful room, private bath. Schuyler 10063.

82D, 1 WEST.—Small, comfortable, single room; business man or woman; reference. Janvrin.

84TH ST., 301 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large double room, twin beds; references.

85TH, 159 WEST.—Large room, 7th floor, front; private bath.

85TH, 129 WEST.—Front room, elegant suite; private bath; kitchenette privilege; electricity.

87TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive, large room; first-class table; electricity; telephone; Jewish house.

87TH, 107 WEST.—Attractive large rooms, en suite or singly; private bath; electricity.

88TH, 335 WEST.—Beautiful room next bath; parquet floor, electricity; gentlemen; reference.

89TH, 55 WEST.—Large room, twin beds, running water, electricity; private house.

92D, 292 WEST.—Large parlor bedroom, with piano; also handsome large sunny room; elevator apartment; near Broadway.

93D, 115 WEST.—Medium-size room, second floor; running water.

94TH ST., 17 WEST.—Medium-sized room; owner's private home; bath convenient.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

94TH ST., 311 WEST.—Sunny outside single room in modern apartment with couple; gentleman; references; permanent; $8 weekly. Toplitz.

94TH, WEST.—Comfortable two-room suite; select private apartment; gentleman. Riverside 3729.

95TH, 317 WEST.—Beautiful front 4 rooms, housekeeping suite; outside rooms. Noble.

96TH, 301 WEST.—Elegant corner suite, parlor and bedroom overlooking Hudson and tennis courts; electricity. Riverside 1991, Ford.

97TH, 23 WEST.—Large, light, airy; 4 windows at Central Park; suitable for business gentleman; references absolutely necessary.

99TH, 306 WEST.—Suite 3 rooms; 2 or 3 gentlemen; private bath; telephone; elevator service day and night. Phone 1512 Riverside. G. T. Willis.

100TH, 243 WEST.—Neatly furnished 2-room suite; private bath; suitable 3.

103D, 203 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; private family. Jacobs, Academy 3433.

107TH 322 WEST.—Overlooking Riverside; 3 spacious rooms; also double; Summer rates.

112TH, 542 WEST.—Attractively furnished double outside room; suitable couple. Johnston. 2A.

112TH, 611 WEST.—Sunny single room near Riverside, $10. Apartment 2 S. E.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Small room in private house; reasonable.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Very desirable front, airy, homelike room; gentleman. Apt. 3.

116TH (CLAREMONT AV.)—Large, sunny, front room; lady. Morningside 5136, Apartment 22.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Elegant large, light, comfortable room; every convenience. Apt. 21.

118TH, 401 WEST.—2 connecting rooms, piano, overlooking Morningside Park; $75. Petersen.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large room, nicely furnished, twin brass beds. Apartment 5.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Large light, attractive rooms, modern elevator. Apt 43.

122D, 521 WEST.—Front south room, private family; all conveniences; gentlemen preferred. Drath.

135TH, 621 WEST.—Light, furnished room adjoining bath; breakfast optional; references. Marshall.

140TH, 510 WEST.—Newly furnished room; private family; subway; reasonable. Apt. 46.

142D, 639 WEST., cor. Riverside Drive.—Private house, large front rooms, next to bath, $10 and $12; gentlemen.

178TH, 604 WEST.—Suite, two light, cheerful front rooms, suitable 1 or 2 gentlemen, $9; telephone, electricity, bath; small family; reference required. Call Sunday or evenings. Bossong.

2 OR 3 BEAUTIFULLY furnished rooms. 3567 Columbus.

BROADWAY, 2,314.—With refined private family, cheerful connected rooms; running water, bath, practically exclusive use; delightful living room; available immediately or May 1; two, three gentlemen; references exchanged. 5664 Schuyler. Bondy.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st.)—Attractive parlor, bedroom, for two; homelike; breakfast. Apartment 7.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Exceptionally fine corner suite, two double rooms; running water, electricity, bath, phone; one or two gentlemen; no other roomers. Apartment 34N.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 800, (157th St.)—Front room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; near subway; two in family; no other roomers; references. Audubon 5520, Apt. 6B.

RIVERSIDE (below 80th.)—Large bedroom, handsomely furnished, with private bath; suitable for one or two gentlemen; in private home; meals if desired. Schuyler 2175.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92, (81st.)—Large light room, rear, also one small; in refined modern house, just opened; newly furnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668.—Attractive, well kept room; bath adjoining; refined home. Apartment 35.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, Corner 80th.—Two beautifully furnished rooms overlooking Hudson; private house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 46, (Cor. 77th.) The Graymore.—Rooms; excellent cuisine. Tel. 4306 Schuyler.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362, (Apt. 4 B.)—Large rooms, connecting or single, facing Drive; clean, airy; Summer prices.

WOMAN will share furnished, steam-heated apartment in Greenwich Village with professional woman. J 90 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

107TH, 210 WEST.—Front and back parlor, extremely bright, with use of bath; elevator apartment. Apt. 51.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman wants nice up-to-date room with electricity, running water or private bath, if possible, in private family; Riverside Drive preferred; high-class references. P. M., Pennsylvania Hotel.

Young business woman desires room in strictly private residence, Murray Hill section preferred; board optional. Address G 74 Times.

Gentleman wants furnished room, west side; answers must mention price. C 356 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service; homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

5TH AV., 7.—Fine double, single rooms; private baths, switchboard; refined service.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large room, private bath; references.

72D, 228 WEST.—Elevator, steam heat, electricity; table guests; subway express; references.

72D, 269 WEST.—Attractive room, with bath; single room; excellent table.

72D, 269 WEST.—Attractive room, with bath; single room; excellent table.

73D, 142 WEST.—Elegant front suite, private bath; electricity; home table.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large room; private bath, southern exposure; private telephone.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

79TH, 121 WEST.—A few table boarders accommodated.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 76 WEST.—Superior accommodations; excellent board in refined Hebrew family. Jay.

86TH, 303 WEST.—Beautiful room, adjoining bath; refined surroundings. Stein. Schuyler 9057.

89TH ST., 321 WEST.—Two gentlemen or couple seeking real home can have large, bright, elegantly furnished rooms, twin beds, running water, bath adjoining and good home cooking.

95TH, 65 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms, all conveniences; table board.

102D, 248 WEST.—Large, sunny room; twin beds; private bath; with or without meals; reference.

106TH, 314 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms in private residence; service; surroundings unusual.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large corner room, lavatory, excellent board; couple, $25. Payne.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Family House of High Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts, Cleanliness.
Weekly, $17 up Per Adult, with Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths; meals; one flight; facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

BOARD WANTED.

Wanted.—Room and board by young business man; refined family. G 73 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1165 W. Plains.

Country Board Wanted.

Lady wishes absolutely first-class board for Summer, within an hour's ride of city; modern conveniences and preferably where there are no or but few other boarders. Address S 350 Times.

Jewish couple desires room and board; Edgemere or Long Beach preferred; with private family. Z 400 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wishes position with reliable firm. C 348 Times.

COMPANION-SECRETARY.—British officer's widow, American born, desires position with lady; used to travel. S 342 Times.

COMPANION to elderly lady or invalid; best references; country preferred. T 352 Times.

LADY'S MAID.—Japanese lady, well educated, first-class dressmaker, wants position. Mrs. Aono, care Mrs. Dazai, 110 Morningside Drive.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; late methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N.J.

NURSE, graduate, to take care of children, invalid, assist in housekeeping; seashore or country. Write Nurse, J 87 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young lady, good family, education, experienced, desires position, literary or professional party; initial salary $18. T 364 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, &c.—Young woman stenographer, accountant, bookkeeper desires position; traveling companion to lady or secretary; best references as to honesty, ability. Box 653, 1,039 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, bright beginner; $10 to start. F. M., 116 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, secretarial work, seeks position reliable firm. Grill, 275 Ellery St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER - SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 4 years' experience; references. Phone Flatbush 7855.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Neat, accurate, reliable. Mabel Burns, 202 West 116th St. Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, neat, competent, beginner. Miss Guggenheim, 714 Trinity Av. Tel. Melrose 2922.

SUPERVISOR OF EMPLOYMENT wants position in N. Y.; qualification, principal of vocational school, teacher in elementary school, and teacher of millinery in Pratt's; highest references. B 225 Times.

YOUNG LADY student desires few hours' evening work. G 72 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, EXECUTIVE.
EXPERT FACTORY COSTS.
American, Christian, 34, married; long machine shop and public accounting experience; good systematizer, office manager; out of town preferred; $2,600; A1 credentials. L 576 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and office manager desires to change from present position; can give any references desired, and am good correspondent as well as understanding credits. C 854 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT.—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly; books opened; systems; tax reports. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT.—C. P. A.; high-grade executive, wide experience, record of achievement, seeks big job with corporation. W 687 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—Income Tax Specialist; established 1909; $5 upward; services guaranteed; references. Phone Beekman 998. Friedlander, 154 Nassau.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, tax reports, bookkeeping arrangements; $2.50 weekly; services, not far fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT, Christian; books audited, supervised; small concerns kept entirely; reasonable. G 746 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING.—Discharged army officer (22) desires opportunity to start with advertising agency or department. T 361 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, Christian, 32, full control, 10 years' experience, bonded, salary $35, advancement. R., 575 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, thoroughly experienced, full charge controlling accounts, trial balance, statements; best reference. Schneider, 42 West 100th.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 21, army discharge; high school graduate; 4 years' experience; complete charge; excellent references; $25. L 767 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance; excellent references. T 291 Times.

BUTLER, VALET, speaks French, English, Italian; high references, wants position. G 67 Times.

BUYER, experienced man, men's wear, successful record, contemplates change. G 754 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, 30, trustworthy, desires a position with party who appreciates careful driving; has had long experience; can furnish the best of references; recently discharged from Tank Corps, U. S. A. C. J. D., 50 Kingsland Av., Corona, L. I.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC,
Fourteen years' experience; high-class cars; best long-term city references. Telephone Intervale 2068, Schannon, 1,157 Jackson Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Irish, 38, single, wishes position private family, city, country; careful driver, 5 years' experience. Egan 839 East 150th.

CHAUFFEUR, thoroughly experienced, highest references, good mechanic; city or country; neat, pleasing personality; reasonable salary. Telephone Greeley 4955.

CHAUFFEUR, 35, married, wishes position; any car; best references for Packard and Cadillac; 3 years last place. W. Turner, 120 New York Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, discharged, five years' experience; do own repairs. Stephanek, 324 East 73d.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 8 years' experience, 3 years last employer; single. Frank Eldridge, 74 Carlton, St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 years' experience, in private family. Devine, 530 W. 179th. St. Nicholas 9369.

CHAUFFEUR seeks private position; nine years' experience; good references. Hart, 306 West 44th St. Telephone 3390 Bryant.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; garden; best reference; Italian. Address S. A., 139 West 111th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Discharged soldier, with 1½ years' experience, with private family. T 387 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, valet, Japanese, married, 8 years' experience, wants position in city. Okita, 177 West 97th St. Riverside 5719.

COUPLE.—butler-valet, chambermaid-parlormaid; highest references; country preferred. S 340 Times.

CREDIT MAN would like position in city with reliable firm; can give ability and personal references; now employed. C 853 Times Annex.

EXPORT STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, familiar every detail export shipping, wishes position with house appreciating good service; can handle shipments; references. K 412 Times Downtown.

EXPORT.—College graduate, 24, single, auditing experience, familiar automobile industry, seeks opportunity; anything; highest credentials. C 331 Times.

MAN.—Good, all-around handy man, age 35, not afraid of long hours or hard work; (can drive car;) general mechanical knowledge, very adaptable any kind of work; able to direct, manage, control help; wages $30 per week; wish chance of advancement; permanent position wanted; highest references. K 381 Times.

MAN, experienced railroad clerk, desires position with manufacturing concern in shipping or traffic department; references. S 361 Times.

MAN, 35, wishes position, hours 9 to 2, selling, collecting, or detective work. G 94 Times.

MASSEUR, licensed; electrical treatments gentleman's residence. Nicholson, 112 West 125th. Morningside 9046.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, retired, efficient designer, sketcher, shop experience, wants employment 4 hours day. X 209 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by experienced ready-to-wear salesman, on strictly commission basis, for Missouri, Kansas, or Illinois, line of shirtwaists, hosiery, or dresses good enough to stand strongest competition; unless line is good don't waste time answering; can deliver large sales on good line. Z 370 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, (32,) present traveling for wholesale liquor house, desires immediate change for other line; commission basis. X 207 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, inside, 4 years' experience senior stock clerk, young man, (19,) desires position with wholesale house. L 734 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced men's wear, seeks new connection with A1 wholesale house; city and local trade. G 755 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, traveling New England selling department stores, wishes side line. K 396 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, desires position with a first-class house, inside and outside; experienced. S 360 Times.

SALESMAN, (Cotton Goods.)—Discharged army officer (22) desires to represent cotton goods concern of merit. T 362 Times.

SALESMAN, 12 years' experience selling groceries and specialties, open for good proposition; road or city. B 936 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY, honorable discharge, desires position secretary to an executive seeking dependable young man; capable correspondent, with knowledge of stenography; 5 years' experience. T 376 Times.

SECRETARY, EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; thoroughly trained assistant to executives; $30-$35. M. Rohr, 6 Olmstead Place, Glendale, L. I. Evergreen 3096-M.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, experienced; well recommended; $18-$20. Bauer, 1,474 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, 20, three years' experience, desirous of position at anything. L. Levy, 32 West 112th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, correspondent, knowledge bookkeeping, purchasing, selling; references; $23-$25. S 382 Times.

STEWARD, CHEF, club, city or country, 16 years' experience, A1 references, wants position. L 27 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, 31, married, wants change of position, private estate, agricultural, and horticultural experience; honest; total abstainer; A1 references. R. H. Simmons, Supt. Greenwood Union Cemetery, Rye, N. Y.

VALET.—Japanese, young, obliging and competent, wants position as personal valet to a gentleman, either in city or country; is competent to shave, take entire charge of all packing, securing of railway or steamer accommodations and hotel reservations, if necessary; understands figures and accounts; can furnish references covering 8½ years' experience. Address "I.," 179½ Maplewood Av., Maplewood, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, Latin American, 20, typist, knowledge of bookkeeping, two years' export business experience, speaks English fluently, willing to work, desires position half time. K 403 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, age 23, wishes position as correspondent and translator; knowledge of typewriting. K 404 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, released from navy, some business experience, willing to work for advancement. G 742 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bookkeeper, knowledge of stenography and typewriting; salary secondary. H 647 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, experienced office work, qualifies stenographer, bookkeeper. G 79 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, Christian, ambitious, desires connection with reputable concern. T 383 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, experienced salesman, stenographer, shipping. G. B., 144 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 desires position; two years' office experience. J 125 Times.

Employment Agencies.

JAPANESE AGENCY.—Reliable cooks, butlers, chauffeurs, housemen. 101 West 42d. Bryant 7787.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST, water color or ivory; must be thoroughly experienced in reproducing any subject; good chance for high-grade worker. L 16 Times.

ASSISTANT wanted for highest class dental office; must be experienced, systematic, cultured, devoted to employer's interests; address with reference and complete information. Z 301 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT in doctor's office. Call 200 West 55th St.

ATTENDANT for doctor's offices; no experience necessary. Room 901, Life Extension Institute, 25 West 45th.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER wanted in high-class 5th Av. retail store; salary $20. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, G 526 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.
High-class advertising agency desires the services of a neat, capable, experienced bookkeeper, preferably with agency experience; good opportunity to advance with growing concern. Write, giving experience, references, and salary desired, J 55 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, capable taking off trial balance; systematic, accurate with figures; quick worker; state age, nationality, experience, and references. Apply by letter only, Crystal Chemical Co., 861 Westchester Av.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; thoroughly experienced in double entry; must have executive ability; state full particulars. Undertaker, A 907 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, who is thoroughly experienced; good chance for advancement. Room 237, 1,834 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST; 3 years' experience; careful; efficient; salary $20. P A 815 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Simple double entry system; references. Heather, 19 West 36th St.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT and cashier; salary $12 and bonus. Mary Elizabeth, 392 Fifth Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, in wholesale house; steady position for right party. C 359 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; apply by letter only. Jacob Bros., piano factory office, 539 West 39th.

BUYER.—Woman wanted for muslin underwear and negligee department; large salary for capable person. E. E. Atkinson & Co., 303 5th Av., Room 1808.

BEST & CO.
Require
JUNIORS
AND
STOCK GIRLS.

Good wages and a course of training to develop them for advancement.

Parents invited to call with daughters.

Apply daily, Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.

CHAMBERMAIDS.—Wages $32 and room, $35 and room home; hours from 8 to 4. Broadway Central Hotel, Broadway at 3d St.

CARETAKER for girls in children's home; must have experience and bring good references. Orphan Asylum Society, 1,435 Atlantic Av., corner of Kingston, Brooklyn.

CASHIERS.—Bright, intelligent girls as cashiers in theatre; good salary and permanent position for experienced workers; apply after 10:30 today. Mr. Zanft, 130 West 46th St., 6th floor.

CLERKS, between the ages of 16 and 18, in the office of a large corporation; experience unnecessary; hours 9 to 5; half day Saturday throughout the year; vacations with pay; salary $10 per week to start; rapid advancement to higher paid positions. Write, stating age, education, experience, if any, &c., H 483 Times Downtown.

CLERK, knowledge bookkeeping, also typist; knowledge Elliot Fisher preferred, though not essential; bright, active; give full particulars, experience, religion, salary, references, &c. Box C 840 Times Annex.

COMPTOMETER Operator Wanted. Call at once, John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., N. Y.

CONTROLLERS, for night work, with hotel experience. Apply Hotel Employment Dept., 405 Lexington Av., Room 216.

COOK wanted, white. Call 75 Riverside Drive, or telephone Schuyler 9496.

CORRESPONDENT AND STENOGRAPHER, experienced in taking full charge of correspondence; excellent opportunity; state salary and references. Write J 56 Times.

COUPLE wanted for country; married; or cook and housemaid, (white;) three in family; no washing; special privileges for willing parties. Write Mrs. Pearson, Great Barrington, Mass.

CROCHETERS AND KNITTERS,

EXPERIENCED, TO ASSIST DESIGNER FANCY KNIT GOODS; GOOD PAY; PERMANENT INSIDE POSITIONS. APPLY AFTERNOONS ONLY.

SIMON ASCHER & CO., INC.,
134TH ST. & 3D AV., BRONX.

DENTAL ASSISTANT, experienced, cultured, for highest class practice. Address with full particulars and references, Z 323 Times Annex.

DESIGNER, experienced, wanted, art needlework, by large established Chicago wholesale house; state experience. Address Z 367 Times Annex.

DESIGNER.—Experienced on fine dresses; permanent position. Room 1106, 1140 Broadway.

DRESSMAKING.—ROHN & RIENZO REQUIRE WAIST FINISHERS, SKIRT FINISHERS, COAT MAKERS AND FINISHERS ON EVENING WRAPS AND COATS. CALL 74 EAST 55TH.

EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN.

Steady positions; excellent salaries with commissions.

GLOVES,
INFANTS' WEAR,
CHILDREN'S HATS,
NEGLIGEES,
WOMEN'S GOWNS,
HOSIERY,
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.

Apply daily, Best & Co., Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.

FILE CLERK, experienced; call at once. E. J. Woods, Inc., 142 East 32d.

FORELADY.—Experienced, competent young woman for men's fine shirts, Newark, N. J. factory; good opportunity; high wages; congenial surroundings. Room 1112, 230 5th Av.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER, (white,) four in family; no washing; city reference. 468 Riverside Drive, corner 119th St., Apartment 83. Telephone 6326 Morningside.

GIRLS, EXPERIENCED IN BINDERY WORK, PARTICULARLY ROLLING MAGAZINES; GOOD PAY, SHORT HOURS; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. 222 WEST 39TH, 2D FLOOR.

HAND SEWERS.—Good hands wanted for hand sewing blouses and lingerie; good pay. Duverrier, 12 East 48th St.

HOUSEKEEPER and Cook.—Competent and neat; a good home for one who appreciates pleasant surroundings and considerate treatment. Call in person 152 80th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HOUSEMAID, general, for suburbs; small family; no wash; $40. Apply Room 1404, 516 5th Av.

HOUSEWORKER, 3 in family; apartment; $40, Lenox 5137, Apt. 3C, 103 East 84th St.

LADY wanted, well acquainted in New York, to assist portrait painter with distinguished record to obtain commissions for portraits in oil; good commission. With assurance of strict confidence, address Z 329 Times Annex.

MAID to do general housework in a family of 2 adults and one child. Call at 72 Osborne St., Glen Ridge, N. J., or Room 804, 347 5th Av., New York.

MAID-COMPANION, afternoons only, for semi-invalid lady; small salary. J 103 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MILLINERS,
IMPROVERS,
APPRENTICES.

Light workroom. Good wages.

Apply daily, Best & Co., Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.

NURSERY GOVERNESS FOR TWO CHILDREN AND HELP WITH INFANTS. CALL OR PHONE 2,502 MOTT AV., FAR ROCKAWAY, JACOBSON. PHONE NO. 471 FAR ROCKAWAY. CARFARE PAID.

NURSE, practical, strong, for helpless invalid lady; good pay, steady; fine home. Stacy, 32 Union Square.

NURSE (trained) as office nurse to a surgeon for afternoons. 16 West 85th St.

NURSE.—Wanted, infant nurse; experience. H. Atlas, Woodmere. Phone 3497 Woodmere.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.

EXPERIENCED, TO ASSIST IN BOOKKEEPING DEPARTMENT OF HIGH-CLASS SPECIALTY SHOP

A. DE PINNA,
50TH ST., at 5TH AVE.

SALESLADIES wanted in high-class 5th Av. retail store; salary $15 and commission. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. Box G 525 Times Downtown.

SALESLADIES, $2.25 day; experience not necessary. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SECRETARY wanted, dentist's assistant; thorough business woman, bookkeeper; educated, cultured, congenial, conscientious, to take charge; permanent position; irregular hours; New Yorkers not preferred; give full particulars and references; state salary expected. Z 273 Times Annex.

SKIRT AND GOWN HANDS,

FIRST-CLASS WOMEN, IN OUR ALTERATION DEPARTMENT;

GOOD WAGES; PERMANENT POSITIONS.

Apply all week, Best & Co. Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.

SOCIAL WORKER.—United Hebrew Charities requires an experienced social case worker who has a fair knowledge of business, to assist in self-support dept. See Mrs. Halpern, 356 2d Av., Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

STENOGRAPHER, capable assisting bookkeeper, quick and accurate at figures, thoroughly familiar with office routine; experienced. Apply, stating age, reference, experience, by letter only, Crystal Chemical Co., 861 Westchester Av.

STENOGRAPHER and dictaphone operator for large publishing house; must be capable of taking work of difficult nature; state salary. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with some experience, or can use a bright beginner; want girl who is looking for a good permanent position; state age, nationality and salary desired. Box 9, Suite 1935, 150 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER, American; excellent secretarial position for one of proved experience and ability; only those so qualified need apply for appointment; applications confidential. P 2 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and intelligent office assistant; capable handling details; rapid, accurate; no law work; $20. P. J. Blackstone, Room 2917, Equitable Building.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST by Christian firm; must be bright with considerable commercial experience. Apply in person, Room 907, 100 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, experienced, rapid, and accurate, in stock broker's office; give education, experience, and salary desired. P. O. Box 379, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER required; must be accurate; salary $20. Apply, by letter, stating experience, to Rolls-Royce, Limited, Harris Av., Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, with two years' experience; neat, willing, and quick; state age and salary desired. Address Stenographer, Box 48, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, capable handling detail work of manager's office. T 357 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with some knowledge of bookkeeping; state age, experience and salary. C 330 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced law. Call Saturday morning, Room 1214, 299 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent. Apply today after 1. Room 906, 1,482 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—At least three years' law experience. Apply phone, 5647 Cortlandt.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; experienced typist; salary $12. Phone Broad 874.

TEACHERS.—Men and women who have the certificate for oral work in New York State. Box J 115 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, switchboard, and mail clerk in large manufacturing concern; state age and experience; salary $12. C 452 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS.—Ages, 17-23; salary, $50; hours 9-4, Saturdays 12; high school graduates preferred. Call Room 1048, 120 Broadway.

TYPIST.—Experienced, for circular work. Apply Peck & Co., 47 West 34th.

TYPIST, good, for filling in circulars; permanent position. C 461 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS and LAUNDRESS; Irish preferred, who will do the chamberwork between them; wages $40-$45. Telephone Bronxville 103.

YOUNG GIRL wanted between 14 and 16 years by large publishing house for light clerical work; must be quick and willing worker. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York City.

YOUNG LADY (white) for reception room work and general care of doctor's office; must speak good English. Call between 11 and 12, 27 West 49th St.

YOUNG LADY as stenographer, typewriter, and bill clerk; fine opportunity; state salary, age, and experience. H. W., 217 Times.

Instruction.

BE A FILING CLERK

and earn a good salary for doing work that you LIKE to do. Many positions with good opportunities for advancement open for girls who have had TRAINING in filing and indexing; salaries $12 to $30 per week; our filing experts train you thoroughly in four weeks and place you. Only school affiliated with a filing equipment house. Only filing school in the downtown business district. Choice of evening or afternoon classes. Classes kept small in order to give individual instruction, therefore, enroll early for new classes starting Monday, April 14th. Call, write or phone Franklin 2261.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING,
The Shaw-Walker Company,
60 Franklin St. Near Broadway.

IT WILL PAY YOU
at least to investigate the business opportunities that await the woman who knows accounting and organization. Write, or telephone (Cortlandt 1465,) for the helpful booklet, "Opportunities for Women." Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

COMPLETE SECRETARIAL COURSE; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1858,) Broadway, at 72d St.

SHORTHAND, speed club, commercial, technical and legal dictation; all commercial subjects and Spanish; day and evening. Merchants & Bankers' School, 37 East 58th St.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

Brown Employment Exchange, 99 Nassau. Room 600 (Stenographer - Bookkeeper,) stenographer, clerks, typists.

STENOGRAPHER, $25, temporary; $22-18-15, permanent; typists, $18-15, immediately. Atlas Agency, Room 404, 132 Nassau St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING MAN; must be able to write some trade news and edit copy. The Ford News, 44 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

ADVERTISING.—Good men; commission; Automobile Daily Review, 133 East 16th, 9-10, 4-6.

ARTIST.—Illustrator and designer, pen and ink and wash; high-grade work; steady position. Address The Canton Engraving and Electrotype Co., Canton, Ohio.

ARTIST
For high-class photo retouching on mechanical work. State experience and salary to Box Z 354 Times Annex.

ASSEMBLER thoroughly familiar with small 6-volt motors and generators. Apply in person, Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken. Five minutes' walk from 23d St. ferry.

ASSISTANT EXPORT BUYER.—An old-established concern requires the services of an energetic young man familiar with hardware and iron and steel lines; an acquaintanceship with New York exporters would be of benefit; to the successful applicant the opportunity is unlimited. Address in confidence to H. W. B., P. O. Box 743, City Hall Station.

ATTORNEY, experienced in New York practice, to assist active lawyer; must handle matters on own initiative; state experience, age, nationality and salary expected. L 746 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.—WANTED, BY A RELIABLE AND LONG ESTABLISHED COMPANY, A BRAINY, FAITHFUL MAN; ONE WHO WORKS WITH HEART AS WELL AS HAND; THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH DIES, TOOLS, AND METHODS FOR RAPID PRODUCTION OF STAMPED SHEET METAL; PERMANENT POSITION AND EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO THE MAN POSSESSING THESE QUALIFICATIONS; APPLICANTS SHOULD GIVE FULLEST INFORMATION CONCERNING EXPERIENCE, CHARACTER, AND GENERAL FITNESS TO FILL THIS IMPORTANT POSITION; ALL INQUIRIES TREATED IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE. APPLY "STAMPED METAL," Z 399 TIMES ANNEX.

ASSISTANT BUYER wanted; we have an opening for an energetic young man familiar with the details of the export business, one having acted as assistant to buyer in hardware, iron, and steel lines preferred; to the right man the position holds excellent prospects. Reply in confidence, giving full information and salary expected, H. W. B., P. O. Box 743, City Hall Station.

BOOKKEEPER, efficient, accustomed to machine shop costing system and accountancy; to a competent man a good position is available; state experience and salary desired. C 456 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, first-class man, with executive ability; must understand men's clothing business. Write full particulars, C 434 Times Downtown.

BOYS

for mail and messenger service; must be 16 years old; good opportunity for advancement along engineering lines; $9 to start. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
Near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BOYS, 15-18.—Important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; congenial work; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. L 781 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.

To tend telephone and do general office work; must have grammar school education, and be neat; address in own handwriting, stating age and wages expected. S. J. T., Room 306, 18 Broadway, New York.

BOY wanted as runner for New York Stock Exchange house; experience unnecessary; references required. Answer, own handwriting, giving age and salary expected, X 226 Times Annex.

BOY, 15, by Christian firm, competent, willing, for general office work and errands; salary $8. K 410 Times Downtown.

VALET, masseur wanted; tall, strong, able to handle 200-pound man. G 100 Times.

BOY for evening work on large daily newspaper, hours 5-12 P. M.; salary to start $8; good opportunity. Apply 229 West 43d St., 2d floor.

BOY for messenger service, on large daily newspaper; hours 8:30-5:30; salary to start $8; good opportunity. Apply 229 West 43d St., 2d floor.

BOY to run errands and make himself generally useful in office; good opportunity. Van Dyk & Reeves, 310 Hudson St.

BOYS.—16 years old and over to work in electrical factory; salary, $10 per week to begin. J. H. Bunnell & Co., 5 Sullivan St.

BOY for stock deliveries; one with Wall St. experience. Address Box B-82, Doremus & Co., 44 Broad St.

BOY wanted for office work; Christian firm. Write, stating education, experience, and salary expected, X 210 Times Annex.

BOY wanted by wholesale dry goods house; state age, references, and salary expected. H 633 Times Downtown.

BOYS, over 16, go errands; also helpers; house department, B 595 Times Downtown.

BOY run errands and make deliveries. Star Shoe Co., 107 West 42d St.

BOY.—General office work; apply with references. 80 Lafayette St., 9th floor.

BURNISHERS.

Hand burnishers on gilt metal goods; positions, with good pay. Apply the Art Metal Works, 15 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.

BUTLER, experienced; must be very neat, clean, able to furnish first-class references; state age and salary desired. J 121 Times.

BUYER and manager of silks, linens, and cottons for progressive, popular priced department store; only man with good record will be considered; an unusual opportunity for man who knows how to produce results. M. Nathan & Bros., Inc., Johnstown, Penn. Apply by letter only to V. B., 211 Times.

BUYER and manager for hosiery and men's furnishing department of progressive, popular priced department store; only man with good record will be considered; an unusual opportunity for man who knows how to produce results. M. Nathan & Bros., Inc., Johnstown, Penn. Apply by letter only to B. J., 213 Times.

BUYER.—Automobile accessories; a position is open in the purchasing department of a large domestic concern for an up-to-date live-wire buyer; if your qualifications measure up to our requirements, there is a position with unlimited possibilities for you. Reply in confidence to H. W. B., P. O. Box 743, City Hall Station.

BUYER TO TAKE CHARGE OF CLOTHING DEPARTMENT FOR LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE IN SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS; MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN WHOLESALE LINE; REFERENCES REQUIRED. ADDRESS A. H. HALFF, HOTEL SAVOY, NEW YORK.

BUYER wanted; an old-established, progressive house requires in their automobile accessory department an up-to-date buyer, one having a broad experience. Reply in confidence, giving full particulars, to H. W. B., P. O. Box 743, City Hall Station.

BUYER and manager for piece goods department in live department store in city of one hundred thousand, New York State. Apply Ben F. Levis, 37 West 26th St.

CARPET AND RUG SALESMEN.

L. Bamberger & Co., Newark, N. J., require two thoroughly experienced salesmen for domestic floor coverings; excellent positions and good salaries for competent man. Apply at Employment Office, 7th floor, between 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

CARD CASE, POCKETBOOK AND HAND BAG MAKER, GOOD, WANTED AT ONCE. THE ROYCROFTERS, EAST AURORA, N. Y.

CASTERS

for slush mold work; steady positions, with good wages. Apply the Art Metal Works, 15 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J.

CATALOGUER wanted in New Hampshire State Library, Concord, N. H.; good education and experience in cataloguing required. Write, stating qualifications and salary expected, to Arthur H. Chase, State Librarian, Concord, N. H.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, experienced on Pierce cars; prefer married man; applicant must have been continuously with same family for not less than two years; best references required. H 589 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class, to work in country, near New York, married man preferred; cottage with heat and light supplied; best references required. Box 406, Times, 2 Rector St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Capable middle-aged man to drive auto car; only careful driver whose reference will stand strict investigation need apply. Ehlers, 224 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

CHEF.—First class, experienced, able to cook American and Hungarian dishes and furnish first-class references; state age and salary desired. J 126 Times.

COST ACCOUNT.—A LARGE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION OFFERS EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR PRACTICAL ACCOUNTANT; APPLICANTS MUST BE OF EXECUTIVE TYPE AND POSSESS ABILITY TO CONSTRUCTIVELY SUPERVISE DETAILS OF OPERATING COST SYSTEM; REPLIES SHOULD STATE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY, &c. B 341 TIMES.

COST ACCOUNTANT in factory manufacturing staple product; location, Brooklyn. Answer in writing, giving experience and salary desired, to T. F. Conroy, 196 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn.

COST CLERK.—Young man to assist on cost books of automobile concern; salary $15 to start. Apply R. M. Owen & Co., 1 West 14th St.

COST CLERK with experience on cost sheets and general manufacturing accounting. Apply by letter, giving age, experience and salary expected. E. W. 808 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

COTTON GOODS SALESMEN.

Active, experienced young men for manufacturing and jobbing trade; $100 a month guarantee for expenses, applying against a 3 per cent. commission; state qualifications. C 436 Times Downtown.

COUPLE wanted, man as butler, chauffer, and useful man; wife as cook and houseworker; small family; Westchester County, near New York; address stating references and wages expected. F. Z., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, N. Y. City.

CREDIT MAN WANTED.

A large Central Massachusetts manufacturing concern desires an experienced credit man to take charge of its credit department; one familiar with manufacturing credits preferred; in replying state age, qualifications, experience, and references. Z 380 Times Annex.

DESIGNER.—Men's tailoring designer would like to take lessons from designer of high-grade wholesale clothing; will pay liberal sum for proper instruction. Address D., Box 48, Long Island City.

DESIGNER AND PATTERN CUTTER on boys' wash suits. Apply Mother's Friend Manufacturing Co., 122 5th Av.

DESIGNER wanted, experienced, art needlework, by large established Chicago wholesale house; state experience. Z 368 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN; must be familiar with light railroad car detail; location near New York; state experience and salary expected. C 448 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT required, about 30; bookkeeper, cashier, packer's help, correspondent, (essential;) intelligent, ambitious; willing to find work if it does not come; a good future is assured to the right man; good salary to start with; busy 5th Av. retail store. Write, stating previous experience, salary, and reference, J 101 Times.

FOREMAN wanted for men's pajama factory at Staten Island; must be able to adjust machinery. J 111 Times.

HEAD WAITER for high-class uptown club; write giving full particulars and stating wages. X 221 Times Annex.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

First-class men, steady positions, good pay. Employment office open 9 to 4.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

JANITOR. — Apartment house; no living quarters. Apply J. M. Horton, 110 East 125th St.

MACHINIST with 6 years' or more experience on milling machine or lathe. Elite Machine and Tool Works, 220 West 19th.

MAIL ROOM ASSISTANT FOREMAN.—Metropolitan newspaper desires the service of a competent union man as assistant foreman of mail room; state qualifications, references, and remuneration expected. C 867 Times Annex.

MANAGER and WINDOW TRIMMER for general merchandise store; good salary to right man; apply by letter. Z 372 Times Annex.

METAL SPINNERS.—Wanted, two metal spinners; good wages guaranteed. Pittsburgh Metal Spinning and Stamping Co., 821 Lacust St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

NEWSPAPER ROADMAN, spare time; work that will prove very profitable is offered men covering New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Pennsylvania; salary and commission. C 465 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER'S ASSISTANT.—Must be thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and capable of supervising and directing department details and help; A1 references required. S. M., 69 Times Harlem.

OFFICE MANAGER'S ASSISTANT.—Must be thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and capable of supervising and directing department details and help; A1 references required. T. R., 69 Times Harlem.

OFFICE BOY, neat and willing, for large dyestuff concern. Kalle Color and Chemical Co., Inc., 530 Canal St.

OPTICIAN.—Experienced dispensing salesman for Chicago; will pay fare there and good salary. Call or phone Almer Coe, Biltmore Hotel, up to Saturday noon.

PHYSICIAN, reliable, competent, experienced, in advertising office; one who can take full charge; permanent position, good salary. Answer fully first letter, P. H., 100 Times.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.—Westchester County; wide awake, clean-cut, adaptable salesman with realy estate experience or will train the men with right quality; we are unfortunately without a large enough force to cover the inquiries that we are receiving. Schemers, million-a-minute men and know-it-all old-timers cannot help us in our present situation. Telephone Murray Hill 7720 for appointment before 12 o'clock today only, calling for Mr. Mullaly, Robert E. Farley Org., 12 East 44th St.

SALESMAN.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELING MAN WITH CLEAN, SUCCESSFUL RECORD, TO COVER MEDIUM AND SMALL TOWNS WITH MANUFACTURERS' NATIONALLY ADVERTISED TEXTILE LINE, SOLD DIRECT TO MERCHANTS. NO TRUNKS; COMMISSION BASIS WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT. UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN WHO HAS THE ABILITY TO SELL LARGE QUANTITIES OF MEHRCHANDISE. APPLY 230 5TH AV., ROOM 1501, FROM 9-12 OR 2-4 O'CLOCK.

SALESMEN,

LIVE CANVASSERS,

to sell a high-grade line of mats and runners; commission basis; exclusive territory.

511 5TH AV., ROOM 810.

Call between 2 and 5 P. M.

SALESMAN.—WE WANT A DISCHARGED ARMY OR NAVY MAN WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY TO SELL ISSUE OF BONDS; WILL MAKE GOOD PROPOSITION TO RIGHT MAN, WITH PERMANENT WORTH-WHILE EXECUTIVE POSITION DEPENDING UPON SUCCESS; COMMISSION; WRITE FULLY. X 242 TIMES ANNEX.

SALES MANAGER, possessing executive ability, qualified to promote sales and control sales forces; must be thoroughly acquainted with pharmaceutical and drug trade; to the right man a good position is open with fast-growing house; salary no object. Apply by letter only, Crystal Chemical Company, 861 Westchester Av.

SALESMEN.—Several real, wideawake salesmen to represent The New York Times, War Volume Department, for the sale of The War Volumes; liberal commissions paid; men who have had experience selling high-class books preferred. Apply all this week, Mr. Guy, Room 1708, Times Building, Times Square, New York.

SALESMEN to introduce new household article to out-of-town grocery trade for old established manufacturers; must be experienced; salary and expenses; call on Saturday afternoon, between 2 and 4 P. M., Room 1,613, Equitable Bldg., 120 Broadway; do not call unless you have had experience.

SALESMEN.

Three capable men, over 25, to sell (health service) contracts; six and a half hours daily; salary plus liberal commission. Call 10 to 12 A. M., 2d floor, 84 Broadway, Brooklyn. See Mr. Kemmerer.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE.—With acquaintance and experience in the sale of dry colors to printing ink manufacturers, paint and wallpaper trade in the East; salary; arrange for interview with Sales Manager, 116 West 32d St.; all applications confidential. Sherwin-Williams Company.

SALESMEN.—Can increase their earnings by the sale of The New York Times War Volumes; a course of training in book salemanship is offered to ambitious men; liberal commissions and leads furnished. Apply 9 to 1, at 215 West 43d St., to Mr. Guy

SALESMEN wanted, calling on steam users, for boiler syrup of distinct merit; liberal commission terms; excellent prospects; vacancy New York, also Cleveland, Buffalo, Detroit, for local representatives; good record essential. C 460 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN WANTED, TO PLACE SNOWDRIFT SHORTENING WITH GROCERY TRADE ON STRAIGHT SALARY; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE, WITH REFERENCES. G 604 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, with experience in paint, oil line, for New York and vicinity on commission basis; must have best of references. Apply International Flapol Co., 101 Beekman St.

SALESMAN WANTED to represent our line of dress shirts and pajamas for the jobbing trade; must have following; salary and commission. Berkshire Shirt Co., Inc., (Berklowitz Bros.,) 84 Franklin St., N. Y.

SALESMEN.—PAINT SALESMEN WITH ESTABLISHED INDUSTRIAL OR MARINE TRADE; NONE OTHERS CONSIDERED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. COLONIAL WORKS, ROOM 860, WOOLWORTH BLDG.

SALESMEN.—Two high-class salesmen, with successful selling records in any line; an unusual opportunity to join an underwriting firm; $400 to $600 monthly earnings on commission. H 542 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, energetic, for business advertisements in neighborhood restaurants, pastry shops, &c.; high-class, attractive medium; Western success, new in N. Y.; commission. Ford, 121 East 23d St.

SALESMAN.—Motion picture advertising; if you are making five thousand or up a year we can use you; commision only; liberal drawing account after you show us. C 849 Times.

SALESMAN

for automobile fabric accessories; commission basis. World Rubber Products Co., 23 Washington Place.

SALESMEN, acquainted with liquors and bottlers' trade in Brooklyn and Long Island; salary and commission. J 73 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.—Good opportunity for educated young man to learn selling lighting fixtures in showroom of prominent firm; salary start $15. Apply in own handwriting, C. B., 805 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for cloaks and suits; city and office trade; exceptional opportunity for right man; commission or salary. 27 East 22d, Suite 52.

SALESMAN wanted, thoroughly experienced selling highest grade medicinal malt extract; state references and remuneration expected. Box H 600 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with large following of automobile owners and dealers; liberal commission; call between 12 and 2 P. M., Des Portes, 42 Union Square.

SALESMAN WITH FAMILY LIQUOR STORE TRADE IN GREATER NEW YORK; COMMISSION. L 760 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN for Conn. and N. J., to sell a line of children's wear; commission basis. E. G. Perez & Co., 1,170 Broadway.

SALESMEN to handle leather trimings for trunks and bags as a side line; commission. Box 6, Station A, N. Y.

SHIPPING CLERK.—One used to handling volume of business in waist or dress line; opportunity for a real live wire. In answering give full details. W. C., 801 Times Downtown.

SODA DISPENSER, who understands mixing of syrups and all drinks; must be rapid and courteous; big salary and positive advancement for right man; apply by letter stating references, experience, etc., to Post Office Box 68, Troy, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Large downtown bank requires the services of an expert Spanish-English stenographer; prefer an American with good knowledge of Spanish; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references and salary desired. Address G. Z., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY and personal assistant to publisher; write, giving age, experience, references, salary expected; a place where there is room for an assistant of tact and intelligence to grow. H 428 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man, experienced, as stock clerk in clothing house. Call Saturday, 12 o'clock. Larry Liberman & Co., 35 East 10th.

SUPERINTENDENT for small loft building on East 48th St.; competent to run heating plant and elevator; good salary; none but neat appearing, conscientious and loyal man. R E 65 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR with knowledge of typewriting and shorthand; must have 2 or 3 years' experience. C 466 Times Downtown.

TEACHERS.—Men and women who have the certificate for oral work in New York State. Box J 114 Times.

TEACHER, experienced, to instruct foreigner in English; give age, references. B 294 Times.

TOOL CRIB ATTENDANT thoroughly familiar with all kinds of tools, jigs, and fixtures. Apply in person, Bijur Motor Appliance Co., 15th and Garden Sts., Hoboken. Five minutes' walk from 23d St. ferry.

WESTERN NEW YORK NURSERIES.

Adults wanted, age 25 to 70, to book orders for trees, shrubs, vines, roses; full or spare time; commission paid weekly; experience unnecessary. Western New York Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN TO TAKE CHARGE OF PIECE GOODS DEPARTMENT IN LARGE WHOLESALE DRESS HOUSE; MUST HAVE HAD CHARGE OF STOCK OR SIMILAR POSITION IN LARGE DRESS HOUSE; NONE OTHER NEED APPLY. I. ZIMETBAUM CO., 38 WEST 32D.

YOUNG MAN wanted for outside work in retail jewelry business; Christian house; must have highest references from last position that can be immediately investigated. Call Saturday morning, 10:30, Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high-class retail store to assist in selling; salary $15 to start, with prospect for good advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. G 524 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in buying toilet articles, notions, &c., in resident buyer's office; state salary and experience. X 204 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN for commissary work in hotel chain; opportunity for advancement; $75 a month and meals. Apply by letter only, Hotel Albert Commissary, 42 East 11th St.

YOUNG MAN, wanted by Christian exporter; state age, experience and salary expected. H 621 Times Downtown.

YOUTHS, over 16, learn mercantile business; beginning care stocks. B 594 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

DENTAL MECHANICS WANTED.—The demand for our graduate dental mechanics comes from all parts of the United States and Canada, and exceeds the supply. We teach men and women this paying professional trade, with practical work at the bench from the start. Individual instruction, competent instructors, fully equipped laboratories. School open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Porcelain castings taught by the new Welden Process. Write for illustrated catalogue, Dept. B. West Side Y. M. C. A. School of Mechanical Dentistry, 25 West 45th St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut: become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Send for "Your Market Value" and Bulletin 25, which gives details of training needed. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

SHORTHAND, speed club, commercial, technical, and legal dictations; all commercial subjects and Spanish; day and evening. Merchants' and Bankers' School, 37 East 58th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

ALEX. G. LIMBACH & WALTER JONES
Will Save You Those
"AFTER REGRETS."

Let men who know judge for you. An Automobile Engineer and the former Manager of the Largest and Highest Class Used Car Dealers in the World will appraise, examine, buy, or sell for you.
5 Columbus Circle. Phone 2127 Columbus.

AN ATTRACTIVE SELECTION OF
USED PIERCE-ARROWS.

PIERCE 1918-38 Town Brougham.
PIERCE 1917-38 Brougham.
PIERCE 1917-38 Town Brougham.
PIERCE 1917-38 5-pass. Tour.
PIERCE 1916-38 5-passenger Tour.
PIERCE Series C-3 5-pass. Tour.
PIERCE Series C-3 6-pass. Sedan.
PIERCE Series C-3 3-pass. Road.
PIERCE Series C-2 Brougham.

PIERCE 1917-48 7-pass. Tour.
PIERCE 1916-48 Lim. Land.
PIERCE 1916-48 7-pass. Tour.
PIERCE Series B-3 5-pass. Tour.
PIERCE Series B-3 5-pass. Tour.
and
PACKARD 1918 7-pass. Limousine.
CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. Touring.
SIMPLEX 1914-33 4-pass. Tour.
COLE 1917 8-cyl. 7-pass. Tour.
PIERCE-ARROW USED CAR EXCHANGE.
G. R. RUCKERT, Pres.
1,651 B'way, Cor. 51st St. Tel. Circle 2469.

AUTOMOBILE BODIES, new and used; all styles; no reasonable offer refused. Renault Selling Branch, Inc., 719 5th Av.

BLUE RIBBON GARAGE, INC.
Used Car Dept.

1917 2-25 Packard Landaulet, like new, $3,650
1917 2-35 Packard Touring, in excellent condition, $2,800.
1916 1-35 Packard Phaeton & Touring, $1,550.
1917 "33" Winton Limousine, like new, $2,450.
1918 Dodge Sedan, thoroughly overhauled, $1,250.
1918 Dodge Touring, with Winter Top, $850.
1917 Studebaker Roadster, $450.
1916 Lozier-Overhauled and Painted, $700.
1916 Denby Truck, 2 Ton, thoroughly overhauled, $900.
Packard 2 and 3 ton Trucks.
Several other makes at bargains. It will pay you to visit our Used Car Dept.
Frank G. Albert, Mgr.
Phone Barnum 4709.
Bridgeport, Conn.

BURRELLE'S
AUTO SHOW
of RECONSTRUCTED MOTOR CARS.
ROLLS-ROYCE Collapsible Landaulet.
ROLLS-ROYCE 4-PASS. SPORT.
CADILLAC 1919 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 1919 7-PASS TOUR.
CADILLAC 1918 7-PASS. TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
CADILLAC 1917 SPECIAL SPORTING—4.
CADILLAC 1917 4-PASS. ROADSTER.
LANCIA 4-PASS. SPECIAL. Brand-new.
LANCIA 1917 TOWN CAR.
DANIELS 1919 COUPE.
DANIELS 1918 COUPE.
DANIELS 1917 SPORTING ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1918 4-PASS. SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 TOURING.
PACKARD 1918 3-25 CHUMMY ROADSTER.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOWN.
PACKARD 1917 Fleetwood, 4-Pass., Sport.
WHITE 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
WHITE 1918 7-PASS. TOUR.
MARMON 1917 "34" CHUMMY ROADSTER.
SIMPLEX 4-PASS. FLEETWOOD SPECIAL.
KISSEL 1918 SPECIAL COUPE.
MERCER 1919 4-Pass. Sport. NEW.
MERCER 1918 4-PASS. SPORT.
MERCER 1917 ROADSTER.
MERCER 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1918 COUPE.
STUTZ 1918 SPORTING FOUR.
STUTZ 1917 BULLDOG SPECIAL.
STUTZ 1917 6-PASS. TOUR.
McFARLAN 1919 SPECIAL SPORT.
OWEN MAGNETIC 1917 LANDAULET.
MURRAY 1917 7-PASS. TOURING.
ISOTTA-FRASCHINI SEDAN, LATEST Imp.
FIAT CABRIOLET, LATEST Importation.
FIAT FLEETWOOD, LATEST Importation.
MANY OTHERS. OPEN EVENINGS.
1,680 B'way. Entire Bldg. Formerly Iceland.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS. roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

BUICK 1918 seven-passenger; mechanical condition and price right. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 Little 6 touring, bargain. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1919 VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1919 4-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 7-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 LIMOUSINE.
CADILLAC 1917 4-Pass. Touring.
CUNNINGHAM 1919 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
COLE 1918 ROADSTER.
HUDSON 1918 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
MERCER 1918 RUNABOUT.
MERCER 1917 4-Pass. Touring.
McFARLAN 1918 4-Pass. Sport.
PACKARD 1918 FLEETWOOD SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 Fleetwood Town Car.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD RUNABOUT.
STUTZ 1918 RUNABOUT.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD,
1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1918, 7-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917, 7-Pass. Touring.
CADILLAC 1917, Brougham Limousine.
HUDSON 1917, 4-Pass. Sport.
LANCIA 1916, 4-Pass. Sport.
LOCOMOBILE 1917, 7-Pass. Touring.
MERCER 1917, 4-Pass. Sport.
PACKARD 1918, 7-Pass. Touring.
PACKARD 1918, Judkin Sedan, 6-Pass.
PACKARD 1917, 4-Pass. Phaeton Fleetwood.
STUTZ 1917, Four Passenger.
STUTZ 1917, Bearcat Speedster.
STUTZ 1917, Bearcat Speedster Special.
STUTZ 1916, Bearcat Speedster.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., EST. 1902,
1,676 B'way. Circle 65. Open Evenings.

CADILLAC 1917 7-PASS.
PEERLESS 1918 TOURING.
HARMON 1917 LIMOUSINE.
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 TOURING.
OLDSMOBILE SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 SPEEDSTER, WALTON SPECIAL.
NATIONAL 1917 CHUMMY.
MITCHELL 1918 7-PASS.
CHALMERS 1918, ALL TYPES.
MANY OTHERS.
LOBELL-ABORN, 239 WEST 55TH ST.

CADILLAC, 1918, Victoria coupe.
Cadillac, 1916, cabriolet.
Marmon, 1917, touring.
Hudson, 1918, runabout landau.
Pierce-Arrow, 1917, "66" coupe.
Stutz, 1917, 6-passenger touring.
Marmon, 1918, limousine.
Hudson, 1917, raceabout.
Hudson, 1918, 4-passenger speedster.
M. & M. Co., 123 W. 64th. Columbus 2797.

CADILLAC 1918 touring; 1917 Sedan; 1918 coupe; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1916 Touring. Price reasonable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1916 cabriolet, 1916 touring, exceptionally reasonable. 1,778 Broadway, (57th,) one flight. Circle 1417.

CADILLAC 1917 TOURING.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

CADILLAC 1918 touring. Mr. Graham, 2626 Vanderbilt.

CHEVROLET 1918 touring; top, tires, seat covers, and battery; all new; demonstrate; $450. University Garage, 176th St., University Av.

DODGE BROS.
TOURING AND SEDAN CARS.

EACH CAR HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY GONE OVER IN OUR REPAIR SHOP AND IS IN THE CONDITION REPRESENTED, DIRECT FROM AUTHORIZED DEALERS.

BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP,
USED CARS DEPT.,
1,243 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.
PHONE DECATUR 4100.

DODGE SEDAN, 1917; special paint job, five wire wheels, extra new tire; looks almost new. Ireland, Columbus 6963.

FIAT 1917 touring; perfect car; run 7,000 miles. Telephone 6145 Kenmore.

FORD.—We have 30 used Ford cars, all models, some with starters; also ½, 1, and 1½ ton chain and shaft drive trucks; immediate delivery on new cars; time payment and trades if desired. Morris Auto Co., authorized Ford dealers, 1,995-2,003 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8200.

FORD cars on an easy payment plan; small amount down, balance $10 week; prompt delivery. F 1229 Times Bronx.

HAYNES 5 passenger touring, 1916; wire wheels; extra Winter top; newly painted; equipment A1. Phone Col. 3163.

HUDSON super six coupe, excellent condition and finish; new Goodyear cord equipment all around; price $1,750; will consider Stutz or Mercer roadster on exchange basis. C. E. Lang, 1,890 Broadway. Phone Columbus 7127.

HUDSON SPORT MODEL.

Four-passenger, run 2,046 miles; almost new; cord tires, bumper, extra tire; immediate delivery; bargain. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

HUDSON 1917 Sedan, beautiful condition. 1,778 Broadway, 57th, one flight. Circle 1417.

HUDSON 6-54 7-passenger touring car; fully equipped; new top; very fine condition. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

HUDSON CABRIOLET, 1917; a beautiful car; almost new; bargain. R. S. Ireland, Columbus 6963.

HUPMOBILE.—Will exchange 1917, 7-passenger Hupmobile for one-family house. Phone 6577 Borough Park, or write Sixtieth St. Garage, 1,535 60th St., St., Brooklyn.

KING EIGHT sedan; very fine condition. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

MARMON SEDAN—7-passenger; run about eighteen months; has had excellent care and is in splendid condition. Marion Roadster, 4-passenger; run about two years; in excellent condition; have recently spent about $500 on this, painting, putting on new top, etc. Both cars have given splendid satisfaction and only reason for selling is that present needs call for different model, which will be a Marmon. "Owner," Z 366 Times Annex.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring car; fully equipped, including two extra tires; car must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

MAXWELL, 1919 tournig car; driven 300 miles; a chance to buy an almost new car at a used car price. Capron, Stamford, Conn.

MERCER ROADSTER; BARGAIN.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

OVERLANDS
AND WILLYS KNIGHTS;
RECONDITIONED AND GUARANTEED.
Willys-Overland, Inc., Broadway and 50th.

OLDSMOBILES.

Before deciding it will pay you to look over our stock of Used Oldsmobiles and other makes.

OLDSMOBILE CO. OF NEW YORK,
Used Car Department,
221 West 58th St.
Phone Columbus 9680.

OVERLAND, light 4, 5-passenger touring sedan; reconditioned; guaranteed. Willys-Overland, Inc., 1,224 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 8800. Open evenings.

OVERLAND, 1918, 5-passenger touring, exceptional condition; guaranteed. Willys-Overland, Inc., 1,224 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 8800. Open evenings.

PACKARD.—Twin Six Roadster; condition perfect. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

PACKARD 3-35 touring, 7 passenger; run 5,000 miles; car is practically new. Apartment 1E, 207 West 56th.

PACKARD 1918, Judkin Sedan. Herman N. Karp, Inc., 1,676 Broadway. Circle 65.

PACKARD 1917, 2-25, 5-passenger touring; practically new. Phone Circle 5692.

PALMER-SINGER Imperial limousine; beautifully appointed and mechanically perfect; guaranteed. Inquire 51 West 66th St.

PEERLESS 7 passenger, latest 56 series; newly painted; new slip covers; very desirable. Driscoll, 1,700 Broadway. Circle 3500.

PEERLESS 1918, limousine; run 9,000 miles, $2,200. 112 East 75th, 5th floor.

PIERCE-ARROW (1918) limousine, 38 H. P.
PIERCE-ARROW (Series 3) collapsible touring "38."
STUTZ (1918) 4 passenger.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917, 48, touring; condition practically new. Phone Circle 5692.

RENAULT 5-passenger touring car; reconstructed; late model. Renault Selling Branch, Inc., 719 5th Av.

RENAULT landaulet brougham town car, $1,250. Mr. Best, 2899 Vanderbilt.

ROLLS-ROYCE Touring, sport type; latest importation; absolutely perfect. Hygrade Auto Exchange, 1,657 Broadway. Tel. Circle 2667.

ROLLS ROYCE LANDAULET.—Mr. Best, 2899 Vanderbilt.

SELECT USED CARS.
1918 WHITE 7-PASS. TOURING.
1918 REO 7-PASSENGER.
1917 CADILLAC TOURING.
1917 MARMON CHUMMY.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH ST. PHONE CIRCLE 1808.

STEARNS KNIGHTS, overhauled, guaranteed
1918 4-CYLINDER TOURING.
1916 4-CYLINDER TOURING.
1917 OVERLAND 4-CYLINDER.
With Summer and Winter Top, $550.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 WEST 55TH ST. COLUMBUS 7600.

STUTZ TOURING; LATE 1918.

Run 2,646 miles; maroon; brown Spanish upholstery; wire wheels; 2 extra cord tires with covers; spotlight; bumper; will sacrifice; unusual opportunity. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

STUTZ SPORT, late model, 4-passenger; mechanically perfect; $1,600. 1208 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 4636. Open evenings.

STUTZ, late 1918, four-passenger; wire wheels; new rubber; 3,600 miles; no dealers. Anderson, 1,750 Westchester Av., Bronx.

STUTZ Bearcat, 16-valve roadster; like new. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Following promoted to be Lt. Cols.:

Majors.

Adams, R. C.
Alexander, R. du B.
Allen, H. E.
Allen, J. S.
Aves, C. M.
Babcock, A. D.
Baehr, G. E.
Baldwin, W. I.
Barr, R. A.
Beer, E.
Berry, H. G.
Binney, H.
Blech, G. M.
Boland, F. K.
Brenizer, A. G., Jr.
Broderick, F. W.
Brooks, M.
Brown, D.
Brown, R. C.
Brown, R. C.
Brown, S., 2d.
Bruggeman, H. O.
Bryant, W. S.
Burke, G. H.
Burns, R., Jr.
Carstarphen, W. T.
Cary, N. A.
Celler, H. L.
Chatard, J. A.
Clarke, H. C.
Clarke, J. F.
Collins, W. J.
Conant, C. O.
Conners, J. F.
Corser, J. B.
Coughlin, W. T.
Craigin, G. A.
David, V. C.
Dearth, W. A.
Detwiller, A. K.
Dudley, C.
Edmunds, P.
Efird, L. J.
Eikenbary, C. F.
Eliason, E. L.
Ewers, W. V.
Fiedler, O. A.
Fischel, W.
George, F. W.
Goulding, T. F.
Grady, W. R.
Graves, J. C., Jr.
Harney, L. G.
Harrell, T. H.
Harris, H. H.
Harvey, J. A.
Hawkins, J. A.
Haynes, F. E.
Hays, H. R.
Hodge, E. B.
Holcombe, F. M.
Honor, W. H.
Hoxie, G. W.
Hwene, H. J.
Humphreys, F. B.
Irwin, H. C.
Jameson, J. W.
Johnson, C. C.
Johnson, P. P.
Kieffer, G. C.
Lane, J. W.
Lott, M. E.
Lynch, C. F.
Lynch, J. F.
Manning, G. R.
Marine, D.
Merritt, E. A.
Metcalf, B. H.
Metcalf, C. R.
Mitchell, C. F.
Moss, W. L.
Neal, C. A.
Nelson, J. G.
Newell, E. D.
Noe, W. G.
O'Brien, J. D.
Orr, H. W.
Osborne, H. S.
Parmeter, R.
Peck, L. B.
Peters, D. P.
Reid, W. B.
Reik, A. J. N.
Reik, H. O.
Remsen, C. M.
Roler, A. H.
Roope, A. P.
Sample, J. T.
Schleiter, H. G.
Shakelford, R. B.
Shea, W. E.
Smith, H. B.
Smith, R. R.
Snively, H. H.
Somerville, W. G.
Staley, J. C.
Stillman, A.
Stone, C. W.
Stoner, W. C.
Strickler, C. W.
Sweet, J. E.
Taylor, K.
Thompson, F. A.
Thornton, M. J.
Torrey, H. N.
Townsend, M. L.
Van Ingen, P.
Whitacre, H. J.
Whitney, C. F. S.
Williams, F. P.
Wilkins, R.
Wilson, C. S.
Young, C. H.
Cilley, A. H.

Following promoted to be Majors:

Captains.

Abbott, L. C.
Abbott, D. P.
Aken, R. A.
Alexander, H. T.
Alexander, J. N.
Angell, F. C.
Applewhite, L. D.
Barker, J. A.
Barney, W. R.
Barron, M.
Berry, C. Le R.
Bates, W.
Beard, A. H.
Beckwith, E. W.
Beckley, A. G.
Beattie, R.
Bell, E. L.
Bennett, A. P.
Berkman, D. M.
Bernard, R. D.
Bernes, C., Jr.
Bibby, H. L.
Bierkamp, F. J.
Black, B. W.
Blair, F. L.
Blackburne, G.
Blanchard, W. O.
Board, O. P.
Bock, A. V.
Bodley, J. W.
Booth, J. R.
Borden, P. G.
Brant, A. E.
Brennen, J. P.
Breslin, J.
Bridgforth, D. O.
Brinsmade, D. B.
Brinton, W.
Brock, S.
Bromer, R. S.
Brooks, J. D.
Brooks, N. P.
Brown, J. M.
Brown, R.
Buckley, J. T.
Bulkley, K.
Bullitt, J. B.
Burdick, C. M.
Burke, J. W.
Burlingame, C. C.
Burns, M. A.
Campbell, E. A.
Carden, C. J.
Carskadden, H. A.
Carstens, H. R.
Carter, P. I.
Carter, J. A.
Carver, W. F.
Cary, F. S.
Casebolt, S. B.
Carrell, W. B.
Chaney, R. H.
Chesney, A. M.
Chapman, F. A.
Choate, B. D.
Claassen, C. F.
Clarke, C. P.
Clark, V. V.
Clary, W. F.
Clute, H. M.
Coan, G. L.
Cochrane, R. C.
Cody, C. G., Jr.
Cohen, I.
Cole, W.
Conklin, G. H.
Connor, R.
Corbitt, H. T.
Coupal, J. F.
Crabb, J. A.
Crockett, R. L.
Crawford, B. L.
Curtin, T. H.
Davenport, A. E.
De Muth, O.
Derr, J. S.
Desjardins, A. U.
Dillehunt, R. B.
Dixon, W. C.
Dodds, J. C.
Dodd, J. A.
Donaldson, B. F.
Donhauser, J. L.
Dorman, J. H.
Douglas, M.
Dowdle, E.
Dowman, C. E.
Doyle, J. H.
Draper, E. L.
Drennan, S. A.
Duff, A. W.
Dupree, D. H.
Durham, H. A.
Durand, A. C.
Earnest, C. E.
Edwards, C. B.
Edwards, D. S.
Edward, J. T.
Ehrich, W. S.
Elsebrey, A. B.
Elliott, R. S.
Emmons, A. B., 2d.
Ensor, C. B.
Ernst, E. C.
Fisher, P. R.
Ferguson, J. C.
Ferguson, J. B.
Flinn, T. E.
Fraser, S.
Foote, E. C.
Gagion, T. R.
Gartner, W. A.
Gatewood, L. C.
Geisinger, J. F.

Wilson, Col. J. S., from Siberia to U. S. and report to Adjt. Gen. for instructions.
Lewis, Col. W. F., to Vladivostok.
Brown, Lt. Col. S. 2d, will report to Surg-Gen. for temp. duty.
Brewer, Maj. C., to Pig Point, Va., Gen. Supply Ord. Depot.
Van Swerigen, Maj. B., to Hosp. No. 25, at Ft. Harrison.
Lee, Maj. E. W., relieved from station at San Juan.
Shurtleff, Capt. F. C., to Camp Eustis.
Sammis, Capt. G. F., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills, S. I.
Curtis, Capt. H. C., and Sandow, Capt. B. F., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of South. Dept.
Yount, Capt. C. C., and Diederich, 1st Lt. V. P., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Travers, Capt. P. L., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.
Walsh, Capt. J., to Hosp. No. 22, at Philadelphia.
Bennett, Capt. F. J. A., to Hosp. No. 3, at Colonia, N. J.
Schwartz, 1st Lt. A. A., to Ft. Hancock.
Wheat, 1st Lt. H. R., to Camp Meade.
Clay, 1st Lt. W. E., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of Southeastern Dept.
Hall, 1st Lt. E. G., to Hosp. No. 11, at Cape May.
Thoma, 1st Lt. E. W., to Hosp. No. 2, at Ft. McHenry.
Brook, 1st Lt. D. H., from Ellington Field, will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Southeastern Dept.

Infantry.

Humphrey, Col. C. F., to Ft. Jay.
Noyes, Col. S. W., relieved from 41st.
Thorne, Col. G. E., to Camp Funston with 41st.
Wiley, Lt. Col. N. J., will report to Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic.
McRae, Lt. Col. D. M., detailed as prof. of military tactics at Chattanooga High School.
Underhill, Maj. L. K., to Washington.
Bullock, Maj. H. B., (Capt. Inf.,) will report to Cmdg. Gen. Southeastern Dept. for examination by an army retiring board.
Smith, Capt. G. F., and Perron, 1st Lt. F. X., will report to Chief of Staff.
Watkins, Capt. E. G., assigned to Commission on Training Camp Activities at Seattle.
Lester, Capt. G. W., detailed as Asst. Dist. Insp. of R. O. T. C., Dist. No. 1, at Boston.
Keasler, Capt. T. J., to Camp Bowie, sick.
Taylor, Capt. J. W., assigned as aid de camp on staff of Maj. Gen. Buck.
Barry, Capt. W. L., detailed as prof. of mil. science at Allen Academy, Bryan, Texas.
Davant, Capt. H. W., assigned to 46th and relieved from duty in office of Mr. Woods, special asst. to Sec. of War.
Harwood, 1st Lt. F. A., hon. discharged.
Wenner, 1st Lt. G. U., from office of Mr. Woods, special asst. to Sec. of War to 12th at Camp Stuart.
Richardson, 1st Lt. J. T., to Camp Jackson.

Ordnance Department.

McFarland, Col. E., detailed to make investigations of the new Fokker aircraft products in the Netherlands and will proceed to The Hague.
Gardner, Capt. A. B., will report to special asst. to Sec. of War.
Mitchell, Capt. A. W., to Rock Island Arsenal.
Ordway, Capt. J. F., to Camp Lee.
Marshall, Capt. C. B., to Ft. Hancock as asst. to Cmdg. Off., Sandy Hook Proving Ground.

Quartermaster Corps.

Groseclose, Capt. E. H., assigned to rail trans. branch at Washington.
Frost, Capt. W. A., assigned to domestic operations div. at Washington.
Fling, 1st Lt. W. F., and Hansen, 1st Lt. C. I., assigned to Motors and Vehicles Div. at Washington.
Godwin, 1st Lt. J. L., to Ft. Jay as asst. to Supply Off.
Culbertson, 1st Lt. M., to Langley Field as asst. to Supply Off.
Rippin, 1st Lt. J. Y., to New York and report to the Zone Supply Off.
Hodge, 1st Lt. E. C., will report to Director of Purchases, Storage, and Traffic.

Air Service.

Marsh, Maj. J. R., detailed to investigate the new Fokker aircraft products in The Netherlands, and will proceed to The Hague.
Cross, Maj. H. E., to Dayton, Ohio.
Blair, Capt. E.; Hogan, 1st Lt. W. C.; McPherson, 1st Lt. A. J., and Hendricks, 1st Lt. A., to Hoboken.
Rogers, 1st Lt. J. B., and 1st Lt. J. H., to Newport News.
Mayer, 1st Lt. D. B., and Adams, 1st Lt. B. H., to Army Hosp. at Cooperstown, N. Y., sick.

Sanitary Corps.

Schneider, Maj. E. C., to Mineola Med. Research Laboratory.
Robinson, Capt. G. H., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Cent. Dept. for discharge.
Simons, Capt. E. H., to Vladivostok.
Maloney, 1st Lt. J. F., and Osborne, 1st Lt. F. J., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of East. Dept. for discharge.
Sampson, 1st Lt. W., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of Camp Custer for discharge.
Madden, 1st Lt. W. F., to Camp Gordon for discharge.
Edwards, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Travis for discharge.

Field Artillery.

Goetz, Col. R. C. F., to Camp Devens redemobilization.
Marr, Col. H. E., to Minneapolis to inspect Univ. of Minn. re-establishment of F. A. unit in connection with R. O. T. C.
Hitchcock, Capt. H. R., hon. discharged as Capt. U. S. A. only.

Engineers.

Dillon, Capt. L. S., and Harrall, 1st Lt. E. R., to Camp Humphreys.
Puckett, Capt. H., to Washington.

Dental Corps.

Deyton, 1st Lt. T. W., to Camp Lee.
Jacoby, 1st Lt. R. H., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of South. Dept.

Cavalry.

Gray, Col. A., to Ft. Houston.
Roberts, Col. T. A., to Camps Devens and Merritt, then to his station.
Thompson, Maj. J. McD., assigned to Intelligence Div. at Wash.
Bingham, Maj. S. V., to Camp Meade.

Chemical Warfare Service.

Jones, Capt. T. W., detailed to Ordnance Dept. at Wash.
Raff, 1st Lt. J. L., to Baltimore, and report to Cmdg. Off. at Edgewood Arsenal.
Gilman, 1st Lt. E. D., detailed for duty under direction of Director of Purchase, Storage and Traffic, at Newport News.

Miscellaneous.

Dwyer, Col. T. F., C. A. C., to Coast Defenses of Portland, at Ft. Williams, Me.
Gangloff, Maj. G. E., Judge Adv., to Charleston, S. C.
Metcalf, Maj. W. C., U. S. A., return to his home.
Werner, Capt. A. A., to Camp Funston as Insurance Off.
Tabor, Capt. M. S., to San Francisco for insurance duty.
Parks, 1st Lt. I. W., to Ft. Houston as asst to Post Vet.
Sharples, 1st Lt. L. P., Tank Corps, and Grimes, 1st Lt. J. A., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Banta, F. H., Inf., as temp. Capt. and prov. 1st Lt.
Hathaway, H. G., Cav., as temp. 1st Lt. and prov. 2d Lt.

Leaves.

Campbell, Col. T., 329th F. A., one month.
Foster, Maj. H. E., M. C., 3 months.
Burdett, Maj. A. M., Inf., 1 month.
Roberson, Capt. W. S., Tank Corps, 14 days.
Neal, 1st Lt. P. M., Air Ser, 24 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Brown, Lt. Cmdr. H. L., from Buffalo, N. Y., to League Island Naval Hosp.
Sweet, Lt. Cmdr. G. C., from Bureau of Steam Eng. to Paris, as asst. to Naval Attache.
Rex, Lt. Cmdr. G. T., from receiving ship at New York to duty under S.N.A.R., N. Y.
Da Costa, Lt. Cmdr. J. C., from Philadelphia Naval Hosp. to the George Washington.
Arnold, Lt. Cmdr. H. A., Asiatic Station, take passage via Empress of Asia to Manila.
Stone, Lt. J. G. M., to the Ellis.
Bolt, Lt. O., to Navy Yard, N. Y.
Tattersall, Lt. W. A., to Annapolis as off. in charge Naval Power Radio Station.
Fish, Lt. H. E., to the Bancroft as Eng. Off. when commissioned.
Kennedy, Lt. H. L., and Washburn, Lt. I., to the Wilhelmina.
Jepson, Lt. W. R., to the General Gorgas.
Smith, Lt. F. C., to the Troy.
Scott, Lt. L. S., to League Island Naval Hosp.
Gardner, Lt. C. C., to Cape May Naval Hosp.
Cummins, Lt. F., to the Saturn.
Cato, Lt. O. F., to 3d Naval District, re return of discharged sailors to their homes.
Mathis, Lt. M. S.; Fitzsimmons, Lt. L. E., and Lott, Lt. W. M., to the Artemis.
Turner, Lt. J. W., to Recruiting Station at Atlanta, Ga.
White, Lt. E. F., to Pelham Bay Training Camp.
Baker, Lt. B. G., to Recruiting Station at St. Louis, Mo.
Holliday, Lt. G. G., to the George Washington.
Mason, Lt. F. L., from all active duty, effective May 1.
Hawkins, Lt. A. W., relieved from all active duty.

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission announces for May 27 an examination for elevator machinist, for men. A vacancy in the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at $900 a year, will be filled from this examination. As the commission has had difficulty in securing eligibles for this position, qualified persons are urged to apply. The appontee will be required to keep in repair Otis electric elevators. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 40; training and experience, 60. Applicants must show that for at least one year they have been employed in the repair or construction of electric elevators. They must have reached their twenty-first birthday on the date of the examination.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STUTZ speedster, 1918; almost new; will sacrifice. Ryan, Lincoln Garage, 1,926 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 Bearcat speedster, 1917 4-passenger touring, 1917 6-passenger touring. 1,778 Broadway, one flight. Circle 1417.

STUTZ 1917 TOURING; BARGAIN.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

TOURING sedan, 5 passenger, 4 cylinder; practically new; numerous extras. Willys-Overland, Inc., 1,224 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 8800. Open evenings.

WILLYS-KNIGHT, 7-passenger touring; special paint job, slip covers, 2 bumpers, 2 extra tires; excellent condition; run 4,000 miles; $1,350. Mr Heidemark, Fordham 4301.

WILLYS-KNIGHT, 4-cylinder, 7-passenger touring; like new; many extras. Willys-Overland, Inc., 1,224 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bedford 8800. Open evenings.

WINTON.—Model 33, light six touring car; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCK SEEKERS take notice. We were appointed to sell 45 trucks, used 6 months; Whites, 2 and 5-ton; all kinds of bodies; Packards, 3 and 5-ton. Call and inspect same at 1,540-42 Callowhill Street, near 15th Street, Philadelphia, Penn. See Mr. D. Schor or Mr. P. Briggeman.

Will sacrifice 1½-ton Ford truck; Manvel attachment; no dealers; lost Government contract. D. Valenti, 147 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, Long Island. Phone Hammels 822.

Automobiles to Rent.

AUTOMOBILE TRANSCONTINENTAL TOUR.

New York to Los Angeles, over the famous Lincoln Highway; stops at all points of interest en route; specially built touring car; competent drivers and guides; rates on application. Auto Economy Co., 223 W. 49th St

PACKARD twin sixes to hire; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 W. 43d. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD landaulet, new model, smartly appointed, fully equipped, for rent monthly. Phone Plaza 2100, 152 East 53d.

RENAULT, SMART SEVEN-PASSENGER TOURING; LATE MODEL; HOUR, TRIP, MONTHLY. MANDOLA. SPRING 5928.

PACKARD Twin Six for hire, hourly, weekly, monthly; owner drive. Harlem 3698.

Automobiles Wanted.

PACKARD Limousine, Mod. 3-38; good condition.
WHITE Limousine, Mod. 4-45; good condition.
WHITE two-ton truck chassis, good condition.
WHITE two-ton truck with dump body, good condition.
WHITE two-ton truck with 20-passenger body. C 354 Times.

Will trade latest importation of Benz car, 2-passenger runabout, lately overhauled, self-starter, electric lights, generator, and Bosch magneto, for high-powered 5-passenger car, motor in guaranteed perfect condition. Stern, P. O. Box 751, City Hall Station, N. Y.

Wanted by private party, seven-passenger touring car, Hudson preferred, 1918-1919 model. Wydler, 672 72d St., Brooklyn. Bay Ridge 1778.

WANTED for Immediate Export.—High grade cars, Pierces, Packards, Rolls Royce, Stutz, Mercer, &c. B. C., 148 Times.

Want to buy for cash any good 5-passenger touring car or other body; state price. S 339 Times.

PACKARD, 7-passenger touring car, model 3-38; must be in good condition, from private party. T. R. Wheeler, 103 West 57th.

Automobile Instruction.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME.

Great opportunities for men with ambition. Get out of that RUT and learn the automobile business at the BEST automobile school in N. Y. You will be worth more to your employer if you are an expert mechanic. Mechanical Class Course $45, with Driving $65. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for Cat. I. Phone Circle 5270.
THE STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.

AUTO SCHOOL WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St.—Largest and best school in U. S. Send for booklet and pass. Tel. Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St.—Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE COURSE, $50.50.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,121 BEDFORD AVENUE. DEPARTMENT.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The western disturbance is now over Northern Ontario with decreased intensity, and there is also a slight secondary disturbance over Virginia. The resulting precipitation during the last twenty-four hours covered the upper Mississippi and upper Ohio Valleys, the Lake Region, the Atlantic States, and Southern Alabama, with quite heavy rains in Maryland, the District of Columbia, Northern Virginia, and portions of Southern Alabama, Northwestern Florida, and Southwestern Georgia. There is another marked depression over Saskatchewan, with evidences of decreasing intensity, and still another moderate depression over Southeastern Colorado, but thus far there has been no precipitation of consequence from these latter disturbances.

It is considerably colder in the Lake Region, the Ohio Valley, the South Atlantic States and Montana, and warmer in New England, the Southwest, and Central West.

Rain will fall Saturday in New England. Otherwise fair weather will prevail Saturday and Sunday east of the Mississippi River.

It will be somewhat colder Saturday in New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and along the South Atlantic Coast and warmer in the East Gulf States and the Ohio Valley.

It will be warmer Sunday in the lower Lake Region and the Middle and South Atlantic States.

Winds for Saturday and Sunday along the North Atlantic Coast will be fresh to strong west, diminishing during Saturday night; rain Saturday; fair Sunday; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh to moderately strong shifting, diminishing by Saturday night; clearing; South Atlantic Coast, moderate Southwest and West, except variable on South Florida Coast; fair.

FORECAST—TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Cloudy Saturday, colder in the eastern and southern portions; Sunday, fair and warmer.

Southern New England—Cloudy Saturday, with rain in the morning, colder; Sunday, fair.

New Jersey—Clearing Saturday in the southern, cloudy in the northern portion, slightly colder; Sunday, fair, warmer in the interior.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday, fair and warmer.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and slightly colder Saturday; Sunday, fair and warmer.

Northern New England—Rain Saturday, colder in Vermont and New Hampshire and at night in Maine; Sunday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	31	54	4 P. M.	35	60
6 A. M.	32	54	6 P. M.	36	61
9 A. M.	36	58	9 P. M.	33	56
12 M.	36	60	11 P. M.	33	53

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 55; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 46.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 55; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 61 degrees, at 5:50 P. M.; minimum, 49 degrees, at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 97 per cent., at 8 A. M.; 86 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.78 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
12:20	3,606 3 Av.; Jacob Bentz	Not given
7:00	3-5 W. 19 St.; Hauser & Weil	Not given
8:20	Pier 32, N. R.; Spanish Line S.S. Armora	Not given
9:20	182 Lafayette St.; Standard Electric Novelty Co.	Slight
10:40	258 Cherry St.; S. Seiberman	Slight
P. M.		
12:20	122 W. 54 St.; John Corriean	Slight
12:20	80 Charles St.; S. Herman	Not given
1:20	174 E. 74 St.	Not given
4:20	141 E. 45 St.; Henry Grorvetz	None
5:00	403 W. 21 St.; Philip Birnbaum	Slight
7:00	15 Laight St.; Cornisch Silver Plate Co.	Slight
7:35	208 W. 43 St.; Times Square Hotel	None
8:30	241 Centre St.; Terrace Electric Plating Co.	Not given
9:00	241 W. 36 St.; Hulbert Peck & Sons	Slight

Police Department News.

Transfers and Assignments, (to take effect 8 A. M., April 12.)—Sergts. J. J. McDonald, from 26th to 54th, assigned to bicycle duty; J. J. Mooney, from 79th to 88th; J. J. O'Hare, from 82d to 78th; Charles Ernst, from 88th to 79th; J. W. McCoy, from Div. of National Defense to 26th precinct, assignment to clerical duty discontinued. Patrol. J. P. A. Taaffe, from 16th to 13th, assignment as corporal discontinued; J. J. DeMartino, from 89th to 6th; J. B. Hauger, from 102d to 116th; R. G. Zeller, from Bridge precinct, C, to 25th.

Temporary Assignments.—Inspt W. F. Fennelly, 12th Insp. Dist., in charge of 11th Dist., in addition to his other duties, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., April 12, during absence of Inspector on vacation; Lieut. James Keane, 16th, to 4th, assigned to signal monitor duty on day tours, for 15 days, from 8 A. M., April 16.

Assignments Discontinued—Patrol. Jeremiah Buckley, 116th precinct, to 6th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises (temporary,) from 8 A. M., April 12, 1919; Denis Doyle, Bridge precinct, to 3d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises (temporary,) from 8 A. M., April 12, 1919.

Leave of Absence (Without Pay)—Patrol. Emil Krohn, 26th, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., April 15.

Advancements to $1,650 Grade to take effect April 29: Patrol. G. J. Colgan, 5; W. P. Young, 6; George Lenz, 13; T. H. J. Hall, 16; Michael Gilien, 26; P. F. Cunningham, 38; W. A. Geyer, 43; J. C. Sterrett, 74; G. H. Hinds, 85; J. M. Broderick, Traffic A; H. H. Munch, Traffic B; L. F. Smith, 10th D. D.; A. A. Cummings, H. D. Ch. Ins.; L. J. Blackmore, 6; W. A. Law, 10; H. N. Zimmerman, 16; G. M. Link, 21; W. W. Corbett, 26; G. L. Roeder, 43; W. F. Drexler, 43; Frank Donnelly, 76; J. J. Murphy, 118; H. F. Moeller, Traffic B; H. A. Zeremer, 8th Dist.; J. M. Williamson, H. D.; Morris Coon, N. D. War Roll.

Education Notes.

Borough President Riegelmann of Kings has appointed the following to the local school boards: Mrs. John Guilfoyle, 179 Nassau Street, Dist. 27; Dr. John J. O'Reilly, 405 Union Street, Dist. 28; Mrs. Allan M. Gordon, 1,675 Union Street, Dist. 29; George Brigham, 887 Manhattan Avenue, Dist. 34; Mrs. Herman Gottlieb, 1,523 East Fourteenth Street, Dist. 38.

Alumnae Day will be celebrated at Hunter College on April 16. Chapel exercises will be held at 10:30 A. M. in the old building of the college. President Davis and the President of the Student Council will make addresses. "The Masque of the Ivy Leaf," by Helen Gray Cone, will be presented by the Alumnae and undergraduates. A basket ball game between the Alumnae and 'Varsity will take place in the gymnasium of the old building at 3 P. M. A meeting of the Fellowship of Good-will will be held in the auditorium of the new building at 3:45 P. M. Dr. William F. Slocum will speak on "The League of Nations."

A parade of the schoolboys will take place in the near future. S. R. Guggenheim, the Treasurer of the Public Schools Athletic League, has personally assumed the cost of the parade.

The trials of David H. O'Keefe, a teacher in the High School of Commerce, and Louis Jacobs, a teacher in P. S. 83, Manhattan, have been postponed from yesterday until April 25.

President Charles R. Stillman of the American Federation of Teachers, will make a special trip from Chicago to New York to address the Teachers' Union at Terrace Garden this afternoon on its conflict with the Board of Education.

Metropolitan Line
Passenger Service Starts Tuesday, April 15
ALL THE WAY BY WATER | ALWAYS IN SIGHT OF LAND
To BOSTON
via Long Island Sound, Buzzards Bay and
Cape Cod Canal
Leave Pier 18, Foot of Murray St., Daily (Sundays included) at 5:00 P. M. Fare $5.65 (including War Tax.) Tickets and information at Wharf. Telephone Barclay 5000.
Meals. Staterooms Always the Best

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES
NEW YORK-ALBANY-TROY
Daily sailings from Pier 32, N. R. foot Canal St., 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M.; due Albany 6 o'clock following morning. Direct rail connections at Albany to all points north, east and west.
Express Freight Service, Autos Carried.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.

COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $2.97
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.10 to $3.30.
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River, at 5:30 P. M.
Phone Spring 9491.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.]

Sun rises........6:24 | Sun sets..........7:31

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:32	6:58	0:32	12:49
Governors Island	7:19	7:42	1:11	1:28
Hell Gate	9:33	9:51	3:31	3:48

Arrived—Friday, April 11.

SS Megantic, Liverpool, April 1.
SS Pannonia, Brest, March 31.
SS Borneo, Amsterdam, March 30.
SS Julia Luckenbach, Bordeaux, March 28.
SS Western Front, Brest, March 28.
SS W. Jebsen, Gibraltar, March 29.
SS W. H. Tilford, Gibraltar, March 29.
SS Ternate, Ponta del Gada, April 2.
SS Ruth, Bordeaux, March 25.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Lapland	Liverpool	Apr. 3
Fort Wayne	Genoa	Mar. 17
Wico	Cette	Mar. 19
Pioneer	Gibraltar	Mar. 18
United States	Christiania	April 2
DUE TOMORROW.		
K. L. Luckenbach	Brest	Mar. 31
Auburn	Swansea	Mar. 30
DUE MONDAY.		
Hisko	Brest	Mar. 29
Turrialba	St. Nazaire	Mar. 28
Rochambeau	Havre	Apr. 5
Canopic	Marseilles	Mar. 20
DUE TUESDAY.		
Duca d'Aosta	Genoa	Mar. 28
Ohioan	Bordeaux	Apr. 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Vestris, Buenos Aires	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mauretania, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stockholm, Gothenburg		2:00 P.M.
Wilhelmina, Brest		8:30 A.M.
Coamo, Porto Rico	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Esperanza, Vera Cruz	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Troy, Brest		8:30 A.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Ancon, Brest		8:30 A.M.
Colon, Cristobal	12:30 P.M.	3:30 P.M.
Tiger, Brest		8:30 A.M.
Shoshone, Brest		12:00 M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Caronia, Liverpool		12:00 M.
Santa Olivia, Brest		12:00 M.
Carlow Castle, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caserta, at Naples, April 4.
SS Celtic, at Liverpool, April 11.
SS Niew Amsterdam, at Havre, April 10.
SS Sobral, at St. Nazaire, April 7.

Sailed.

SS Carmania, from Liverpool, April 10.
SS Silver Shells, from La Pallice, April 5.
SS Oskawa, from Nantes, April 5.

Passed.

SS Royal George, New York for Liverpool, passed Fastnet.
SS Vindelia, New York for Antwerp, passed Dover.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7 A. M. April 12, SS Mauretania.
France—Close at 7:30 A. M. April 18, SS Rochambeau.
Italy and Gibraltar—Close at 8 A. M. April 19, SS Canopic.
Belgium—Close at 7 A. M. April 16, SS Oswatomie.
Portugal—Close at 9 A. M. April 12, SS Gea.
Greece—Close at 9 A. M. April 15, SS Tallard.
Iceland—Close at 11 A. M. May 1, SS Gullfoss.
Azores Islands, Madeira and Liberia—Sailings uncertain.
Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 5:30 P. M. daily.
Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver)—SS Empress of Japan....April 12
Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—SS Africa Maru....April 16
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (via Vancouver)—SS Niagara.April 20
Hawaii, Guam, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Cochin China, and Netherlands East Indies daily. These mails are forwarded to the Pacific Coast daily for dispatch to destination by the best opportunity.

CUNARD
ANCHOR
NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL

Caronia	Apr. 15
Carmania	Apr. 26
Aquitania	May 3
Royal George	May 3
Orduna	May 10
Caronia	May 17
Carmania	May 24
Royal George	May 31
NEW YORK to SOUTHAMPTON	
Mauretania	Apr. 12
Mauretania	May 17
NEW YORK to HAVRE and LONDON	
Saxonia	Apr. 24
NEW YORK TO U. K. PORT	
Vauban	Apr. 26

21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL
MERCANTILE MARINE
LINES
AMERICAN
PHILADELPHIA—LIVERPOOL
Northland...April 16 Haverford...May 17
WHITE STAR
NEW YORK via HAVRE
To Liverpool
MEGANTIC....APRIL 18
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
Lapland....April 19 Baltic....May 10
Adriatic....April 28 Celtic....May 13
OLYMPIC APR. 24, HALIFAX SOUTHAMPTON
N. Y.—AZORES—GIBRALTAR—ITALY
Canopic....April 22
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

ENGLAND
FROM
Newport News, Va.
SS "ORTEGA"....April 17
$150
FIRST CLASS
Pacific Line
(The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.)
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts.
26 Broadway - - - - New York

HOLLAND-AMERICA
LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
via PLYMOUTH and HAVRE
S. S. ROTTERDAM........April 23
S. S. NEW AMSTERDAM....May 14
For Rates and Further Information Apply
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—FRANCE
WEEKLY DEPARTURES.
Company's Office. 19 State St., New York. Phone Bowling Green 7500.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA.
The all-water route. For illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

California
TOURS
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
398 B'way. 489 5th Av. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

HYLAN SAYS CRIME HAS NOT INCREASED

Writes Enright That Burglaries Have Been Fewer Than in Four Previous Years.

SEES DESIGN ON HIMSELF

Declares "Slush Fund Crowd and Papers" Aim to Discredit Present Administration.

Mayor Hylan wrote to Police Commissioner Enright yesterday that he could see no crime wave in the city. He said that as a matter of fact fewer burglaries were committed during the first three months of this year than during the corresponding time in the previous four years. The newspapers, he said, were responsible for publishing fake information about burglaries and other crimes as "the press and the news gatherers" are unfriendly to his administration and are endeavoring to discredit it.

The Mayor's letter follows:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor.
April 11, 1919.

Richard E. Enright, Esq., Police Commissioner, City of New York.

Dear Sir: Your letter of April 2 with reference to the number of burglaries committed in this city for the three months of January, February, and March in the last five years, is received. There were less burglaries in 1919 than there were in 1915, 1916, 1917, and 1918. In the first three months of 1919 there were 1,986 less burglaries than in the first three months of 1915, and 765 less in 1919 than in 1918.

Three is an organized movement, so I am informed, by the old two-million-dollar slush fund crowd and the papers which supported them to discredit the administration by publishing inaccurate statements about burglaries and other crimes committed in this city. The press and news gatherers, as you know, are very unfriendly to this administration, and are endeavoring in every possible way to discredit the administration, particularly the Police Department. Very truly yours,

JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor.

The question of crime in the city was a subject of discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate, and the Mayor agreed with the statement of Borough President Frank L. Dowling that nonresidents of the city were responsible for committing most of the recent crimes. The discussion arose over the request of District Attorney Lewis of Kings County for a modification of the personal service of his office so as to provide an increase in the salary of his assistant, Albert E. Richardson, from $4,500 to $5,000 a year.

"This is a time when the District Attorneys in this city should be encouraged to retain all their good men. The District Attorneys and the police have had a great deal to do with keeping order here during the war by their steady suppression of crime. Most of the crimes recently committed in this city were perpetrated by persons not residents in this city. There were 80,000 strangers here, and the prison records would show that the majority of the recent inmates are nonresidents of New York City."

"Yes, I know that," quickly asserted the Mayor. "The newspapers are talking about a great crime wave in this city, and some papers go so far as to say that the city administration is responsible. That is not true. I agree with what Mr. Dowling just said."

The Mayor said he was in favor of granting the salary increase, but thought it should be referred to the Corporation Counsel, as there was a legal question involved, and the matter was adjourned for two weeks.

TO KEEP BROADWAY CLEAN.

Inspector Henry Tells of Plans for White Light District.

Police Inspector Dominick Henry in commenting yesterday on the action of men of his squad in ending the ball "East Is West," said:

"I was appointed an Inspector of Police here to keep order. At the present time there is an order to keep all places on Broadway closed after closing time and I am going to abide by it.

"I am going to keep Broadway clean, no matter what may happen. Broadway has been clean for the last month. Although there may be a few cases which have been decided against me, I am going to keep the great white light district as it has never been before. I defy any one to find anything disorderly in my district."

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Wednesday night, between 10:30 and 11:30, between 640 Riverside Drive, 1,614 Amsterdam Av., back to Wilhelm Delicatessen, 141st St. and Broadway, to 640 Riverside, platinum bar pin set with nineteen diamonds and seven sapphires; liberal reward. Mrs. John J. Nell, Jr., 640 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Diamond flexible bracelet, set in platinum, Wednesday evening, either at Park Avenue Hotel or on 97th St., Riverside Drive to West End Av., thence to 93d St.; $200 reward for return or information leading to recovery. Mrs. L. M. Tatum, 315 West 97th. Phone Riverside 8983.

LOST—Black patent leather suitcase containing lady's wearing apparel, in taxicab leaving Pennsylvania Station 8:40 P. M. Wednesday; suitable reward for immediate return. Mrs. Joseph W. Jones, 55 West 55th St.

LOST—Thursday morning, between Mendel's and lower level Grand Central Station, gold wrist-watch, Lancet make, oval blue enamel Grecian design, links heavily chased; reward. De Redon, 47 Lockwood Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

LOST—In taxicab from Cafe Lafayette to 99th St., Thursday, April 3, black fur neckpiece; reward offered. R. M. Pott, 214 East 23d.

LOST—At the Adelphi Theatre, Broadway and 89th St., Thursday night, black fur neckpiece. Reward if returned to 326 West 86th St.

LOST—Belmont Theatre, or Montmartre, brocade bag containing opera glasses, lorgnette, and toilet articles; reward. Mrs. F., 1840, Hotel Belmont.

LOST—$50 in bills, 4th floor, Best & Co., Friday afternoon; please return; no questions; reward. Telephone Lost Dept., Greeley 1234, or Main 9257.

LOST—Wednesday, Woodmansten Inn, square platinum watch diamond initialed "E. A. C."; liberal reward offered. Cohen, 815 Park Av. Rhinelander 9639.

LOST—On March 24, in Plaut Co.'s sample-room, Newark, sample-case containing children's coats and capes; reward; no questions asked. B 956 Times Harlem.

LOST—Letter addressed to Mrs. Albert Winn, 88 Tenny St., Methuen, Mass.; return Elks No. 1, Robt. F. McGregor.

LOST—In taxicab, Republican Club to Grand Central, portfolio with papers; return to Republican Club; suitable reward.

LOST—Package containing black satin cape; liberal reward. M. Feldman, care U. S. Dress, 153 West 23d. Farragut 715.

LOST—Lieutenant's gold bar pin, initials "R. W. B." back; reward. C 420 Times Downtown.

LOST—Two-skin mink neckpiece; Broadway, 157th St., 1 P. M., Monday; reward. Z 389 Times Annex.

LOST—Broadway, about 108th St., purse containing pin; reward. Return 2,800 Broadway.

LOST—Envelope, papers, 7th Av., between 33d and Times Square; reward. Communicate, C 368 Times.

$50 REWARD,
no questions asked, return platinum ring, pearl in centre, row of diamonds and row of sapphires around it; lost April 1, vicinity Park Av. and 42d St. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$50 REWARD
for return of ruby, sapphire and diamond service pin, lost near 49th St. and 5th Av. Return to
T. KIRKPATRICK & CO., JEWELERS,
624 5th Av.

$[illegible] REWARD, no questions asked, for the return of emerald and square diamond ring; emerald surrounding diamond; lost in the ladies' room of the Hotel Marie Antoinette on Jan. 6. Dreicer & Co., 560 Fifth Av.

[illegible] REWARD.—For long gold bar pin, set with different colored pearls; lost Saturday night in theatre district. McLennan, 136 West 44th St., Bryant 2592.

Found.

FOUND — Religious emblem on Riverside Drive Tuesday afternoon ;owner can claim by identifying. 468 Riverside Drive, corner [illegible] St.

DRUG ADDICTS RUSH TO CITY CLINICS HERE

Men and Women in All Walks of Life Among Applicants for Daily "Shot."

TALK OF IDENTITY BRAND

Many Physicians Frightened, Says Commissioner—Consider Plans for Control.

That the methods employed by the city health authorities, the State Narcotic Commission and the Federal authorities to drive out of business the unscrupulous physician and the druggist who has been getting rich from the sale of narcotics to addicts are effective was shown yesterday by the number of addicts who applied to the Board of Health clinics for their drug.

Many degrees of society were represented in the crowd that flowed into the Department of Health Building in Centre Street. There were working men and working women, white and colored, some who looked like they were in some profession and some who seemed to be strangers to any profession. Health Commissioner Copeland estimated that at least 200 addicts were registered during the day and prescribed for.

Another phase presented was that habitual users of drugs are beginning to haunt the offices of physicians who have been dealing with them and their needs and demanding treatment. Some of these are of the better class, who do not want the publicity attendant upon official treatment. Some are those who distrust the constituted authorities and fear to come forward. Some are in desperate need of their particular drug and doctors fear they may become violent if they do not obtain it.

Dr. Abraham L. Cardozo, who was arrested charged with violation of the narcotic law, was reported to have had as many as forty addicts waiting at a time in his office, begging for treatment.

Another physician telephoned to Commissioner Copeland that he had an unusual number of addicts in his office and that he could not treat them all and he wanted to know what he must do and whether he could treat those who appeared to be in the greatest need. He was told by the Commissioner to give them treatment according to the law and to refer them to the Health Department. Those he was unable to treat he was told to send at once to the clinic.

Danger in Stoppage of Drugs.

Fear of the stoppage of drugs is worrying the authorities, for if a serious situation arises, Dr. Copeland said, every agency must be ready to deal with it. That there is danger was shown by the records of the Queens police yesterday. Two men were caught in the act of ransacking the room of House Surgeon Powell, in St. John's Hospital. They said they were Joseph Toberg, 21 years old, of 331 East Fifty-first Street, Cleveland, and William Immenhort, 21, of 1,532 Jones Street, Cincinnati. Each had a hypodermic outfit. They said they broke into the hospital to get cocaine.

Dr. Copeland will begin an investigation today to find out whether there is any concerted action in the drug trade to keep up the price of narcotics, an action which would assist the bootlegger in plying his trade.

Doctors here also were studying a decision concerning a provision of the Harrison narcotic law. One Dr. Webb and one Goldbaum, a druggist, both of Memphis, Tenn., were convicted and sentenced in the United States District Court of conspiring to violate the Harrison law. This is the court's decision:

"If a practicing and registered physician issues an order for morphine to an habitual user thereof, the order not being issued by him in the course of professional treatment in the attempted cure of the habit, but being issued for the purpose of providing the user with morphine sufficient to keep him comfortable by maintaining his customary use, is such order a physician's prescription under exception (b) of Section 2?" Court decision:

"As to Question 3, to call such an order for the use of morphine a physician's prescription would be so plain a perversion of meaning that no discussion of the subject is required. That question should be answered in the negative."

Dr. Copeland said he thought that undoubtedly the decision forbade doctors prescribing simply to keep patients "comfortable," but it did not prohibit proper treatment of addicts. The Department of Health, he said, was primarily giving relief after each applicant had received a thorough physical examination to find out what was the underlying physical disturbance, and those who were simply addicts were having doses reduced very rapidly. It was not the department's purpose to keep addicts "comfortable."

The weakness of the present method, it is said, is that there is no check on the addict and he can have his prescription duplicated by many doctors. This prevention of duplication is a matter to which the officials are now giving the gravest attention.

Several suggestions have reached the Department of Health. One is to have each addict under treatment by the department branded on the arm with silver nitrate, the marks to serve as a guide to physicians to whom he or she applies. Many humorous comments were made yesterday on the plan.

Consider Identification Plans.

There also is a plan under consideration of issuing identification cards to addicts. Another is to have each addict inform the department as to the physician he or she desires to treat them.

"It is not the function of the Department of Health to treat disease," said Dr. Copeland. "We have, however, been forced to open clinics for those who are now detached from the doctors who gave them attention. The legitimate practitioners hesitate to accept these persons as patients, and the illegitimate are too frightened to take them on, and so an emergency arises in which some one must take care of them. This, then, is clearly the business of the Department of Health.

"The Department of Health has no specific or standard treatment. It is our view that every case must be treated on its individual merits. In each case we are determining the underlying cause of the condition and are dealing with it in that way. It is the purpose of the department to reduce the dose each day and at the same time direct the patient to his physician for treatment of his underlying physical disability.

"It must be understood the prescription of narcotics is incidental to the chief treatment, which is the correction of physical disabilities. Where the addict is simply the victim of a habit he must face the fact that there will be a rapid reduction of his drug and within a few days he will be unable to obtain it."

Asked whether it was possible to correct the evil by the system of a sliding scale of doses, the Commissioner replied: "Yes, if we can control the supply."

The Narcotic Bureau will be removed today from the Board of Health Building to 145 Worth Street, and patients will be received from 12 M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 P. M. to 9 P. M. The average dose to patients yesterday was fifteen grains. The highest dose given was twenty-five grains and the lowest dose seven grains.

Croix de Guerre for Mrs. Squiers.

Mrs. Herbert G. Squiers has received the Croix de Guerre with the military star from the French Government, in recognition of her service as head of the French hospital at Monmirall in the Marne for over three years during the war, and for bravery and great presence of mind at the battle of Chateau Thierry, when she cared for and succored over 600 wounded unaided, except for two volunteer assistants, until she went under fire to the French Military Staff, who at once sent medical and surgical aid. Mrs. Squiers also has the Medaille de Reconnaissance de la France in recognition of her civilian services.

Yale Man Quits Academy in Rome.

Informtion reached the city Wednesday that Charles Upson Clark, formerly of Yale University, had resigned from the American Academy in Rome.

Religious Notices on Page Sixteen.

Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

"That Boy knows how to Dress"

You hear this said of the occasional boy whose first long-trousers suit shows he has the secret of right dressing—namely, clothes that retain their fine fit and smart looks simply because they are good.

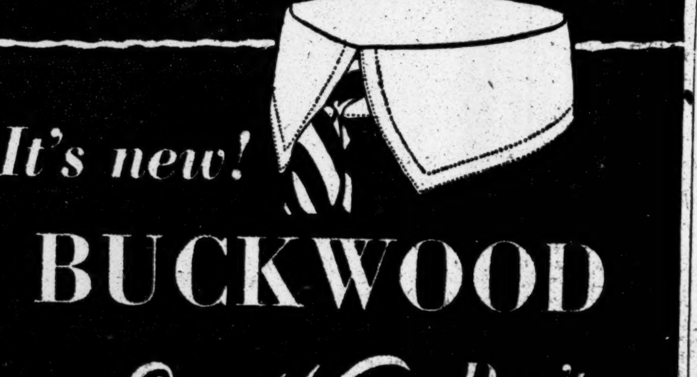
Hart Schaffner & Marx 'Prep' Suits

(Boys' long trousers suits)

$25 is a remarkably low price to pay for assured all-wool quality, scrupulous tailoring and the newest style ideas; but our Prep Suit prices begin at $25. Other exceptional values, $28, $30, $35, $38, $40.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d



It's new!

BUCKWOOD

E&W

Don't forget it. Get it!

EARL & WILSON

Style A
Style H
Style E
Style J
Style vs Steel

A BOMB-PROOF bonnet was useful in No Man's Land, but in God's Country, "New York's Own" wants a head gear that's a little more comfortable, a little more cheerful,—as a matter of fact, they want STYLE instead of STEEL.

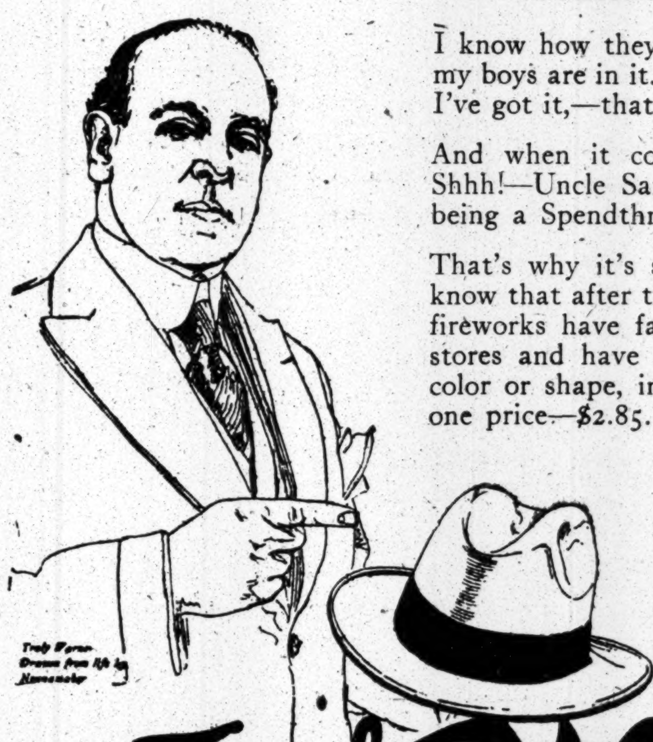
They've finished their job over there, and want to get out of their work clothes, wash up—doll up—and forget it.

Every man of them wants to get into their glad rags, put on a new bonnet,—go out and have a little fun before the U. S. A. goes dry.

I know how they feel because a good many of my boys are in it. I know what they want and I've got it,—that is, as far as hats go.

And when it comes to the Soldiers' pay,—Shhh!—Uncle Sam has never been accused of being a Spendthrift.

That's why it's some comfort to the boys to know that after the bands stop playing and the fireworks have faded, they can come into my stores and have any Soft Hat or Derby, any color or shape, in my new Victory Styles—for one price—$2.85.



One Price $2.85

Truly Warner

New York and Everywhere
Telephone Book Gives Addresses of New York and Brooklyn Stores.

SUPPOSE that an artist painted your portrait according to how your chum's brother-in-law's friend's stepmother guesses you look! Wouldn't you feel more like hanging the artist, than the picture? Contrasted with long-distance, designed-in-the-dark clothing, Right and Reason are all on the side of Clemons Make-To-Measure Tailoring, and so is Price—only $30 to $55,

Starting with the very Woolens, my Custom Tailoring means privacy, instead of promiscuity; individuality, instead of insignificance; assurance of style, instead of assumption of style; good attention, instead of good intentions; a fit, instead of a forfeit.

Army And
Navy Uniforms
Of Slashing Swank

Clemons
Civilian, Army And Navy Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
21 Years On This Corner

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH

STRAIGHT PURE RYE

STRENGTH AND QUALITY AS ALWAYS
SOLD BY ALL FIRST CLASS DEALERS
BEWARE OF RE-FILLED BOTTLES

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

IMPORTANT CHANGES
— IN —
TRAIN SERVICE
— TO —
WASHINGTON
— VIA —
BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, APRIL 13
Trains will leave Pennsylvania Station, 7th Ave. and 32nd St., as follows:

Lv. New York	Ar. Baltimore	Ar. Washington
1:02 A.M.	6:37 A.M.	7:45 A.M.
7:50 A.M.	12:25 P.M.	1:30 P.M.
10:30 A.M.	3:05 P.M.	4:05 P.M.
12:20 P.M.	4:50 P.M.	5:45 P.M.
1:55 P.M.	6:35 P.M.	7:35 P.M.
4:47 P.M.	9:15 P.M.	10:05 P.M.
5:55 P.M.	10:45 P.M.	11:50 P.M.

The "NATIONAL LIMITED" will be restored to leave New York at 4:47 P.M. and will carry Coaches, Parlor Cars and Dining Car.

Brentano's
NEW YORK
5th AVE at 27th ST
Booksellers to the World
ALL BOOKS
ALL LANGUAGES

Ask For
-Get Horlick's
The ORIGINAL
Malted Milk

Safe Milk
For Infants & Invalids
No Cooking

A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.
OTHERS are IMITATIONS

Removal Sale
Big Bargains
Office Furniture
Clark & Gibby, Inc.
110 W. 40th St.

The Salvation Army in Strange Lands.

Finely illustrated article showing the activities of the Salvation Army in China, Java, and Korea, in the Magazine Section of The New York Times tomorrow. —Advt.

OPEN TO-NIGHT UNTIL 9:00

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

The Home of 40 Famous Brands of Men's and Young Men's Clothes

Georges

Above Liggett's Drug Store
Between Fifth Ave. & Broadway
Opposite Waldorf Hotel

"SENIOR"

"JUNIOR"

Continuing Our "Offensive" Against High Prices! A Smashing Drive in Which We Offer

6000 SUITS

All Brand New Spring Models

Direct from 40 of the Most Famous Makers in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Rochester and Chicago—Suits That Were Made to Sell at

$25 $28 & $30

The Entire Lot at One Price—

$18.50

Regulars, Longs, Shorts, Stouts. In Sack dnd Newest Waistline Models. Sizes 32 to 48.

The total savings to our customers on these 6,000 Spring Suits run into the thousands of dollars. It is a huge sum, one which not only demonstrates the benefits to be derived by our enormous economies in "overhead" expenses, but which shows the results of our eliminating *our own profit* and the *profit of the makers* for this first birthday celebration of this second-floor enterprise.

We have taken a tidy (?) sum out of the rent collector's pocket this last year—for when we opened **this second-floor shop at a rental of $7,500 a year** we discontinued paying $65,000 a year rent for our former 3 Greater New York ground-floor stores. We have also done away with other ground-floor extravagances. *Every dollar of these vast savings goes into the pockets of our customers.*

But these economies, huge as they are, were not sufficient. We were determined to celebrate the opening of our second Spring season in this new shop with *the biggest value surprise in years.* Immediate profits did not matter. **The 40 famous makers** whom we represent were glad to co-operate. This great purchase we made—the Suits are here—the savings are yours. Every model imaginable is included—every wanted color and pattern. They are bonafide $25, $28 and $30 garments beyond question. See them and judge for yourself.

Other Remarkable Values in Spring Suits and Topcoats at $20, $22.50, $25 and up to $45

Georges
ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR
Over Liggett's Drug Store
(Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway)
Opp. Waldorf Hotel

15 West 34th Street

Open Daily Till 6 P. M.--Saturdays Till 9 P. M.